INDICATIONS.

GENERALLY FAIR; PERHAPS THUNDERSTORMS.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

"Most men and women grow rich in character rather by what they relinquish than by what they acquire."

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901. PRICE TWO CENTS

PEACE TALK IS AGAIN REVIVED

Mediation in Steel Trust---Amalgamated Association Conflict Not Unlikely---No New Developments Have Transpired.

Pittsburg, July 24.—The status of the strike this morning remains unchanged except for the rumors of intended injunction proceedings and of efforts being made by disinterested parties to bring the leaders of the two contending forces together with a view of bringing the conflict to a termination by a compromise of some sort.

Veryl Preston, former president of the American Steel Hoop company and John Warner, of the Carnegie Steel company, are in the city and their visit seems to have given rise to the supposition that they have come here to discuss this question with officials of the Amalgamated association.

Reports were in circulation that a conference was held last night, as President Shaffer and Secretary Williams of the Amalgamated association, were seen on the streets down town at an early hour this morning. When seen today both vigorously denied that there had been a conference of any kind. Preston and Warner could not be located.

NO INJUNCTION SO FAR.

So far nothing has been done in the matter of the proposed injunction proceedings against the strikers, but it is understood that the papers are being prepared and the attorneys will offer them in the federal courts within a day or two.

At the local headquarters of the Amalgamated association, the officials appear to be still pursuing the policy of watching and waiting. When asked when they were going to call out all the Amalgamated men in the different mills of the corporation, it was said that the time had not yet come for that.

Matters remain quiet about the Dewes Wood plant at McKeesport. The mill property was encircled by strikers all night guarding against the introduction of non-union men, but the pickets were withdrawn today, the strikers believing that no immediate attempt will be made to operate the works.

STRIKERS ARE ALERT.

They are still on the alert, however, and say they will not be caught napping. Two non-union men succeeded in eluding the watchers at Wellsville last night and the working force was increased that many today. Everything was quiet about the town.

Locally rumors are being persistently circulated of attempts to be made at Painters, Linday and McCutheon and Clarks to resume operations shortly. The reports are to the effect that Painters and Clarks mills are to be started with men from the upper mills of Carnegie's and that an agent of the Lindsay and McCutheon plant is down south trying to secure men. At Clark's mill the strikers were surprised today to find a detail of ten policemen guarding the property. An iron fence separating the Clark plant from Carnegie's upper mill has been torn down and it is said workmen from the Carnegie plant will be quietly transferred to Clarks.

The strikers are expecting serious developments and are preparing themselves for emergencies.

NO HOPE FOR PARCHED SOUTHWEST

Washington, July 24.—The officials of the weather bureau hold out no hope for immediate relief from the drought and intense heat prevailing throughout the middle west. Indeed, the temperatures reported at 7 o'clock this morning for that section are generally higher than they were at the same hour yesterday. At that hour today St. Louis reported a temperature of 88 degrees, a rise of 8 degrees; Kansas City 84, a rise of 4; Chicago 82, a rise of 8; Indianapolis 80, an increase of 4; Dubuque, Iowa, 82, an increase of 10; St. Paul, Minn., 78, an increase of 2. Cincinnati reported 78 degrees, which is the same temperature reported yesterday at 7 o'clock. Huron, S. D., also made the same report that was made yesterday, 74 degrees. Bismarck, N. D., and Louisville, Ky., each reported a 4 degrees fall since yesterday morning, Louisville registering 78 and Bismarck 70. According to weather bureau reports there were light showers in northwestern North Dakota last night, but with this exception the skies over the stricken region were clear.

BOOKWALTER NAMED AGAIN

WILL LEAD REPUBLICANS OF INDIANAPOLIS.

Defeats McGregor for Mayoralty Nomination in the Primaries By a Big Majority.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 24.—Hon. Charles A. Bookwalter will again lead the republicans of this city in the biennial battle for control of the municipal government.

In the primaries held yesterday he easily carried the city against John McGregor, his only opponent for the nomination. The returns give Bookwalter about 65 per cent. of the total vote cast, which was approximately half of the normal total of the republican vote in the city.

In all but one ward Bookwalter's ticket was victorious.

The election was held under the Joss primary election law, passed by the last legislature, and it worked satisfactorily. This is the first trial of the new law.

Colonel Bookwalter came to Indianapolis from Fort Wayne about twelve years ago. He was republican candidate for mayor two years ago and was defeated by Mayor Taggart.

OPEN LETTER FROM GOMEZ.

Havana, July 24.—General Maximo Gomez in the course of an open letter setting forth the objects of his recent trip to the United States, asserts that he went to New York with a view of impressing upon T. Estrada Palma the necessity of coming to Cuba to be the first president of the republic. "Senor Palma has shown capacity for governing, as witness his course in the war of 1868, and also as chief of the delegation during the last war," says General Gomez. "His official purity while occupying those positions place Cuba under obligations to him. Not one of us has such a standing as he has with the American people and their prominent men. Taking into consideration the fortuitous relations which the Cuban republic will bear to the United States Senor Palma is the most available and is the only candidate. As real Cubans we ought to make him accept. I shall turn all my energies toward this end and when it is accomplished I shall keep apart from politics."

THE ICEMAN STRIKES.

Columbus, Ohio, July 24.—There were a number of fights today as a result of the strike inaugurated by ice wagon drivers. The latter have announced, it is said that they will not allow non-union men to work nor will they permit consumers to secure supplies from the storage houses. An employe of a drug house was assaulted and severely beaten during the morning when he attempted to secure a supply of ice. Police hastened to the scene and dispersed the crowd.

ALEXANDER KINTZ DEAD

PIONEER CITIZEN PASSED AWAY THIS MORNG.

Contractor Who Lived in Fort Wayne Nearly Sixty Years—Worked on Many Buildings.

Alexander Kintz, a pioneer citizen of Fort Wayne and very widely known, died at 9 o'clock this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Douings, 52 East Third street. Nearly two weeks ago Mr. Kintz was prostrated by the heat, paralysis ensued, and the aged man never regained consciousness. The end had been expected for some days.

Mr. Kintz was 82 years of age in March last. He was a native of Pennsylvania, but came to Fort Wayne fifty-seven years ago, and this city has been his home continuously since that time. He was familiar with pioneer conditions, and had an active part in the city's progress until advancing age compelled him to retire from business several years ago.

He was a contracting mason, and among the buildings which he had a part in constructing were the old Rockhill house, now a part of St. Joseph's hospital, the Trentman block, the MacDougal block and other well-known structures. His wife died eight years ago. Surviving are nine children—Ambrose Kintz, Mrs. Sarah Douings, John Kintz, Henry Kintz, Mrs. Thomas Knight and Mrs. Alice Hazzard, of this city; Mrs. Martha Fleming, of Jackson, Mich., Jacob Kintz, of Pratt, Kan., and Mrs. Mary Thompson, of Elkart.

Mrs. Nora Studer is a sister and John Kintz a brother of the deceased.

The funeral announcement will be made later.

BRIDE DIES ON WEDDING DAY

Terre Haute, Ind., July 24.—A marriage license published in the local papers yesterday read: John Allen and Margaret Frazer. Both are from Knightsville, Clay county, and there is a tragedy behind the simple notice. The two were not married because the bride fell from an interurban car in this city and died half an hour later in the hospital from her injuries. Allen came over on a later car from Knightsville and got out the license before he learned that his bride-to-be was dead. The marriage was to have taken place in this city yesterday.

RECAPTURED AND SENTENCED.

St. Paul, July 24.—William Miller, alias E. H. Grant, has been arrested at Havre and brought to this city by Postoffice Inspector Salmon of Cincinnati. He is charged with having been a member of the gang of mail box robbers which was broken up last spring by the arest, in Omaha, of Prentiss Tiller and E. H. Grant, who escaped, were recaptured and sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

HEAT DESTROYS FRUIT.

Chicago, July 24.—President Graham, of the Graham and Morton steamer line running between Chicago and Michigan points, today declared that the heat has destroyed much fruit in the Michigan belt and that the crop will be about one-half that of former years. The peach crop he said, will be the smallest in twenty-five years.

Mr. and Mrs. Casper Trautman, of Petoskey, Mich., are the guests of John and Fred Trautman, of this city.

OLD MAN MAY HAVE ENDED LIFE

Alexander Jackson, Missing Since Monday, Left a Note Saying It Would be Useless to Look for Him---Had Family Trouble.

Alexander Jackson, an old man who has lived in a little shanty on the bank of the Rudisill mill race, near the Centlivre bridge, opposite Pion's road house on Spy Run avenue, has been mysteriously missing since Monday. The old man is somewhat of a rounder and several months ago was in police court on a charge of attempting to exterminate his family with a shotgun, although it was not proven at the time that he had exercised any violence, and he was sent to jail on a charge of plain drunkenness. Lately he has been morose and since last Monday no one in the neighborhood has seen him. His wife is employed at Robison park in some menial capacity and two daughters live in the city, one at 168 Greely street and the other at the corner of Pearl and Fulton streets, both being married. This afternoon the police department went to the house to make an investigation and found a note on a table in the kitchen. The note read as follows:

"Dear Friends and Children: I am tired of life. Do not look for me; no one can find me."

The note was not signed and was writte on a piece of wrapping paper such as grocers usually use for wrapping up their wares. Superintendent Gorsline does not believe that the old man has committed suicide, but thinks he is trying to run a bluff. Nevertheless a close investigation is being made.

DONOR IS IGNORED

UNPLEASANT INCIDENT OF COURTESY TO KING.

HOSPITAL SHIP MAINE GIFT

MAN WHO GAVE VESSEL TO THE BRITISH OVERLOOKED.

KING THANKS THE LADIES

THEY ACCEPT WORDS AS IF THEY WERE DUE.

London, July 24.—The presentation, July 22, of a medal commemorative of the work of the hospital ship Maine, to King Edward, by the Duchess of Marlborough, Mrs. George Cornwallis West, Mrs. Reynolds and other American women of the Maine committee, and King Edward's reply to the members of the committee, in which he thanked them for bringing their valuable services to a culmination by presenting the ship to the British government, threatens to become an international incident. The Atlantic Transport company and the friends of Bernard N. Baker, president of the company, are generally very indignant. C. F. Torrey, managing director of the Atlantic Transportation company, today expressed himself as more than surprised to see that King Edward has been misinformed regarding the actual donor of the Maine, and said what surprised him still more was that the ladies accepted the thanks of the king for the gift, knowing fully and well that at no time had they owned the ship and that President Baker was entitled to any thanks. Mr. Torrey said Mr. Baker was not even informed of the intention to present this medal to the king, nor up to today had any intimation been conveyed to him that such a presentation had occurred, nor has any expression of regret been made that this misunderstanding occurred as to the donor of the vessel.

"The whole transaction is on a par with the seizure of the Maine's flag by Mrs. George Cornwallis West," said Mr. Torrey, "who appropriated the emblem presented by the late queen to the vessel. It will not surprise us if this flag is now presented, with equal eclat, to Queen Alexandra. Throughout there has been an utter lack of appreciation on the part of some of the members of the Maine committee of Mr. Baker's assistance, and with apparent deliberation the committee has taken to itself the regal thanks for which it has no shadow of a claim."

IT WILL BE HELD OCOBER 8

REUNION OF EIGHTY-EIGHTH INDIANA VOLUNTEERS.

Famous Old Regiment Will Meet in Fort Wayne—Various Committees Are Selected.

The survivors of the gallant old Eighty-eighth regiment of Indiana volunteers will hold their annual reunion in Fort Wayne Tuesday, October 8. The date was selected last evening at a meeting held at the office of Capt. Allan H. Dougall, and the day will be the thirty-ninth anniversary of the battle of Perryville, Ky., in which this regiment was engaged, just forty days after leaving Camp Allen.

Lieut. Josiah King, with Joseph Kickley and George W. Brower, were appointed as a committee to provide for the entertainment of the regiment on reunion day. Col. C. B. Oakley, with Lieutentent King, George W. Stites and Charles Bowman, were named as a committee to secure a suitable hall for the reunion and evening campfire. Capt. Allan H. Dougall is selected as a committee on railroad transportation. The meeting was adjourned to meet August 15 to hear reports from these committees.

WILL HEAR OIL CASES.

Washington, July 24.—The interior department has fixed a hearing for September 19 next, on a motion for a review of the decision rendered by the department adverse to the defendant in the cases of the Kern Oil company and the Gray Eagle Mining company against C. W. Clark, known as the California script cases. The cases are of considerable importance to the oil interests on the Pacific coast and many valuable claims hinge on them.

DETROIT'S CELEBRATION.

Detroit, July 24.—With the firing of a salute of twenty-one guns by the revenue cutter Fessenden at sunrise Detroit began a three days' celebration of the landing of Cadillac at this point 200 years ago today. All the public buildings and many business houses and residences are handsomely decorated with bunting and the flags of the United States and France. Today was largely given over to literary exercises. At 10 o'clock the stone chair of justice which marks the site of the first court house in the city was dedicated under the auspices of the historical committee. The historical and literary exercises took place at 2 o'clock. The first of the spectacular features of the celebration occurs tonight, when Cadillac and his voyagers will paddle down the river from Belle Isle, be met by a party of Indians, plant a cross and claim the country for France.

NEELY MAY BE CONVICTED

EVIDENCE AT HAVANA IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

Fiscal of the Audencia Says He Does Not Need Witnesses From the United States—Cause of Delay.

Havana, July 24.—The fiscal of the Audencia asserts that he has sufficient evidence to convict C. F. W. Neely, charged with embezzling postal funds, without the interrogatories forwarded to witnesses in the United States, and that the only reason for the delay in the proceedings is that he has been waiting to see how the United States authorities would act upon the inquisitorial letters. These have not yet been returned to Havana.

An examination of the postal accounts was recently completed by a commission composed of one representative of Neely and two representatives of the government. An understanding has been reached regarding certain alleged false entries.

SUED BY MRS. M'KINLEY.

Ely, Nev., July 24.—Suit has been begun in the United States court at Carson by Mrs. Ida McKinley and Mrs. Mary B. Barber against John Steele, William Hayes and others to recover possession of the Elijah mine, one of the patented claims of the Canton Mining company, on which the defendants are operating, and also for $10,000 damages for ore taken out and shipped by the defendants during the period of their occupancy of the mine. Steele is the owner of the Macon City mine adjoining the Elijah and denies that he has extracted ore from the patented claim, all his working being well within his own lines. When President McKinley visited the coast he had the manager of the Canton Mining company visit him in San Francisco and report on several of the Canton company's mines, a large interest in which Mrs. McKinley inherited from her father. It was decided then to develop the mines and this suit was brought to define the limits of the Elijah mine and prevent what they regard as appropriation of its ore.

SECRETARY ROOT OPTIMISTIC.

Washington, July 24.—Secretary Root is deeply interested in the Neely case and, as stated, has taken it up again since his return from his tour of inspection. He seems to think the Cuban authorities are proceeding with reasonable haste and that anyway, in view of the long time it took this country to hand Neely over to them, it is not just for us to declaim against them for delay. He says they have taken a great mass of testimony against him, filling a number of volumes. Despite this optimistic view of the secretary the opinion continues to prevail that the chances are at least equal that Neely will never be brought to trial. This opinion is based on the difficulty of obtaining the evidence necessary to convict him of the offenses charged against him.

PURSUED RUSSIAN CONSUL.

Constantinople, July 24.—The recent alleged attack by Albanians upon the Russian consul at Uskub has created considerable excitement. It appears that while the consul was proceeding to investigate the troubles in the Kolashin district, a party of Albanians pursued him and forced him to take refuge in a school building, which they besieged until troops effected his release.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY ASKS INQUIRY

In a Letter to Secretary of the Navy Long He Demands Justice at the Hands of His Brothers in Arms.

Washington, July 24.—Secretary Long this morning received a letter from Rear Admiral Schley, calling attention to the criticisms against him which are contained in Maclay's history of the navy and the inuendo and

ACTING REAR ADMIRAL SAMPSON.

which have appeared in the press for several days, and stating that, in his opinion, the time had now come to take such action as would bring the entire matter under the "clear and calm review of his brothers in arms." He also requested that whatever action be taken should occur in Washington where his papers and data are stored.

DECIDED TO COMPLY.

The secretary immediately decided to comply with Admiral Schley's request and dictated a letter to the rear admiral saying that under the circumstances he heartily approved of his action and that the department would proceed at once in accordance with his request. The secretary took this action without consultation with any one and without communicating the request of Admiral Schley to the president. He then called into his office Rear Admiral Crowinshield, and Captain Cowles, chief and assistant chief respectively of the bureau of navigation and also Judge Advocate General Lemly who has charge of formalities of naval courts.

DEWEY CALLED IN.

He also sent for Admiral Dewey. Although Rear Admiral Schley did not ask specifically for a court of inquiry, but left the action to be taken to the judgment of the department, the secretary decided that such a court would be the best means of making the investigation which the rear admiral had requested and the

(Continued on Second Page.)

FILIPINOS ASSURED OF SYMPATHY

Manila, July 24.—Correspondence from the Hong Kong junta, dated June 26, and addressed to the insurgent leader Bellarmino, which has been recently captured, says the junta has received messages of sympathy and assurances of support from Messrs. Winslow and Levison, anti-imperialists, urging the Filipinos to continue their resistance in the hope of eventual independence, saying the American people were groaning under war taxes and that the democrats will win at the next election.

HOD CARRIER HAS BAD FALL

HENRY HAGEMAN SUSTAINS FRACTURED RIBS.

Scaffold at St. Mary's School Building Collapsed—Injured Man Will Recover.

Henry Hageman, 40 years of age and unmarried was painfully injured Tuesday by the collapse of a scaffold at the new St. Mary's school building, East Jefferson and Lafayette street, where the unfortunate man was employed as a hod carrier, by Contractor Baltees.

Hageman had carried a load of brick upon the scaffold which is nearly up to the second story of the building when one of the supports of the scaffold gave way beneath the weight. Hageman fell a distance of about ten feet, some heavy plank dropping upon his chest and pinioning him helplessly upon the joist of the first floor.

Other workmen quickly extricated the injured man and he was removed in a hack to his boarding place at Lafayette and Montgomery streets, where Dr. Carl Schilling was called to attend him. Dr. Schilling states that several ribs upon the right side are broken, and the man is painfully bruised, but there are as yet no indications of serious internal injuries.

COX WAS IN TRAINING.

Louis Cox, unmarried, an employe of the Pennsylvania company at the east yards, suffered a severe injury this afternoon. Mr. Cox was in training for the approaching field day sports of the shopmen, and in making a high jump he fell, fracturing his left knee cap. The injured man was removed to St. Joseph's hospital, where Drs. C. B. and W. E. Stemen reduced the fracture. Cox resides on Hanna street.

TO BUILD INTERURBAN ROAD.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 24.—The next interurban road is to be that between Indianapolis and Logansport. Contracts were entered into at New York yesterday when a capitalist there agreed to take the $2,000,000 bonds of the road for $1,500,000 and to begin building Aug. 1. He is to become president and will be one of the directors. William Bosson, temporary president and Dr. E. C. Light, secretary will go to New York tomorrow to complete the specifications for the building of the road and arrange the details with the eastern man. The company is withholding the name of the eastern capitalist until the return of its officers from New York tomorrow.

The road will be sixty-seven miles long, including a branch to Frankfort. It will pass through Marion, Hamilton, Boone, Clinton, Carroll, and Cass counties, touching Zionsville, Eagletown, Kirkland, Michigantown, Burlington, Middlefork, Frankfort and other towns and villages. It has taken three years of effort to get this enterprise in shape to begin the work of construction.

GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

New York, July 24.—Thirty-one manufacturers have thus far effected a satisfactory agreement with the United Garment Workers, but according to General Secretary White, the strike probably will last three weeks longer. The strikers claim today that 7,000 additional men, 2,000 of them from New York, went out today, making 85,000 in all.

AN ARKANSAS TOWN IN REVOLT

People of Osceola, a County Seat, in a State of Insurrection and Under Arms Over the Removal of Officers.

Memphis, Tenn., July 24.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says:

Osceola, county seat of Mississippi county, is practically in a state of insurrection on account of Governor Davis having revoked the commissions of Sheriff Bowen and Circuit Clerk Driver.

Bowen and Driver have taken possession of the court house, supported by a crowd of determined followers, and refuse to vacate. Practically the entire town is under arms. Rhodes and Lovewell, appointed to succeed Bowen and Driver, have a following of several thousand and although an actual clash has thus far been avoided, one is momentarily expected. An appeal is to be made to Governor Davis to put the county under martial law.

The lynching of a negro last Friday near Osceola, after he had been taken from one of Sheriff Bowen's deputies, has added to the excitement.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

SYSTEMIC CATARRH.

Peruna Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, of Chicago, Ill.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it."

Catarrh of the abdominal organs is very much more common in summer than in winter time. This form of catarrh might be appropriately classed as summer catarrh.

Peruna will cure catarrh wherever located. In pelvic catarrh it has won well deserved renown. Peruna will cure any case of diarrhœa, acute or chronic. Peruna is an absolute specific for dysentery. Peruna cures catarrh of the liver. Peruna cures catarrh of the stomach.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book entitled "Summer Catarrh."

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Or any amount you may want on your piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security; in fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have the use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons momentarily embarrassed who wish above everything else to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have from one month to one year to pay it in and our payments are so small that any one can meet them. You will save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and terms easiest. It will cost you nothing to get our rates.

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HELP IS JUST TOO LATE.

London, July 23.—The pathos of the tragic death of Ida and Edith Yeoland, the young actresses who committed suicide because they could not secure engagements, was accentuated yesterday when it became known that Mr. Lestocq, Charles Frohman's representative here, had sent a letter the morning of the suicide offering Ida Yeoland an engagement at the Duke of York's theater. The letter was received by the landlady of the girls, and it was when she took it to their room that she found Ida dead. Edith died shortly afterward in a cab while being taken to a hospital. At the funeral of the unfortunate sisters there were many well known American actresses, among them Alice Neilsen. The coffins were almost concealed by flowers. The sad fate of the Yeoland sisters has drawn public attention to the fact that there are many other American girls who might have commanded fair salaries on the stage in the United States utterly destitute in this city. The reported success of a few has drawn a legion of girls from the states.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY ASKS INQUIRY.

(Continued From First Page.)

three bureau officers were called in for the purpose of discussing the mode of procedure in such cases. After his conference with Admiral Dewey, who had responded immediately to the secretary's request for an interview, the secretary said that he had not had time to decide upon the composition of the court, but in response to a question as to whether Admiral Dewey would serve upon such a court, if requested to do so, the secretary said: "Admiral Dewey will do his duty."

DEWEY TO BE PRESIDENT.

Although no positive declaration has been given on this point it is assumed about the navy department that Admiral Dewey will be president of the court which will inquire into the whole controversy concerning Admiral Schley's action during the Spanish war. There also is an impression that the two other members of the court will be retired naval officers or

COMMODORE SCHLEY.

at least officers who had no connection with the Santiago campaign.

A DOUBLE ADVANTAGE.

The selection of retired officers would have a double advantage. Not only would they be free from any prejudice growing out of their active connection with the department, but they would have no fear of future consequences arising from their course while members of the board. The court of inquiry probably will not proceed with its work until fall. Secretary Long said today that it would be unfair to ask a court of inquiry to convene in Washington during the present extremely hot weather for the prosecution of an inquiry which promised to be quite protracted.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY'S LETTER.

Admiral Schley's letter is as follows:

"Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y., July 22, 1901.—Sir:—Within the past few days a series of press comments have been sent to me from various parts of the country of a book entitled 'The History of the Navy,' written by one Edgar Stanton Maclay.

"From these reviews it appears that this edition is a third volume of the said history, extended to include the late war with Spain, which the two first volumes did not contain, and were in use as text books at the naval academy.

"2. From excerpts quoted in some reviews, in which the page and paragraph are given, there is such perversion of facts, misconstruction of intention, such intemperate abuse and defamation of myself which subjects Maclay to action in civil law. While I admit the right of fair criticism of every public officer I must protest against the low flings and abusive language of this violent, partisan opponent, who has infused into the pages of his book so much of the malice of unfairness as to make it unworthy the name of history, or of use in any reputable institution of the country.

"3. I have refrained heretofore from all comment upon the innuendoes of enemies muttered or murmured in secret and, therefore, with safety to themselves. I think the time has now come to take such action as may bring this entire matter discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms, and to this end I ask such action at the hands of the department as it may deem best to accomplish this purpose.

"4. But I would express the request in this connection that whatever the action may be that it occur in Washington, where most of my papers and data are stored.

"Very respectfully,

(Signed.) "W. S. Schley,

"Rear Admiral, U. S. N.

"To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C."

SECRETARY LONG'S REPLY.

Secretary Long replied to Admiral Schley as follows:

"Navy Department, Washington, July 24, 1901.—Sir:—I am in receipt of yours of the 22nd in reference to the criticisms on you in connection with the Spanish-American war, and heartily approve of your action under the circumstances in asking at the hands of this department 'such action as may bring this entire matter under discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms.'

"This department will at once proceed in accordance with your request.

"Very respectfully,

(Signed.) "John D. Long.

"Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, U. S. N."

CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

The information that Admiral Schley's letter asking for a court of inquiry had been received by Secretary Long soon spread through the navy department and not since the recent war days has one theme excited such general attention.

Congress in 1895 established the principle that no court martial could be held two years after the occurrence under investigation. This is known as the naval statutes of limitation, and while it bars a court martial relating to the Santiago campaign, it does not bar the court of inquiry. In this case the court of inquiry would be effective only in establishing records and would not be preliminary to a court martial.

AN IMORTANT FEATURE.

An important feature in the order directing the court is that specifying whether is shall state only the facts found, or shall also give an opinion based on the facts. Unless the order expressly requires the court to give their opinion, they are confined to stating the facts found. It is considered quite probable, however, that in a case of this importance the order would direct the court to record its opinion as well as its conclusion of facts.

Whether the investigation shall be held in open court or not is decided by the court itself, unless specified in the convening order. This leaves it optional with the president or Secretary Long to direct that the proceedings shall be open or closed, but in case no specific direction is given on this point the court will decide it.

When the court of inquiry reaches its decision, all the papers are forwarded to the judge advocate general of the navy and the final approval or disapproval rests with the secretary of the navy or the president according to which one has ordered the court.

QUESTIONS FOR COURT.

The court will be instructed by Secretary Long, in view of the purpose of Admiral Schley to ask for investigation of all matters, to inquire especially with reference to these points:

Did Admiral Schley unnecessarily delay his departure from Cienfuegos for Santiago de Cuba, where he was advised that the Spanish fleet had taken refuge?

Was Admiral Schley guilty of reprehensible conduct in issuing orders for and starting with the squadron under his command for Key West after having arrived south of Santiago de Cuba?

If not guilty of reprehensible conduct, did he not commit a grave error of judgment?

Was Admiral Schley justified in bombarding the harbor of Santiago, after he finally reached that point, at a range of more than five miles?

Was the blockade he established before he was superseded in command of the squadron by Rear Admiral Sampson effective?

In the battle of Santiago de Cuba was the order for the celebrated loop made by the Brooklyn issued by Admiral Schley or Captain Cook?

Did Admiral Schley display cowardice in that battle?

Was Admiral Schley actually in command and did he give orders to other vessels of the squadron during the battle, or was Admiral Sampson actually in command?

The order for the court of inquiry will not be issued until tomorrow.

SAMPSON SAYS HE IS GLAD.

Boston, July 24.—Rear Admiral Sampson said today:

"I am glad that Rear Admiral Schley has asked Secretary Long for an investigation. I hope if there is an investigation it will be a thorough one and that not a detail of anything that has been in dispute will be avoided by the investigating board.

"This whole business is inspired by malice, but now perhaps it may be all investigated and, if it is, the people of the United States will know all the facts."

WHAT MACLAY SAYS.

New York, July 24.—Edgar S. Maclay, who criticised Rear Admiral Schley in a history of the United States navy, said today:

"It is the proper course for Rear Admiral Schley to demand a court of inquiry. It is his only means of vindication. After this court has determined upon his case, then he can bring suit. It is needless for me to comment further upon Rear Admiral Schley's record."

Men's and boys' suits of all grades go in the sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Free Concert by the K. of P. band at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

We have received three cases of Men's 50c balbriggan underwear in light tan and blue. Its great value.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

WATER SITUATION UNCHANGED

The Supply from Wells Augmented by Supply from the Canal Furnished an Abundance of An Unhealthy Sort.

In a practical sense there is nothing new in the water situation, excepting that a small stride in the way of securing better water has been made by the connection of one of the Centlivre centrifugal pumps. It is the smaller of the two which is now in operation and is attached to one of the ten-inch wells and is pumping at the rate of about 150 gallons a minute, or 216,000 gallons per twenty-four hours. The other Centlivre pump, which is awaiting adjustment in a machine shop, has a much greater capacity and it is expected that it will be ready for connection some time today or tonight and will be put in operation by morning. When the two are in operation an additional supply, approaching closely to a million gallons a day, will be provided for. The Van Buren street station is working along evenly and in conjunction with the Ross street auxiliary is furnishing about 2,500,000 gallons per day of twenty-four hours. At the north side station the whole machinery is doing its best and the little pipe from the canal reservoir is putting in its best licks. The air-lift system with seven wells connected is furnishing, as yesterday, about 1,800,000 gallons and the Centlivre pump is adding to this about 200,000 gallons, making a total of 2,000,000 gallons per day from deep wells. The north side engine today is pumping at the same rate as yesterday and is forcing about three million gallons into the mains, which, as a simple calculation will show, is about one-third canal water. Last night the pumps gained on the reservoir and this morning the level was only four and one-half feet low, the best showing had for many days. Altogether about six million gallons of water are being pumped and consumed daily. Of the six millions furnished, about one million comes from the feeder canal. Unless a much prayed rain for comes along pretty soon to moisten things up a little, no relief from the existing strain need be looked for, for some time. Anyway, whatever criticism may be heaped upon the trustees for their acts of commission as well as ommission, the gratifying fact remains that the city is safe in case of fire, and that the water now in the mains is wet if not healthy, and if boiled is harmless, if not pleasant to think about.

APPOINTS A COMMITTEE.

Mayor Berghoff has selected the personnel of a committee which he desires shall co-operate with the board of waterworks trustees, the city council and other city officials in some effort to reach a solution of the "water problem." The committee comprehends men in every pursuit and it is believed full and free discussion will be helpful in dealing with the question of a water supply. Letters of invitation will be sent to the following gentlemen asking their service on the committee and their co-operation in solving the vital question:

J. B. McKim, G. S. McKee, E. A. Hoffman, G. E. Bursley, Prof. Lewis W. Dorn, G. Max Hoffman, Willis Hattersley, Henry W. Meyer, William L. Moellering, Edward Gilmartin, Emmet H. McDonald, Allen Zollars, R. S. Robertson, E. A. K. Hackett, H. W. Mackwitz, Dr. Maurice Rosenthal, Charles S. Bash, Alexander Johnson, George W. Pixley, William P. Breen, Ernst Lloyd, J. M. Barrett, J. H. Simonson, John F. Rodabaugh, Gustave H. Fromuth, J. J. Wood, Henry C. Hoeltje, James Rogers, Louis Fox, F. V. Culbertson, William E. Stephan, Robert Spice, S. M. Foster, Samuel S. Fisher, Charles McCulloch, E. B. Kunkle, W. D. Page, Anselm Fuelber, H. C. Rockhill, John Dreibelbiss, Dr. M. F. Schick, Dr. William O. Gross, J. B. Rauss, H. C. Paul, A. D. Cressler, Will H. Olds, Barney Fitzpatrick, John Dalman, D. N. Foster and Prof. A. B. Crowe.

NEW FACORY SECURES SITE

MR. WHITE'S TERMS OF LEASE ARE SATISFACTORY.

Hoop Mill Men Expect to Soon Complete Arrangements for Removing to Fort Wayne.

Owners of the big hoop and stave mill which is to be removed from an Ohio town to this city were in Fort Wayne this morning, and in company with members of the Commercial club made an inspection of the White land along the line of the Nickel Plate at the eastern edge of the city.

Following it came a conference with J. W. White, in the course of which satisfactory terms of lease were proposed by Mr. White, and unless unforseen difficulties should arise the negotiations for the removal of the new industry to Fort Wayne will be completed within a week. The Commercial club will doubtless be asked to lend some assistance toward the removal of the plant to the city.

TALKED TO CHICAGO MEN.

Over the long distance telephone last evening P. A. Randall held a conversation with the Chicago promoters of the new Duncan electrical factory with reference to locating in this city, and they have already been advised of the proposition made Monday by the Commercial club. An answer is promised tomorrow.

AMERICANS HURT IN WRECK.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—The wheel of a sleeping car on the Moscow-St. Petersburg express broke when the train was nearing Okoloulowka, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The car fell over on its side and thirteen persons were injured, among them Mrs. Bread of Boston, the little finger of whose right hand was slightly injured; Mrs. Harmin, of San Francisco, who suffred from shock and had her right hand slightly scratched, and Mr. Calendar, of New York, who received three scratches upon the right knee. A physician arrived upon the scene immediately, and the injured were taken to Moscow during the forenoon.

SIGNOR CRISPI IMPROVES.

Naples, July 24.—A bulletin issued this morning says the condition of Signor Francisco Crispi continues to improve and the nervous depression and hyposiystole of the heart from which he suffers are less accentuated.

PROF. ABBOTT DROWNED.

Indianapolis, July 24.—Edgar W. Abbott, professor of languages at Butler university, was drowned last night in Broad Ripple creek, just above this city. He went in bathing alone and his body was found by campers this morning. Prof. Abbott, who was 35 years old, was engaged to be married to Miss Clara McIntyre, also of the Butler faculty, whose home is at Lexington, Mass. The wedding was set for next month. Prof. Abbott formerly was connected with the university of Chicago and had been at Butler for two years.

BANK TO ABSORB BANK.

New York, July 24.—It was announced today that the First National bank, which recently increased its capital stock from $500,000 to $10,000,000, has made an offer of $275 a share for all of the stock of the National Bank of the Republic. The directors of the National Bank of the Republic, which has a capitalization of $1,500,000, have recommended that the offer be accepted by the stockholders.

TRUST INCREASES STOCK.

New York, July 23.—At a meeting of the stockholders, common and preferred, of the American Sugar and Refining company, to be held on September 18 next, it is authoritatively announced a proposition will be made for an increase of $15,000,000 of new stock, one-half common and the other half preferred.

THREE-POUND HAILSTONES.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—A hail storm in the district of Schlatzk, government of Tamboff, July 23, destroyed the crops over a wide area. Three men and many cattle were killed, while an entire flock of sheep and two shepherds were carried off by the flood. Some of the hail stones weighed three pounds.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Patterson has something new to show you each week in neckwear and shirts.

The second free concert of the year at Swinney Park tomorrow night. K. of P. Band.

THIS IS THE WAY

They go during our sale:

$20 Suits go at $16.

$15 Suits go at $12.

$10 Suits go at $ 8.

$ 5 Suits go at $ 4.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

A SHORT STORY

FORGOTTEN.

A little year or so ago
She sparkled everywhere,
With shoulders bare and face aglow,
The fairest of the fair.
We read about her every day
As having been at this or that,
At club or tea or ball or play,
Attraction centered where she sat.

A little year or so ago
She swayed a certain set.
Without her functions failed, but, oh,
How quickly we forget!
The men who flocked around her then
Now flatter other girls, and they
That read her name with envy when
She swayed ne'er think of her today.

A preacher said some words, and, lo,
A maiden ceased to be!
The fair one people used to know,
Oh, where, oh, where is she?
There's one who bends with loving gaze
O'er something small and frail and sweet,
I wonder if she mourns the days
When all the world was at her feet?
—Chicago Record-Herald.

MARRIAGE AT THE SCAFFOLD

In the seaport of Calais, which for over 100 years was under the power of the English, there once lived a bachelor, Josse Dullart, who had come there to carry on business. He was a native of Bailleul-en-Flandre, well qualified to secure for the London merchants the wool of which the Flemish weavers make their various materials and to derive an honest profit from each. Naturally, because of his commercial subtlety and because of the pleasant and comfortable life which came to him in consequence, our man became exposed to the jealousies and ill will of the other tradesmen, English for the most part. He did not know it, since the hypocrites allowed nothing to become evident, but, on the contrary, made every endeavor to present an agreeable exterior to him, so as not to compromise in the least the slight advantages which accrued to them through his kindliness. Nevertheless they decided to ruin him and to that end contrived a device so black and so wicked that Sir Satan himself in his demoniacal mind could not have imagined a better. In pursuance of the scheme one of them secretly concealed in the house of Josse Dullart a leather bag containing a sum of 100 livres sterling in gold crowns. Having done this, he went to the criminal magistrate with two comrades as witnesses to accuse his colleague of having robbed him.

At that remote period there had not yet appeared under the canopy of heaven any of the impudent sharpers, sluggards and swindlers who in the course of time have shamelessly said and written that ownership means theft, and the money earned by some is so much lost by others, with the sole intent that they may put everything into confusion and be able easily to slip into their purses that which is another's.

The world has indeed heard of much folly and seen many iniquities, but not that, and human justice, which had never known of any jesting upon the matter, would have hung their like high and in short order, dealing with them precisely as she would with veritable robbers.

Who was amazed at seeing the policeman of the provostship invade his home, ransack his coffers and chests, produce from them a sack of gold of which he knew nothing and a legal clerk take down disquieting notes of the affair in his illegible scrawl? It was the ill fated Dullart.

The poor fellow strove with them in vain, vowing to God his innocence, but words could not prevail against deeds. Now, he could not explain how the sack, the evidence of his crime, had come into his possession, whence it followed that the innocent man was condemned to the halter as if he had been guilty.

The affair, however, let loose in an uproar all the devils of Calais. Think of it—a great merchant, with a house of his own, convicted of common larceny, like a vulgar rascal!

In the end the populace, while it was not privy to the plot laid by a half dozen arrant rogues, was nevertheless not mistrustful. It rather inclined in favor of the pitiable citizen of Bailleulois. This without taking into consideration the peasants on the outskirts of the town, who were French, not having been expelled from their fireside by the conquerors, as had been the poor commoners of the city, and who hated all the English within their borders.

So it may be said that the throng which swarmed about the streets and crossways on the day when Dullart was to be taken to the gibbet entertained more compassion for him than derision, above all, if you take into account the fact that he was young, good in every respect and of a prepossessing appearance.

From the jail to the gallows Josse walked with bowed head by the side of a priest, who enjoined him to rejoice that he was about to pass into a better world. He did not glance at a single person, so great was the shame he felt on account of the filthy mischief of which he was accused. It was only when he had ascended the first rounds of the fatal ladder, having the cord about his neck, that below the soldiers grouped around the base of the gibbet, he perceived the crowd and recognized among them a fair young woman for whom in happier days he had conceived a tender and violent passion.

At the sight of her he experienced a yet more poignant sorrow at leaving so soon and so painfully an existence from which he had expected to derive such delicate felicities. And then, impelled by a sudden reminiscence and by a natural instinct for preservation, he began to cry out with all his might:

"Loyse, Loyse, by God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, I adjure you! Save my life, claim me in marriage."

The girl stood there trembling with emotion among her companions. Hearing herself thus addressed by name by the prisoner, she became convulsed with agitation; almost unconsciously, half moved by pity, half incited by her neighbors, she approached the gibbet without the police daring to prevent her.

"Oh, Loyse," repeated the prisoner ardently, "I am innocent. I swear it by my eternal salvation! Demand me in marriage, and you will have saved my life!"

She did not know one word to say, she had so lost her senses, but she extended her hand, which the poor devil seized with avidity. Seeing this, the people in all direction began to roar:

"A marriage, a marriage! She has claimed him! Cut the cord, hangman; cut it, cut it!"

The executioner did not cut the rope, but he let it drop, undecided as to what was most expedient for him to do, and as the crowd continued to bellow and even become threatening the officer of the provostship, judging it an opportune time for a delay, led the condemned man back into his cell in order to submit his peculiar case to the law. And the people dispersed content, believing the man from that moment to be saved.

But the stealthy cats did not so easily let go one whom they held in their claws. They had a man to be hanged, a pretty little man, a man over whose hanging they licked their lips, and here how people pretended that he was taken out of their grasp! And why, I ask you? Under the most foolish of pretexts, in the name of some ridiculous custom, some illegal pretense which granted grace, full, free and immediate, to any condemned man whom a woman declared in public to desire in lawful wedlock. Who ever had heard of an equal subterfuge?

But, ah, traditional or written, the law is the law, and the case in question had to be elucidated! Unwillingly, rather than willingly they opened an inquest upon the matter in hand to learn whether or not so unreasonable a usage had ever at any period had power by law, which inquest finally established that no similar case had been presented since the time of the conquest in Calais, but that previous to that date there had been many such cases, more particularly in Flanders and in Artois than in Picardy.

In consideration of these indecisive conclusions the enemies of Dullart urged the magistrates to override the law, and the magistrates did not demur. It was the governor who placed an obstacle before them in view of public opinion, which had become greatly agitated over a controversy which had at stake the life of a man made in the image of God. Suddenly that dignitary, called to mind the example of prudence offered of yore to the world by that worthy magistrate Pontius Pilate in order that he might avoid thrusting his own finger between the tree and its bark. In place of announcing his fears in public he appealed to his master, King Edward, the fourth of that name, to decide the matter according to his own good pleasure.

The monarch judiciously estimated that one man more or less upon the gallows was of small value in enhancing his glory and bespoke clemency for the case under consideration. He ordained then that the old usages should be conformed with and that full pardon be awarded the condemned man, under the condition, be it well understood, that the solicitor of his love hold him duly to his engagement.

So it came to pass that the good Josse had the rare and marvelous fortune to espouse a gentle and well favored maiden after the approved fashion instead of the cold and grimacing death and to be indebted to his wife for that which ordinarily men owe to their mothers only—that is to say, his life.

A similar occurrence took place a short time afterward unexpectedly at the city of Rouen. As a certain thief, a native of Hautvilliers, was conducted to his fate, a loud old woman stepped out of the crowd below and declared that she desired him in marriage. The prisoner, astonished, considered a moment; then, remarking that the aforesaid person was a homely hag, shook his head and pursued his way to the gallows, observing to the executioner:

"The wench, I don't want her!"

And in a moment he was wedded to the gallows.—Chicago Tribune.

Fled to the Wolves.

For sheer melodrama the English jewel robber Houghton's arrest would be hard to beat. After his last big diamond theft he was traced to West Bromwich and thence led the detectives a dance over the country. At last when the pursuers were hard on his heels he dashed into a traveling menagerie which was exhibiting just outside Birmingham. There he found one of the attendants fastening up a van cage containing a pair of large gray wolves. He flung the man on one side and opened the cage, shutting himself in with the beasts and daring any one to fetch him out. The strange thing was that the wolves, which the proprietor had always considered the most dangerous animals in the show, took no notice whatever of the fugitive, but showed great ill temper toward the keeper and a constable, who had great difficulty in dragging Houghton out.

A Question of Location.

"I thought, count, that you were a dead shot?"

"I am."

"And yet, though you said you would shoot your adversary through the heart, you hit him in the foot."

"It was an error of judgment. I thought his heart was in his boots; it turned out to be in his mouth."—London Telegraph.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

CLEAR COMPLEXION SOFT WHITE HANDS LUXURIANT HAIR PRODUCED BY CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening red, rough, and sore hands, in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

FORMER RESIDENT DIES.

Dr W. H. Gobrecht, formerly a practicing physician in Fort Wayne, died in Washington, D. C., last Friday. Dr. Gobrecht served during the civil war, coming to Fort Wayne at its close. He was a member of the faculty of the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, and a number of well known physicians studied under him. Dr. Gobrecht was appointed medical expert in the pension department at Washington, and held that position at the time of his death.

MONEY TO LOAN.

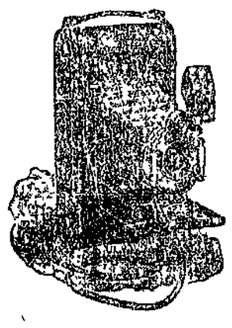
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.



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THE BEST MADE.

M. L. Jones, 12 W. WAYNE ST.

Business - Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street.

Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, No. 24 West Wayne Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—Johon Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,

Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
SURPLUS, $75,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.

ABSTRACTER OF TITLE.
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.

James E. Graham,

Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Stenographer and Notary Public in office. 'Phone 615 Main.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Dr. W. H. Gobrecht, formerly a practicing physician in Fort Wayne, died in Washington, D. C., last Friday. Dr. Gobrecht served during the civil war, coming to Fort Wayne at its close. He was a member of the faculty of the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, and a number of well known physicians studied under him. Dr. Gobrecht was appointed

ORGANIZATION PERFECTED.

A meeting of the laundry workers was held last evening and the organization was perfected. Following are the officers of the union: President, Miss Minnie Phelps; vice president, Miss Annie McDougal; secretary, Miss Celia Henneger; treasurer, Mrs. Williams; financial secretary, Miss Mary Jones; guard, Miss Anna Henneger; delegates to Trades and Labor Council, Miss Phelps, Miss Anna Henneger, Miss Celia Henneger, Miss Jones and Mrs. Williams.

INTERURBAN WRECK.

Muncie, Ind., July 24.—On a switch midway between Yorktown and Daleville, on the Union Traction company's line, eastbound car No. 260 was run into by a special car chartered by a party of negroes going from Muncie to Anderson at 11:30 o'clock last night. No one was injured, but the regular car was badly damaged, the front end being reduced to kindling. Car No. 260, in charge of Motorman Willard Eller and Conductor Noah Strainsbrook, had backed into the switch to await the arrival of the special car. The switch was not thrown and the special, while running at full speed, crashed into the waiting car. The cars were driven together and could not be pulled apart. Motorman Eller had left his post for a moment to speak to a passenger in the car when the crash came and thus escaped being crushed to death.

Attorney A. H. Bittenger has been indisposed for a few days, and has been absent from his office.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 8eod&w

Look in our window and see the boys' pure all wool knee pants with double seat and knee, tape seams and riveted buttons, at 50c.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Ask for Ruby Sap. Delicious new flavor. At all soda fountains. 20-24

Blue serge coats discounted 10 per cent during our sale.

PATTERSON.

A prominent citizen of Martinsburg, W. Va., writes that for fifteen years he was a terrible sufferer from acute indigestion, despite constant treatment. Three bottles of Bromo-Pepsin cured him entirely. This is but one of thousands. Note the word Pepsin and accept no substitute. Bromo Pepsin is a sure cure for headache, indigestion, insomania, nausea and mental exhaustion, and it is absolutely harmless. All druggists. 10c., 25c., and 50c. per bottle.

We don't sell all the clothing that's sold during the time our sale is on, but we do sell nearly everyone that looks at our store before they buy.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

MEN, IN HOT WEATHER,

Like cool clothing. See the fine line of suitings carried by G. Schmidt, 57 East Berry street. 27tf

The people have found out in the last few days that the bargains at Patterson's are not all wind.

LOCAL NEWS.

Ralph Lane is spending a few days at Rome City.

Miss Jessie Reitze is visiting friends in Elkhart.

Leland Crane, of Elkhart, is the guest of city friends.

Mrs. Mary Burton has returned from a visit at Bluffton.

Lee Crane, of Elkhart, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

J. M. Barrett and son, Walter, left today for Roaring Brook, Mich.

George D. Crane transacted business in Huntington yesterday.

Miss Bertha Hughes, of Huntington, is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. M. C. Gross and children have returned from an outing at Rome City.

Miss Blanche Rauch left yesterday for a week's visit with her sister at Auburn.

Miss Tulle Louth, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. Ed Crosby, 20 South Wayne avenue.

Messrs. George and Charles Kline, of Montana, are the guests of their brother, Cyrus Kline.

The women employes of the People's Store enjoyed an outing at Robison park last evening.

The United Telephone company will build a telephone line from Huntington to Zanesville.

Miss Alice Foster and guest, Miss Alice Stahl, have gone to Miss Stahl's home in Bellevue, O.

Miss Jessie Barcus, of Indianapolis, will be the guest of Miss Bessie Colerick the latter part of next week.

Miss Tillie Selle, of Chicago, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Selle, of 60 Columbia avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Trentman leave this evening for New York, and within a few days will sail for Europe.

Bluffton Banner: Miss Ella Reubens, of Fort Wayne, is the guest of Henry Hunsicker and wife for a week or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Davis entertained about seventy guests last evening in celebraion of their wedding anniversary.

Miss Lizzie Graf gave a progressive pedro party Monday evening in honor of Messrs. William and George Arnold, of Muncie.

Representative Edward E. Neal, of Lebanon, is in the city on business. Mr. Neal is a candidate for clerk of the supreme court.

Foreman Harvey Brown, of the Bass foundry, and his daughter, Jeanette, have returned from a visit at the Pan-American.

Miss Lizzie Doehrman will give a progressive pedro party this evening in honor of Miss Sophia Gallmeyer, of Grand Rapids.

The J. F. F. club will give an ice cream social on the lawn at the home of Mrs. G. W. Spangler, 274 Hoagland avenue, Thursday evening.

Mrs. Emley was in Huntington yesterday to attend the funeral of her son, who was drowned in one of the ponds at the quarries in that city.

Miss Winnie Spaulding entertained a party of friends last evening at Robison park. Miss Flora Jenkins, of Grand Island, Neb., was guest of honor.

Miss Elsie Dumas, of Goshen, has arrived in the city and will become a novice of the order of the Poor Handmaids of Christ. She is 20 years old.

Miss Florence Fry returns home tomorrow from a visit in Richmond. Her cousins, Miss Marie Davis and Miss Gertrude Moorman, will accompany her home.

A brewery wagon was upset in the rear of the Randall hotel yesterday and the horses attached to it were badly cut by broken glass. The driver was unhurt.

There will be a cottage prayer meeting this evening for members of the Third Presbyterian church at the home of Mrs. William Dexter, 44 Brackenridge street.

A harvest home picnic will be given at Andrews' grove on Saturday by the Huntertown M. E. church. Rev. A. S. Preston and Rev. H. J. Norris, of this city, will deliver addresses.

Seventh Day Adventist services are held at 32 Calhoun street every seventh day (Saturday). Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; young people's meeting, 3 p. m. C. Mellinger is elder and G. W. Mann, deacon.

A negro prisoner at the jail accidentally let fall a heavy stone on his foot yesterday and the member was badly crushed. The colored gentleman will spend some time in luxurious idleness in the hospital ward.

A City Trucking company wagon collided with a buggy containing Mrs. A. B. Trentman and another lady yesterday, but fortunately both ladies escaped injury. The wagon came up behind the buggy and the tongue of the heavy vehicle was forced through the back of the buggy.

Miss Bertha Wilkinson gave a dancing party at Robison park last evening in honor of Miss Mazie Jenkinson, of Goshen. The orchestrion furnished music for the dancing and punch was served. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Dascomb, Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William Rohan and Mrs. Maier.

GOT BUT A DOLLAR.

Ossian, Ind., July 24.—Burglars entered the post office here Monday night, carried the safe out upon the rear porch and blew the door open with dynamite. No one heard the explosion, and there is no clue. Only about a dollar in change was secured.

BACK FROM EUROPE.

Miss Mary Moffat, Miss Irma Seavey, Miss Mary Shoaff and Fred Shoaff returned this afternoon from a trip of three months through Europe. The party visited most of the principal points of interest in the old world, and are delighted with the trip.

TAKEN TO HOPE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. William Cox was removed from her home on Chicago street to Hope hospital today, suffering from consumption, and there is no hope of her recovery. Her case is a pitiful one, and is worthy of the attention of the charitable. Her husband, William Cox, died very suddenly over a year ago, leaving her to take care of a family of ten children, the youngest two years old. Mrs. Cox worked early and late at scrubbing, washing and other work, and contracted a bad cold last winter, which developed into consumption. The family is practically destitute. The mother is being cared by the Associated Charities.

FLOCK TO THE FOUNTAIN.

The patronage of the flowing well at Swinney park promises to be heavier this year than it was during the drought last summer. Since the announcement was made that the canal water had been turned into the city mains thousands have flocked to the fountain, and last evening it was almost impossible to get water without waiting in line for some time. The men who make a business of peddling the water in different parts of the city are doing a thriving business, and the warning to abstain from the use of the polluted canal water is being pretty generally observed.

WRECK ON THE ROCK ISLAND.

Tiffin, Iowa, July 24.—A passenger train on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad ran into another, which was going on to a siding here at 1 a. m. today. One sleeping car was knocked over on its side. Several passengers were injured, but none of them seriously. The injured: C. D. Reiter, East Orange, N. Y., back hunt; two children, slightly bruised; Frank L. Adams, Boston, Mass., foot hurt; J. E. Dunrea, Denver, cut on ear; A. M. Collins, Lebanon, Mass., head slightly hurt; J. A. McLean, Chicago, bruised; E. Bumpson, Chicago, porter, bruise on the shoulder. All the passengers injured proceeded to their destination.

BAPTIST SOCIETY MEETS.

Chicago, July 24—The eleventh annual convention of the International Baptist Young People's Union began in this city today. Over 15,000 delegates and visitors from all parts of the United States and Canada are expected to be present at the meetings which will be concluded Sunday night. Today was spent in informal reunions. Praise service will be held tonight at the Second Baptist church when Rev. Wm. M. Lawrence, D. D., of Chicago; Thomas Urquahart, of Toronto, Canada, and J. B. Cranefield, of Dallas, Tex., will deliver addresses. The conference proper will open at the Colisieum tomorrow.

A Butter Hint.

(See Below.)

Why Use Cream With Your

GRAPE-NUTS?

AN OILY HABIT.

There are people who become unconsciously addicted to the butter habit; that is to say, they like butter and gradually eat a little more as the months go by, until they find they have consumed, each meal, quite a quantity of fat, that they have not vitality enought to properly digest.

This indigested substance causes more or less catarrh of the stomach and trouble with the bowels.

The remedy, of course, is to largely cut down the allowance of butter, and for two or three nights, sup nearly a quart of very hot water, just before going to bed. This washes out the stomach and bowels and gives them renewed vitality. Then the person should for a few mornings at least, rely on good, rich cream, with Grape-Nuts, for breakfast, letting out the butter altogether. The cream gives all the fat needed.

Grape-Nuts and cream furnish an ideal portion of any breakfast.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 W. Berry St. Jy9-1m

FOR RENT—A first-class invalid chair. Inquire at 92 Calhoun St. 23-2t

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 123 West Jefferson street. 19-tf

FOR RENT—Flat, second story, No. 50 Harrison street. Inquire at the Old National bank. 6-29-tf

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath, etc. 110 Webster street. 24-2t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms by the day, week or month, with bath room. 22 West Main. 22-6t

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 15tf

FOR RENT—A few desirable residences, will be shown on application. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR RENT—Plans are being drawn for the Flick building, 41-43 W. Berry. Parties wishing to lease the second or third floors for a period of 5 or 10 years can have rooms arranged for offices or lodge rooms as desired. Inquire at 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10tf

FOR RENT—Two new flats, seven rooms each, hot and cold water and porcelain bath, closet and washstand; separate entrances to each flat; for rent August 1st; location, South Calhoun, near Masterson. Inquire of H. N. Ward, 233 West Berry street. Telephone 772. 15-1mo

FOR RENT—Double store room in Foster block, 45x150 feet, fronting on both Court and Clinton streets, now occupied by the Kettler Furniture Co. The basements are finished and floored and can be used for additional salesrooms; ceilings high and not a dark spot in the stores. Rent $1,500 per year. Possession September 1. Apply to the Foster Furniture Co. J1-1m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Private sale of furniture at 197 Montgomery St. 23-2t

FOR SALE—A nice stove with an excellent baker. Call at 213 West Berry street. 22-3t

FOR SALE—One new Remington typewriter. In quire at Adams Express Office. 22-4t

FOR SALE—I have a great bargain on W. DeWald; is owned by heirs and will go at reasonable offer. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Or may exchange for good city property, three good 80-acre farms, with good frame houses and bank barns on each. For further particulars, call on S. Freistoffer, room 25, bank block.

FOR SALE—That handsome block of ground fronting on Broadway, Savilla avenue and Home avenue (the apple orchard); price, $4,000, small payment, long time. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-6-tf

FOR SALE—Two handsome new Axminster carpets at half their cost; 1 new golden oak folding bed, oak and marble top stand, pictures, banquet lamp, and Wilkie Collins, Dickens, Carlyle, Victor Hugo and other books at remarkably low prices, at room 3 Arcade, second floor. 7-16tf

STRAYED.

STRAYED—From barn near Driving park, mare pony, bay color, with white blaze on face; suitable reward will be paid for return of animal to 221 W. DeWald St., or information given where she may be got by sending man. W. L. Pettit, First National bank. 23-2t

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St. Specialty:—Disease of Women Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m to 3.30 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs. 'Phone 1178. 96 Calhoun St.

The inhabitants of the province of Ontario write more letters than those of all the rest of Canada.

WANTED.

WANTED—An office boy at 88 Clinton street. 24-2t

WANTED—Everybody to call up Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones 594. m18-tf

WANTED—An experienced dining room girl at Robison park. Inquire Rich hotel. 16-tf

WANTED—35 girls for factory. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Girls for housework; no office fee charged. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Fifty canvassers; ladies or gents; big money. Call. Green, 16 Brackenridge.

WANTED—Two well furnished rooms for a single gentleman. Address "G.," care Sentinel. 22-3t

WANTED—Ladies in need of reliable help, to call at Ladies' Exchange, room 1, over 128 Calhoun St. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Partner on the road in nice paying business; no capital required. Address L., Sentinel office. 23-2t

WANTED—To borrow $500 of private party; good real estate security. Address, E., care The Sentinel. 23t2

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 16tf

WANTED—All kinds of cement work; guaranteed. Bridges & Foltz, 80 Calhoun Street; upstairs. Phone 414. 6-7-1m

WANTED—Boy well acquainted in city to drive grocery delivery wagon, call at 25 West Main street, 8 a. m. Thursday.

WANTED—Man and wife for branch office of our exchange; $80 per month. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—A good cook, one accustomed to a first-class boarding house preferred; wages, $25 per month. Address W., care Sentinel.

WANTED—1,000 laborers and teamsters for railroads in Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota. Room 1, over 120 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind 7-20-tf

WANTED—Two or 3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping; man and wife; rent reasonable; west side preferred. Box 4, care Sentinel. 23-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to start in a money making business with my new patent in every county and state. Call on Mrs. Long, 64 Barr St. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Two rooms and board for husband, wife and two small children. Private house preferred. Address tonight. E. W., Room 19 Bass Block.

WANTED—Middle aged lady with $250 as partner in old established business; money secured by real estate. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Men to worko at the new pumping station of the Fort Wayne Gas Co., near Summitville, Ind.; good pay. Apply to C. J. Schwehn at the gas office. 22 tf

WANTED—Ladies, consult Mme. Place, M. B. C., in regard to your facial blemishes, 38 W. Wayne St. Electric bath, beauty culture, manicure and hair dressing parlors, for ladies only. 2-28-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's employment office, 39 W. Washington st., has a number of nice places awaiting for girls; good wages. Apply at once. Have a colored coachman with good references. 16-tf

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizen's Trust Company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000. Interest paid on deposits. 8tf

WANTED—Lady stenographer; must write good hand and be quick at figures; none without experience need apply. Address at once, "Lady Stenographer," care Sentinel, in own handwriting; state salary expected. 23t2

WANTED—Cancers, tumors, birthmarks and all morbid growths removed without the use of surgeon's ghastly knife. One application does the work. Cure guaranteed. Dr. Zimmerman, Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne street, corner Harrison, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent., with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & F. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wtf

Money to Loan.
—AT—
FIVE PER CENT.
ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
65 CLINTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice 6-room house with barn on Harrison, near Creighton; price cut to $2,200. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Good 8-room house and 36-foot lot on E. Lewis St.; pavement paid; price reduced to $2,600. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Why not buy a lot in the Vesey addition, on Broadway, and double your money? W. E. Doud Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Cheap—An 8-room frame house; must be moved at once. Apply, Miss Flick, 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR SALE—Choice lots on Park ave. and on Broadway, now going at $400; must advance in price. W. E. Doud, agent.

FOR SALE—I will sell nice shady lots in Vesey's addition at $10 per month at same price as cash. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18tf

FOR SALE—Either of five modern residences between Williams grove and Reservoir lake at $2,200 to $5,000. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A grocery and saloon, doing a good business; reason for selling, other business. Address Box 14, care Sentinel. 6-5tf

FOR SALE—New 7-room house, in central west end; with bath complete. Price, $2,650. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR SALE—Eight-room house; open stairs; lot 32x150; water, gas, sewer; price $1,400. Val Rocholl, 23 Court St. Telephone 49 Main 5-16-tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain, new 7-room house on Fox St., near DeWald; has electric lights, water and gas; full lot. W. E. Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—The best lots in the most beautiful addition; for particulars ask about the Vesey addition. W. E. Doud, Agent, over Old National bank. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Good seven-room house and 38 foot lot on Grace avenue, $1,100; also six-room house on Fox street at $800; both must sell. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—8-room house, with bath, lights and furnace; within 2½ blocks of postoffice; only $3,100. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Any kind of reasonable terms granted on choice lots in Vesey's addition, on Broadway; first choice to buyers now. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Vesey addition lots, on Broadway; will soon be on car line; present prices will then advance; certainly an easy proposition. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Newly remodeled 8-room residence; thoroughly modern; pays 9 per cent on $2,500; near electric works; and will only be sold as an investment. W. E. Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Four 40-acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles from city; 10 acres, 3 miles from city; 10 acres, 7 miles out; 13 acres, 5 miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles out; 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 5-room house, No. 7 Summit St., $1,250. Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & Co., 18 Harrison St. 4m26d&wtf

FOR SALE—A brick store on Main St., $3,300; will rent $25 a month. A 5-room house on Hugh St., $900. A 5-room house on Boone St., $1,050. A 7-room house on E. Williams St., $2,100. A 7-room house on Esmond St., a bargain. A 6-room house on Erie St. Twenty-two acres two miles from city limits, a bargain. A 6-room house on Cass St., $1,650. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court St. 1-11-tf

FOR SALE—Lot, 198 feet front by 350 feet deep; on Maple Ave.; one of the finest locations surrounding Fort Wayne; good buildings, fruit trees and shrubery; natural gas. Anyone wishing a suburban home could have no better location. Lot on Clinton St., between Wayne and Washington Sts.; 75 feet front by 110 deep; good dwelling thereon. Two-story frame dwelling, 7 rooms, stable, natural gas, full lot, for $1,500; located on E. Leith St. Schrader & Wilson, first floor, 7 Court St. tf

FOR SALE—Lots 23, 24, 25, 26, on Huffman street, north side, extra high lots overlooking town to the south; street car extension expected this season or next, and is proposed to change name Huffman street to Huffman avenue; price of lots, $700 each; small payments, long time; also for sale, farther west, 18 lots platted as "Huffman Heights Addition" (the grove) corner Huffman and Andrew streets; price, $4,000, for entire plat, small payment, long time to suit; a rare bargain. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-8-tf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

Greatly Reduced Prices on all Summer Goods.

All colored shirt waists sold for 75c and 85c, now.....48c
All colored waists sold for $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00, now.....98c
Balance of all our finest waists sold as high as $3.00 now..$1.39
$3.00 silk waists, made of good quality Japanese silk, white or black, for.....$1.98
Black broadcloth dress skirts (unlined), nicely trimmed with satin bands, well worth $5.00, for $3.50
Good wool walking skirts, well made blue, black and oxford gray, only.....$1.98

WELKER & NABLO,
Near Washington St. 118 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Switchmen—No. 78 meets at 140 Calhoun street, third floor.
Lathers—No. 40 meets at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
Christian Science—Services of First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church in old Jewish tabernacle on Harrison street.
Lodges—Fort Wayne Council, No. 4, R. and S. M.; Fort Wayne Chapter, No. 19, Royal Arch Masons; Mechecanunochqua Tribe, No. 106, I. O. R. M.; Concordia, No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Fort Wayne lodge, No. 1547; Wayne Council, No. 35, Jr., O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne, No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty Council, No. 22, Knights and Ladies of Columbia; Old Fort Council, Royal League; Allen No. 29, Degree of Honor.
Robison Park Theater—Vaudeville.

Of course the weather has been almighty hot, but not hot enough to boil canal water sufficiently to make it fit to drink.

The official in Cuba in charge of the prosecution of Neely says he has evidence enough to convict the postal funds embezzler. Doubtless; but will he use it?

If Admiral Schley fights his own battle as well as he fought the battles of his country he will confuse and confound his enemies as soon as the firing begins. The people believe in him and his complete vindication is expected.

The Younger outlaws who were recently pardoned from the Minnesota penitentiary will engage in the gravestone business. If they can get contracts for marking the graves of all the men they ushered from this vale of tears they will have plenty to do for a starter.

It is announced that Richard Croker is to return from England to lead the Tammany hosts in the great political battle to be fought in Greater New York this fall. Common sense, united action of independent citizens and a good candidate like Seth Low will make the Tammany chieftain a plain case of a boss who was. Unfortunately the necessary conditions cannot be relied upon.

The latest mail advices concerning the famine in the province of Shansi, China, reveal a most fearful condition of affairs. To many persons this will seem like a punishment invited upon the Chinese for their treacherous attacks upon the foreigners a year ago, but the worst of it is that the sufferers from the famine are mainly the innocent. The men who were primarily responsible for the anti-foreign uprising have not only escaped the severe punishment visited upon some of the dupes, but they are at present living in luxury while the poor are starving.

The attitude of the ameer of Afghanistan is causing uneasiness in British official circles. For some time past he has been working strenuously to increase the size and efficiency of his army and has supplied it with the latest improvements in small arms and artillery. Until very recently the London authorities have been confident that these preparations were the result of fear of an attack by Russia from Herat. Now there is a suspicion that a projected descent upon India in the Russian interest may be at the bottom of Abdurrahman's activity. That would be a grave matter. Great Britain's military position in the country is not a strong one at present. It would be difficult for the empire to deal with the Ameer alone. Were he to have the substantial backing of Russia the case would become alarming. Our British relatives appear to be increasingly in danger of paying a ruinous price for their South African whistle.

As a result of the visit of Adjutant General Corbin to Manila—and recent developments in the islands—he and General Chaffee have worked out a plan whereby they expect to reduce the American army of occupation 50 per cent and the expenses of military and civil administration 60 per cent. The plan is, briefly, to abandon the many garrisoned posts in all parts of the islands and concentrate the troops in three brigades to be stationed at most convenient points. The saving effected, aside from that incidental to reduction of the number of men, will be in rentals of barracks and the transport of supplies. The transport has been especially expensive, involving all means of carriage, including human packers. That will be done away with and ought to effect rather a larger saving than 60 per cent. The most gratifying aspect of the matter to the American people, however, is that it indicates an end to the slaughter.

WORK FOR THE COMMITTEE.

Much good doubtless will ensue from the deliberations of the committee of citizens Mayor Berghoff has asked to act with the city officials in some effort to propose a solution of the water problem in Fort Wayne.

This plan of considering the matter, however, emphasizes the fact that the people of Fort Wayne recently have been led to believe the problem itself was solved by a long and painstaking test of the air-lift system purposed to show in the first place if the deep well field could yield an abundance of pure water and secondly if the air-lift system would properly serve it to the people of this city.

Records and reports of the test occasionally given out were of a sort to cause public rejoicing. That they were officially viewed with conviction if not satisfaction finds best proof in the steps taken to provide the waterworks department with a complete air-lift installation involving the expenditure of many thousands of dollars. Two sets of bids have already been rejected, but the engineer employed in this special case is now under instructions to prepare new and more satisfactory specifications upon which further bids will be invited.

If the officials do not believe the test of the field and the demonstration of the air-lift system were satisfactory and conclusive they are culpably wrong in proceeding to the purchase and installation of an air-lift or any other new kind of pumping system. If the field test and demonstration of pumping water by air-lift were satisfactory and warranted immediate adoption of the system then the problem is solved and there only remains to practically apply the solution. It will be hard to convince persons who gave some attention to the air-lift test that there is not an abundance of water to be procured from the northside field. If, however, the matter is in any doubt let it be tested again, and more thoroughly than before. There is not much economy in temporizing with the water issue on any question of dollars and cents. The people want water and must have water. They do not want canal water and will not accept canal water much longer. Somebody will soon have to account for the waste of these many months which have elapsed since the air-lift system was resolved upon and during which not a single tangible result has been achieved.

You can monkey with some of the people all the time, and all of the people some of the time, but you cannot monkey with all the people all the time—especially where common necessity, general comfort, preservation of health and safety of life are involved.

The water problem committee can get a good start and work to advantage by beginning on the why and wherefore line when it takes up its labors.

Prices are better than right at Patterson's during the sale.

RILEY B. WON 2:07 PACE

TOOK SECOND HEAT EASILY AND FOURTH BY A NOSE.

Trouble in the 2:14 Trot at Cleveland—Driver Fined and Later Forced to Retire.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 24.—Yesterday's strong card at the Grand circuit races brought out an immense crowd. Weather conditions were perfect and the track in fine shape. In the 2:14 trot Dr. Book opened favorite at even money and won the first heat easily. In the second heat he fairly romped in a winner by three lengths, but the best he could do in the third heat was third place. The judges did not like the way Durfee handled Dr Book in the third heat and he was called up in the stand, fined $100 and forced to give up the pole. In the fourth heat Durfee was taken down and Kenney substituted. The judges announced that this punishment was enforced upon Durfee for improper driving. At the end of the third heat all non-winners were retired to the barn. This left Janice, Dr. Book and Palm Leaf to battle for the money. Palm Leaf went out and won in straight heats.

In the second race the field got off in a bunch and raced inthis fashion to the quarter pole. Charley Hoyt led all the way, but broke in the stretch. Riley B. came out of the bunch like lightning and won the heat in easy fashion. In the third heat certain horses were considered not to be driven to win and the judges declared all bets off on this heat and returned all non-winners of heats to the barn. Riley B., the odds-on favorite, won the event by a nose from Eylet.

The third race went to Dan Patch in straight heats.

The King walked away from the field in the fourth race and won the 2:27 class trot in one-two order.

On Friday afternoon Cresceus, the king of the trotting stallions, holding the world's record of 2:04 (against time), will go an exhibition mile to beat his own record. Cresceus was paraded before the judges' stand by his owner, George Ketcham, of Toledo, and received a tremendous ovation. The summaries:

2:14 trot; purse, $1,500.

Palm Leaf, b m	8	3	6	1	1	1
Dr. Book, bg	1	1	3	2	7	3
Janice, b m	2	8	1	8	3	2
Gracie Onward, ch m	3	6	4	3	2	dr
Gunsaulus, b s	9	4	2	5	6	dr
Axtello, b g	4	2	8	7	8	dr
Dot Miller, b m	7	5	7	4	4	dr
Senator K., blk g	6	7	5	6	5	dr
Our Lucky, b s	5	9	dr			

Time—2:10, 2:12½, 2:10¾, 2:11¾, 2:13½, 2:18¼.

2:07 pace; purse, $1,500:

Riley B., blk m	2	1	4	1
Eylet, gr m	6	4	1	2
Charley Hoyt, b h	1	5	6	ds
Dariel, b m	3	2	2	dr
Paul Revere, rn g	5	3	3	dr
Egozen, b s	7	6	5	dr
Edith, b m	4	7	7	dr

Time — 2:08½, 2:08¾, 2:11½, 2:09½.

2.15 pace; purse, $2,500:

Dan Patch, br s	1	1	1
Armorel, gr m	2	2	2
H. J. P., br g	3	3	3
Shecan, b g	4	4	4
Baroletta, b m	5	5	6
Ferrum, b g	8	6	5
Paulding Bay, b s	6	ds	
Lady All Right, ch m	7	dr	
Fred, the Kid	Dis		

Time—2:10½, 2:11½, 2:11½.

2:27 trot; purse, $1,200:

The King, b g	1
Iva Dee, b m	2
Marique, ch s	3
Petit Swazey, b m	4
Toledo Bee, ch g	6
Springdale, br s	5
Nutbearer, br g	8
Meta Arthur, br m	7
John Hooper, ch g	Dis

Time—2:13¼, 2:13¾.

AGED PREACHER IS INSANE.

Cincinnati, O., July 24.—On the advice of the city hospital physicians, Rev. H. D. Moore, aged 78, one of the most widely known preachers in Cincinnati, was sent to the Longview asylum yesterday. The old preacher had been living with friends on McMillan street until taken to a private ward at the city hospital about three weeks ago He is suffering from senile dementia. He was chaplain for the Thirteenth Maine regiment, under General Neal Dow, at the unveiling of Lincoln's monument at Springfield, Ill., in 1874 and Dr. Moore was the orator of the day.

SALISBURY PESSIMISTIC.

London, July 24.—In the house of lords last night the marquis of Salisbury made a pessimistic speech in support of the finance bill. The premier said: "The tendency to extravagance is increasing. We have had no choice. We have had to protect ourselves and must pay the cost. For years public opinion was in favor of a pacific policy, but now that opinion has passed away. The tide has turned. And who am I and who are we that we should attempt to stem the tide? If the tide has turned we shall have to go with it. We are in the presence of forces far larger than we can wield.

"The noble lord (referring to Baron Welby) has alluded to the celebrated passage in which Sidney Smith warned the American public against the dangers and discomforts attaching to the pursuit of glory. No doubt it was thought at the time to be a very wise lecture. But has it been successful? Has he induced the American people to adopt his views? On the contrary, we know that one of the most powerful engines of the state consists in appeals to that national and imperial sentiment to which we have been so much exposed and which we are so much bound to abide by."

SAYS IT'S DUE TO SPRINKLING

C. S. BASH TALKS OF THE WATER SUPPLY SHORTAGE.

Seedsman Gives Some Advice About Mowing and Caring for Lawns —His Solution.

C. S. Bash believes the shortage in Fort Wayne's water supply is due entirely to excessive and unnecessary sprinkling of lawns, and with these views Mr. Bash gives some suggestions about the care of lawns.

"I see," said Mr. Bash this morning, "that I have been named by the mayor as one of a committee to assist in solving the water problem. If the good people of Fort Wayne desire to assist the waterworks trustees in this emergency, they should at once refrain from watering lawns excessively and continuously, as they have been in the habit of doing. There will be no necessity for this waste of water if people will only allow the grass to grow a little longer as nature intended it should grow. It would be better for the lawn and would make a much better sod.

"Instead of that, people cut the grass entirely too short; the hot sun beats down upon the unprotected roots and burns it out, and the sun will have just this effect upon lawns closely cut whether they are watered or not. If people will allow the lawns to grow naturally for thirty days—and it will not be detrimental to the lawns—the problem will be solved. There is plenty of water for culinary purposes. I can take you to our farm and show you blue grass cut thirty days ago that is as green as any lawn in the city, and it has had no water except what has fallen from the heavens."

BENDERS REPORTED LOCATED.

Topeka, Kan., July 24.—The four members of the notorious Bender family, guilty of a score of murders, are said to have been located in Colorado and Governor Stanley yesterday issued requisitions for their apprehension. The accused consist of father, mother, daughter and son. The former two would now be more than 70 years old, while their children are past the 50 mark. They are now said to be near Fort Collins, Colo. Information to this effect was given to Governor Stanley by Frank Ayres of that place, who asserts that Kate Bender, the daughter, was once his wife. Four men who went to Colorado to identify her support the statement of Ayres. The Benders lived on a small farm near Galena and for years, as it developed aftere their flight twenty-seven years ago, had lured travelers to their place, murdered them for their money and buried their bodies in the yard around their home or under the house. The house was arranged with trap doors. All four members of the family were accused of aiding in the murders. An investigation into the disappearance of Dr. York, brother of a Kansas senator, who had stopped at the Benders, and whose bones were found beneath the house, led to the flight. Heavy rewards for their arrests were offered by the state, but they were never captured, although many false clews were run down.

WABASH-PERU LINE.

Wabash, Ind., July 24.—The line of the Wabash River Traction company through the city of Wabash, a distance of two miles, was completed last night, the last block through the asphalt being finished today. The trolley wire is strung along the entire twenty miles from Wabash to Peru, with the exception of three miles west of this city, and cars will be moved from the power house at Rich Valley, this county, Thursday.

MOONSHINERS ELUDE POSSE

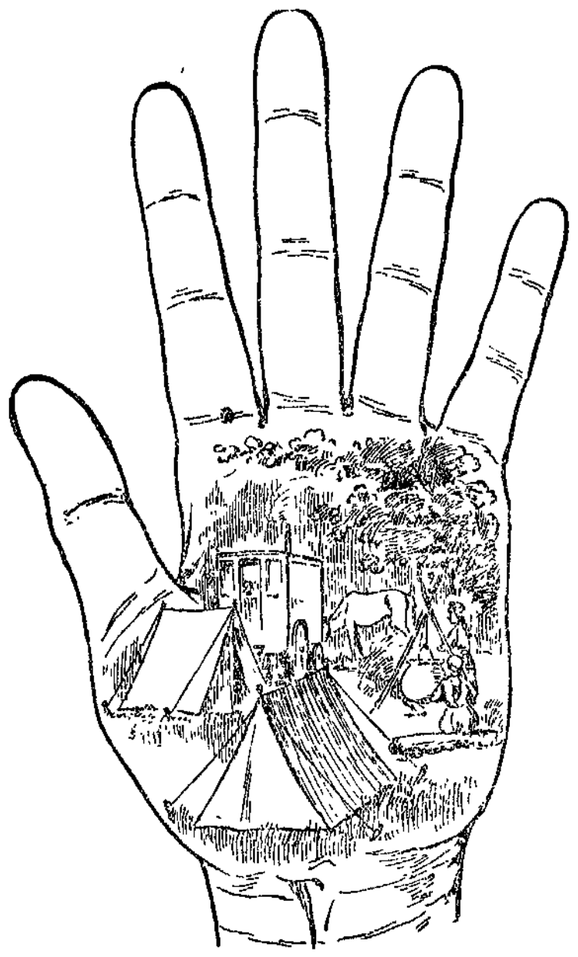
Nashville, Tenn., July 24.—The big posse of revenue officers and deputy marshals that went to Putnam county to aid in capturing the illicit still where the battle of Saturday occurred returned here last night. They found the still and destroyed it. None of its operators was caught, however, though the country was thoroughly searched for miles around. A posse of picked men was left on the scene to continue the search, but there is small chance of success as it is believed the murderous moonshiners are now far from the scene ad are in protection of sympathizing moutaineers. The wounded officers are still alive and nothing further has been heard of the moonshiners hurt in the fight.

4 QUEENS OF PALMISTRY.

Now at 109 Calhoun St. 3 weeks only.

SEE Madge, Louise, Lottie and Zingara. Each and all experts in this line of business.

REMEMBER---This. Nothing ever here like this. Neat, Popular, Refined, and for ladies' and gentlemen. Open daily, except Sunday 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.



YOUR HAND READ FOR **10c**

See **Gypsy Madge**

And her band of four world's wonders.

One Hundred Dollars

Presented to any person who can find the equal of LOUISE THE GREAT.

Every Person Receives

A beautiful silver souvenir spoon free with 10c readings.

No Connection

With any others who have been here.

MAKE NO MISTAKE 109 Is Our Number.

We tell your fortune right for Ten Cents, Ladies or Gentlemen.

DEATH OF JUDGE N. O. ROSS.

Logansport, Ind., July 24.—Judge N. O. Ross, of this city, who died at a health resort in California, is said to have been the oldest practicing attorney in the world. He was aged 82 years, and began the practice of law just sixty-two years ago. He was holding the position of solicitor for the Panhandle at the time of his death, having under his jurisdiction fifteen counties. He leaves a son, George Ross, late judge of the Indiana appellate court. He is also grandfather of George E. Ross, the lad who recently equalled the world's record in a 100-yard dash. The remains will be brought here for burial. The Cass county bar will meet Saturday morning. It is expected that many prominent Indiana lawyers will be here to attend the meeting and funeral.

BOERS CAPTURE A TRAIN.

London, July 24.—The British war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, July 23:

"A train from Cape Town, with 113 men, details and stores, was held up, captured and burned at Scheepeers, eight miles north of Beufort west, on the morning of July 21. Our casualties were three killed and eighteen wounded. An inquiry is proceeding.

"French reports that Crabbe with 800 men was attacked in the mountains near Cradock by Kritzinger at dawn July 21. The Boers stampeded. An all-day fight occurred. Crabbe fell back on Mortimer. Our loss was slight."

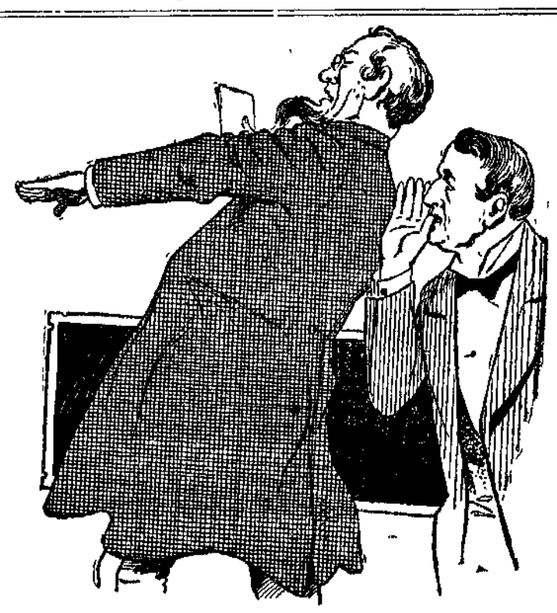
FELL TO HER DEATH.

Chicago, July 24.—A young woman supposed to be Mrs. B. DeGraffe, of LaCrosse, Wis., fell from a window of the sixth floor of the Morrison hotel early today and died an hour later at the county hospital. An awning which broke her fall prevented instant death. It is thought the woman sat on the window sill to get the air and either lost her balance or fell asleep.

This morning we received six dozen men's white negligee shirts to sell at $1.50. They're beauties.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

"It is a mystery I wish some scientific man would explain."
"What do you mean?"
"How such a hot-tempered woman as my wife can have such cold feet."



IN WASHINGTON.

Senator Sorghum (making a speech)—As Daniel Webster says in his great dictionary—

A Colleague (in a whisper)—Noah wrote the dictionary.

Senator Sorghum—Not on your life. Noah built the ark.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.com

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047.

We Cut Like This....

$1.00 Drugs and Medicines at 75c.

50c Drugs and Medicines at 38c.

25c Drugs and Medicines at 19c.

RHOADS, 97 Broadway.

Probably the most extraordinary journal in the world is published weekly in Athens. It is written in verse, even the advertisements.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Valparaiso and Chicago.*	3 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago.*	3 30 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago	* 4 58 am	* 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Mansfield and Lima	*11 31 pm	†11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg	*11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.	† 7 30 am	†10 30 pm
Valparais o and Chicago.	†12 15 pm	†12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg	†12 40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago.*	* 4 10 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline	† 7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila	* 9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.*	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago.	*10 15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY
In effect June 10 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north	11 55 p m
" " " "	8 30 a.m
" " " "	4 15 p m
†From Richmond arrives	8 45 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

*For Richmond and Cincinnati	1 45 a.m
" " " "	4 55 a m
" " " "	12 30 p m
†From Grand Rapids arrives	6 50 p. m.

*Daily †Daily except Sunday

WABASH

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901

Going West.		Going East
5:50 a. m.	Daily.	5:55 a. m
9:37 a. m.	Daily.	6 20 a. m
5:49 p. m.	Daily.	11:45 a. m
9:20 p. m.	Daily.	6:30 p. m
11:00 p. m.	Sunday only.	7:30 a. m

From Peru daily, arrive, 9:20 a. m.
From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr. 8:00 p. m.
Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART.

No. 2 Mail and Express	7 20 a.m
No. 4 passonger	7 00 p.m
No. 8 Mixed	2:15 p.m
No. 32 Local freight	8 00 a.m

ARRIVE

No. 31 Local freight	5 30 p.m
No. 5 Mixed	11 00 a.m
No. 3 Mail and Express	3 50 p.m
No. 1 Passenger	10 55 a.m

Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

NICKEL PLATE

9-6 30 1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.
Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No 4	1 20
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2	3 15
Eastern Express No. 4	7 05
Local Freight	†7 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 5	2 30
Western Express, No 1	†2 30
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3	4 35
Local Freight	†7 00

†Daily except Sunday Light type A M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.
Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.
For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. S. & M. S. TIME CARD, In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
460 Express and Mail	11 25 a.m
462 Local Freight	2 50 p.m
410 Express and Mail	3 50 p.m
Northbound.	Depart.
463 Local Freight	6 40 a.m
457 Express and Mail	11 55 a.m
459 Express and Mail	5 00 p.m

All trains daily except Sunday.

L., E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.

In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday	5 30 a m
No 41 Express and Mail, except Sun	7 10 a m
No 44 Express and Mail, except Sun	4 15 p.m
No. 45 Express and Mail, Sunday only	6 30 p.m
North Bound.	Arrive
o. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun	11 40 a.m
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday	4 40 p.m
42 Express and Mail, except Sun	10 25 p.m
44 Express and Mail, Sunday only	10 15 a.m

QUESTION OF CONSTITUTION

RAISED IN PHILIPPINES IN CASES OF OATHS.

Obligation Is to Sovereignty of the United States and Not the Organic Law.

[Correspondence of Associated Press.]

Manila, June 12.—The passing today by the Philippine commission of the act organizing the courts of the archipelago was preceded by two interesting incidents, both of which brought out authoritative statements from President Taft. The first was in reference to the wording of the oath of office to be taken by judges.

Support of the constitution of the United States (which all officials in the United States subscribe to in their oaths of office) was purposely omitted from this oath, but recognition of the supreme authority of the United States was included. Judge Ide, author of the judiciary bills, held that swearing to support the United States constitution which has already been decided, in that at least one feature of that instrument (uniformity of duties clause), does not apply in the Philippines, would be improper. He considered that discussion of the meaning of the constitution as affecting powers and duties of United States officials in the Philippines would be of no service here, since these questions are in process of settlement in the United States supreme court.

Replying to a question by Senor Paterno (former secretary of state in the Aguinaldo cabinet) as to whether since it was generally assmued that the constitution follows the flag the oaths of office of Philippine officials should not include support of the constitution, Judge Taft said:

"The oath to support the laws of the Philippine islands, if the validity of these laws depends upon the constitution of the United States, is an oath to support laws enacted in accordance with the constitution of the United States. There has been so much discussion of the issue presented in this form, 'does the constitution of the United States follow the flag of the United States?' that it was thought best not to invite discussion by changing the form of oath from that which had originally been adopted by the military government when the commission came here.

"Personally, I think that statement of the issue is exceedingly misleading. Every person who comes to these islands accredited as an officer or agent of the United States government derives his authority from some officer who was appointed under the constitution of the United States; therefore, it seems to me that to say the constitution has no operation in these islands is to say something which logically cannot be sustained, and the real question is not whether the constitution extends to these islands, but what clauses of the constitution affect the government of them.

"In other words, the real issue is whether congress or the president, acting under the constitution in asserting the authority of the United States in these islands, is restricted by certain limitations in that constitution which certainly apply to the action of the president and apply to the action of congress in dealing with the states.

"Now, the constitution contains a clause which requires all duties on imports to be uniform throughout the United States. The supreme court has, in a recent decision, news of which came yesterday, decided that that clause of the constitution does not apply to government created by congress in Porto Rico and these islands. The statement that the constitution is in operation in these islands may thus mean one thing to one person and another thing to another. Why, therefore, introduce into an oath of office a form of statement which might lead to misconstruction? Why not follow the old form which serves every purpose?"

CECIL RHODES RESWORN.

London, July 24.—King Edward held a privy council at Marlborough house this morning, when Mr. Cecil Rhodes was resworn as a member of the council.

See the new neckwear at Patterson's.

Letter Carrier William Stahl is not suffering from a relapse of typhoid fever, as has been stated, but from a sunstroke sustained last Friday. Mr. Stahl is improving nicely.

URGES PLANTING OF TREES.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 24.—John P. Brown, secretary of the International Society of Arboriculture, has completed an interesting report on the forestry conditions in the United States in which he strongly advises the planting of trees on unused railroad lands for economical purposes. In May, 1900, Mr. Brown, at the request of J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, president of the International Society of Arboriculture, and the late Collis P. Huntington, then president of the Union Pacific railroad, undertook an extensive tour of the United States, and his report is based upon the observations made during that trip. He argues that during the next two decades 3,000,000 of railroad ties will be needed and the demand should be supplied by the planting of trees in lanes parallel to the tracks at the rate of 640 trees to the mile. In sixteen years they would produce enough ties to relay the mile of track.

IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

London, July 24.—A parliamentary paper issued today gives the number of persons in the concentration camps in South Africa in June as follows: White,, 85,410; colored, 23,489. There were 777 deaths among the whites in the camps, the list including 576 children. The deaths among the colored prisoners numbered five.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Reading, Pa., July 24.—This afternoon the men who remained at work in the locomotive plant held a meeting and decided not to strike at this time. Some said they would continue at work as long as no new men were put into the shops. Vice President Voorhees left for Philadelphia at noon. He claimed that what he offered the men was as much as some competing roads were paying. The leaders declare that the strike will now spread.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Waunetah Ward is visiting friends at Chicago.

Miss Frances Dierken, of Maples, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Miss Amelia Zauner left for Chicago this morning to visit friends for a few weeks.

Miss Hazel Cook left today for Valparaiso, where she will spend three weeks with relatives.

The Ladies' Aid society will hold a social at the home of Mrs. Frank Starkle, 39 East First street, tomorrow evening.

Joseph Bursley, son of G. E. Bursley, was able to be out today for the first time after an extended illness from typhoid fever.

Miss Ruby Boyd, who has been the guest of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Stemen for several weeks, leaves tomorrow for her home in Leavenworth, Kan.

Fort Camp No. 758, Royal Neighbors, will give an ice cream social tomorrow evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Lichtenwalter, 308 West Creighto navenue.

Invitations have been issued for the approaching marriage of Miss Elsie F. Bell and Charles H. Geyer. The ceremony will occur August 10 at the home of the bride, 410 West Main street.

The Library Hall Athletic association will give an ice cream social on the lawn near the hall tomorrow evening. Schroeder's band will furnish music and the Hibernian Rifles will give an exhibition drill.

Miss Maggie Evans, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Evans, of Bloomingdale, sustained a sunstroke while out picnicking on July 4th. The girl has been in a serious condition for several days with convulsions, but she is somewhat improved and hopes are entertained for her recovery.

There will be a slight change in the program at the Robison park theater, commencing tomorrow evening, when Lizzie Evans and Harry Mills will produce the new playlet by George Foster Platt, entitled, "The Country Dance." The little comedy sets forth the simple love story of a country boy and girl in the early '60's, giving an opportunity for the quaint costuming of that period. It is a happy conceit, built on natural and amusing lines.

Trunks, traveling bags and suit cases discounted 10 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

A ROW IN ASSYRIAN COLONY

TWO JUSTICE COURTS BUSY IN SETTLING IT.

One Party Capiased on An Account and a General War Ensues—Attorney Has Experience.

Justices France and Tancey's offices were nothing but a weird babel of sounds this morning and the 96 Fahrenheit atmosphere was clogged with interrogation points and unpronounceable cuss words. The state of affairs was all brought about by a revolution and insurrection in the Syrian colony. It appears that Assid Rick owed Habig Kantoss $27.27 for goods which he peddled out. Assid neglected to settle and Habig wanted his money, so he got out a capias and intercepted Assid, who was taken to jail. Then his friends came to the rescue and the judgment was paid, but that did not settle the grudge, as a fight occurred soon after at the store of the Kantoss brothers on Spy Run avenue. Somebody got licked, but nobody seems to know who, except possibly the fellow who got the pummelling, and he can't talk enough English to explain what all the fracas was about. Affidavits were filed in France's court against George Nasar, H. Nasar and Mose Shadie for assault and battery on William Kantoss, and the first two were convicted and fined. Then William Kantoss was fined $1 and costs for assault and battery on Assid Rick. From this time on the course of justice was erratic and considerably obscured by strange phrases in a foreign tongue, dangerous looking gesticulations by a lot of people who were not considered in the game before. The seat of war drifted into Tancey's court, where affidavits were filed against Habig Kantoss, Thyer Kantoss, Hahn Hanna and George Hanna for assault and battery on George Nasar, while another set of affidavits were filed against William and Salem Kantoss for trespass, they being charged with walking over a lot of dishes and things in the home of George Nasar, where they went to start a rough house. Attorney Hugh Keegan, who had been retained to defend some of the participants, spent some valuable time prepaiing appeal bonds and when he presented them to his clients for signature he found that, unbeknown to him, they had stepped up to the desk and paid their fines, and all his trouble went for naught. Finally the cases against the Kantosses were dismissed and everybody, including Lawyer Keegan and the prosecuting witnesses chipped in to pay the fines already assessed. Salem Bashara was present in the role of interpreter, but had little to do save digging down every once in a while to help to pay somebody's fine.

Carl James has filed an affidavit in Tancey's court charging Harry Shofe with assault and battery. James went to Shofe to collect a bill, but the latter gentleman instead of settling took a swipe at the collector's head and then tried to bite a piece out of his arm.

Doctors Harrod, Stutz and McOscar and Justice Bullerman will sit as a commission in lunacy tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the justice's office.

Zealous Hopkins was on trial today in Bullermann's court for assault and battery on Cyrus Miller. The assault is alleged to have been committed on the 15th of the present month. Mr. Hopkins pleaded not guilty to the charge.

WITH THE BOYS IN CAMP.

(Indianapolis Sentinel.)

William Waltes of Company D, of the Third dregiment dislocated his left knee cap yesterday morning during drill practice by stepping in a hole. As a result of this accident he will be laid up all week and will miss all drill work. He was taken to the hospital. Waltes' home is in Fort Wayne.

William C. Pelz, of Battery B, Fort Wayne, is mourning the loss of his sweetheart's photograph. He claims that it was purloined from his tent while he was on guard duty. "The picture was a present from my girl," he said, "who sent it to me just before I left home, and if I can find the guy that swiped it, there'll be something doing in Battery B."

STRIKE WILL CONTINUE.

Reading, Pa., July 24.—The strike of Philadelphia and Reading railroad shop hands here will continue. Vice President Voorhees was here this morning and had a fifteen and one-half minute conference with the employes' strike committee. He had no wage schedule to submit and offered no new proposition. Mr. Voorhees said the company's offer was made to the men at Monday night's conference. "The strike will continue," said the committee, as they left Mr. Voorhees.

ELKS TO MEET IN SALT LAKE.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 24.—Salt Lake City was today selected for the grand lodge of Elks as the place for holding the next convention. The following officers of the grand lodge have been elected:

Grand Exalted Ruler—Charles E. Pickett, Waterloo, Iowa.

Grand Esteemed Leading Knight, by acclamation—Al. G. Field, Columbus, O.

Grand Esteemed Loyal Knight—William B. Brock, Lexington, Ky.

Grand Esteemed Lecturing Knight—Judge A. H. Pickens, Denver, Col.

Grand Secretary—George A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich., by acclamation.

Grand Treasurer—E. C. Orris, Meadville, Pa., by acclamation.

Grand Trustee (three-year term)—Henry W. Mears, Baltimore.

Grand Tyler—Joseph Henning, Anderson, Ind., by acclamation.

Secretary C. B. Woodworth, of the state board of pharmacy, together with his clerical force, are busily engaged in sending out the new certificates of registration to the 4,500 druggists in Indiana, and it is expected the work will be completed this week. The secretary's office is in the Ninde block.

A HONEYMOON CAR.

Ever hear of a honeymoon car? The only one in America that really qualifies for that term is run from Haverhill to Boston every night by Conductor "Billy" Chase, who has the record for dragging the newly married over the rails. There is not a night of the year, except Fridays and the 13th days, that this train does not carry the bride and the groom. They all seem to patronize it, although they all know what is in store for them from jovial friends. Rice, placards, signs, spoken jests and a thousand and one reminders that they are on their honeymoon is the fate of those who travel with Mr. Chase. Famous for years, it is no wonder that fun is ever on the increase when the conductor calls "All aboard!"

Mr. Chase is full of stories of the tricks that are played on his patrons One time, he says, when William E. Russell, the magneteic young man, whole hearted and overflowing with kindness, was on board, it was mentioned that there were eight bridal couples in the honeymoon car. Russell wanted to see what they looked like, so the conductor and the governor passed through. Russell stopped at each seat and shook hands with every man and wife, wishing them all the happiness in the world.

Then, when a side station was reached, he sent out for cigars for the men and little keepsakes for the women. There wasn't a man or woman aboard who didn't hear later of the death of this democratic executive with genuine regret.

The only time a couple ever escaped attention on the honeymoon train was when a young man, at the advice of Mr. Chase, chartered a private car and had it hitched to the main stem. The doors were locked, and when the hundred of mischief-loving friends trooped down they were told the couple were not aboard. They wanted to know what was in the closed car, and the conductor assured them it was filled with damaged furniture being taken to the repair shops. Then they wanted to enter, but Chase told them the car was going to be dumped at a siding and they desisted. So the man and his wife escaped to Boston, but that was the only time any such couple ever went unscathed through the honeymoon route.

STATE TO OWN UTILITIES.

According to authoritative announcements, the government of Canada has decided to nationalize the telegraphs and the telephones of the dominion. The business elements are said to be nearly unanimous in support of this reform. The government counts on an annual surplus of some $7,000,000, and its income is increasing under the usual prosperity of the country. It has, therefore, become possible to take the step contemplated for years, but heretofore precluded by lack of available funds. The government already operates some small telegraph lines, and not unsuccessfully. The telephones, if taken over at the same time as the telegraph, will be placed in the hands of the respective municipalities to be managed by them. It is hardly necessary to add that the employes of the companies are anxious to become the servants of the state, knowing, as they do, that from the government they would secure better terms and greater consideration.

Canada is only following the example of Great Britain in this respect. The telegraph was nationalized in England about thirty years ago, and while there have been complaints of inefficiency, red tape and lack of progressive spirit on the part of the post office department, which controls it, there is no agitation in favor of a return to operation by private companies.—Chautauquan.

LIPTON PREPARES TO START.

London, July 24.—Sir Thomas Lipton has arrived at Greenock to supervise the completion of the preparations which are to fit the Shamrock II. for her sea trip to America. The work is being rapidly pushed forward and if all goes well the cup challenger may leave Greenock today or if she does not get away so soon, it is anticipated that her departure cannot be delayed longer than the end of this week. Sir Thomas Lipton will not accompany the yacht to America but expects to leave for New York about the middle of next month.

BRITAIN'S NAVAL STRENGTH.

Counting the warships built and building, the naval tonnage of Great Britain exceeds that of France, Germany and Russia combined, but by a very narrow margin. It exceeds that of France, the United States and Germany by even a smaller margin. As now ranked Great Britain maintains a large lead over all, both in the existing strength and tons building, with France next. Then comes Russia, and behind her the United States, which has displaced Germany and lead her by 3,000 tons displacement.

DID THE JOB WELL.

In a little western town the other day the most popular citizen soundly whipped a tough character, and to vindicate the majesty of the law the offender was brought up for trial. The jury was out about two minutes. "Well," said the judge, "what have the jury to say?" "May it please the court," responded the foreman, "we, the jury, find that the prisoner is not guilty of hittin' with intent to kill, but simply to paralyze; and he done it."

AUSTRALIAN APPLES.

Parts of Australia are becoming lively rivals to Canada and the United States in the European trade. Tasmania, especially, has been found a first-class apple-raising country. There are 8,378 acres in apple orchards there and the product in 1899 was 363,915 bushels.

The French tax on street signs "varies with the size of the offense." Last year added over seven hundred thousand dollars to the public treasury. In the United States vast street signs can shut out the air and the view and overwhelm everything in sight without paying a cent in taxation.

The greatest bay on the face of the earth is that of Bengal. Measured in a straight line from the two inclosing peninsulas its extent is about four hundred and twenty thousand square miles, or nearly double that of Texas.

You can get a good dinner or a good supper for 25c at Robison Park during the week. 22t6

Prices that echo throughout the city at Paterson's.

You can get a good dinner or a good supper for 25c at Robison Park during the week. 22t6

Straw hats discounted 20 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Rathbone Sisters concert and social at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

The United Kingdom has 850 blast furnaces; France, 570.

Falling of the Womb.

ZOA PHORA, THE GREATEST KNOWN CURE FOR LEUCORRHEA, CHANGE OF LIFE, PAINFUL MENSES, KIDNEY, LIVER OR BLADDER TROUBLE.

THE ONLY SAFE, SURE AND EVER-READY REMEDY IN THE THREE DANGER PERIODS IN A WOMAN'S LIFE—TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

Zoa Phora cures leucorrhea, painful or suppressed menstruation, flooding, laceration, kidney, liver or bladder trouble, falling of the womb and change of life.

MRS. MARY A. BLOUNT,
Montpelier, Ind.

It serves as a steady hand to guide the frail and sickly girl through the trying period that opens to her the untraveled path of womanhood. It proves through the trying times of motherhood a "woman's friend" as she passes to the last period in womanly life Zoa Phora is still her friend and mainstay—bringing her through the third dangerous change in woman's life, safe and soundly healthy. Women by the thousands testify to the wonderful effect of Zoa Phora on their general health as well as to its marvelous power in correcting and permanently strengthening when weak.

The story of Mrs. Mary A. Blount, of Montpelier, Ind., will interest you. She says: "When I began to experience change of life I was forced to employ doctors. I tried one after another without relief. Then I turned to patent medicines. For four or five years I did this and steadily grew worse. Finally Zoa Phora was recommended to me and without any faith I decided to try it. The result was truly wonderful. I began to improve right away, and was soon completely cured. The Zoa Phora did it. From my own personal knowledge I know what a great benefit your Zoa Phora is to young girls during the change and I will be glad to furnish information to anxious mothers who may write me."

Zoa Phora is for sale by druggists, but will be sent direct, prepaid, on receipt of price, one dollar a bottle. If you are a sufferer you can make no mistake in taking Zoa Phora at once. If you are interested or have a friend who is a sufferer send for the book telling why Zoa Phora cures. It is sent free, as is advice, on application from our lady physician. All communications strictly confidential.

We will be glad to send you a trial bottle free upon receipt of 10c to cover cost of postage and packing. Address, Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A dish washer. Transfer Lunch Room, corner Main and Calhoun St.

Miss Flick,

The Leading Florist.

Fine cut flowers, palms, ferns and fancy foliage plants.

Decorations to please you.

Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

EVERY MORNING . . . .

When you get up stop a moment and think if you are going to buy anything that day in the clothing line, and if you are, don't forget to remember that Patterson will sell it to you cheaper than any one else and at the same time give you the best clothing made. EVERY NIGHT before retiring stop a moment and think of something pure and sweet; some good thing that you may do—it will help to bring pleasant dreams. In the morning it is different. Patterson's low prices are no dreams. They're real life, and if you have the inclination to do good—by trading with us you'll have more money to do good with. Our sale is a great money saver.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Cure for Constipation.

I have been troubled with constipation for years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has restored all three, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medina, Ohio.

Celery King cures Constipation, Indigestion, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles. 25c.

AEROFORM For Painless Extracting.
WEISELL'S NEW METHOD

Safe, pleasant and effective.
The patient while conscious of the operation, FEELS NO PAIN.
It produces no change in color, pulsation or circulation
The effects pass off rapidly without sickness or any bad results.

The Weisell Dental Parlors,

38 Calhoun St. Home 'Phone 1226

30 Years Experience. Everything Up-to-date.
GOLD and SILVER Fillings. Weisell's Artificial Teeth with or without Plates. Best in the World.
GOLD CROWNS and GOLD BRIDGES.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."
C. H. Kertz, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 312

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Summer Comforts.
BATH AND TOILET ACCESSORIES.

Bath Sponges and Towels, Fine Soaps, Toilet Waters and Perfumes.

TOILET POWDERS.

We have a large assortment of various qualities, ranging in price from 10c to 25c.

FOOT POWDERS.

Are now considered indispensable to comfort.

Call and see our stock. We can please you.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM
PHARMACISTS,
88 CALHOUN ST.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why not for you? Call and see me about the following property, which I offer for sale:

Eight room house and good sized lot, west end; price $1,700.

Seven-room brick, in good condition, west end; price $1,800.

Ten-room modern house, steam heat, full size lot, asphalt street, alley brick, all clear, west end; price, $6,000.

Six room house in Bloomingdale, asphalt pavement, all clear; price, $1,650.

Five-room house, West DeWald, three blocks from Calhoun; price, $1,650.

Seven-room house, full size corner lot, East Creighton avenue, near Hanna; price, $1,500.

Eight room house, new, lot 36x140, on Pontiac, near Lafayette; price, $1,500.

Val. C. Rocholl,
23 Court Street. Phone 49, Main.

The new cone on Mount Vesuvius, formed during the late eruptions, has been suddenly engulfed into the crater. The mountain has now assumed its old appearance.

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Matthews	47	34	.580
Grand Rapids	47	35	.573
Dayton	44	37	.543
Toledo	40	36	.526
Fort Wayne	43	40	.518
Wheeling	38	38	.500
Marion	34	48	.415
Columbus	29	54	.349

Phil Ehret has red hair.

This plain statement of an incontrovertible fact is interjected solely for the purpose of disillusioning the public mind. A libel of long standing has been in circulation, lo, these centuries, that a red-headed man could not control his temper and this self-same libel Mr. Ehret met and bearded in its own den and threw it out on the green sword, limp, lifeless and without standing in the community. For control of ball and temper both hereafter commend us to "Red" Ehret. The first three innings of yesterday's game with Walter Wilmot's Wanderers were a nightmare and will long trouble the repose of the small bunch of fans who saw the game. Seven errors—seven, count 'em, seven—were captured by the locals in those three innings, and off those errors and two safe hits five runs were scored, and that is all that the visitors secured in the game, although they got three more hits and had the magnificent support of two more Fort Wayne errors before the game was over, but it got them nothing. Now, mind you, throughout this entire pre-historic period, our friend with the illuminated head-piece didn't do a thing but stand right in the box and pitch shut-out ball all the time, just as though an average of three errors to an inning was the least that he could expect. He never lost his head, never gave an indication of disgust, and never let down a second. He let the visitors down with five hits, and although the Fort Wayne boys were busy with the stick and secured sixteen hits off Byrnes, it was due to "Red's" steadiness and nerve that "Doggie's" men pulled a victory out of what looked like a slaughtering bee in the forepart of the game. There was a little more ginger in evidence yesterday, and Wilmot cut out a few of his baby acts and grand stand plays, with which he annoyed the crowd the day before. Nattress caught five of Fort Wayne's errors, but he made good at bat, making three hits in four times at bat, while he crossed the plate three times; it was the clever little short stop's off day and the audience, instead of feeling resentful toward him, extended to him the glad hand and comiserated with him on his hard luck. Smink umpired his first game, and if he can keep up the pace he set for himself yesterday he will shine as the best umpire in the league. His judgments on balls and strikes is good, and all his decisions are given promptly and with decision that admits of no debate; he put Lally out of the game yesterday in the second inning for disputing a called strike, after the batsman had popped up a little one to first base. Luther was sent to left field in Lally's place and after that there was little wrangling with the umpire. Hardesty, the new first baseman, arrived yesterday and was at the initial sack in yesterday's game. He had been up all night on his ride here from Kansas City and was not in the best form. Daniels will pitch today's game. Following is the book of yesterday's comedy.

FORT WAYNE.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nattress, ss.	4	3	3	2	2	5
Bevans, lf..	3	0	0	5	0	1
McCann, cf.	5	0	3	2	0	0
Babb, 3b....	4	1	2	0	2	1
Hardesty, 1b	4	1	1	8	1	1
F. Miller, 2b	4	2	3	2	2	1
G. Miller, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Fuller, c....	4	0	3	6	0	0
Ehret, p....	2	1	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	8	16	27	7	9

GRAND RAPIDS.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McFarland, cf	5	1	0	1	0	0
Lally, lf....	2	1	0	1	0	0
Luther, lf...	3	0	0	1	0	0
Wilmot, rf..	5	0	0	1	1	0
Grimm, c...	5	1	2	5	3	0
Jacobs, 3b..	5	2	0	1	1	1
Evans, 2b...	4	0	0	2	1	0
Smith, ss...	4	0	1	2	4	0
Zalusky, 1b.	4	0	2	9	0	0
Byrnes, p...	4	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	41	5	5	23	14	1

Ehret out, hit by batted ball.

By innings—
Ft. Wayne 1 0 3 2 0 0 1 1 — 8
Gd. Rapids 3 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 — 5

Earned runs—Fort Wayne, 5. Two-base hit—F. Miller. Sacrifice hits—Bevans, 2. Stolen base—Jacobs. First base on balls—Off Byrnes, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Byrnes, 2. Struck out—By Ehret, 5; by Byrnes, 5. Double play—Wilmot to Zalusky. Umpire—Smink. Time—1:40. Attendance—200.

OTHER ASSOCIATION GAMES

TOLEDO, 3; DAYTON, 2.

Toledo, Ohio, July 24.—Joss had the better of the pitching, but Coggswell's support was perfect yesterday. The home team bunched hits in the tenth with two men out. Score:

Toledo... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1—3
Dayton... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2

Hits—Toledo, 12; Dayton, 7. Errors—Toledo, 2; Dayton, 0. Batteries—Joss and Graffius; Coggswell and Cross.

WHEELING, 3; COLUMBUS, 4.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 24.—Two hits and Streit's home run in the second yesterday gave Wheeling three runs, but after that they could not touch Wagner. In the eighth inning Streit let down and Columbus bunched three runs, winning the game. Score:

Wheeling... 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Columbus.. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0—4

Hits—Wheeling, 11; Columbus, 7. Errors—Wheeling, 5; Columbus, 1. Batteries—Streit and Fox; Wagner and Zimram.

MATTHEWS, 7; MARION, 6.

Marion, Ind., July 24.—Matthews won its first game yesterday afternoon since the transfer from Indianapolis. Pitchers Pfeister and Nonnemaker proved easy for the visitors. Score:

Marion..... 0 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 2—6
Matthews.. 1 0 2 1 3 0 0 0 —7

Hits—Marion, 12; Matthews, 11. Errors—Marion, 2; Matthews, 3. Batteries—Pfeister, Nonnemaker and Kellner; Schlorf and Williams. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance—200.

GAMES TODAY.

Columbus at Wheeling.
Dayton at Toledo.
Grand Rapids at Fort Wayne.
Matthews at Marion.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	44	30	.595
St. Louis	44	33	.571
Philadelphia	41	33	.554
Brooklyn	41	35	.539
New York	33	35	.485
Boston	33	38	.465
Cincinnati	32	42	.432
Chicago	30	52	.365

GAMES YESTERDAY.

St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 6.
Philadelphia, 2; Boston, 1.
Pittsburg, 9; Cincinnati, 2.
New York, 3; Brooklyn, 8.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	49	28	.636
Boston	45	27	.625
Detroit	39	29	.573
Baltimore	41	35	.539
Washington	31	35	.470
Philadelphia	31	39	.443
Cleveland	30	45	.400
Milwaukee	24	52	.316

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Milwaukee, 7; Boston, 9.
Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 0.
Cleveland, 9; Washington, 0. (Forfeited).

GAMES TODAY.

Washington at Chicago.
Boston at Milwaukee.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Baltimore at Cleveland.

THE "CRIS'Z'UN" CLUB.

Jack Grim and "Germany" Smith, of the Grand Rapids ball club, were the guests of honor at a little entertainment given by the "Chris'z'un" club last evening. The host of the evening was Eddie O'Meara, who served an elegant fish dinner in the summer garden at the rear of his place, corner of Jefferson and Calhoun streets. Some twenty elegant black bass, fresh from the lake, were served with appropriate garnishments, and there was no lack of other refreshments and food, and all without price. Members of the Fort Wayne ball club and invited guests were present and the evening was passed pleasantly, the occasion being replete with toats, songs and stories. Fish stories of every description were barred, which was responsible for Pete Daniels' retirement early in the evening.

BASE BALL NEWS.

The Bloomingdale Clover Leafs challenge the Pilsners for a return game.

Matthewson was batted out of the box yesterday, for the first time this season.

Wiley Piatt, dropped by Baltimore, has wired for a job with Armour and will probably become an Old Soldier.

Harry Criss, the umpire, is minus his left arm, but his right fin is all right, and he is something of a bowler.

Cupid Childs, of Toledo, says the class of ball in the Western Association is as good as is played in the National. Cupid is foxy and does not want to go down the toboggan if he can help it.

The Commercials are looking for Saturday afternoon games with any team in the city. Address 178 East Lewis street.

Nattress had five errors to his credit but the little short stop made three hits out of four times up, and scored three runs.

The specials defeated the Gay Street Stars by a score of 38 to 14. Batteries, R. Stankey, A. Dinklage, M. Burns; H. Quinn and J. Gerten.

Matthews won its first game yesterday since being transferred from Indianapolis. The Wanderers jumped back into first position with the kindly aid of Fort Wayne.

Grand Rapids Press: "Monte McFarland and Bill Smink are the latest candidates for umpire in the Western association. McFarland may do, but heaven save us from Dirty Bill."

The game between the local traveling men's team and the Toledo drummers Saturday at League park promises to be a hot one. The first edition of tickets have been sold, and a second is in print. It is probable that ground rules will be necessary as the ball grounds will be too small to accomodate the crowd. A special ambulance service will be put on, and trips will be made every three minutes.

Bill Smink umpired his first game yesterday afternoon, and gave good satisfaction. Smink's action in putting Lally out of the game when the burly outfielder became abusive, was highly commended, and if Smink continues to give as good satisfaction as he did yesterday, he will do.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, July 24.—Corn opened wild again today, September selling ⅝@¾c to 1⅛@1¼c higher at 56c to 57½c. During the next hour the market reacted to 56⅜c. The demand came chiefly from professional longs and local shorts who were influenced by the weather map and damage claims. Missouri and Nebraska reported conditions worse than ever. Receipts were 174 cars.

September closed strong, 1⅛@1⅜c higher at 56⅞c.

Wheat opened strong and excited on higher cables, strength of northwestern markets, and in sympathy with corn. September sold from 72c to 73c, 1⅝c to 2⅝c over yesterday's close. The buying was led by local shorts. Liquidations caused a reaction to 71⅛c, where the market steadied and rallied to 71⅛c. Local receipts were 275 cars, 86 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 148 cars, against 176 last week and 251 a year ago.

After touching 71½c September advanced later on reports of hot weather in the northwest and closed strong, September 1⅜c higher at 72½c.

September oats opened active and strong in sympathy with corn. September sold ⅛@¼c to 1⅝@1¾c higher at 36c to 37½c. There was a heavy demand from a recently formed short interest. Then liquidation set in and September reacted to 36⅜c. Receipts were 76 cars.

Provisions were quiet and steady in sympathy with corn. September pork opened 2½@5c higher at $14.42½@14.45 and sold to $14.52½; September lard a shade lower at $8.70, selling to $8.72½, and September ribs 5c lower to 2½c higher at $7.92½@8.00, advancing early to $8.05.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—July, 70¾c; Sept., 72¼c; Oct., 73c.

Corn—July, 55¼c, Sept., 56⅞c.

Oats—July, 36c; Sept., 36¼c.

Pork — July, $14.32½; Sept., $14.52½; Oct., $14.45; Jan., $14.90.

Lard—July, $8.65; Sept., $8.72½@8.75; Oct., $8.75@8.77½; Nov., $8.70; Dec., $8.65@8.67½; year, $8.57½; Jan., $8.65.

Ribs—July, $7.92½; Sept., $8.02½; Oct., $8.02½@8.05; Jan., $7.80.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.80; No. 1, $1.80; Sept., $1.68; Oct., $1.56.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 34,000, including 925 Texans; market 10@20c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.30@6.15; poor to medium, $4.20@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.10; cows, $2.80@4.60; heifers, $2.40@4.85; canners, $1.65@2.30; bulls, $2.50@4.50, calves, $3.75@5.75; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 37,000; tomorrow, 29,000; left over, 3,948. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.05; good to choice heavy, $6.05@6.15; rough heavy, $5.65@5.85; light, $5.70@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.80@5.90.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, July 24.—Butter—Market strong; creameries, 14½@20c; dairies, 13@17c.

Cheese—Market firm; twins, 9½c; young Americas, 10@10¼c; cheddars, 9½c; daisies, 10@10¼c.

Eggs—Market steady, 12@12½c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, July 24.—Speculative Wall street had some misgivings this morning over yesterday's optimistic views of the relief to the corn crop and the Grangers and Pacifics were sold freely. Thirty-five hundred shares of Atchison were sold at 72 to 71½, compared with 73⅜ last night, and 2,500 shares of Union Pacific at 98⅜ to 97½, compared with 100¼. St. Paul was depressed 2⅜ and Southern Pacific, Atchison preferred and Missouri Pacific from 1⅜ to 1⅝. Tennessee Coal dropped 1¼. Rock Island was lifted half a point.

The opening decline made support, which rallied the leaders a point or more, but prices yielded again to below the opening. The loss in St. Paul reached 3½, Union Pacific 3¼ and Missouri Pacific 3⅜. Active stocks generally were 1 to 2 points under last night. There was a dull and feverish rally again before the hour expired. Missouri Pacific rallied 2½, St. Paul and Tennessee Coal 2 and United States Steel a point. The other Grangers were up over a point.

The market fell back into its dull and drooping state and recoveries were largely lost again. Union Pacific was marked up a good amount to 99½, but with slight effect on the general list outside of Southern Pacific. The stock fell back again over a point and fluctuated feverishly. Chicago Terminal Transfer dropped 2¼ and National Lead 2. The Pressed Steel Car stocks were firm on the dividend declaration.

The market maintained a firm undertone during the noon hour with a conspicuous demand for the Wabash stock, which rose a large fraction over last night.

There was a rise of 1¾ in Pennsylvania, 1¼ in Norfolk and Western and 3⅜ in Baltimore and Ohio preferred. Otherwise the market was listless and offered no feature.

Bonds were dull and heavy.

There were sharp advances on a few stocks, Consolidated Gas rising 3 points and Louisville and Nashville 1½. The general market developed a feverish tone in the late dealings which resulted in some wide declines the Grangers leading the movement as on former occasions. Atchison and St. Paul got back to the lowest of the day. The decline was on very light dealing and the market steadied again. There were slight rallies, but the closing was feverish and irregular.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 24.—Flour—Receipts, 15,959 bbls; sales, 5,400 bbls, state and western market ruled slow but steady without change; winter straights, $3.25@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 411,350 bush, sales, 2,310,000 bush; market was strong and higher on adverse spring wheat news and bullish crop advances from France and Russia July, 78@78¼c; Sept., 77@77 11-16c; Oct., 77⅝@77¾c; Dec., 79¼@79⅝c.

Rye—Market firm; state, 54@55c, No. 2 western, 62c f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 132,900 bush; sales, 275,000 bush; market advanced sharply on buying inspired by hot and dry weather again on the west. Sept, 59½@60½c; Dec., 59 14-16@60½c.

Oats—Receipts, 71,100 bush; market was fairly active and firmer with corn. Track white, state, 42@48c; track white, western, 42@48.

Beef—Market steady.

Pork—Market quiet.

Lard—Market steady; prime western, steamed, $9.00.

Butter—Receipts, 8,672 pkgs; market strong; state dairy, 14c; creamery, 16@20c.

Cheese—Receipts, 6,287 pkgs; market steady; fancy large colored, 9⅛c; fancy large white, 9c; fancy small colored, 9⅜c; fancy small white, 9¼c.

Eggs—Receipts, 6,938 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@17c; western, candled, 14@15c; western, uncandled, 8@12c.

Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining, 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 3-16c; molasses sugar, 3 5-16c, refined, quiet; crushed, $5.95; powdered, $5.55; granulated, $5.45.

Coffee—Market easy; No. 7 Rio, 5 11-16c.

Spirits Turpentine—Market quiet, 36@36½c.

Molasses—Market quiet.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, July 24.—Money on call nominally at 2½@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.77¼@4.77⅛ for demand and at $4.84¼@4.85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.85; silver certificates unquoted; bar silver, 58½c; Mexican dollars, 46½c.

THE BOND MARKET.

New York, July 24.—Government bonds steady:

Refunding 2s registered	107½
Refunding 2s coupon	107½
U. S. 3s registered	108¼
U. S. 3s coupon	109
U. S. 4s registered (new)	137¼
U. S. 4s coupon (new)	138¼
U. S. 4s registered (old)	113
U. S. 4s coupon (old)	113
U. S. 5s registered	107¾
U. S. 5s coupon	105

A PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE BABY THE NURSE HAS LOST.

OPPOSED TO IT.

Manager—Can you bat well?
Applicant—I ain't much on low ones, but I'm great on high-balls.
Manager—Can't engage you. I'm opposed to drinking.

A MAN THAT WANTS GROUND

for building lots will find that I have the choicest plots in the different sections of the city for homes that are convenient to schools, church, street car, etc., on which I will build houses to suit purchasers if desired, and SELL ON EASY TERMS. I have all kinds of real estate for sale or trade, and I can offer many bargains that mean future profit in all kinds of property.

Louis F. Curdes,
FIXLEY-LONG BLOCK

A Sanitary Precaution.

....Buy an Outfit of....

Screen Windows and Screen Doors

Of us and keep the flies out of your homes. All kinds of screen work built to order.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

Hardware, Rubber Hose and Lawn Mowers,
38 and 40 E. Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

YOU FEEL SECURE

A good, reliable insurance policy makes you feel secure, rests the nerves and makes slumber a possibility, even in the midst of danger.

Insurance is comparatively cheap—much cheaper than restless anxiety.

Want to tell you about the reliable fire, lightning, tornado, life, accident, sick and accident, and plate glass companies I represent.

G. W. BOERGER,
76 Calhoun. Phone 192 Main

Our Shoe Rule.

What about Dry Goods store shoes?

The rule that governs our shoe department is the same general rule that directs all our store methods. The best that money can buy for as little cost as circumstances permit. That is the secret of our shoe prices.

Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK

Shoes for Women.

Ease, Elegance, Durability, } Queen Quality

Shoes, - - $3.00
Oxfords - - $2.50

Queen Quality OXFORDS $2.50

Kibo Kid. Light Flexible Sole. Leather Louis XV heel

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Authorized Sole Agents for Fort Wayne:

Fancy Screen Doors.
Plain Screen Doors.
Large Screen Windows.
Small Screen Windows.

We have the agency for the celebrated Higgens' Metal Frame Screen Window. Guaranteed to last for eight years. Call at our store and we will explain its merits.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 CALHOUN STREET.
Both Phones.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker and Embalmer.

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

48 E. MAIN ST.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

YOUNG WOMEN
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.
Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:40.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH
All the latest Records,
Vocal and Instrumental.
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
ELECTRIC WIRING.
GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.
No. 101 Calhoun Street.
'Phone 207.

SHOP AND RAIL

WORKINGMEN OBJECT TO USE OF CANAL WATER.

RESUMES FORMER POSITION

R. E. HILGEMANN GOES BACK TO THE WABASH.

SHOPMEN ARE INJURED

NEWS OF THE DAY GATHERED AT INDUSTRIAL CENTERS.

The present condition of the water supply of Fort Wayne and the action of the waterworks trustees in turning canal water into the city's mains were the sole topics of discussion apparently in the offices and shops today, and The Sentinel reporter was greeted with questions on all sides as he made his rounds. The majority of the shopmen believe the question of a pure water supply can be solved if a proper effort tending to that end is made, but they do not want canal water for household use, and many are inclined to think that someone has been derelict in not making proper effort to supply pure water before the present hot wave came to diminish the supply. Nearly all of the employes of the shops and factories are entirely dependent upon the city water for drinking purposes and the condition of the water being furnished at the present time is cause for anxiety among those who have to use it. It is hoped the committee appointed by Mayor Berghoff will solve the pure water question in a satisfactory manner and that hereafter during protracted dry spells the consumers of city water will have a supply of water that will not have to be boiled.

SHOPMEN INJURED.

Henry Becknese, a blacksmith in the Pittsburg shops, had his hand badly burned Saturday, but he remained at work. This morning the member was so badly swollen that Mr. Becknese was compelled to lay off.

G. Waldschmidt, janitor in the offices of the Pittsburg car shops, had several toes mashed yesterday by a weight falling upon them. He is off duty today in consequence.

Ed Mennewisch, a helper in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, had his hand badly cut yesterday while engaged in cutting wire. The tongs he was using slipped and cut a gash in the palm. Dr. W. E. Stemen dressed the injury.

Victor Blake, an employe of the Bass foundry, had his left hand crushed yesterday by a heavy bar of iron falling on the member.

GOES BACK TO THE WABASH.

Rudolph E. Hilgemann this morning resumed a position at the Wabash yards—that of car inspector—which he vacated two years ago last February. Since that time he has been employed as a helper in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop. Mr. Hilgemann is an honest and competent workman and Foreman Szink, of the 'smith shop, regrets his resignation there, while the Wabash officials no doubt are glad to get his services again.

WESTERN GAS BUSY.

It is a question of but a short time when the present works of the Western Gas Construction company will have to be enlarged to meet the pressing demands of that company for more room. At the present time and for some months past the works have been shipping several car loads of gas machinery per week and a day and night force is employed to get out the orders. The shops of the company are crowded with unfinished work and the indications are that the works will be compelled to work two forces for some time on account of the lack of adequate space to have all the work done in the day time.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

H. Theike, of the Pittsburg lumber yards, is on the sick list.

L. Hortstein, of the Pittsburg tank shop, is sick and off duty.

Elmira Scott, of the winding room of the electric works, is sick and off duty.

Engineer T. Stokes, of the Pensylvania, is laying off on account of an injured arm.

Gus Trentman has accepted a position in the laboratory department of the electric works.

The electric works this morning shipped a sixty-light generator to Merchantsville, N. J.

H. A. Pequinot has accepted a position in Foreman Fryer's department at the electric works.

W. C. Buchler, the Pittsburg blacksmith, is taking a lay off to attend to some private business.

Joseph Pritchard, foreman of the Wabash shops at Peru, was in the city today on business with the local officials.

Louis Fryer, of the Fort Wayne Electric works, left this morning for Rushville, Ill., on business for the company.

Engineers O. Herbert and C. C. Miller and Fireman F. H. Rogers, of the Pensylvania, are taking a short vacation.

William Donnell was overcome by the heat yesterday, but was able to resume his position in the electric works this morning.

G. Auer, a tinner in the Pittsburg shops, who has been off duty several days on account of sickness, returned to work this morning.

The convention of the B. Y. P. U. at Chicago this week is furnishing the Pittsburg and Nickel Plate roads considerable passenger business.

Tom Burns has resigned his position at the works of the Western Gas Costruction company. It is said that he will accept a position at Bluffton.

Otto Schley, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania running out of Chicago, is the guest of friends in the city. He will return to Chicago this evening.

Engine 1382 was turned out of the Wabash shops this morning and is now being tested for valve action previous to going into service on the road.

Jacob Raiber, time clerk in the offices of the Fort Wayne Electric works, is taking a vacation, which he will spend in Chicago and other western cities.

Philip Lordier, of the Pittsburg machine shop, who has been visiting frinds at Decatur for several days, resumed his position in the shops this morning.

Cal Gerken, of the Pittsburg car machine shops, is sick and off duty. J. J. O'Neil, of the same shops, who was sick for several days, resumed work this morning.

C. F. Knothe, sr., foreman in the electric works, who has been on the sick list, resumed work this morning, but was compelled to go home after a few hours in the shops.

C. S. Cunningham has been appointed assistant superintendent of the first, second and third districts of the Grand Trunk railway, with headquarters at Island Pond, Vt.

The excursion from Elkhart to Winona yesterday was a success and several hundred persons were in attendance. The excursion train was taken into Winona over the Pennsylvania road.

The Pittsburg car shops have commenced work on an order for 150 HH. box cars. The order was received some time ago and in the meantime the men were getting out the material for the car builders.

An official of the Baltimore and Ohio confirms the report that the shops at Parkersburg, W. Va., are to be abandoned and newer and larger shops built at Belle Pere, directly across the river. The new shops will be of larger capacity and admit of doing heavier work there.

Indianapolis Journal: "Without question negotiations are pending by which the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western may become the property of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western for the purpose of using it as a trunk line link. The Findlay road is ninety miles in length, extending from Findlay to Fort Wayne, Ind."

The New York Central passenger department has been obliged to take up a number of the family tickets issued at special rates, conductors having found these tickets in the hands of persons who are not entitled to use them. Instances were discovered where a family ticket was doing service for a whole neighborhood.

Mention was made recently that President Ingalls had given General Manager Barnard authority to purchase 1,500 tons of new steel rails, weighing eighty-five pounds to the yard. Mr. Ingalls now authorizes the purchase of 1,500 additional tons of steel of the same weight. The first installment has been delivered. The other order will be filled in August.

William Smart, caller for the Nickel Plate, has gone to Continental to attend the funeral of his brother, M. L. Smart, which was expected to occur today or tomorrow. The deceased was a member of the Thirty-eighth Missouri regiment and died in the Philippines March 7, 1900. He enlisted from St. Louis. At the time of his death young Smart was eighteen years and five months old and a most estimable young man. The remains left San Francisco last Friday night and were expected at Continental last night.

The new management of the Erie railroad has commenced improving its property in a manner which means a better future for the Erie. Long passing sidings are being put in on the Chicago and Erie division, four on the Meadville division and three on the Cincinnati division. Large storeage sidings are being laid at Shaftsville and Sharon, in the steel district, and at Marion and Galion, where the big business of the road is done. The improvements are already extensive, but it is said they are only indicative of what will be done in another year, when the Erie comes into full inheritance of the property from Jersey City to Chicago and to Dayton. It is believed that the Erie will be made the eastern outlet of the Hill lines in the northwest, and as such it will need both good track and good equipment, and plenty of it.

Nickel Plate Firemen E. V. Mills and John Brennenkant are sick and off duty.

Fireman and Mrs. John Anderson have gone to Chicago to spend a week with friends.

Brakeman Barlow, of the Nickel Plate, has moved into the house at 450 West Main street.

Brakeman Mungen, of the Nickel Plate, who had been taking a vacation, reported for duty this morning

W. B. Pierce and L. P. Stone, Nickel Plate brakemen, who had been taking a few days' rest, reported for duty this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George Quidor have gone to Ohio for a ten days' visit with relatives and friends at the former home of the lady. Mr. Quidor is a Nickel Plate engineer.

The vacancy in the trunk line commissionership caused by the death of the late Commissioner Goddard remains to be filled, and possibly will remain vacant until September.

Nickel Plate engine 47, just out of the Stony Island repair shops, has been turned over to Engineer Robert John and Fireman John Lalander for local service between this city and Knox.

Passenger engine 2 has gone to the Stony Island shops for general repairs and engine 170 has taken the vacated places on runs 4 and 5 on the Nickel Plate, between this city and Stony Island.

Harvey C. Niedhammer is acting as yardmaster at the Nickel Plate yards during the absence of Yardmaster W F. Watterson. Charley Lyons, who was reported to be filling that position, is the night yardmaster.

The United States soldiers en route to the west from Fort Ethan Allen did not come to Fort Wayne. Instead, they were turned over to the Clover Leaf road at Continental, O., and taken to St. Louis by that road.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Pennsylvania lines north are having the heaviest run of travel to Michigan pleasure resorts they have ever handled, and find difficulty in furnishing sleeping-car accomodations.

As a matter of self-protection against inroads on business of the Lake Shore by the Wabash the former will build an extension of its Fayette branch west to Butler, where it will connect with the Air line divisions of the Lake Shore.

The law passed by the New York state legislature last winter forbidding traffic in railroad tickets by others than authorized agents of railroad companies, was declared unconstitutional by the appellate division of the state supreme court.

The Toledo Blade says that sealed, signed and approved in the safe of the Wabash Railroad company's office at St. Louis, is a contract for the transportation of 4,000,000 tons of iron and steel products annually as soon as their line into Pittsburg is opened.

In some quarters fears are expressed that the extension of the Wabash into Pittsburg may lead to a rate war with powerful Pennsylvania interests, and should the Pennsylvania pursue a hostile policy and the Wabash enter into combination with other lines in the establishment of a route to the Atlantic seaboard it might possibly result in a rate war affecting all the trunk lines.

It is authoritatively stated in New York that the voting trustees of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company have decided to dissolve the trust and restore the property to the stockholders early in September, also to give the option to holders of the $15,000,000 of 4 per cent debentures to convert them into common stock.

A Toledo paper says that the Pennsylvania will build a union passenger station at that city covering the block between Jefferson and Monroe streets, and that the station will be used by nearly every northern line entering the city and perhaps by the Toledo, St. Louis and Western. As planned, it will be one of the largest and finest passenger stations in Ohio, and special provision will be made to handle the lake passenger traffic.

The promoters of the Wabash Railroad company have purchased a site at the corner of Fourth avenue and Cherry street, at Pittsburg, and engineers are at work outlining plans for a terminal passenger and freight station. A passenger station to cost $1,000,000 is contemplated. The committee on corporations is expected to act favorably on the ordinance giving certain streets in the city, and as soon as this is passed the Wabash company will announce more definitely its plans for terminals.

THE MARTIN FUNERAL SERMON

Bluffton, Ind., July 24.—The sermon preached on Sunday, July 14, by Rev. Clarence G. Miller, at the funeral of ex-Representative A. N. Martin, has given rise to a controversy between the Session of the First Presbyterian church, of which he is pastor, and the Wells county bar. The Session, the official body of the church, adopted resolutions Sunday declaring that the sermon met with the hearty approval of the church membership and citizens generally, and entering a protest against the alleged false reports sent out to the press. Yesterday the members of the Wells county bar met and passed resolutions with sentiments contradictory to those expressed by the church Session, and in which they declare that it was a "cold-blooded, heartless and cruel dart at the bleeding hearts of his wife and daughter, and an insult to his friends." They declare it improper, unjust and unkind. They contradict the statement that the sermon was generally approved.

CONCESSIONS TO FIREMEN.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 24.—The firemen employed on the main line of the Philadelphia and Reading railway have been granted an increase in wages from $2.35 to $2.50, together with important concessions. At the Monaacy and Aramingo water stations men will be employed day and night, who will clean the front ends and ash pans of each engine. Whenever crews are turned at Bridgeport men will be on hand to clean the fire boxes of the engines. These concessions and the increase were secured through a committee appointed at a meeting of the firemen.

AMERICAN JOCKEY MOBBED.

London, July 24.—"Cash" Sloan, the American jockey who has been riding in Russia, had an exciting experience at the Moscow races, where he narrowly escaped death at the hands of a furious mob. Sloan had been riding with such continuous success that his mounts were always favorites. On the occasion in question he rode a horse which no chance of winning. The unsophisticated crowd, however, backed the American's mount as usual; and when he was beaten their indignation boiled over, and a raging mob of males and females savagely attacked the jockey, who was rescued with difficulty by a military contingent and a powerful detachment of police.

CASTORIA WINS.

Chas H. Fletcher Granted an Injunction Against the C. W. Link Drug Co.

Vice Chancellor Reed, sitting in the court of chancery at Trenton, N J., has just rendered a decision of vital import in the case of the Centaur Company against a party calling themselves the C. W. Link Drug Co. It seems for the past year or more Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher, president of the Centaur Compay, the manufacturers of Castoria, has been fighting through the courts counterfeiters and imitators of their goods. All of the fake goods are not put up in a manner to lead the purchaser to think they are getting the same Castoria they have always bought and the chancellor dwells at length on this point, showing how easy it would be to inform the public of the difference between the packages if it were not their object to mislead the consumer.

He says in part: "Every one of the packages put in evidence by the defendant show a persistent adoption of the size of the bottle and the label of the complainant. All these manufacturers knew, just as the defendant knew, that if the remedy was put in round bottles or in bottles distinctively larger or smaller or if the bottles were so differently wrapped as to at once arrest the attention of the casual purchaser, the sale of the remedy in such packages would at once become substantially reduced."

Citing numerous cases in line with this opinion he gave Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher the injunction asked for and the C. W. Link Drug Company must seek new fields.

WATER SCARF.

and hose are cheap at Patterson's. 10 cents buys your boy a pair of long black hose that are well worth 25c.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

DETROIT AND PUT-IN-BAY every Sunday, $1.60 round trip, via Toledo and steamer. Special train leaves 6:10 a. m.

TOLEDO and return, every Sunday, $1.00. Train leaves 7:30 a. m.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION (Buffalo). Coach excursions every Tuesday $7.45 round trip; ten days limit, $10.85 round trip; fifteen days' limit, $13.15 round trip; tourist, good to return until October 31st, $16.00 round trip. On the three latter rates passengers have option of rail or steamer from Toledo.

MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN, $12.30 via D. & C. steamers. Four trips each week from Toledo, viz.: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Return limit October 31st. State rooms reserved in advance.

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS to points west and southwest. Tickets on sale each first and third Tuesday during months of July, August and September. Return limit twenty-one days. Very low rates.

R. G. THOMPSON,
6-25tf P. & T. A. Wabash R. R.

Dr. J. E. Miller was called to Marion on professional business today.

CATARRH

A Constitutional Affection.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes, however long and persistently used, do not cure Catarrh. They relieve temporarily the inflammation in the throat and nose, and enable you to breathe more easily and freely, but the continual rush of impure blood to these parts keeps up the irritation and ultimately produces ulceration of the glands, when the breath becomes exceedingly offensive and the soft bones of the nose are frequently destroyed. The catarrhal inflammation extends over the entire surface of the mucous membrane, or inner skin; the stomach, kidneys and lungs are often involved; the whole system soon becomes affected by the rapid absorption of poisonous matter into the blood, and the disease that you had hoped to cure with simple local remedies, assumes a dangerous form.

I had Catarrh about 15 years, and tried during the time everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. At last I came to the conclusion that Catarrh must be a blood disease, and decided to give S. S. S. a trial. I could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and continued it three or four months, or until I was cured. Have not taken anything for six years, and am just as well as I ever was.—M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

I had Catarrh so bad was entirely deaf in one ear, and all the inside of my nose and part of the bone sloughed off. The physicians gave me up as incurable. I determined to try S. S. S., and began to improve at once. It seemed to get at the seat of the disease, and after a few weeks' treatment I was entirely cured, and for more than seven years have had no sign of the disease.—MRS. JOSEPHINE POLHILL, Due West, S. C.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease—a blood disease which is frequently inherited, and only a blood medicine, such as S. S. S., can remove the hereditary taint, destroy the poisons that have been accumulating in the system for years perhaps, and restore the blood to a healthy and pure condition. The inflamed membranes and diseased glands are healed by the rich, pure blood which is carried to them, and the offensive discharges from the nose, and the terrible headache and neuralgic pains cease. Chronic cases of the most desperate character and apparently hopeless, have been cured completely and permanently by the use of S. S. S.

Write our physicians fully about your case and they will cheerfully assist you by their advice. We charge nothing whatever for this service. Book free on application. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

HAPPER'S
IMPORTED BORATED
TALCUM POWDER
PRICE 25 CENTS

ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INFANTS and ADULTS.

The HAPPER TALCUM POWDER is manufactured from FRENCH purified talcum, rendered antiseptic and chemically pure and delicately perfumed. Endorsed by the highest medical authorities as the perfection of sanitary powder.

C. HAPPER & COMPANY Findlay, Ohio, U. S. A. IMPORTERS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS,

Rubber Hose,
Lowe Bros. Paint,
Washing Machines
and Wringers, and a
Complete Line of Hardware.

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Phone 484. . . . . .

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FT. WAYNE, IND.

DR. R. P. WHITE,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGEON.
OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK
Rooms 3 and 4.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12 1:30 to 4 (Other hours by appointment.) Home phone, office 576, residence 574.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,
Has removed his office to the West rooms
OVER PELLENS & POLSTER'S DRUG STORE.
Office 'Phone—184 Main.
Residence 'Phone—459 Main or 254 Red.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

Here Are Bargains for You.

Fine Quadruple Plated Tea Sets, $4.50.
Quadruple Plated Cracker Jars, $1.40.
Butter Dishes, from $1.00 up.
Rogers & Bros.' Berry Spoons, $1.10.
Cake Baskets, $1.50 upwards.
Gents' Gold Filled Watches, with Elgin movements, warranted 20 years, $10.00.
Ladies' Gold Filled, with Elgin movements, $7.65.
Cuff Buttons and Scarf Pins, 50c.
A fine 8-Day Mantel Clock, $5.00; worth $10.00.
Sterling Silver Spoons and Forks, 85c per oz.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Filled Chains, from $1.00 up.
Get my prices before buying. I will save you money.
My entire stock to be closed out regardless of cost in order to retire from business.

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78 Calhoun Street. Established 1865.
Look for Big Sign in Front of Store.

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STOCK REDUCING SALE.

Our before inventory stock reducing sale continues to attract crowds of delighted buyers. Still further price concessions have been made in all departments. Everything that lags a little has been given notice to move in the way of reduced prices. There will be great underprice selling here in all lines of merchandise.

You Always Get the Best Here.

There is a wide difference between cheap goods and good goods cheap. Your purchases here will look just as well to you at home as they do at the store.

Don't Take Chances

When by trading here you can be absolutely sure of getting what is right. We are offering merchandise now that is right in every particular at prices that will put money in your pocket. Our present prices tell a money saving story that ought to induce you to look far ahead.

BUY NOW.

Suits, Skirts, Shirt Waists, Wrappers, Wash Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Domestics, Calicoes, Blankets, Flannels, Linens, Parasols, Underwear, Laces, Ribbons, Hosiery, Carpets, Curtains, Etc., you'll get them at less prices than you ought to pay for them.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

Robison Park

High-Class Vaudeville

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING SUNDAY, JULY 21.

LIZZIE EVAUR & HARRY MILLS,
In Edward Kidder's Comedy,
"Two Girls and One Man."

GRACE MANTELL,
Singer of Ballads and Popular Songs.

NEWELL & NIBLO,
Refined Instrumentalists.

HARRY O. WESLEY,
Character Actor and Monologuist.

DeHOLLIS & VALORA,
Comedy Jugglers.

Two performances daily—2:30 and 8:15 p. m.

Tickets on sale at A. C. Alter's Cigar Store.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR

U. S. Stamps.

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

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FORT WAYNE.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 7 Per Cent. Interest on stock
LOANS MONEY
at Low Rates.
Is a friend to rich and poor.
Assets $600,000

DR. S. H. HAVICE,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours—8:30 to 12 m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 178
Editorial Rooms..... 650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, July 24.—Forecast for Indiana—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; expect possible thunderstorms in north portion this afternoon and tonight; winds southerly.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The temperature today in Fort Wayne was as follows:

	Degrees.
6 a. m.	69
7 a. m.	70
8 a. m.	70
9 a. m.	74
10 a. m.	74
11 a. m.	77
12 m.	82
1 p. m.	90
2 p. m.	88

LOCAL NEWS.

E. C. Close has gone to Buffalo to visit the exposition.

Miss Helen Reitze returned today from visits in Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

Mrs. H. J. Baltz has returned home to Charlottesville, Va., after a visit with Dr. and Mrs. C. Martz.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen has returned from Indianapolis, where he attended a meeting of the state board of registration.

The Musicians' union will have a verey important business meeting on Sunday afternoon in the Elektron building.

Mrs. Alvin Raines, of Livingston, Ky., arrived in the city last evening for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Fairfield.

Mrs. E. J. Smith and daughter, Irene, and Miss Mamie Kilgore, who have been guests at the Orr cottage at Rome City, returned home today.

Mrs. G. F. Trier is issuing invitations for a reception to be given at Robison park pavilion Wednesday evening, July 31, from 7:30 to 11 o'clock.

The Rathbone Sisters and the K. of P. band will give their second free concert and ice cream social at Swinney park tomorrow evening, commencing at 8 o'clock.

John Trainor and wife, of Chicago, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed O'Meara. Mr. and Mrs. Trainor are on their wedding trip and will remain in the city for several days.

The senior class of the high school is arranging to give a social to raise funds to liquidate the debt incurred by the issuance of the 1901 annual. The social will probably be given this week.

Mrs. Catherine Buhr, who has been a patient at St. Rochus hospital for consumption, has been removed to the home of Mr. Bauer, on Douglas avenue. Her condition is not at all improved.

City Trucking company wagon No. 10 collided with a carriage occupied by Mrs. A. B. Trentman last evening. No damage was done, although the occupants of the carriage were badly frightened at the time.

Will Hall and Joe Singmaster, of the Singmaster-Hall Printing company, left this afternoon for Detroit, where they will attend the annual meeting of the Western Cigar Box Manufacturers' association. They will return home Sunday.

There is no improvement in the condition of the baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Bash, at Rome City, and the little one is very critically ill from cholera infantum. Mrs. A. C. Keel, mother of Mrs. Bash was called to Rome City this morning.

Dr. F. G. McEvoy, of Geneva, who is a patient at St. Joseph's hospital, is slowly improving. Dr. McEvoy is suffering from the effects of a runaway accident some days ago.

H. W. Zumbro, of the Klaehn & Melching establishment, has been licensed as an embalmer by the state board.

Dr. D. M. Purman, of Phoenix, Ariz., arrived in the city last evening and is the guest of his brother, A. A. Purman. The doctor is extensively interested in mining matters in the west, and his trip to Fort Wayne is for the purpose of investigating the Hicks process of amalgamation.

LEMONS FOR THIS HOT WEATHER.

Large Wax Lemons, 25c dozen.
Lawton Blackberries, 12½c qut.
Red Currants, 6c qut.
New Apples, 20c and 25c pk.
Large Georgia Watermelons, 25c each.
Large Cucumbers, 3c each.
Acme Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Kalamazoo Celery, 15c and 25c bunch.
California Peaches, Plums and Pears.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Qualities that are dependable; prices that have no competition during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

John Dennison has been granted a permit to erect a frame house on Grace avenue, to cost $700.

Mr. Doehrman, of the board of works, stated this morning that the complaint of the residents on Taylor street regarding the low smokestacks used on the engines of the sewer contractors would receive prompt attention. Mr. Peter said that he would immediately replace his short stacks with long ones and Mr. Derheimer said he would do the same. When the change will be made has, however, not yet been decided upon.

The Hanna street pavement is progressing with most gratifying dispatch. The concrete is laid as far as Madison street and the asphalters have already been surfacing for several days, commencing at Creighton avenue and running north.

Contractor Moellering completed his section of the Barr street pavement last evening. Contractor Derheimer has just barely commenced work on his section, which is the one from Lewis street north. It will be some weeks before the entire street is finished.

A lengthy remonstrance was filed in the clerk's office this morning against paving Wayne street, east of Hanover. The property owners do not object to the improvement provided it is put through to Glasgow avenue, but they do object to paving to Grant avenue only. The remonstrance is signed by nearly every property owner along the line of the proposed improvement.

The board of safety met in regular session last evening. There was little business of importance further than considering complaints against certain firemen who neglect to pay their debts. The delinquent laddies will be notified by letter to settle up by September or take a walk out into the cold and chilly world.

INDIANA COAL COMBINE.

Indianapolis, July 24.—John S. Bays, of Sullivan, the attorney that secured options on the coal mines of Indiana to form a combination, asserts that the options cover 99 per cent. of the coal mines of the state. The finance committee is meeting in Indianapolis and Bays is going over the options with it.

It is reported that some of the coal mine owners have asked fancy prices which the finance committee will not agree to pay. A. M. Ogle of the Island Coal company, in Indianapolis, was one of the callers to see Bays today. It was not learned who compose the finance committee.

Patterson has them all faded on underwear and shirts.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Kendrick are spending a few days at Rome City.

Byron Holmes and family have returned from an outing at Lake George.

Master Edward Olds has gone to Huntington to visit relatives for a few days.

B. R. Noll and daughter, Miss Mayme, will leave tomorrow for Chicago to visit relatives.

Dr. R. Parks White has returned from visits in Benton Harbor, Mich., Chicago, and Warsaw, Ind.

Edward Hogan, of Pittsburg, formerly of this city, is here for a few days on a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Grindle have gone to Rome City to spend a few days at the Wagner cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. George Quidor left this morning to be the guests of friends at Forest, O., for a week.

William Fielder has arrived from Tampa, Fla., and with his wife is visiting the family of J. H. Bilderback.

J. J. Quilliman entertained a party of friends at dinner last evening in honor of Miss Ella Fitzgerald, of Chicago.

A. J. Rousseau, of Chicago, is in the city on business with Manager Moellering, of the Home Telephone company.

The Ladies' Aid society of Calvary U. B. church will meet on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. James Smith, 114 Clinton street.

Pathfinders' lodge, No. 19, gave a very successful social last evening at 49 Indiana avenue. Plumadore's orchestra furnished music during the evening.

A social will be given at the home of Mrs. Dreibilbiss, 135 West DeWald street, Thursday afternoon and evening, by the ladies of the South Congregational church.

George W. Matheny, representing the A. Howard Manufacturing company of Galion, O., is in the city today. Mr. Matheny sells vehicles for a living but occasionally drops into Fort Wayne just to see that his old friends, of whom he can boast a number, are still behaving themselves.

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

The county commissioners were in session today transacting office business.

Deputy Sheriffs Eicks and Huguenard were called to the Weisheit residence about mile southeast of the city on the Wayne trace last night about 1 o'clock. Jeff Toler, who has been in numerous scrapes before, started something in the house and a general family mix-up resulted. When the sheriffs arrived Jeff had fled and peace had been restored; it is probable however, that affidavits will be filed.

Eliza Jackson has commenced suit against J. A. Miller for foreclosure; demand $450.

August C. Penningworth sues Henry Dreyer on a note for $200.

There were three divorce suits filed in the superior court within an hour this morning. They were as follows: Cora Alice Carpenter vs. Wesley Carpenter; Lizzie Groves vs. Elijah Groves; Clara Hamilton vs. Joseph Hamilton. All were plain divorce cases asking for neither custody nor alimony.

The Indiana and Ohio Traction company appeared before the county commissioners this morning and formally accepted the extension of franchise given last Saturday. The acceptance was signed by William Kaough and John D. Olds.

HE SHIFTED THE BLAME.

"John, what on earth have you been doing?"

"Well, Marysh-hic—'f you can't she—hic—you mush been—hic—drinkin'."—Denver Times.

ALL OFF.

The Cut Rate Shoe Store a Thing of the Past.

Thing & Co. buy from the receiver at auction the entire shoe stock formerly located at 130 Calhoun street. This stock will be placed on sale Saturday, July 27th, at our big store, 32 Calhoun street. This sale will be a hummer. Shoes from one cent up. Keep an eye on the live shoe man.

S. B. THING & CO.,
32 Calhoun Street.
Large Red Boot.
H. B. TOBEY, Mgr.

WANTED.

One thousand people to attend the ice cream social to be given on the lawn of Simpson church, corner Dawson and Harrison streets.

The coolest spot in town—Swinney Park—Free concert there tomorrow night.

Buy your fancy hose of Patterson.

"Manhattan" and "Star" shirts at Patterson's.

NEWS OF THE POLICE.

A batch of Syrians dropped in on Judge Louttit this morning, just as he was about to open police court. They tried to explain that they had all been engaged in a fight and they wanted justice, each one from the other. As the fight occurred on Spy Run avenue, outside of the city limits, the judge managed to shift the crowd over to a justice of the peace and he felt correspondingly happy. He was so happy that when Leroy Frazer faced him he did not have the heart to deal harshly with him. Leroy is a big, boyish looking fellow, with keen eyes, a week's growth of reddish beard and a merry twitching about the mouth. He said that he is a sailor and was en route east to take passage on the steamer Campania. Leroy said that a life on the bounding billow is a great thing, but when a fellow wants to get somewhere in a hurry a freight train is not so bad and a passenger train has them all beat to a frazzle. Detective Wilkinson picked him off the front end of a Nickel Plate train this morning, but the judge told the prisoner that if he would try to get out of town quick, without annoying the railroad officials, he might go. Leroy thanked the judge, beamed on the reporters and, bowing graciously all around, backed out of the room.

Warrants were served on Charles Gruber, of Broadway, and —— Barrel, of South Calhoun street, for keeping their respective saloons open after 12 o'clock at night. The Liquor Dealers' association will defend the cases and at the request of their attorney a postponement until tomorrow morning, at 8 o'clock, was taken.

The patrol wagon was called to St. Mary's avenue last evening to settle a family row. Officer Tebra found everything quiet when he reached the place, and after lecturing the scrappy husband who had caused the trouble, he admonished him to be good and refrained from making any arrest.

Fred Joel, of Douglas avenue, reports the loss of a valuable bull pup.

The Archer Printing company last evening called out the hose cart at No. 6 engine house to put out a grass fire along the old canal bed in Bloomingdale, which was getting uncomfortably hot.

A bicycle reported lost by Guy Bell was recovered by the police and restored to the owner this morning.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Herbert L. Palmer and Emma Seymour.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

"What is your name, please?"

"Gigadab Gagadib."

"—P ? ?"

"Yes, I presume it does sound rather queer. No, I am not any kind of a foreigner. Yes; I invented it myself. You see, my parents bestowed upon me the name of a public man at the time when he was going up like a rocket and it stuck to me after he had come down like a stick. By and by he was forgotten and my name ceased to be a reproach and a provoker of mirth, and then my fellows began to call me "Skinny." During my courtship my sweetheart called me one thing and another, including her 'sturdy oak' and 'demigod,' and all such as that; but soon after our marriage she began to address me as 'You there!' Now I am a widower and have, after much study, selected for myself a cognomen which I believe is not the name or title of any person or thing on the earth or in the waters under the earth, and which has no strings or stings to it."—Puck.

IN THE MOUNTAIN COUNTRY.

The stranger rode up to the gate in front of a farm house in the Kentucky mountains and addressed a man on the porch.

"Good morning," he said pleasantly, for there is no good in rilling a mountaineer unless you happen to be a "revenoo" and are there for that purpose.

"How d'y?" responded the party on the porch.

"I want to see the man of the house," continued the stranger.

"Thar ain't any," was the gentle answer that turneth away wrath. "I reckon it's my wife you wanter see, but she's down to the meeting house and won't be home fer two hours."—Detroit Free Press.

THE DEGENERATE LAMP.

"I suppose you heard about the parlor lamp," remarked the umbrella stand. "You know how it used to smoke. Well, Miss Flo has turned it down for that since Mr. Huggard began calling."

"From bad to worse," replied the hatrack. "After awhile it will be going out nights."—Philadelphia Press.

Buy the kind of summer underwear you want. Patterson has got it for you.

Patterson is ready to send goods out to your home to compare with others. In that way we are sure to sell you.

The Boston Store.

Great Clearing Sale is Now On

And everything in our store is sold at sale prices.

SPECIAL! SPECIAL!

50 ct. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 25 cts.
75 ct. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 39 cts.
$1.00 Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 50 cts.
85 ct. Ladies' Wrappers reduced to 69 cts.
$1.00 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to 75 cts.
$1.35 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to $1.00.
$1.75 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to $1.25.

Don't fail to attend our great Clearing Sale, as everything in our store is sold at sale prices.

WM. HAHN & CO.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

ANOTHER CUT AT GOLDEN'S.

75c and $1.00 Soft Shirts, go at 50c.
$1.50 and $1.00 Straw Hats, go at 50c.
Cut prices on Underwear.

Golden the Hatter,

Cor. Calhoun and Berry.

P S—We have just received 35 dozen more White and Colored Men's Shirt Waists; all sizes.

CANAL WATER.

The canal was turned into the mains;
A water scare was on—
And we'd just received a case of hose
Stamped "The Puritan."
The price was twelve and a half a foot;
Or twenty-five a pair.
But hose won't sell at a rapid rate
When there's a water scare.
But we went every boy to wear our hose
Wear them everywhere,
So we marked them just five cents a foot,
They're only ten a pair.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

HICKS STOCK.

Stock of the Hicks Gold and Silver Extraction company will be offered for sale at 50 cents per share until July 27th.

Persons wishing stock can procure the same of Mr. Dick Townsend, Randall hotel, or at the office of the company, No. 3 Bass Block. After July 27 the stock will be advanced to 75 cents a share.

THE HICKS GOLD AND SILVER EXTRACTION CO.
23-5t

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Bass Block. 2tf

NO SUMMER DRESS

Looks quite so stylish as those made by G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 East Berry street. Full line of samples. 27-tf

NOTICE.

Ben Hur Court, No. 15.

We will attend the meeting at Columbia City, Thursday, July 25. Train leaves the Pennsylvania depot at 12:10. Fare, if 50 goes, 55c.

E. D. EGGEMANN, Chief.

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:
Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Ass't. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster,	Andrew E. Hoffman,
Charles S. Bash,	John C. Peters,
George W. Pixley,	William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman,	Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul,	John B. Reuss,
Charles A. Wilding,	David Studebaker.

—THE—
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits.....

One Dollar
AND UP.
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

DIDN'T RECOGNIZE IT.

"Whut wuz thet last seleckshun thet feller play'd on th' fiddle?" asker Uncle Rufus in a whisper of his city nephew, who had taken him to a classical musical feast.

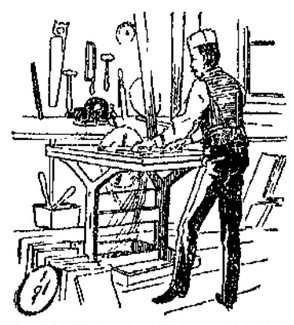
"Why, that was 'Home, Sweet Home,' with variations," replied the city nephew, beneath a smile.

"Dew tell!" observed Uncle Rufus. "Ort t' hear Nate Jenkins play thet wunct. Tell what it is when Nate plays it."—Columbus Journal.

Band Concert at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

"If it's a good thing SLAVLY'S have it."

You Can't Do Good Work



with poor tools. If they are worn out, and need replacing, let us do it for you. We carry a large stock of the best tools that you can buy. If you want your work to speak well for you, get your tools from us. We admit there are tools and tool, and our tools. But there's a difference—the difference between our tools and most tools in the quality—not in the price.

BOTH PHONES 149 SLAVLY'S UP-TO DATE HARDWARE STORE 19[illegible]21 W. MAIN ST.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

INDICATIONS.

GENERALLY FAIR; PERHAPS THUNDERSTORMS.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

"Most men and women grow rich in character rather by what they relinquish than by what they acquire."

ESTABLISHED 1833. FORT WAYNE, IND., WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901. PRICE TWO CENTS

PEACE TALK IS AGAIN REVIVED

Mediation in Steel Trust---Amalgamated Association Conflict Not Unlikely---No New Developments Have Transpired.

Pittsburg, July 24.—The status of the strike this morning remains unchanged except for the rumors of intended injunction proceedings and of efforts being made by disinterested parties to bring the leaders of the two contending forces together with a view of bringing the conflict to a termination by a compromise of some sort.

Veryl Preston, former president of the American Steel Hoop company and John Warner, of the Carnegie Steel company, are in the city and their visit seems to have given rise to the supposition that they have come here to discuss this question with officials of the Amalgamated association.

Reports were in circulation that a conference was held last night, as President Shaffer and Secretary Williams of the Amalgamated association, were seen on the streets down town at an early hour this morning. When seen today both vigorously denied that there had been a conference of any kind. Preston and Warner could not be located.

NO INJUNCTION SO FAR.

So far nothing has been done in the matter of the proposed injunction proceedings against the strikers, but it is understood that the papers are being prepared and the attorneys will offer them in the federal courts within a day or two.

At the local headquarters of the Amalgamated association, the officials appear to be still pursuing the policy of watching and waiting. When asked when they were going to call out all the Amalgamated men in the different mills of the corporation, it was said that the time had not yet come for that.

Matters remain quiet about the Dewes Wood plant at McKeesport. The mill property was encircled by strikers all night guarding against the introduction of non-union men, but the pickets were withdrawn today, the strikers believing that no immediate attempt will be made to operate the works.

STRIKERS ARE ALERT.

They are still on the alert, however, and say they will not be caught napping. Two non-union men succeeded in eluding the watchers at Wellsville last night and the working force was increased that many today. Everything was quiet about the town.

Locally rumors are being persistently circulated of attempts to be made at Painters, Linday and McCutheon and Clarks to resume operations shortly. The reports are to the effect that Painters and Clarks mills are to be started with men from the upper mills of Carnegie's and that an agent of the Lindsay and McCutheon plant is down south trying to secure men. At Clark's mill the strikers were surprised today to find a detail of ten policemen guarding the property. An iron fence separating the Clark plant from Carnegie's upper mill has been torn down and it is said workmen from the Carnegie plant will be quietly transferred to Clarks.

The strikers are expecting serious developments and are preparing themselves for emergencies.

NO HOPE FOR PARCHED SOUTHWEST

Washington, July 31.—The officials of the weather bureau hold out no hope for immediate relief from the drought and intense heat prevailing throughout the middle west. Indeed, the temperatures reported at 7 o'clock this morning for that section are generally higher than they were at the same hour yesterday. At that hour today St. Louis reported a temperature of 88 degrees, a rise of 3 degrees; Kansas City 84, a rise of 4; Chicago 82, a rise of 8; Indianapolis 80, an increase of 4; Dubuque, Iowa, 82, an increase of 10; St. Paul, Minn., 78, an increase of 2. Cincinnati reported 78 degrees, which is the same temperature reported yesterday at 7 o'clock. Huron, S. D., also made the same report that was made yesterday, 74 degrees. Bismarck, N. D., and Louisville, Ky., each reported a 4 degrees fall since yesterday morning, Louisville registering 78 and Bismarck 70. According to weather bureau reports there were light showers in northwestern North Dakota last night, but with this exception the skies over the stricken region were clear.

BOOKWALTER NAMED AGAIN

WILL LEAD REPUBLICANS OF INDIANAPOLIS.

Defeats McGregor for Mayoralty Nomination in the Primaries By a Big Majority.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 24.—Hon. Charles A. Bookwalter will again lead the republicans of this city in the biennial battle for control of the municipal government.

In the primaries held yesterday he easily carried the city against John McGregor, his only opponent for the nomination. The returns give Bookwalter about 65 per cent. of the total vote cast, which was approximately half of the normal total of the republican vote in the city.

In all but one ward Bookwalter's ticket was victorious.

The election was held under the Joss primary election law, passed by the last legislature, and it worked satisfactorily. This is the first trial of the new law.

Colonel Bookwalter came to Indianapolis from Fort Wayne about twelve years ago. He was republican candidate for mayor two years ago and was defeated by Mayor Taggart.

OPEN LETTER FROM GOMEZ.

Havana, July 24.—General Maximo Gomez in the course of an open letter setting forth the objects of his recent trip to the United States, asserts that he went to New York with a view of impressing upon T. Estrada Palma the necessity of coming to Cuba to be the first president of the republic. "Senor Palma has shown capacity for governing, as witness his course in the war of 1868, and also as chief of the delegation during the last war," says General Gomez. "His official purity while occupying those positions place Cuba under obligations to him. Not one of us has such a standing as he has with the American people and their prominent men. Taking into consideration the fortuitous relations which the Cuban republic will bear to the United States Senor Palma is the most available and is the only candidate. As real Cubans we ought to make him accept. I shall turn all my energies toward this end and when it is accomplished I shall keep apart from politics."

THE ICEMAN STRIKES.

Columbus, Ohio, July 24.—There were a number of fights today as a result of the strike inaugurated by ice wagon drivers. The latter have announced, it is said that they will not allow non-union men to work nor will they permit consumers to secure supplies from the storage houses. An employe of a drug house was assaulted and severely beaten during the morning when he attempted to secure a supply of ice. Police hastened to the scene and dispersed the crowd.

ALEXANDER KINTZ DEAD

PIONEER CITIZEN PASSED AWAY THIS MORING.

Contractor Who Lived in Fort Wayne Nearly Sixty Years—Worked on Many Buildings.

Alexander Kintz, a pioneer citizen of Fort Wayne and very widely known, died at 9 o'clock this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Doulngs, 52 East Third street. Nearly two weeks ago Mr. Kintz was prostrated by the heat, paralysis ensued, and the aged man never regained consciousness. The end had been expected for some days.

Mr. Kintz was 82 years of age in March last. He was a native of Pennsylvania, but came to Fort Wayne fifty-seven years ago, and this city has been his home continuously since that time. He was familiar with pioneer conditions, and had an active part in the city's progress until advancing age compelled him to retire from business several years ago.

He was a contracting mason, and among the buildings which he had a part in constructing were the old Rockhill house, now a part of St. Joseph's hospital, the Trentman block, the MacDougal block and other well-known structures. His wife died eight years ago. Surviving are nine children---Ambrose Kintz, Mrs. Sarah Doulngs, John Kintz, Henry Kintz, Mrs. Thomas Knight and Mrs. Alice Hazzard, of this city; Mrs. Martha Fleming, of Jackson, Mich., Jacob Kintz, of Pratt, Kan., and Mrs. Mary Thompson, of Elkart.

Mrs. Nora Studer is a sister and John Kintz a brother of the deceased.

The funeral announcement will be made later.

BRIDE DIES ON WEDDING DAY.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 24.—A marriage license published in the local papers yesterday read: John Allen and Margaret Fraxer. Both are from Knightsville, Clay county, and there is a tragedy behind the simple notice. The two were not married because the bride fell from an interurban car in this city and died half an hour later in the hospital from her injuries. Allen came over on a later car from Knightsville and got out the license before he learned that his bride-to-be was dead. The marriage was to have taken place in this city yesterday.

RECAPTURED AND SENTENCED.

St. Paul, July 24.—William Miller, alias E. H. Grant, has been arrested at Havre and brought to this city by Postoffice Inspector Salmon of Cincinnati. He is charged with having been a member of the gang of mail box robbers which was broken up last spring by the arest, in Omaha, of Prentiss Tiller and E. H. Grant, who escaped, were recaptured and sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

HEAT DESTROYS FRUIT.

Chicago, July 24.—President Graham, of the Graham and Morton steamer line running between Chicago and Michigan points, today declared that the heat has destroyed much fruit in the Michigan belt and that the crop will be about one-half that of former years. The peach crop he said, will be the smallest in twenty-five years.

Mr. and Mrs. Casper Trautman, of Petoskey, Mich., are the guests of John and Fred Trautman, of this city.

DONOR IS IGNORED

UNPLEASANT INCIDENT OF COURTESY TO KING.

HOSPITAL SHIP MAINE GIFT

MAN WHO GAVE VESSEL TO THE BRITISH OVERLOOKED.

KING THANKS THE LADIES

THEY ACCEPT WORDS AS IF THEY WERE DUE.

London, July 24.—The presentation, July 22, of a medal commemorative of the work of the hospital ship Maine, to King Edward, by the Duchess of Marlborough, Mrs. George Cornwallis West, Mrs. Reynolds and other American women of the Maine committee, and King Edward's reply to the members of the committee, in which he thanked them for bringing their valuable services to a culmination by presenting the ship to the British government, threatens to become an international incident. The Atlantic Transport company and the friends of Bernard N. Baker, president of the company, are generally very indignant. C. F. Torrey, managing director of the Atlantic Transportation company, today expressed himself as more than surprised to see that King Edward has been misinformed regarding the actual donor of the Maine, and said what surprised him still more was that the ladies accepted the thanks of the king for the gift, knowing fully and well that at no time had they owned the ship and that President Baker was entitled to any thanks. Mr. Torrey said Mr. Baker was not even informed of the intention to present this medal to the king, nor up to today had any intimation been conveyed to him that such a presentation had occurred, nor has any expression of regret been made that this misunderstanding occurred as to the donor of the vessel.

"The whole transaction is on a par with the seizure of the Maine's flag by Mrs. George Cornwallis West," said Mr. Torrey, "who appropriated the emblem presented by the late queen to the vessel. It will not surprise us if this flag is now presented, with equal eclat, to Queen Alexandra. Throughout there has been an utter lack of appreciation on the part of some of the members of the Maine committee of Mr. Baker's assistance, and with apparent deliberation the committee has taken to itself the regal thanks for which it has no shadow of a claim."

IT WILL BE HELD OCOBER 8

REUNION OF EIGHTY-EIGHTH INDIANA VOLUNTEERS.

Famous Old Regiment Will Meet in Fort Wayne—Various Committees Are Selected.

The survivors of the gallant old Eighty-eighth regiment of Indiana volunteers will hold their annual reunion in Fort Wayne Tuesday, October 8. The date was selected last evening at a meeting held at the office of Capt. Allan H. Dougall, and the day will be the thirty-ninth anniversary of the battle of Perryville, Ky., in which this regiment was engaged, just forty days after leaving Camp Allen.

Lieut. Josiah King, with Joseph Kickley and George W. Brower, were appointed as a committee to provide for the entertainment of the regiment on reunion day. Col. C. B. Oakley, with Lieutentent King, George W. Stites and Charles Bowman, were named as a committee to secure a suitable hall for the reunion and evening campfire. Capt. Allan H. Dougall is selected as a committee on railroad transportation. The meeting was adjourned to meet August 15 to hear reports from these committees.

WILL HEAR OIL CASES.

Washington, July 24.—The interior department has fixed a hearing for September 10 next, on a motion for a review of the decision rendered by the department adverse to the defendant in the cases of the Kern Oil company and the Gray Eagle Mining company against C. W. Clark, known as the California script cases. The cases are of considerable importance to the oil interests on the Pacific coast and many valuable claims hinge on them.

DETROIT'S CELEBRATION.

Detroit, July 24.—With the firing of a salute of twenty-one guns by the revenue cutter Fessenden at sunrise Detroit began a three days' celebration of the landing of Cadillac at this point 200 years ago today. All the public buildings and many business houses and residences are handsomely decorated with bunting and the flags of the United States and France. Today was largely given over to literary exercises. At 10 o'clock the stone chair of justice which marks the site of the first court house in the city was dedicated under the auspices of the historical committee. The historical and literary exercises took place at 2 o'clock. The first of the spectacular features of the celebration occurs tonight, when Cadillac and his voyagers will paddle down the river from Belle Isle, be met by a party of Indians, plant a cross and claim the country for France.

NEELY MAY BE CONVICTED

EVIDENCE AT HAVANA IS SAID TO BE SUFFICIENT.

Fiscal of the Audencia Says He Does Not Need Witnesses From the United States Cause of Delay.

Havana, July 24.—The fiscal of the Audencia asserts that he has sufficient evidence to convict C. F. W. Neely, charged with embezzling postal funds, without the interrogatories forwarded to witnesses in the United States, and that the only reason for the delay in the proceedings is that he has been waiting to see how the United States authorities would act upon the inquisitorial letters. These have not yet been returned to Havana.

An examination of the postal accounts was recently completed by a commission composed of one representative of Neely and two representatives of the government. An understanding has been reached regarding certain alleged false entries.

SUED BY MRS. M'KINLEY.

Ely, Nev., July 24.—Suit has been begun in the United States court at Carson by Mrs. Ida McKinley and Mrs. Mary B. Barber against John Steele, William Hayes and others to recover possession of the Elijah mine, one of the patented claims of the Canton Mining company, on which the defendants are operating, and also for $10,000 damages for ore taken out and shipped by the defendants during the period of their occupancy of the mine. Steele is the owner of the Macon City mine adjoining the Elijah and denies that he has extracted ore from the patented claim, all his working being well within his own lines. When President McKinley visited the coast he had the manager of the Canton Mining company visit him in San Francisco and report on several of the Canton company's mines, a large interest in which Mrs. McKinley inherited from her father. It was decided then to develop the mines and this suit was brought to define the limits of the Elijah mine and prevent what they regard as appropriation of its ore.

SECRETARY ROOT OPTIMISTIC.

Washington, July 24.—Secretary Root is deeply interested in the Neely case and, as stated, has taken it up again since his return from his tour of inspection. He seems to think the Cuban authorities are proceeding with reasonable haste and that anyway, in view of the long time it took this country to hand Neely over to them, it is not just for us to declaim against them for delay. He says they have taken a great mass of testimony against him, filling a number of volumes. Despite this optimistic view of the secretary the opinion continues to prevail that the chances are at least equal that Neely will never be brought to trial. This opinion is based on the difficulty of obtaining the evidence necessary to convict him of the offenses charged against him.

PURSUED RUSSIAN CONSUL.

Constantinople, July 24.—The recent alleged attack by Albanians upon the Russian consul at Uskub has created considerable excitement. It appears that while the consul was proceeding to investigate the troubles in the Kolashin district, a party of Albanians pursued him and forced him to take refuge in a school building, which they beseiged until troops effected his release.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY ASKS INQUIRY

In a Letter to Secretary of the Navy Long He Demands Justice at the Hands of His Brothers in Arms.

Washington, July 24.—Secretary Long this morning received a letter from Rear Admiral Schley, calling attention to the criticisms against him which are contained in Maclay's history of the navy and the Juenedo and

ACTING REAR ADMIRAL SAMPSON.

which have appeared in the press for several days, and stating that, in his opinion, the time had now come to take such action as would bring the entire matter under the "clear and calm review of his brothers in arms." He also requested that whatever action he taken should occur in Washington where his papers and data are stored.

DECIDED TO COMPLY.

The secretary immediately decided to comply with Admiral Schley's request and dictated a letter to the rear admiral saying that under the circumstances he heartily approved of his action and that the department would proceed at once in accordance with his request. The secretary took this action without consultation with any one and without communicating the request of Admiral Schley to the president. He then called into his office Rear Admiral Crowninshield, and Captain Cowles, chief and assistant chief respectively of the bureau of navigation and also Judge Advocate General Lemly who has charge of formalities of naval courts.

DEWEY CALLED IN.

He also sent for Admiral Dewey. Although Rear Admiral Schley did not ask specifically for a court of inquiry, but left the action to be taken to the judgment of the department, the secretary decided that such a court would be the best means of making the investigation which the rear admiral had requested and the

(Continued on Second Page.)

FILIPINOS ASSURED OF SYMPATHY

Manila, July 24.—Correspondence from the Hong Kong junta, dated June 26, and addressed to the insurgent leader Bellarmino, which has been recently captured, says the junta has received messages of sympathy and assurances of support from Messrs. Winslow and Levison, anti-imperialists, urging the Filipinos to continue their resistance in the hope of eventual independence, saying the American people were groaning under war taxes and that the democrats will win at the next election.

HOD CARRIER HAD BAD FALL

HENRY HAGEMAN SUSTAINS FRACTURED RIBS.

Scaffold at St. Mary's School Building Collapsed—Injured Man Will Recover.

Henry Hageman, 40 years of age and unmarried was painfully injured Tuesday by the collapse of a scaffold at the new St. Mary's school building, East Jefferson and Lafayette street, where the unfortunate man was employed as a hod carrier, by Contractor Baltzes.

Hageman had carried a load of brick upon the scaffold which is nearly up to the second story of the building when one of the supports of the scaffold gave way beneath the weight. Hageman fell a distance of about ten feet, some heavy plank dropping upon his chest and pinioning him helplessly upon the joist of the first floor.

Other workmen quickly extricated the injured man and he was removed in a hack to his boarding place at Lafayette and Montgomery streets, where Dr. Carl Schilling was called to attend him. Dr. Schilling states that several ribs upon the right side are broken, and the man is painfully bruised, but there are as yet no indications of serious internal injuries.

COX WAS IN TRAINING.

Louis Cox, unmarried, an employe of the Pennsylvania company at the east yards, suffered a severe injury this afternoon. Mr. Cox was in training for the approaching field day sports of the shopmen, and in making a high jump he fell, fracturing his left knee cap. The injured man was removed to St. Joseph's hospital, where Drs. C. B. and W. E. Stemen reduced the fracture. Cox resides on Hanna street.

TO BUILD INTERURBAN ROAD.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 24.—The next interurban road is to be that between Indianapolis and Logansport. Contracts were entered into at New York yesterday when a capitalist there agreed to take the $2,000,000 bonds of the road for $1,500,000 and to begin building Aug. 1. He is to become president and will be one of the directors. William Bosson, temporary president and Dr. B. C. Light, secretary will go to New York tomorrow to complete the specifications for the building of the road and arrange the details with the eastern man. The company is withholding the name of the eastern capitalist until the return of its officers from New York tomorrow.

The road will be sixty-seven miles long, including a branch to Frankfort. It will pass through Marion, Hamilton, Boone, Clinton, Carroll, and Cass counties, touching Zionsville, Eagletown, Kirkland, Michigantown, Burlington, Middlefork, Frankfort and other towns and villages. It has taken three years of effort to get this enterprise in shape to begin the work of construction.

GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

New York, July 24.—Thirty-one manufacturers have thus far effected a satisfactory agreement with the United Garment Workers, but according to General Secretary White, the strike probably will last three weeks longer. The strikers claim today that 7,000 additional men, 2,000 of them from New York, went out today, making 85,000 in all.

OLD MAN MAY HAVE ENDED LIFE

Alexander Jackson, Missing Since Monday, Left a Note Saying It Would be Useless to Look for Him---Had Family Trouble.

Alexander Jackson, an old man who has lived in a little shanty on the bank of the Rudisill mill race, near the Centlivre bridge, opposite Pion's road house on Spy Run avenue, has been mysteriously missing since Monday. The old man is somewhat of a rounder and several months ago was in police court on a charge of attempting to exterminate his family with a shotgun, although it was not proven at the time that he had exercised any violence, and he was sent to jail on a charge of plain drunkenness. Lately he has been morose and since last Monday no one in the neighborhood has seen him. His wife is employed at Robison park in some menial capacity and two daughters live in the city, one at 168 Greely street and the other at the corner of Pearl and Fulton streets, both being married. This afternoon the police department went to the house to make an investigation and found a note on a table in the kitchen. The note read as follows:

"Dear Friends and Children: I am tired of life. Do not look for me; no one can find me."

The note was not signed and was writte on a piece of wrapping paper such as grocers usually use for wrapping up their wares. Superintendent Gorsline does not believe that the old man has committed suicide, but thinks he is trying to run a bluff. Nevertheless a close investigation is being made.

AN ARKANSAS TOWN IN REVOLT

People of Osceola, a County Seat, in a State of Insurrection and Under Arms Over the Removal of Officers.

Memphis, Tenn., July 24.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says:

Osceola, county seat of Mississippi county, is practically in a state of insurrection on account of Governor Davis having revoked the commissions of Sheriff Bowen and Circuit Clerk Driver.

Bowen and Driver have taken possession of the court house, supported by a crowd of determined followers, and refuse to vacate. Practically the entire town is under arms. Rhodes and Lovewell, appointed to succeed Bowen and Driver, have a following of several thousand and although an actual clash has thus far been avoided, one is momentarily expected. An appeal is to be made to Governor Davis to put the county under martial law.

The lynching of a negro last Friday near Osceola, after he had been taken from one of Sheriff Bowen's deputies, has added to the excitement.

SYSTEMIC CATARRH.

Peruna Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, of Chicago, Ill.

Miss Mattie L. Guild, President Illinois Young People's Christian Temperance Union, in a recent letter from Chicago, Ill., says:

"I doubt if Peruna has a rival in all the remedies recommended to-day for catarrh of the system. A remedy that will cure catarrh of the stomach will cure the same condition of the mucous membrane anywhere. I have found it the best remedy I have ever tried for catarrh, and believing it worthy my endorsement I gladly accord it."

Catarrh of the abdominal organs is very much more common in summer than in winter time. This form of catarrh might be appropriately classed as summer catarrh.

Peruna will cure catarrh wherever located. In pelvic catarrh it has won well deserved renown. Peruna will cure any case of diarrhœa, acute or chronic. Peruna is an absolute specific for dysentery. Peruna cures catarrh of the liver. Peruna cures catarrh of the stomach.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book entitled "Summer Catarrh."

You Need Money

WE HAVE IT.

$10. $15. $25. $75

Or any amount you may want on your piano, household goods, horses and wagons and other like security; in fact we loan on all kinds of personal property. Everything is left in your possession and you have the use of both money and goods. All our dealings are confidential, upright and courteous. Persons momentarily embarrassed who wish above everything else to avoid publicity are the ones we desire especially to serve. You can have from one month to one year to pay it in and our payments are so small that any one can meet them. You will save money by dealing with us as our rates are the lowest and terms easiest. It will cost you nothing to get our rates.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home 'phone 995.

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Money to Loan to Salaried People.

Salaried people holding permanent positions with responsible and well-established concerns or corporations can get money on their own name without endorsement. No publicity.

Loans also made on furniture, pianos, etc.

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HELP IS JUST TOO LATE.

London, July 23.—The pathos of the tragic death of Ida and Edith Yeoland, the young actresses who committed suicide because they could not secure engagements, was accentuated yesterday when it became known that Mr. Lestneq, Charles Frohman's representative here, had sent a letter the morning of the suicide offering Ida Yeoland an engagement at the Duke of York's theater. The letter was received by the landlady of the girls, and it was when she took it to their room that she found Ida dead. Edith died shortly afterward in a cab while being taken to a hospital. At the funeral of the unfortunate sisters there were many well known American actresses, among them Alice Neilsen. The coffins were almost concealed by flowers. The sad fate of the Yeoland sisters has drawn public attention to the fact that there are many other American girls who might have commanded fair salaries on the stage in the United States utterly destitute in this city. The reported success of a few has drawn a legion of girls from the states.

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ADMIRAL SCHLEY ASKS INQUIRY.

(Continued From First Page.)

three bureau officers were called in for the purpose of discussing the mode of procedure in such cases. After his conference with Admiral Dewey, who had responded immediately to the secretary's request for an interview, the secretary said that he had not had time to decide upon the composition of the court, but in response to a question as to whether Admiral Dewey would serve upon such a court, if requested to do so, the secretary said: "Admiral Dewey will do his duty."

DEWEY TO BE PRESIDENT.

Although no positive declaration has been given on this point it is assumed about the navy department that Admiral Dewey will be president of the court which will inquire into the whole controversy concerning Admiral Schley's action during the Spanish war. There also is an impression that the two other members of the court will be retired naval officers or

COMMODORE SCHLEY.

at least officers who had no connection with the Santiago campaign.

A DOUBLE ADVANTAGE.

The selection of retired officers would have a double advantage. Not only would they be free from any prejudice growing out of their active connection with the department, but they would have no fear of future consequences arising from their course while members of the board. The court of inquiry probably will not proceed with its work until fall. Secretary Long said today that it would be unfair to ask a court of inquiry to convene in Washington during the present extremely hot weather for the prosecution of an inquiry which promised to be quite protracted.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY'S LETTER.

Admiral Schley's letter is as follows:

"Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y., July 23, 1901.—Sir:—Within the past few days a series of press comments have been sent to me from various parts of the country of a book entitled 'The History of the Navy,' written by one Edgar Stanton Maclay.

"From these reviews it appears that this edition is a third volume of the said history, extended to include the late war with Spain, which the two first volumes did not contain, and were in use as text books at the naval academy.

"2. From excerpts quoted in some reviews, in which the page and paragraph are given, there is such perversion of facts, misconstruction of intention, such intemperate abuse and defamation of myself which subjects Maclay to action in civil law. While I admit the right of fair criticism of every public officer I must protest against the low flings and abusive language of this violent, partisan opponent, who has infused into the pages of his book so much of the malice of unfairness as to make it unworthy the name of history, or of use in any reputable institution of the country.

"3. I have refrained heretofore from all comment upon the innuendoes of enemies muttered or murmured in secret and, therefore, with safety to themselves. I think the time has now come to take such action as may bring this entire matter discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms, and to this end I ask such action at the hands of the department as it may deem best to accomplish this purpose.

"4. But I would express the request in this connection that whatever the action may be that it occur in Washington, where most of my papers and data are stored.

"Very respectfully,
(Signed.) "W. S. Schley,
"Rear Admiral, U. S. N.
"To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C."

SECRETARY LONG'S REPLY.

Secretary Long replied to Admiral Schley as follows:

"Navy Department, Washington, July 24, 1901.—Sir:—I am in receipt of yours of the 22nd in reference to the criticisms on you in connection with the Spanish-American war, and heartily approve of your action under the circumstances in asking at the hands of this department 'such action as may bring this entire matter under discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms.'

"This department will at once proceed in accordance with your request.

"Very respectfully,
(Signed.) "John D. Long.
"Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, U. S. N."

CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

The information that Admiral Schley's letter asking for a court of inquiry had been received by Secretary Long soon spread through the navy department and not since the recent war days has one theme excited such general attention.

Congress in 1895 established the principle that no court martial could be held two years after the occurrence under investigation. This is known as the naval statutes of limitation, and while it bars a court martial relating to the Santiago campaign, it does not bar the court of inquiry. In this case the court of inquiry would be effective only in establishing records and would not be preliminary to a court martial.

AN IMORTANT FEATURE.

An important feature in the order directing the court is that specifying whether is shall state only the facts found, or shall also give an opinion based on the facts. Unless the order expressly requires the court to give their opinion, they are confined to stating the facts found. It is considered quite probable, however, that in a case of this importance the order would direct the court to record its opinion as well as its conclusion of facts.

Whether the investigation shall be held in open court or not is decided by the court itself, unless specified in the convening order. This leaves it optional with the president or Secretary Long to direct that the proceedings shall be open or closed, but in case no specific direction is given on this point the court will decide it.

When the court of inquiry reaches its decision, all the papers are forwarded to the judge advocate general of the navy and the final approval or disapproval rests with the secretary of the navy or the president according to which one has ordered the court.

QUESTIONS FOR COURT.

The court will be instructed by Secretary Long, in view of the purpose of Admiral Schley to ask for investigation of all matters, to inquire especially with reference to these points:

Did Admiral Schley unnecessarily delay his departure from Cienfuegos for Santiago de Cuba, where he was advised that the Spanish fleet had taken refuge?

Was Admiral Schley guilty of reprehensible conduct in issuing orders for and starting with the squadron under his command for Key West after having arrived south of Santiago de Cuba?

If not guilty of reprehensible conduct, did he not commit a grave error of judgment?

Was Admiral Schley justified in bombarding the harbor of Santiago, after he finally reached that point, at a range of more than five miles?

Was the blockade he established before he was superseded in command of the squadron by Rear Admiral Sampson effective?

In the battle of Santiago de Cuba was the order for the celebrated loop made by the Brooklyn issued by Admiral Schley or Captain Cook?

Did Admiral Schley display cowardice in that battle?

Was Admiral Schley actually in command and did he give orders to other vessels of the squadron during the battle, or was Admiral Sampson actually in command?

The order for the court of inquiry will not be issued until tomorrow.

SAMPSON SAYS HE IS GLAD.

Boston, July 24.—Rear Admiral Sampson said today:

"I am glad that Rear Admiral Schley has asked Secretary Long for an investigation. I hope if there is an investigation it will be a thorough one and that not a detail of anything that has been in dispute will be avoided by the investigating board.

"This whole business is inspired by malice, but now perhaps it may be all investigated and, if it is, the people of the United States will know all the facts."

WHAT MACLAY SAYS.

New York, July 24.—Edgar S. Maclay, who criticised Rear Admiral Schley in a history of the United States navy, said today:

"It is the proper course for Rear Admiral Schley to demand a court of inquiry. It is his only means of vindication. After this court has determined upon his case, then he can bring suit. It is needless for me to comment further upon Rear Admiral Schley's record."

Men's and boys' suits of all grades go in the sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Free Concert by the K. of P. band at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

We have received three cases of Men's 50c balbriggan underwear in light tan and blue. Its great value.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

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WATER SITUATION UNCHANGED

The Supply from Wells Augmented by Supply from the Canal Furnished an Abundance of An Unhealthy Sort.

In a practical sense there is nothing new in the water situation, excepting that a small stride in the way of securing better water has been made by the connection of one of the Centlivre centrifugal pumps. It is the smaller of the two which is now in operation and is attached to one of the ten-inch wells and is pumping at the rate of about 150 gallons a minute, or 216,000 gallons per twenty-four hours. The other Centlivre pump, which is awaiting adjustment in a machine shop, has a much greater capacity and it is expected that it will be ready for connection some time today or tonight and will be put in operation by morning. When the two are in operation an additional supply, approaching closely to a million gallons a day, will be provided for. The Van Buren street station is working along evenly and in conjunction with the Ross street auxiliary is furnishing about 2,500,000 gallons per day of twenty-four hours. At the north side station the whole machinery is doing its best and the little pipe from the canal reservoir is putting in its best licks. The air-lift system with seven wells connected is furnishing, as yesterday, about 1,600,000 gallons and the Centlivre pump is adding to this about 200,000 gallons, making a total of 2,000,000 gallons per day from deep wells. The north side engine today is pumping at the same rate as yesterday and is forcing about three million gallons into the mains, which, as a simple calculation will show, is about one-third canal water. Last night the pumps gained on the reservoir and this morning the level was only four and one-half feet low, the best showing had for many days. Altogether about six million gallons of water are being pumped and consumed daily. Of the six millions furnished, about one million comes from the feeder canal. Unless a much prayed rain for comes along pretty soon to moisten things up a little, no relief from the existing strain need be looked for, for some time. Anyway, whatever criticism may be heaped upon the trustees for their acts of commission as well as ommission, the gratifying fact remains that the city is safe in case of fire, and that the water now in the mains is wet if not healthy, and if boiled is harmless, if not pleasant to think about.

APPOINTS A COMMITTEE.

Mayor Berghoff has selected the personnel of a committee which he desires shall co-operate with the board of waterworks trustees, the city council and other city officials in some effort to reach a solution of the "water problem." The committee comprehends men in every pursuit and it is believed full and free discussion will be helpful in dealing with the question of a water supply. Letters of invitation will be sent to the following gentleman asking their service on the committee and their co-operation in solving the vital question:

J. B. McKim, G. S. McKee, E. A. Hoffman, G. E. Bursley, Prof. Lewis W. Dorn, G. Max Hoffman, Willis Hattersley, Henry W. Meyer, William L. Moellering, Edward Gilmartin, Emmet H. McDonald, Allen Zollars, R. S. Robertson, E. A. K. Hackett, H. W. Mackwitz, Dr. Maurice Rosenthal, Charles S. Bash, Alexander Johnson, George W. Pixley, William P. Breen, Ernst Lloyd, J. M. Barrett, J. H. Simonson, John F. Rodabaugh, Gustave H. Fromuth, J. J. Wood, Henry C. Hoeltje, James Rogers, Louis Fox, F. V. Culbertson, William E. Stephan, Robert Spice, S. M. Foster, Samuel S. Fisher, Charles McCulloch, E. B. Kunkle, W. D. Page, Anselm Fuelber, H. C. Rockhill, John Dreibelbiss, Dr. M. F. Schick, Dr. William O. Gross, J. B. Rauss, H. C. Paul, A. D. Cressler, Will H. Olds, Barney Fitzpatrick, John Dalman, D. N. Foster and Prof. A. B. Crowe.

NEW FACORY SECURES SITE

MR. WHITE'S TERMS OF LEASE ARE SATISFACTORY.

Hoop Mill Men Expect to Soon Complete Arrangements for Removing to Fort Wayne.

Owners of the big hoop and stave mill which is to be removed from an Ohio town to this city were in Fort Wayne this morning, and in company with members of the Commercial club made an inspection of the White land along the line of the Nickel Plate at the eastern edge of the city.

Following it came a conference with J. W. White, in the course of which satisfactory terms of lease were proposed by Mr. White, and unless unforseen difficulties should arise the negotiations for the removal of the new industry to Fort Wayne will be completed within a week. The Commercial club will doubtless be asked to lend some assistance toward the removal of the plant to the city.

TALKED TO CHICAGO MEN.

Over the long distance telephone last evening P. A. Randall held a conversation with the Chicago promoters of the new Duncan electrical factory with reference to locating in this city, and they have already been advised of the proposition made Monday by the Commercial club. An answer is promised tomorrow.

AMERICANS HURT IN WRECK.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—The wheel of a sleeping car on the Moscow-St. Petersburg express broke when the train was nearing Okoloulowka, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The car fell over on its side and thirteen persons were injured, among them Mrs. Bread of Boston, the little finger of whose right hand was slightly injured; Mrs. Harmin, of San Francisco, who suffred from shock and had her right hand slightly scratched, and Mr. Calendar, of New York, who received three scratches upon the right knee. A physician arrived upon the scene immediately, and the injured were taken to Moscow during the forenoon.

SIGNOR CRISPI IMPROVES.

Naples, July 24.—A bulletin issued this morning says the condition of Signor Francisco Crispi continues to improve and the nervous depression and hypostystole of the heart from which he suffers are less accentuated.

PROF. ABBOTT DROWNED.

Indianapolis, July 24.—Edgar W. Abbott, professor of languages at Butler university, was drowned last night in Broad Ripple creek, just above this city. He went in bathing alone and his body was found by campers this morning. Prof. Abbott, who was 35 years old, was engaged to be married to Miss Clara McIntyre, also of the Butler faculty, whose home is at Lexington, Mass. The wedding was set for next month. Prof. Abbott formerly was connected with the university of Chicago and had been at Butler for two years.

BANK TO ABSORB BANK.

New York, July 24.—It was announced today that the First National bank, which recently increased its capital stock from $500,000 to $10,000,000, has made an offer of $275 a share for all of the stock of the National Bank of the Republic. The directors of the National Bank of the Republic, which has a capitalization of $1,500,000, have recommended that the offer be accepted by the stockholders.

TRUST INCREASES STOCK.

New York, July 23.—At a meeting of the stockholders, common and preferred, of the American Sugar and Refining company, to be held on September 18 next, it is authoritatively announced a proposition will be made for an increase of $15,000,000 of new stock, one-half common and the other half preferred.

THREE-POUND HAILSTONES.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—A hail storm in the district of Schlatzk, government of Tamboff, July 23, destroyed the crops over a wide area. Three men and many cattle were killed, while an entire flock of sheep and two shepherds were carried off by the flood. Some of the hail stones weighed three pounds.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Patterson has something new to show you each week in neckwear and shirts.

The second free concert of the year at Swinney Park tomorrow night. K. of P. Band.

THIS IS THE WAY

They go during our sale:
$20 Suits go at $16.
$15 Suits go at $12.
$10 Suits go at $ 8.
$ 5 Suits go at $ 4.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

A SHORT STORY

FORGOTTEN.

A little year or so ago
She sparkled everywhere,
With shoulders bare and face aglow,
The fairest of the fair.
We read about her every day
As having been at this or that,
At club or tea or ball or play,
Attraction centered where she sat.

A little year or so ago
She swayed a certain set.
Without her functions failed, but, oh,
How quickly we forget!
The men who flocked around her then
Now flatter other girls, and they
That read her name with envy when
She swayed no'er think of her today.

A preacher said some words, and, lo,
A maiden ceased to be!
The fair one people used to know,
Oh, where, oh, where is she?
There's one who bends with loving gaze
O'er something small and frail and sweet.
I wonder if she mourns the days
When all the world was at her feet?

—Chicago Record-Herald.

MARRIAGE AT THE SCAFFOLD

In the seaport of Calais, which for over 100 years was under the power of the English, there once lived a bachelor, Josse Dullart, who had come there to carry on business. He was a native of Bailleul-en-Flandre, well qualified to secure for the London merchants the woof of which the Flemish weavers make their various materials and to derive an honest profit from each. Naturally, because of his commercial subtlety and because of the pleasant and comfortable life which came to him in consequence, our man became exposed to the jealousies and ill will of the other tradesmen, English for the most part. He did not know it, since the hypocrites allowed nothing to become evident, but, on the contrary, made every endeavor to present an agreeable exterior to him, so as not to compromise in the least the slight advantages which accrued to them through his kindliness. Nevertheless they decided to ruin him and to that end contrived a device so black and so wicked that Sir Satan himself in his demoniacal mind could not have imagined a better. In pursuance of the scheme one of them secretly concealed in the house of Josse Dullart a leather bag containing a sum of 100 livres sterling in gold crowns. Having done this, he went to the criminal magistrate with two comrades as witnesses to accuse his colleague of having robbed him.

At that remote period there had not yet appeared under the canopy of heaven any of the impudent sharpers, sluggards and swindlers who in the course of time have shamelessly said and written that ownership means theft, and the money earned by some is so much lost by others, with the sole intent that they may put everything into confusion and be able easily to slip into their purses that which is another's.

The world has indeed heard of much folly and seen many infamies, but not that, and human justice, which had never known of any jesting upon the matter, would have hung their like high and in short order, dealing with them precisely as she would with veritable robbers.

Who was amazed at seeing the policeman of the provostship invade his home, ransack his coffers and chests, produce from them a sack of gold of which he knew nothing and a legal clerk take down disquieting notes of the affair in his illegible scrawl? It was the ill fated Dullart.

The poor fellow strove with them in vain, vowing to God his innocence, but words could not prevail against deeds. Now, he could not explain how the sack, the evidence of his crime, had come into his possession, whence it followed that the innocent man was condemned to the halter as if he had been guilty.

The affair, however, let loose in an uproar all the devils of Calais. Think of it—a great merchant, with a house of his own, convicted of common larceny, like a vulgar rascal!

In the end the populace, while it was not privy to the plot laid by a half dozen arrant rogues, was nevertheless not mistrustful. It rather inclined in favor of the pitiable citizen of Bailleulois. This without taking into consideration the peasants on the outskirts of the town, who were French, not having been expelled from their fireside by the conquerors, as had been the poor commoners of the city, and who hated all the English within their borders.

So it may be said that the throng which swarmed about the streets and crossways on the day when Dullart was to be taken to the gibbet entertained more compassion for him than derision, above all, if you take into account the fact that he was young, genti in every respect and of a prepossessing appearance.

From the jail to the gallows Josse walked with bowed head by the side of a priest, who enjoined him to rejoice that he was about to pass into a better world. He did not glance at a single person, so great was the shame he felt on account of the filthy mischief of which he was accused. It was only when he had ascended the first rounds of the fatal ladder, having the cord about his neck, that below the soldiers grouped around the base of the gibbet, he perceived the crowd and recognized among them a fair young woman for whom in happier days he had conceived a tender and violent passion.

At the sight of her he experienced a yet more poignant sorrow at leaving so soon and so painfully an existence from which he had expected to derive such delicate felicities. And then, impelled by a sudden reminiscence and by a natural instinct for preservation, he began to cry out with all his might:

"Loyse, Loyse, by God the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, I adjure you! Save my life, claim me in marriage."

The girl stood there trembling with emotion among her companions. Hearing herself thus addressed by name by the prisoner, she became convulsed with agitation; almost unconsciously, half moved by pity, half incited by her neighbors, she approached the gibbet without the police daring to prevent her.

"Oh, Loyse," repeated the prisoner ardently, "I am innocent. I swear it by my eternal salvation! Demand me in marriage, and you will have saved my life!"

She did not know one word to say, she had so lost her senses, but she extended her hand, which the poor devil seized with avidity. Seeing this, the people in all direction began to roar:

"A marriage, a marriage! She has claimed him! Cut the cord, hangman; cut it, cut it!"

The executioner did not cut the rope, but he let it drop, undecided as to what was most expedient for him to do, and as the crowd continued to bellow and even became threatening the officer of the provostship, judging it an opportune time for a delay, led the condemned man back into his cell in order to submit his peculiar case to the law. And the people dispersed content, believing the man from that moment to be saved.

But the stealthy cats did not so easily let go one whom they held in their claws. They had a man to be hanged, a pretty little man, a man over whose hanging they licked their lips, and here how people pretended that he was taken out of their grasp! And why, I ask you? Under the most foolish of pretexts, in the name of some ridiculous custom, some illegal pretense which granted grace, full, free and immediate, to any condemned man whom a woman declared in public to desire in lawful wedlock. Who ever had heard of an equal subterfuge?

But, ah, traditional or written, the law is the law, and the case in question had to be elucidated! Unwillingly rather than willingly they opened an inquest upon the matter in hand to learn whether or not so unreasonable a usage had ever at any period had power by law, which inquest finally established that no similar case had been presented since the time of the conquest in Calais, but that previous to that date there had been many such cases, more particularly in Flanders and in Artois than in Picardy.

In consideration of these indecisive conclusions the enemies of Dullart urged the magistrates to override the law, and the magistrates did not demur. It was the governor who placed an obstacle before them in view of public opinion, which had become greatly agitated over a controversy which had at stake the life of a man made in the image of God. Suddenly that dignitary called to mind the example of prudence offered of yore to the world by that worthy magistrate Pontius Pilate in order that he might avoid thrusting his own finger between the tree and its bark. In place of announcing his fears in public he appealed to his master, King Edward, the fourth of that name, to decide the matter according to his own good pleasure.

The monarch judiciously estimated that one man more or less upon the gallows was of small value in enhancing his glory and bespoke clemency for the case under consideration. He ordained then that the old usages should be conformed with and that full pardon be awarded the condemned man, under the condition, be it well understood, that the solicitor of his love hold him duly to his engagement.

So it came to pass that the good Josse had the rare and marvelous fortune to espouse a gentle and well favored maiden after the approved fashion instead of the cold and grimacing death and to be indebted to his wife for that which ordinarily men owe to their mothers only—that is to say, his life.

A similar occurrence took place a short time afterward unexpectedly at the city of Rouen. As a certain thief, a native of Hautvilliers, was conducted to his fate, a loud old woman stepped out of the crowd below and declared that she desired him in marriage. The prisoner, astonished, considered a moment; then, remarking that the aforesaid person was a homely hag, shook his head and pursued his way to the gallows, observing to the executioner:

"The wench, I don't want her!"

And in a moment he was wedded to the gallows.—Chicago Tribune.

Fled to the Wolves.

For sheer melodrama the English jewel robber Houghton's arrest would be hard to beat. After his last big diamond theft he was traced to West Bromwich and thence led the detectives a dance over the country. At last when the pursuers were hard on his heels he dashed into a traveling menagerie which was exhibiting just outside Birmingham. There he found one of the attendants fastening up a van cage containing a pair of large gray wolves. He flung the man on one side and opened the cage, shutting himself in with the beasts and daring any one to fetch him out. The strange thing was that the wolves, which the proprietor had always considered the most dangerous animals in the show, took no notice whatever of the fugitive, but showed great ill temper toward the keeper and a constable, who had great difficulty in dragging Houghton out.

A Question of Location.

"I thought, count, that you were a dead shot?"

"I am."

"And yet, though you said you would shoot your adversary through the heart, you hit him in the foot."

"It was an error of judgment. I thought his heart was in his boots; it turned out to be in his mouth."—London Telegraph.

CLEAR COMPLEXION SOFT WHITE HANDS LUXURIANT HAIR PRODUCED BY CUTICURA SOAP.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening red, rough, and sore hands, in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

FORMER RESIDENT DIES.

Dr. W. H. Gobrecht, formerly a practicing physician in Fort Wayne, died in Washington, D. C., last Friday. Dr. Gobrecht served during the civil war, coming to Fort Wayne at its close. He was a member of the faculty of the Fort Wayne Colleges of Medicine, and a number of well known physicians studied under him. Dr. Gobrecht was appointed medical expert in the pension department at Washington, and held that position at the time of his death.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St., Over Mergenthoim's Millinery Store. OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

ORGANIZATION PERFECTED.

A meeting of the laundry workers was held last evening and the organization was perfected. Following are the officers of the union: President, Miss Minnie Phelps; vice president, Miss Annie McDougal; secretary, Miss Celia Henneger; treasurer, Mrs. Williams; financial secretary, Miss Mary Jones; guard, Miss Anna Henneger; delegates to Trades and Labor Council, Miss Phelps, Miss Anna Henneger, Miss Celia Henneger, Miss Jones and Mrs. Williams.

INTERURBAN WRECK.

Muncie, Ind., July 24.—On a switch midway between Yorktown and Daleville, on the Union Traction company's line, eastbound car No. 260 was run into by a special car chartered by a party of negroes going from Muncie to Anderson at 11:30 o'clock last night. No one was injured, but the regular car was badly damaged, the front end being reduced to kindling. Car No. 260, in charge of Motorman Willard Eller and Conductor Noah Strainsbrook, had backed into the switch to await the arrival of the special car. The switch was not thrown and the special, while running at full speed, crashed into the waiting car. The cars were driven together and could not be pulled apart. Motorman Eller had left his post for a moment to speak to a passenger in the car when the crash came and thus escaped being crushed to death.

Attorney A. H. Bittenger has been indisposed for a few days, and has been absent from his office.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 6eod&w

Look in our window and see the boys' pure all wool knee pants with double seat and knee, tape seams and riveted buttons, at 50c.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Ask for Ruby Sap. Delicious new flavor. At all soda fountains. 20-24

Blue serge coats discounted 10 per cent during our sale.

PATTERSON.

A prominent citizen of Martinsburg, W. Va., writes that for fifteen years he was a terrible sufferer from acute indigestion, despite constant treatment. Three bottles of Bromo-Pepsin cured him entirely. This is but one of thousands. Note the word Pepsin and accept no substitute. Bromo Pepsin is a sure cure for headache, indigestion, insomania, nausea and mental exhaustion, and it is absolutely harmless. All druggists. 10c., 25c., and 50c. per bottle.

We don't sell all the clothing that's sold during the time our sale is on, but we do sell nearly everyone that looks at our store before they buy.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

MEN, IN HOT WEATHER,

Like cool clothing. See the fine line of suitings carried by G. Schmidt, 57 East Berry street. 27tf

The people have found out in the last few days that the bargains at Patterson's are not all wind.

Buy An.... **Eastman**

THE BEST MADE.

M. L. Jones, 12 W. WAYNE ST.

Business = Directory.

UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street.

Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

D. C. FISHER,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, No. 24 West Wayne Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, $200,000. Surplus, $250,000.

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.

President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—Johon Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,

Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

SURPLUS, $75,000.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.

ABSTRACTER OF TITLE.

INSURANCE.

COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.

James E. Graham,

Room 16, Bank Block, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Stenographer and Notary Public in office. 'Phone 615 Main.

LOCAL NEWS.

Ralph Lane is spending a few days at Rome City.

Miss Jessie Reitze is visiting friends in Elkhart.

Leland Crane, of Elkhart, is the guest of city friends.

Mrs. Mary Burton has returned from a visit at Bluffton.

Lee Crane, of Elkhart, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

J. M. Barrett and son, Walter, left today for Roaring Brook, Mich.

George D. Crane transacted business in Huntington yesterday.

Miss Bertha Hughes, of Huntington, is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. M. C. Gross and children have returned from an outing at Rome City.

Miss Blanche Rauch left yesterday for a week's visit with her sister at Auburn.

Miss Tulle Louth, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs. Ed Crosby, 20 South Wayne avenue.

Messrs. George and Charles Kline, of Montana, are the guests of their brother, Cyrus Kline.

The women employes of the People's Store enjoyed an outing at Robison park last evening.

The United Telephone company will build a telephone line from Huntington to Zanesville.

Miss Alice Foster and guest, Miss Alice Stahl, have gone to Miss Stahl's home in Bellevue, O.

Miss Jessie Barcus, of Indianapolis, will be the guest of Miss Bessie Colerick the latter part of next week.

Miss Tillie Selle, of Chicago, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Selle, of 60 Columbia avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Trentman leave this evening for New York, and within a few days will sail for Europe.

Bluffton Banner: Miss Ella Reubens, of Fort Wayne, is the guest of Henry Hunsicker and wife for a week or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Davis entertained about seventy guests last evening in celebraion of their wedding anniversary.

Miss Lizzie Graf gave a progressive pedro party Monday evening in honor of Messrs. William and George Arnold, of Muncie.

Representative Edward E. Neal, of Lebanon, is in the city on business. Mr. Neal is a candidate for clerk of the supreme court.

Foreman Harvey Brown, of the Bass foundry, and his daughter, Jeanette, have returned from a visit at the Pan-American.

Miss Lizzie Doshman will give a progressive pedro party this evening in honor of Miss Sophia Gallmeyer, of Grand Rapids.

The J. F. F. club will give an ice cream social on the lawn at the home of Mrs. G. W. Spangler, 274 Hoagland avenue. Thursday evening.

Mrs. Emley was in Huntington yesterday to attend the funeral of her son, who was drowned in one of the ponds at the quarries in that city.

Miss Winnie Spaulding entertained a party of friends last evening at Robison park. Miss Flora Jenkins, of Grand Island, Neb., was guest of honor.

Miss Elsie Dumas, of Goshen, has arrived in the city and will become a novice of the order of the Poor Handmaids of Christ. She is 20 years old.

Miss Florence Fry returns home tomorrow from a visit in Richmond. Her cousins, Miss Marie Davis and Miss Gertrude Moorman, will accompany her home.

A brewery wagon was upset in the rear of the Randall hotel yesterday and the horses attached to it were badly cut by broken glass. The driver was unhurt.

There will be a cottage prayer meeting this evening for members of the Third Presbyterian church at the home of Mrs. William Dexter, 44 Brackenridge street.

A harvest home picnic will be given at Andrews' grove on Saturday by the Huntertown M. E. church. Rev. A. S. Preston and Rev. H. J. Norris, of this city, will deliver addresses.

Seventh Day Adventist services are held at 32 Calhoun street every seventh day (Saturday). Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; young people's meeting, 3 p. m. C. Mellinger is elder and G. W. Mann, deacon.

A negro prisoner at the jail accidentally let fall a heavy stone on his foot yesterday and the member was badly crushed. The colored gentleman will spend some time in luxurious idleness in the hospital ward.

A City Trucking company wagon collided with a buggy containing Mrs. A. B. Trentman and another lady yesterday, but fortunately both ladies escaped injury. The wagon came up behind the buggy and the tongue of the heavy vehicle was forced through the back of the buggy.

Miss Bertha Wilkinson gave a dancing party at Robison park last evening in honor of Miss Mazie Jenkinson, of Goshen. The orchestrion furnished music for the dancing and punch was served. The chaperones were Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Dascomb, Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. William Rohan and Mrs. Meier.

GOT BUT A DOLLAR.

Ossian, Ind., July 24.—Burglars entered the post office here Monday night, carried the safe out upon the rear porch and blew the door open with dynamite. No one heard the explosion, and there is no clue. Only about a dollar in change was secured.

BACK FROM EUROPE.

Miss Mary Moffat, Miss Irma Seavey, Miss Mary Shoaff and Fred Shoaff returned this afternoon from a trip of three months through Europe. The party visited most of the principal points of interest in the old world, and are delighted with the trip.

TAKEN TO HOPE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. William Cox was removed from her home on Chicago street to Hope hospital today, suffering from consumption, and there is no hope of her recovery. Her case is a pitiful one, and is worthy of the attention of the charitable. Her husband, William Cox, died very suddenly over a year ago, leaving her to take care of a family of ten children, the youngest two years old. Mrs. Cox worked early and late at scrubbing, washing and other work, and contracted a bad cold last winter, which developed into consumption. The family is practically destitute. The mother is being cared by the Associated Charities.

FLOCK TO THE FOUNTAIN.

The patronage of the flowing well at Swinney park promises to be heavier this year than it was during the drought last summer. Since the announcement was made that the canal water had been turned into the city mains thousands have flocked to the fountain, and last evening it was almost impossible to get water without waiting in line for some time. The men who make a business of peddling the water in different parts of the city are doing a thriving business, and the warning to abstain from the use of the polluted canal water is being pretty generally observed.

WRECK ON THE ROCK ISLAND.

Tiffin, Iowa, July 24. A passenger train on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad ran into another, which was going on to a siding here at 1 a. m. today. One sleeping car was knocked over on its side. Several passengers were injured, but none of them seriously. The injured: C. D. Reiter, East Orange, N. Y., back hurt; two children, slightly bruised; Frank L. Adams, Boston, Mass., foot hurt; J. E. Dunrea, Denver, cut on ear; A. M. Collins, Lebanon, Mass., head slightly hurt; J. A. McLean, Chicago, bruised; E. Bumpson, Chicago, porter, bruise on the shoulder. All the passengers injured proceeded to their destination.

BAPTIST SOCIETY MEETS.

Chicago, July 24—The eleventh annual convention of the International Baptist Young People's Union began in this city today. Over 15,000 delegates and visitors from all parts of the United States and Canada are expected to be present at the meetings which will be concluded Sunday night. Today was spent in informal reunions. Praise service will be held tonight at the Second Baptist church when Rev. Wm. M. Lawrence, D. D., of Chicago; Thomas Urquahart, of Toronto, Canada, and J. B. Cranefield, of Dallas, Tex., will deliver addresses. The conference proper will open at the Colisieum tomorrow.

A Butter Hint.

(See Below.)

Why Use Cream With Your

GRAPE-NUTS?

AN OILY HABIT.

There are people who become unconsciously addicted to the butter habit; that is to say, they like butter and gradually eat a little more as the months go by, until they find they have consumed, each meal, quite a quantity of fat, that they have not vitality enought to properly digest.

This indigested substance causes more or less catarrh of the stomach and trouble with the bowels.

The remedy, of course, is to largely cut down the allowance of butter, and for two or three nights, sup nearly a quart of very hot water, just before going to bed. This washes out the stomach and bowels and gives them renewed vitality. Then the person should for a few mornings at least, rely on good, rich cream, with Grape-Nuts, for breakfast, letting out the butter altogether. The cream gives all the fat needed.

Grape-Nuts and cream furnish an ideal portion of any breakfast.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 24 W. Berry St. Jy9-1m

FOR RENT—A first-class invalid chair. Inquire at 92 Calhoun St. 23-2t

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 123 West Jefferson street. 19-tf

FOR RENT—Flat, second story, No. 50 Harrison street. Inquire at the Old National bank. 6-29-tf

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath, etc. 110 Webster street. 24-3t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms by the day, week or month, with bath room. 23 West Main. 22-6t

FOR RENT—Room, with or without board, including bath. Day boarders wanted. Mrs. Keller, 46 W. Wayne. 15tf

FOR RENT—A few desirable residences, will be shown on application. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR RENT—Plans are being drawn for the Flick building, 41-43 W. Berry. Parties wishing to lease the second or third floors for a period of 5 or 10 years can have rooms arranged for offices or lodge rooms as desired. Inquire at 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR RENT—Lodge room can be had by parties desiring it on either Wednesday or Friday evening at very reasonable price; nice dancing floor in same building to rent on any Saturday afternoon or evening. Telephone 1082, new phone. 10tf

FOR RENT—Two new flats, seven rooms each, hot and cold water and porcelain bath, closet and washstand; separate entrances to each flat; for rent August 1st; location, South Calhoun, near Masterson. Inquire of H. N. Ward, 233 West Berry street. Telephone 772. 15-1mo

FOR RENT—Double store room in Foster block, 45x150 feet, fronting on both Court and Clinton streets, now occupied by the Kettler Furniture Co. The basements are finished and floored and can be used for additional salesrooms; ceilings high and not a dark spot in the stores. Rent $1,500 per year. Possession September 1. Apply to the Foster Furniture Co. Jl-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Private sale of furniture at 197 Montgomery St. 23-2t

FOR SALE—A nice stove with an excellent baker. Call at 213 West Berry street. 22-3t

FOR SALE—One new Remington typewriter. Inquire at Adams Express Office. 22-4t

FOR SALE—I have a great bargain on W. DeWald; is owned by heirs and will go at reasonable offer. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Or may exchange for good city property, three good 80-acre farms, with good frame houses and bank barns on each. For further particulars, call on S. Freistoffer, room 25, bank block.

FOR SALE—That handsome block of ground fronting on Broadway, Savilla avenue and Home avenue (the apple orchard); price, $4,000, small payment, long time. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-6-tf

FOR SALE—Two handsome new Axminster carpets at half their cost; 1 new golden oak folding bed, oak and marble top stand, pictures, banquet lamp, and Wilkie Collins, Dickens, Carlyle, Victor Hugo and other books at remarkably low prices, at room 3 Arcade, second floor. 7-16tf

STRAYED.

STRAYED From barn near Driving park, mare pony, bay color, with white blaze on face; suitable reward will be paid for return of animal to 221 W. DeWald St., or information given where she may be got by sending man. W. L. Pettit. First National bank. 23-2t

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St. Specialty:—Disease of Women Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a. m to 3:30 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Painless Dentistry. Warranted Work. Moderate charges. Get the best.

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Drs. J. A. and J. W. Williams, Mgrs.

'Phone 1178. 98 Calhoun St.

The inhabitants of the province of Ontario write more letters than those of all the rest of Canada.

WANTED.

WANTED—An office boy at 88 Clinton street. 24-2t

WANTED—Everybody to call up Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones 594. m18-tf

WANTED—An experienced dining room girl at Robison park. Inquire Rich hotel. 16-tf

WANTED—25 girls for factory. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Girls for housework; no office fee charged. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Experienced overall makers; steady employment. Apply at Hoosier Mfg. Co. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Fifty canvassers; ladies or gents; big money. Call. Green, 16 Brackenridge.

WANTED—Two well furnished rooms for a single gentleman. Address "G.," care Sentinel. 22-3t

WANTED—Ladies in need of reliable help, to call at Ladies' Exchange, room 1, over 128 Calhoun St. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Partner on the road in nice paying business; no capital required. Address L., Sentinel office. 23-2t

WANTED—To borrow $500 of private party; good real estate security. Address, E., care The Sentinel. 2312

WANTED—If you want to borrow money see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 16tf

WANTED—All kinds of cement work; guaranteed. Bridges & Foltz, 80 Calhoun Street; upstairs. Phone 414. 6-7-1m

WANTED—Boy well acquainted in city to drive grocery delivery wagon, call at 25 West Main street, 8 a. m. Thursday.

WANTED—Man and wife for branch office of our exchange; $80 per month. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—A good cook, one accustomed to a first-class boarding house preferred; wages, $25 per month. Address W., care Sentinel.

WANTED—1,000 laborers and teamsters for railroads in Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota. Room 1, over 120 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind 7-20-tf

WANTED Two or 3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping; man and wife; rent reasonable; west side preferred. Box 4, care Sentinel. 23-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to start in a money making business with my new patent in every county and state. Call on Mrs. Long, 64 Barr St. 7-8-1m

WANTED—Two rooms and board for husband, wife and two small children. Private house preferred. Address tonight. E. W., Room 19 Bass Block.

WANTED—Middle aged lady with $250 as partner in old established business; money secured by real estate. Room 1, over 128 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7-20-tf

WANTED—Men to work at the new pumping station of the Fort Wayne Gas Co., near Summitville, Ind.; good pay. Apply to C. J. Schwehn at the gas office. 22 tf

WANTED—Ladies, consult Mme. Place, M. B. C., in regard to your facial blemishes, 38 W. Wayne St. Electric bath, beauty culture, manicure and hair dressing parlors, for ladies only. 2-28-tf

WANTED—Mrs. Fitzgerald's employment office, 39 W. Washington st., has a number of nice places awaiting for girls; good wages. Apply at once. Have a colored coachman with good references. 16-tf

WANTED—Every man, woman and child to call at the Citizen's Trust Company, corner Berry and Clinton, and ask for one of the handsomest banks, furnished to all who desire to save money. Capital, $200,000. Interest paid on deposits. 8tf

WANTED—Lady stenographer; must write good hand and be quick at figures; none without experience need apply. Address at once. "Lady Stenographer," care Sentinel, in own handwriting; state salary expected. 2312

WANTED—Cancers, tumors, birthmarks and all morbid growths removed without the use of surgeon's ghastly knife. One application does the work. Cure guaranteed. Dr. Zimmerman, Sanitarium, 38 West Wayne street, corner Harrison, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-28-tf

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent., with privilege of partial payments; also money loaned on personal security; property for sale. P. A. & F. P. Randall, Bass block, Fort Wayne. d-wtf

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

C. B. FITCH,

65 CLINTON ST.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice 6-room house with barn on Harrison, near Creighton; price cut to $2,200. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Good 8-room house and 36-foot lot on E. Lewis St.; pavement paid; price reduced to $2,600. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Why not buy a lot in the Vesey addition, on Broadway, and double your money? W. E. Doud Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Cheap—An 8-room frame house; must be moved at once. Apply, Miss Flick, 33 W. Berry St. 7-17-tf

FOR SALE—Choice lots on Park ave. and on Broadway, now going at $400; must advance in price. W. E. Doud, agent.

FOR SALE—I will sell nice shady lots in Vesey's addition at $10 per month at same price as cash. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—If you want money on personal security see "ad" on second page, first column. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. 18tf

FOR SALE—Either of five modern residences between Williams grove and Reservoir lake at $2,200 to $5,000. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A grocery and saloon, doing a good business; reason for selling, other business. Address Box 14, care Sentinel. 6-5tf

FOR SALE—New 7-room house, in central west end; with bath complete. Price, $2,650. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR SALE—Eight-room house; open stairs; lot 32x150; water, gas, sewer; price $1,400. Val Rocholl, 25 Court St. Telephone 49 Main 5-16-tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain, new 7-room house on Fox St., near DeWald; has electric lights, water and gas; full lot. W. E. Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—The best lots in the most beautiful addition; for particulars ask about the Vesey addition. W. E. Doud, Agent, over Old National bank. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Good seven-room house and 36 foot lot on Grace avenue, $1,100; also six-room house on Fox street at $800; both must sell. W. E. Doud. 7-tf

FOR SALE—6-room house, with bath, lights and furnace; within 2½ blocks of postoffice; only $3,100. W. E. Doud, over Old National bank. 7-tf

FOR SALE—Any kind of reasonable terms granted on choice lots in Vesey's addition, on Broadway; first choice to buyers now. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Vesey addition lots, on Broadway; will soon be on car line; present prices will then advance; certainly an easy proposition. W. E. Doud, Agent. 7-3tf

FOR SALE—Newly remodeled 8-room residence; thoroughly modern; pays 9 per cent on $2,500; near electric works; and will only be sold as an investment. W. E. Doud. 7tf

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Four 40-acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles from city; 10 acres, 3 miles from city; 10 acres, 7 miles out; 13 acres, 5 miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles out; 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 5-room house, No. 7 Summit St., $1,250. Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & Co., 18 Harrison St. 4m20d&wtf

FOR SALE—A brick store on Main St., $3,300; will rent $25 a month. A 5-room house on Hugh St., $900. A 5-room house on Boone St., $1,050. A 7-room house on E. Williams St., $2,100. A 7-room house on Esmond St., a bargain. A 6-room house on Erie St. Twenty-two acres two miles from city limits, a bargain. A 6-room house on Cass St., $1,650. John T. Wagner, Real Estate and Loans, 23 Court St. 1-11-tf

FOR SALE—Lot, 198 feet front by 350 feet deep; on Maple Ave.; one of the finest locations surrounding Fort Wayne; good buildings, fruit trees and shrubery; natural gas. Anyone wishing a suburban home could have no better location. Lot on Clinton St., between Wayne and Washington Sts.; 75 feet front by 110 deep; good dwelling thereon. Two-story frame dwelling, 7 rooms, stable, natural gas, full lot, for $1,500; located on E. Loith St. Schrader & Wilson, first floor, 7 Court St. tf

FOR SALE—Lots 23, 24, 25, 26, on Huffman street, north side, extra high lots overlooking town to the south; street car extension expected this season or next, and is proposed to change name Huffman street to Huffman avenue; price of lots, $700 each; small payments, long time; also for sale, farther west, 18 lots platted as "Huffman Heights Addition" (the grove) corner Huffman and Andrew streets; price, $4,000, for entire plat, small payment, long time to suit; a rare bargain. Apply to Henry M. Williams, East Wayne St., opp. High school, or to any real estate agent. 7-6-tf

Greatly Reduced Prices on all Summer Goods.

All colored shirt waists sold for 75c and 85c, now.....48c
All colored waists sold for $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00, now.....98c
Balance of all our finest waists sold as high as $3.00 now..$1.39
$3.00 silk waists, made of good quality Japanese silk, white or black, for.....$1.96
Black broadcloth dress skirts (unlined), nicely trimmed with satin bands, well worth $5.00, for.....$3.50
Good wool walking skirts, well made blue, black and oxford gray, only.....$1.96

WELKER & NABLO,

Near Washington St. 118 Calhoun St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Switchmen—No. 78 meets at 140 Calhoun street, third floor.
Lathers—No. 40 meets at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
Christian Science—Services of First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church in old Jewish tabernacle on Harrison street.
Lodges—Fort Wayne Council, No. 4, R. and S. M.; Fort Wayne Chapter, No. 19, Royal Arch Masons; Mechecanunouhqua Tribe, No. 106, I. O. R. M.; Concordia, No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Fort Wayne lodge, No. 1547; Wayne Council, No. 35, Jr., O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne, No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty Council, No. 22, Knights and Ladies of Columbia; Old Fort Council, Royal League; Allen No. 29, Degree of Honor.
Robison Park Theater—Vaudeville.

Of course the weather has been almighty hot, but not hot enough to boil canal water sufficiently to make it fit to drink.

The official in Cuba in charge of the prosecution of Neely says he has evidence enough to convict the postal frauds embezzler. Doubtless; but will he use it?

If Admiral Schley fights his own battle as well as he fought the battles of his country he will confuse and confound his enemies as soon as the firing begins. The people believe in him and his complete vindication is expected.

The Younger outlaws who were recently pardoned from the Minnesota penitentiary will engage in the gravestone business. If they can get contracts for marking the graves of all the men they ushered from this vale of tears they will have plenty to do for a starter.

It is announced that Richard Croker is to return from England to lead the Tammany hosts in the great political battle to be fought in Greater New York this fall. Common sense, united action of independent citizens and a good candidate like Seth Low will make the Tammany chieftain a plain case of a boss who was. Unfortunately the necessary conditions cannot be relied upon.

The latest mail advices concerning the famine in the province of Shansi, China, reveal a most fearful condition of affairs. To many persons this will seem like a punishment invited upon the Chinese for their treacherous attacks upon the foreigners a year ago, but the worst of it is that the sufferers from the famine are mainly the innocent. The men who were primarily responsible for the anti-foreign uprising have not only escaped the severe punishment visited upon some of the dupes, but they are at present living in luxury while the poor are starving.

The attitude of the ameer of Afghanistan is causing uneasiness in British official circles. For some time past he has been working strenuously to increase the size and efficiency of his army and has supplied it with the latest improvements in small arms and artillery. Until very recently the London authorities have been confident that these preparations were the result of fear of an attack by Russia from Herat. Now there is a suspicion that a projected descent upon India in the Russian interest may be at the bottom of Abdurrahman's activity. That would be a grave matter. Great Britain's military position in the country is not a strong one at present. It would be difficult for the empire to deal with the Ameer alone. Were he to have the substantial backing of Russia the case would become alarming. Our British relatives appear to be increasingly in danger of paying a ruinous price for their South African whistle.

As a result of the visit of Adjutant General Corbin to Manila—and recent developments in the islands—he and General Chaffee have worked out a plan whereby they expect to reduce the American army of occupation 50 per cent and the expenses of military and civil administration 60 per cent. The plan is, briefly, to abandon the many garrisoned posts in all parts of the islands and concentrate the troops in three brigades to be stationed at most convenient points. The saving effected, aside from that incidental to reduction of the number of men, will be in rentals of barracks and the transport of supplies. The transport has been especially expensive, involving all means of carriage, including human packers. That will be done away with and ought to effect rather a larger saving than 60 per cent. The most gratifying aspect of the matter to the American people, however, is that it indicates an end to the slaughter.

WORK FOR THE COMMITTEE.

Much good doubtless will ensue from the deliberations of the committee of citizens Mayor Berghoff has asked to act with the city officials in some effort to propose a solution of the water problem in Fort Wayne.

This plan of considering the matter, however, emphasizes the fact that the people of Fort Wayne recently have been led to believe the problem itself was solved by a long and painstaking test of the air-lift system purposed to show in the first place if the deep well field could yield an abundance of pure water and secondly if the air-lift system would properly serve it to the people of this city.

Records and reports of the test occasionally given out were of a sort to cause public rejoicing. That they were officially viewed with conviction if not satisfaction finds best proof in the steps taken to provide the waterworks department with a complete air-lift installation involving the expenditure of many thousands of dollars. Two sets of bids have already been rejected, but the engineer employed in this special case is now under instructions to prepare new and more satisfactory specifications upon which further bids will be invited.

If the officials do not believe the test of the field and the demonstration of the air-lift system were satisfactory and conclusive they are culpably wrong in proceeding to the purchase and installation of an air-lift or any other new kind of pumping system. If the field test and demonstration of pumping water by air-lift were satisfactory and warranted immediate adoption of the system then the problem is solved and there only remains to practically apply the solution. It will be hard to convince persons who gave some attention to the air-lift test that there is not an abundance of water to be procured from the northside field. If, however, the matter is in any doubt let it be tested again, and more thoroughly than before. There is not much economy in temporizing with the water issue on any question of dollars and cents. The people want water and must have water. They do not want canal water and will not accept canal water much longer. Somebody will soon have to account for the waste of these many months which have elapsed since the air-lift system was resolved upon and during which not a single tangible result has been achieved.

You can monkey with some of the people all the time, and all of the people some of the time, but you cannot monkey with all the people all the time—especially where common necessity, general comfort, preservation of health and safety of life are involved.

The water problem committee can get a good start and work to advantage by beginning on the why and wherefore line when it takes up its labors.

Prices are better than right at Patterson's during the sale.

RILEY B. WON 2:07 PACE

TOOK SECOND HEAT EASILY AND FOURTH BY A NOSE.

Trouble in the 2:14 Trot at Cleveland—Driver Fined and Later Forced to Retire.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 24.—Yesterday's strong card at the Grand circuit races brought out an immense crowd. Weather conditions were perfect and the track in fine shape. In the 2:14 trot Dr. Book opened favorite at even money and won the first heat easily. In the second heat he fairly romped in a winner by three lengths, but the best he could do in the third heat was third place. The judges did not like the way Durfee handled Dr. Book in the third heat and he was called up in the stand, fined $100 and forced to give up the pole. In the fourth heat Durfee was taken down and Kenney substituted. The judges announced that this punishment was enforced upon Durfee for improper driving. At the end of the third heat all non-winners were retired to the barn. This left Janice, Dr. Book and Palm Leaf to battle for the money. Palm Leaf went out and won in straight heats.

In the second race the field got off in a bunch and raced inthis fashion to the quarter pole. Charley Hoyt led all the way, but broke in the stretch. Riley B. came out of the bunch like lightning and won the heat in easy fashion. In the third heat certain horses were considered not to be driven to win and the judges declared all bets off on this heat and returned all non-winners of heats to the barn. Riley B., the odds-on favorite, won the event by a nose from Eylet.

The third race went to Dan Patch in straight heats.

The King walked away from the field in the fourth race and won the 2:27 class trot in one-two order.

On Friday afternoon Cresceus, the king of the trotting stallions, holding the world's record of 2:04 (against time), will go an exhibition mile to beat his own record. Cresceus was paraded before the judges' stand by his owner, George Ketcham, of Toledo, and received a tremendous ovation. The summaries:

2:14 trot; purse, $1,500.

Palm Leaf, b m	8	3	6	1	1	1
Dr. Book, bg	1	1	3	2	7	3
Janice, b m	2	8	1	8	3	2
Gracie Onward, ch m.	3	6	4	3	2	dr
Gunsaulus, b s	9	4	2	5	6	dr
Axtello, b g	4	2	8	7	8	dr
Dot Miller, b m	7	5	7	4	4	dr
Senator K., blk g	6	7	5	6	5	dr
Our Lucky, b s	5	9	dr			

Time—2:10, 2:12½, 3:10¼, 2:11¾, 2:13½, 2:18¼.

2:07 pace; purse, $1,500:

Riley B., blk m	2	1	4	1
Eylet, gr m	6	4	1	2
Charley Hoyt, b h	1	5	6	ds
Daniel, b m	3	2	2	dr
Paul Revere, rn g	5	3	3	dr
Egozen, b s	7	6	5	dr
Edith, b m	4	7	7	dr

Time — 2:06½, 2:08¾, 2:11½, 2:09½.

2:15 pace; purse, $2,500:

Dan Patch, br s	1	1	1
Armorel, gr m	2	2	2
H. J. P., br g	3	3	3
Shecan, b g	4	4	4
Baroletta, b m	5	5	6
Ferrum, b g	8	6	5
Paulding Boy, b s	6	ds	
Lady All Right, ch m	7	dr	
Fred, the Kid	Dis		

Time—2:10½, 2:11½, 2:11½.

2:27 trot; purse, $1,200:

The King, b g	1	1
Iva Dee, b m	2	2
Marique, ch s	3	3
Petit Swazey, b m	4	6
Toledo Bee, ch g	6	4
Springdale, br s	5	7
Nutbearer, br g	8	5
Meta Arthur, br m	7	8
John Hooper, ch g	Dis	

Time—2:13¼, 2:13¾.

AGED PREACHER IS INSANE.

Cincinnati, O., July 24.—On the advice of the city hospital physicians, Rev. H. D. Moore, aged 78, one of the most widely known preachers in Cincinnati, was sent to the Longview asylum yesterday. The old preacher had been living with friends on McMillan street until taken to a private ward at the city hospital about three weeks ago. He is suffering from senile dementia. He was chaplain for the Thirteenth Maine regiment, under General Neal Dow, at the unveiling of Lincoln's monument at Springfield, Ill., in 1874 and Dr. Moore was the orator of the day.

SALISBURY PESSIMISTIC.

London, July 24.—In the house of lords last night the marquis of Salisbury made a pessimistic speech in support of the finance bill. The premier said: "The tendency to extravagance is increasing. We have had no choice. We have had to protect ourselves and must pay the cost. For years public opinion was in favor of a pacific policy, but now that opinion has passed away. The tide has turned. And who am I and who are we that we should attempt to stem the tide? If the tide has turned we shall have to go with it. We are in the presence of forces far larger than we can wield.

"The noble lord (referring to Baron Welby) has alluded to the celebrated passage in which Sidney Smith warned the American public against the dangers and discomforts attaching to the pursuit of glory. No doubt it was thought at the time to be a very wise lecture. But has it been successful? Has he induced the American people to adopt his views? On the contrary, we know that one of the most powerful engines of the state consists in appeals to that national and imperial sentiment to which we have been so much exposed and which we are so much bound to abide by."

SAYS IT'S DUE TO SPRINKLING

C. S. BASH TALKS OF THE WATER SUPPLY SHORTAGE.

Seedsman Gives Some Advice About Mowing and Caring for Lawns —His Solution.

C. S. Bash believes the shortage in Fort Wayne's water supply is due entirely to excessive and unnecessary sprinkling of lawns, and with these views Mr. Bash gives some suggestions about the care of lawns.

"I see," said Mr. Bash this morning, "that I have been named by the mayor as one of a committee to assist in solving the water problem. If the good people of Fort Wayne desire to assist the waterworks trustees in this emergency, they should at once refrain from watering lawns excessively and continuously, as they have been in the habit of doing. There will be no necessity for this waste of water if people will only allow the grass to grow a little longer as nature intended it should grow. It would be better for the lawn and would make a much better sod.

"Instead of that, people cut the grass entirely too short; the hot sun beats down upon the unprotected roots and burns it out, and the sun will have just this effect upon lawns closely cut whether they are watered or not. If people will allow the lawns to grow naturally for thirty days—and it will not be detrimental to the lawns—the problem will be solved. There is plenty of water for culinary purposes. I can take you to our farm and show you blue grass cut thirty days ago that is as green as any lawn in the city, and it has had no water except what has fallen from the heavens."

BENDERS REPORTED LOCATED.

Topeka, Kan., July 24.—The four members of the notorious Bender family, guilty of a score of murders, are said to have been located in Colorado and Governor Stanley yesterday issued requisitions for their apprehension. The accused consist of father, mother, daughter and son. The former two would now be more than 70 years old, while their children are past the 50 mark. They are now said to be near Fort Collins, Colo. Information to this effect was given to Governor Stanley by Frank Ayres of that place, who asserts that Kate Bender, the daughter, was once his wife. Four men who went to Colorado to identify her support the statement of Ayres. The Benders lived on a small farm near Galena and for years, as it developed after their flight twenty-seven years ago, had lured travelers to their place, murdered them for their money and buried their bodies in the yard around their home or under the house. The house was arranged with trap doors. All four members of the family were accused of aiding in the murders. An investigation into the disappearance of Dr. York, brother of a Kansas senator, who had stopped at the Benders, and whose bones were found beneath the house, led to the flight. Heavy rewards for their arrests were offered by the state, but they were never captured, although many false clews were run down.

WABASH-PERU LINE.

Wabash, Ind., July 24.—The line of the Wabash River Traction company through the city of Wabash, a distance of two miles, was completed last night, the last block through the asphalt being finished today. The trolley wire is strung along the entire twenty miles from Wabash to Peru, with the exception of three miles west of this city, and cars will be moved from the power house at Rich Valley, this county, Thursday.

MOONSHINERS ELUDE POSSE

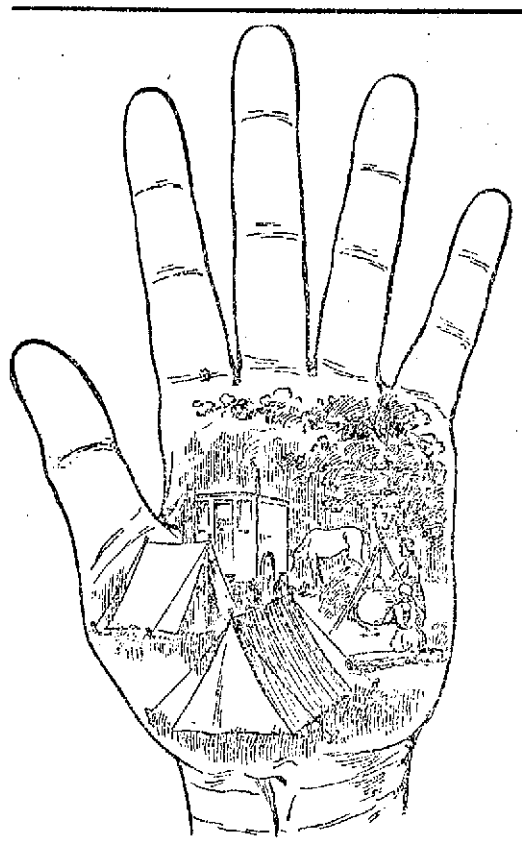
Nashville, Tenn., July 24.—The big posse of revenue officers and deputy marshals that went to Putnam county to aid in capturing the illicit still where the battle of Saturday occurred returned here last night. They found the still and destroyed it. None of its operators was caught, however, though the country was thoroughly searched for miles around. A posse of picked men was left on the scene to continue the search, but there is small chance of success as it is believed the murderous moonshiners are now far from the scene and are in protection of sympathizing moutaineers. The wounded officers are still alive and nothing further has been heard of the moonshiners hurt in the fight.

4 QUEENS OF PALMISTRY.

Now at 109 Calhoun St. 3 weeks only.

SEE Madge, Louise, Lottie and Zingara. Each and all experts in this line of business.

REMEMBER---This. Nothing ever here like this. Neat, Popular, Refined, and for ladies' and gentlemen. Open daily, except Sunday 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.



YOUR HAND READ FOR **10c**

See Gypsy Madge

And her band of four world's wonders.

One Hundred Dollars

Presented to any person who can find the equal of LOUISE THE GREAT.

Every Person Receives

A beautiful silver souvenir spoon free with 10c readings.

No Connection

With any others who have been here.

MAKE NO MISTAKE 109 Is Our Number.

We tell your fortune right for Ten Cents, Ladies or Gentlemen.

DEATH OF JUDGE N. O. ROSS.

Logansport, Ind., July 24.—Judge N. O. Ross, of this city, who died at a health resort in California, is said to have been the oldest practicing attorney in the world. He was aged 82 years, and began the practice of law just sixty-two years ago. He was holding the position of solicitor for the Panhandle at the time of his death, having under his jurisdiction fifteen counties. He leaves a son, George Ross, late judge of the Indiana appellate court. He is also grandfather of George E. Ross, the lad who recently equalled the world's record in a 100-yard dash. The remains will be brought here for burial. The Cass county bar will meet Saturday morning. It is expected that many prominent Indiana lawyers will be here to attend the meeting and funeral.

BOERS CAPTURE A TRAIN.

London, July 24.—The British war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, July 23:

"A train from Cape Town, with 113 men, details and stores, was held up, captured and burned at Scheepeers, eight miles north of Beufort west, on the morning of July 21. Our casualties were three killed and eighteen wounded. An inquiry is proceeding.

"French reports that Crabbe with 800 men was attacked in the mountains near Cradock by Kritzinger at dawn July 21. The Boers stampeded. An all-day fight occurred. Crabbe fell back on Mortimer. Our loss was slight."

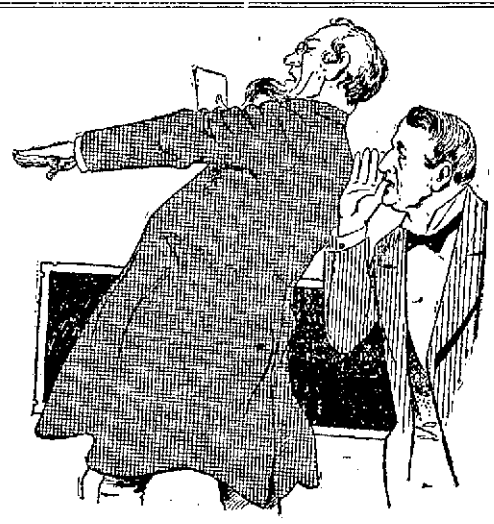
FELL TO HER DEATH.

Chicago, July 24.—A young woman supposed to be Mrs. B. DeGraffe, of LaCrosse, Wis., fell from a window of the sixth floor of the Morrison hotel early today and died an hour later at the county hospital. An awning which broke her fall prevented instant death. It is thought the woman sat on the window sill to get the air and either lost her balance or fell asleep.

This morning we received six dozen men's white negligee shirts to sell at $1.50. They're beauties.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

"It is a mystery I wish some scientific man would explain."
"What do you mean?"
"How such a hot-tempered woman as my wife can have such cold feet."



IN WASHINGTON.

Senator Sorghum (making a speech)—As Daniel Webster says in his great dictionary—

A Colleague (in a whisper)—Noah wrote the dictionary.

Senator Sorghum—Not on your life. Noah built the ark.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. In stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047.

We Cut Like This....

$1.00 Drugs and Medicines at 75c.

50c Drugs and Medicines at 38c.

25c Drugs and Medicines at 19c.

RHOADS, 97 Broadway.

Probably the most extraordinary journal in the world is published weekly in Athens. It is written in verse, even the advertisements.

The Pennsylvania Station,

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

†Daily. ‡Daily, except Sunday.

TIME TO WATCH BY	EASTWARD	WESTWARD
Valparaiso and Chicago.*	8 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago..*	3 30 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago	* 4 58 am	* 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Mansfield and Lima.....	*11 31 pm	†11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg..	*11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.	† 7 30 am	†10 30 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago.	†12 15 pm	†12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg.	†12 40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago..	* 4 18 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline.....	† 7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....	* 7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....	* 9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila.....	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.	* 4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago.	*10 15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY.
In effect June 30, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north.....	11 55 p m
" " " "	5 10 a m
" " " "	4 15 p m
†From Richmond arrives.....	8 05 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

*For Richmond and Cincinnati.....	1 45 a m
" " "	5 55 a m
" " "	12 30 p m
†From Grand Rapids arrives.....	6 50 p m

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901

Going West.		Going East
5:50 a. m.	Daily.	5:53 a. m.
9:37 a. m.	Daily.	8:20 a. m.
5:50 p. m.	Daily.	11:45 a. m.
8:20 p. m.	Daily.	6:30 p. m.
11:00 p. m.	Sunday only.	7:30 a. m.

From Peru daily, arrive, 8:20 a. m.
From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr. 8:00 p. m.
Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART. .

No. 2 Mail and Express.....	7 20 a.m.
No. 4 passenger.....	7 00 p.m.
No. 6 Mixed	3:15 p.m.
No. 32 Local freight.....	8 00 a.m.

ARRIVE

No. 31 Local freight.....	5 30 p.m.
No. 5 Mixed.....	11 00 a.m
No. 3 Mail and Express.....	3 50 p.m
No. 1 Passenger.....	10 55 a.m

Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

NICKEL PLATE

9-530-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 6.....	1 30
Nickel Plate Express, No. 9.....	3 15
Eastern Express, No. 4.....	7 55
Local Freight.....	17 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	**DEPART**
Standard Express, No. 5.....	2 30
Western Express, No. 1.....	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3.....	12 40
Local Freight.....	17 05

†Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. E. & W. R.R. TIME CARD. In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
450 Express and Mail.....	11 35 a.m
462 Local Freight.....	2 50 p.m
410 Express and Mail.....	3 50 p.m
Northbound.	**Depart.**
463 Local Freight.....	6 40 a.m
457 Express and Mail.....	11 55 a.m
453 Express and Mail.....	5 00 p.m

All trains daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.

In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday..	5 30 a.m
No. 41 Express and Mail, except Sun...	7 10 a.m
No. 11 Express and Mail, except Sun...	4 15 p.m
No. 43 Express and Mail, Sunday only..	6 50 p.m
North Bound.	**Arrive**
o. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun...11 40 a.m	
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday.. 4 40 p.m	
42 Express and Mail, except Sun...10 55 p.m	
44 Express and Mail, Sunday only.. 10 15 a.m	

QUESTION OF CONSTITUTION

RAISED IN PHILIPPINES IN CASES OF OATHS.

Obligation Is to Sovereignty of the United States and Not the Organic Law.

[Correspondence of Associated Press.]

Manila, June 12.—The passing today by the Philippine commission of the act organizing the courts of the archipelago was preceded by two interesting incidents, both of which brought out authoritative statements from President Taft. The first was in reference to the wording of the oath of office to be taken by judges.

Support of the constitution of the United States (which all officials in the United States subscribe to in their oaths of office) was purposely omitted from this oath, but recognition of the supreme authority of the United States was included. Judge Ide, author of the judiciary bills, held that swearing to support the United States constitution which has already been decided, in that at least one feature of that instrument (uniformity of duties clause), does not apply in the Philippines, would be improper. He considered that discussion of the meaning of the constitution as affecting powers and duties of United States officials in the Philippines would be of no service here, since these questions are in process of settlement in the United States supreme court.

Replying to a question by Senor Paterno (former secretary of state in the Aguinaldo cabinet) as to whether since it was generally assumed that the constituiton follows the flag the oaths of office of Philippine officials should not include support of the constitution, Judge Taft said:

"The oath to support the laws of the Philippine islands, if the validity of these laws depends upon the constituion of the United States, is an oath to support laws enacted in accordance with the constitution of the United States. There has been so much discussion of the issue presented in this form, 'does the constitution of the United States follow the flag of the United States?' that it was thought best not to invite discussion by changing the form of oath from that which had originally been adopted by the military government when the commission came here.

"Personally, I think that statement of the issue is exceedingly misleading. Every person who comes to these islands accredited as an officer or agent of the United States government derives his authority from some officer who was appointed under the constitution of the United States; therefore, it seems to me that to say the constitution has no operation in these islands is to say something which logically cannot be sustained, and the real question is not whether the constitution extends to these islands, but what clauses of the constitution affect the government of them.

"In other words, the real issue is whether congress or the president, acting under the constitution in asserting the authority of the United States in these islands, is restricted by certain limitations in that constitution which certainly apply to the action of the president and apply to the action of congress in dealing with the states.

"Now, the constitution contains a clause which requires all duties on imports to be uniform throughout the United States. The supreme court has, in a recent decision, news of which came yesterday, decided that that clause of the constitution does not apply to government created by congress in Porto Rico and these islands. The statement that the constitution is in operation in these islands may thus mean one thing to one person and another thing to another. Why, therefore, introduce into an oath of office a form of statement which might lead to misconstruction? Why not follow the old form which serves every purpose?"

CECIL RHODES RESWORN.

London, July 24.—King Edward held a privy council at Marlborough house this morning, when Mr. Cecil Rhodes was resworn as a member of the council.

See the new neckwear at Patterson's.

Letter Carrier William Stahl is not suffering from a relapse of typhoid fever, as has been stated, but from a sunstroke sustained last Friday. Mr. Stahl is improving nicely.

URGES PLANTING OF TREES.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 24.—John P. Brown, secretary of the International Society of Arboriculture, has completed an interesting report on the forestry conditions in the United States in which he strongly advises the planting of trees on unused railroad lands for economical purposes. In May, 1900, Mr. Brown, at the request of J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, president of the International Society of Arboriculture, and the late Collis P. Huntington, then president of the Union Pacific railroad, undertook an extensive tour of the United States, and his report is based upon the observations made during that trip. He argues that during the next two decades 3,000,000 of railroad ties will be needed and the demand should be supplied by the planting of trees in lanes parallel to the tracks at the rate of 640 trees to the mile. In sixteen years they would produce enough ties to relay the mile of track.

IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

London, July 24.—A parliamentary paper issued today gives the number of persons in the concentration camps in South Africa in June as follows: White,, 85,410; colored, 23,489. There were 777 deaths among the whites in the camps, the list including 576 children. The deaths among the colored prisoners numbered five.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Reading, Pa., July 24.—This afternoon the men who remained at work in the locomotive plant held a meeting and decided not to strike at this time. Some said they would continue at work as long as no new men were put into the shops. Vice President Voorhees left for Philadelphia at noon. He claimed that what he offered the men was as much as some competing roads were paying. The leaders declare that the strike will now spread.

LOCAL LINES.

Miss Waunetah Ward is visiting friends at Chicago.

Miss Frances Dierken, of Maples, is the guest of relatives in the city.

Miss Amelia Zamer left for Chicago this morning to visit friends for a few weeks.

Miss Hazel Cook left today for Valparaiso, where she will spend three weeks with relatives.

The Ladies' Aid society will hold a social at the home of Mrs. Frank Starkle, 39 East First street, tomorrow evening.

Joseph Bursley, son of G. E. Bursley, was able to be out today for the first time after an extended illness from typhoid fever.

Miss Ruby Boyd, who has been the guest of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Stemen for several weeks, leaves tomorrow for her home in Leavenworth, Kan.

Fort Camp No. 758, Royal Neighbors, will give an ice cream social tomorrow evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Lichtenwalter, 208 West Creighto navenue.

Invitations have been issued for the approaching marriage of Miss Elsie F. Bell and Charles H. Geyer. The ceremony will occur August 10 at the home of the bride, 410 West Main street.

The Library Hall Athletic association will give an ice cream social on the lawn near the hall tomorrow evening. Schroeder's band will furnish music and the Hibernian Rifles will give an exhibition drill.

Miss Maggie Evans, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Evans, of Bloomingdale, sustained a sunstroke while out picnicking on July 4th. The girl has been in a serious condition for several days with convulsions, but she is somewhat improved and hopes are entertained for her recovery.

There will be a slight change in the program at the Robison park theater, commencing tomorrow evening, when Lizzie Evans and Harry Mills will produce the new playlet by George Foster Platt, entitled, "The Country Dance." The little comedy sets forth the simple love story of a country boy and girl in the early '60's, giving an opportunity for the quaint costuming of that period. It is a happy conceit, built on natural and amusing lines.

Trunks, traveling bags and suit cases discounted 10 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

A ROW IN ASSYRIAN COLONY

TWO JUSTICE COURTS BUSY IN SETTLING IT.

One Party Capitsed on An Account and a General War Ensues—Attorney Has Experience.

Justices France and Tancey's offices were nothing but a weird babel of sounds this morning and the 96 Fahrenheit atmosphere was clogged with interrogation points and unpronounceable cuss words. The state of affairs was all brought about by a revolution and insurrection in the Syrian colony. It appears that Assid Rick owed Habig Kantoss $27.27 for goods which he peddled out. Assid neglected to settle and Habig wanted his money, so he got out a capias and intercepted Assid, who was taken to jail. Then his friends came to the rescue and the judgment was paid, but that did not settle the grudge, as a fight occurred soon after at the store of the Kantoss brothers on Spy Run avenue. Somebody got licked, but nobody seems to know who, except possibly the fellow who got the pummelling, and he can't talk enough English to explain what all the fracas was about. Affidavits were filed in France's court against George Nasar, H. Nasar and Mose Shadie for assault and battery on William Kantoss, and the first two were convicted and fined. Then William Kantoss was fined $1 and costs for assault and battery on Assid Rick. From this time on the course of justice was erratic and considerably obscured by strange phrases in a foreign tongue, dangerous looking gesticulations by a lot of people who were not considered in the game before. The seat of war drifted into Tancey's court, where affidavits were filed against Habig Kantoss, Thyer Kantoss, Hahn Hanna and George Hanna for assault and battery on George Nasar, while another set of affidavits were filed against William and Salem Kantoss for trespass, they being charged with walking over a lot of dishes and things in the home of George Nasar, where they went to start a rough house. Attorney Hugh Keegan, who had been retained to defend some of the participants, spent some valuable time preparing appeal bonds and when he presented them to his clients for signature he found that, unbeknown to him, they had stepped up to the desk and paid their fines, and all his trouble went for naught. Finally the cases against the Kantosses were dismissed and everybody, including lawyer Keegan and the prosecuting witnesses chipped in to pay the fines already assessed. Salem Bashara was present in the role of interpreter, but had little to do save digging down every once in a while to help to pay somebody's fine.

Carl James has filed an affidavit in Tancey's court charging Harry Shofe with assault and battery. James went to Shofe to collect a bill, but the latter gentleman instead of settling took a swipe at the collector's head and then tried to bite a piece out of his arm.

Doctors Harrod, Stutz and McOscar and Justice Bullerman will sit as a commission in lunacy tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the justice's office.

Zealous Hopkins was on trial today in Bullermann's court for assault and battery on Cyrus Miller. The assault is alleged to have been committed on the 15th of the present month. Mr. Hopkins pleaded not guilty to the charge.

WITH THE BOYS IN CAMP.

(Indianapolis Sentinel.)

William Walles of Company D, of the Third dregiment dislocated his left knee cap yesterday morning during drill practice by stepping in a hole. As a result of this accident he will be laid up all week and will miss all drill work. He was taken to the hospital. Waltes' home is in Fort Wayne.

William C. Pelz, of Battery B, Fort Wayne, is mourning the loss of his sweetheart's photograph. He claims that it was purloined from his tent while he was on guard duty. "The picture was a present from my girl," he said, "who sent it to me just before I left home, and if I can find the guy that swiped it, there'll be something doing in Battery B."

STRIKE WILL CONTINUE.

Reading, Pa., July 24.—The strike of Philadelphia and Reading railroad shop hands here will continue. Vice President Voorhees was here this morning and had a fifteen and one-half minute conference with the employes' strike committee. He had no wage schedule to submit and offered no new proposition. Mr. Voorhees said the company's offer was made to the men at Monday night's conference. "The strike will continue," said the committee, as they left Mr. Voorhees.

ELKS TO MEET IN SALT LAKE.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 24.—Salt Lake City was today selected for the grand lodge of Elks as the place for holding the next convention. The following officers of the grand lodge have been elected:

Grand Exalted Ruler—Charles E. Pickett, Waterloo, Iowa.

Grand Esteemed Leading Knight, by acclamation—Al. G. Field, Columbus, O.

Grand Esteemed Loyal Knight—William B. Brock, Lexington, Ky.

Grand Esteemed Lecturing Knight—Judge A. H. Pickens, Denver, Col.

Grand Secretary—George A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich., by acclamation.

Grand Treasurer—E. C. Orris, Meadville, Pa., by acclamation.

Grand Trustee (three-year term)—Henry W. Mears, Baltimore.

Grand Tyler—Joseph Henning, Anderson, Ind., by acclamation.

Secretary C. B. Woodworth, of the state board of pharmacy, together with his clerical force, are busily engaged in sending out the new certificates of registration to the 4,500 druggists in Indiana, and it is expected the work will be completed this week. The secretary's office is in the Ninde block.

A HONEYMOON CAR.

Ever hear of a honeymoon car? The only one in America that really qualifies for that term is run from Haverhill to Boston every night by Conductor "Billy" Chase, who has the record for dragging the newly married over the rails. There is not a night of the year, except Fridays and the 13th days, that this train does not carry the bride and the groom. They all seem to patronize it, although they all know what is in store for them from jovial friends. Rice, placards, signs, spoken jests and a thousand and one reminders that they are on their honeymoon is the fate of those who travel with Mr. Chase. Famous for years, it is no wonder that fun is ever on the increase when the conductor calls "All aboard!"

Mr. Chase is full of stories of the tricks that are played on his patrons One time, he says, when William E. Russell, the magueteic young man, whole hearted and overflowing with kindness, was on board, it was mentioned that there were eight bridal couples in the honeymoon car. Russell wanted to see what they looked like, so the conductor and the governor passed through. Russell stopped at each seat and shook hands with every man and wife, wishing them all the happiness in the world.

Then, when a side station was reached, he sent out for cigars for the men and little keepsakes for the women. There wasn't a man or woman aboard who didn't hear later of the death of this democratic executive with genuine regret.

The only time a couple ever escaped attention on the honeymoon train was when a young man, at the advice of Mr. Chase, chartered a private car and had it hitched to the main stem. The doors were locked, and when the hundred of mischief-loving friends trooped down they were told the couple were not aboard. They wanted to know what was in the closed car, and the conductor assured them it was filled with damaged furniture being taken to the repair shops. Then they wanted to enter, but Chase told them the car was going to be dumped at a siding and they desisted. So the man and his wife escaped to Boston, but that was the only time any such couple ever went unscathed through the honeymoon route.

STATE TO OWN UTILITIES.

According to authoritative announcements, the government of Canada has decided to nationalize the telegraphs and the telephones of the dominion. The business elements are said to be nearly unanimous in support of this reform. The government counts on an annual surplus of some $7,000,000, and its income is increasing under the usual prosperity of the country. It has, therefore, become possible to take the step contemplated for years, but heretofore precluded by lack of available funds. The government already operates some small telegraph lines, and not unsuccessfully. The telephones, if taken over at the same time as the telegraph, will be placed in the hands of the respective municipalities to be managed by them. It is hardly necessary to add that the employes of the companies are anxious to become the servants of the state, knowing, as they do, that from the government they would secure better terms and greater consideration.

Canada is only following the example of Great Britain in this respect. The telegraph was nationalized in England about thirty years ago, and while there have been complaints of inefficiency, red tape and lack of progressive spirit on the part of the post office department, which controls it, there is no agitation in favor of a return to operation by private companies.—Chautauquan.

LIPTON PREPARES TO START.

London, July 24.—Sir Thomas Lipton has arrived at Greenock to supervise the completion of the preparations which are to fit the Shamrock II. for her sea trip to America. The work is being rapidly pushed forward and if all goes well the cup challenger may leave Greenock today or if she does not get away so soon, it is anticipated that her departure cannot be delayed longer than the end of this week. Sir Thomas Lipton will not accompany the yacht to America but expects to leave for New York about the middle of next month.

BRITAIN'S NAVAL STRENGTH.

Counting the warships built and building, the naval tonnage of Great Britain exceeds that of France, Germany and Russia combined, but by a very narrow margin. It exceeds that of France, the United States and Germany by even a smaller margin. As now ranked Great Britain maintains a large lead over all, both in the existing strength and tons building, with France next. Then comes Russia, and behind her the United States, which has displaced Germany and lead her by 3,000 tons displacement.

DID THE JOB WELL.

In a little western town the other day the most popular citizen soundly whipped a tough character, and to vindicate the majesty of the law the offender was brought up for trial. The jury was out about two minutes. "Well," said the judge, "what have the jury to say?" "May it please the court," responded the foreman, "we, the jury, find that the prisoner is not guilty of hittin' with intent to kill, but simply to paralyze; and he done it."

AUSTRALIAN APPLES.

Parts of Australia are becoming lively rivals to Canada and the United States in the European trade. Tasmania, especially, has been found a first-class apple-raising country. There are 8,378 acres in apple orchards there and the product in 1899 was 363,915 bushels.

The French tax on street signs "varies with the size of the offense." Last year added over seven hundred thousand dollars to the public treasury. In the United States vast street signs can shut out the air and the view and overwhelm everything in sight without paying a cent in taxation.

The greatest bay on the face of the earth is that of Bengal. Measured in a straight line from the two inclosing peninsulas its extent is about four hundred and twenty thousand square miles, or nearly double that of Texas.

You can get a good dinner or a good supper for 25c at Robison Park during the week. 22t6

Prices that echo throughout the city at Paterson's.

You can get a good dinner or a good supper for 25c at Robison Park during the week. 22t6

Straw hats discounted 20 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Rathbone Sisters concert and social at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

The United Kingdom has 850 blast furnaces; France, 570.

Falling of the Womb.

ZOA PHORA, THE GREATEST KNOWN CURE FOR LEUCORRHEA, CHANGE OF LIFE, PAINFUL MENSES, KIDNEY, LIVER OR BLADDER TROUBLE.

THE ONLY SAFE, SURE AND EVER-READY REMEDY IN THE THREE DANGER PERIODS IN A WOMAN'S LIFE—TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

Zoa Phora cures leucorrhea, painful or suppressed menstruation, flooding, laceration, kidney, liver or bladder trouble, falling of the womb and change of life.

MRS. MARY A. BLOUNT,
Montpelier, Ind.

It serves as a steady hand to guide the frail and sickly girl through the trying period that opens to her the untraveled path of womanhood. It proves through the trying times of motherhood a "woman's friend" as she passes to the last period in womanly life Zoa Phora is still her friend and mainstay—bringing her through the third dangerous change in woman's life, safe and soundly healthy. Women by the thousands testify to the wonderful effect of Zoa Phora on their general health as well as to its marvelous power in correcting and permanently strengthening when weak.

The story of Mrs. Mary A. Blount, of Montpelier, Ind., will interest you. She says: "When I began to experience change of life I was forced to employ doctors. I tried one after another without relief. Then I turned to patent medicines. For four or five years I did this and steadily grew worse. Finally Zoa Phora was recommended to me and without any faith I decided to try it. The result was truly wonderful. I began to improve right away, and was soon completely cured. The Zoa Phora did it. From my own personal knowledge I know what a great benefit your Zoa Phora is to young girls during the change and I will be glad to furnish information to anxious mothers who may write me."

Zoa Phora is for sale by druggists, but will be sent direct, prepaid, on receipt of price, one dollar a bottle. If you are a sufferer you can make no mistake in taking Zoa Phora at once. If you are interested or have a friend who is a sufferer send for the book telling why Zoa Phora cures. It is sent free, as is advice, on application from our lady physician. All communications strictly confidential.

We will be glad to send you a trial bottle free upon receipt of 10c to cover cost of postage and packing. Address, Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A dish washer. Transfer Lunch Room, corner Main and Calhoun St.

Miss Flick,

The Leading Florist.

Fine cut flowers, palms, ferns and fancy foliage plants.

Decorations to please you.

Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

EVERY MORNING....

When you get up stop a moment and think if you are going to buy anything that day in the clothing line, and if you are, don't forget to remember that Patterson will sell it to you cheaper than any one else and at the same time give you the best clothing made. EVERY NIGHT before retiring stop a moment and think of something pure and sweet; some good thing that you may do—it will help to bring pleasant dreams. In the morning it is different. Patterson's low prices are no dreams. They're real life, and if you have the inclination to do good—by trading with us you'll have more money to do good with. Our sale is a great money saver.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

CELERY KING NATURE'S REMEDY

A Cure for Constipation.

I have been troubled with constipation for years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has worked all it does, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medford, Ohio.

Celery King cures Constipation, Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney disorders. 25

AEROFORM For Painless Extracting. WEISELL'S NEW METHOD

Safe, pleasant and effective.
The patient while conscious of the operation, FEELS NO PAIN.
It produces no change in color, pulsation or circulation.
The effects pass off rapidly without sickness or any bad results.

The Weisell Dental Parlors,

36 Calhoun St. Home 'Phone 1226

36 Years Experience. Everything Up-to-date.

GOLD and SILVER Fillings. Weisell's Artificial Teeth. Best in the World. GOLD CROWNS and GOLD BRIDGES.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Nowell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."
C. H. Keerz, 1011 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 313

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Summer Comforts.

BATH AND TOILET ACCESSORIES.

Bath Sponges and Towels, Fine Soaps, Toilet Waters and Perfumes.

TOILET POWDERS.

We have a large assortment of various qualities, ranging in price from 10c to 25c.

FOOT POWDERS.

Are now considered indispensable to comfort.

Call and see our stock. We can please you.

RANKE & NUSSBAUM PHARMACISTS, 88 CALHOUN ST.

Attention, Bargain Lovers!

I have made money for others, why not for you? Call and see me about the following property, which I offer for sale:

Eight room house and good sized lot, west end; price $1,700.

Seven-room brick, in good condition, west end; price $1,800.

Ten-room modern house, steam heat, full size lot, asphalt street, alley brick, all clear, west end; price, $6,000.

Six room house in Bloomingdale, asphalt pavement, all clear; price, $1,650.

Five-room house, West DeWald, three blocks from Calhoun; price, $1,650.

Seven-room house, full size corner lot, East Creighton avenue, near Hanna; price, $1,500.

Eight room house, new, lot 36x140, on Pontiac, near Lafayette; price, $1,500.

Val. C. Rocholl,

23 Court Street. Phone 49, Main.

The new cone on Mount Vesuvius, formed during the late eruptions, has been suddenly engulfed into the crater. The mountain has now assumed its old appearance.

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Matthews	47	34	.580
Grand Rapids	47	35	.573
Dayton	44	37	.543
Toledo	40	38	.526
Fort Wayne	43	40	.518
Wheeling	38	38	.500
Marion	34	48	.415
Columbus	29	54	.349

Phil Ehret has red hair.

This plain statement of an incontrovertible fact is interjected solely for the purpose of disillusioning the public mind. A libel of long standing has been in circulation, lo, these centuries, that a red-headed man could not control his temper and this self-same libel Mr. Ehret met and bearded in its own den and threw it out on the green sword, limp, lifeless and without standing in the community. For control of ball and temper both hereafter commend us to "Red" Ehret. The first three innings of yesterday's game with Walter Wilmot's Wanderers were a nightmare and will long trouble the repose of the small bunch of fans who saw the game. Seven errors—seven, count 'em, seven—were captured by the locals in those three innings, and off those errors and two safe hits five runs were scored, and that is all that the visitors secured in the game, although they got three more hits and had the magnificent support of two more Fort Wayne errors before the game was over, but it got them nothing. Now, mind you, throughout this entire pre-historic period, our friend with the illuminated head-piece didn't do a thing but stand right in the box and pitch shut-out ball all the time, just as though an average of three errors to an inning was the least that he could expect. He never lost his head, never gave an indication of disgust, and never let down a second. He let the visitors down with five hits, and although the Fort Wayne boys were busy with the stick and secured sixteen hits off Byrnes, it was due to "Red's" steadiness and nerve that "Doggie's" men pulled a victory out of what looked like a slaughtering bee in the forepart of the game. There was a little more ginger in evidence yesterday, and Wilmot cut out a few of his baby acts and grand stand plays, with which he annoyed the crowd the day before. Nattress caught five of Fort Wayne's errors, but he made good at bat, making three hits in four times at bat, while he crossed the plate three times; it was the clever little short stop's off day and the audience, instead of feeling resentful toward him, extended to him the glad hand and consecrated with him on his hard luck. Smink umpired his first game, and if he can keep up the pace he set for himself yesterday he will shine as the best umpire in the league. His judgments on balls and strikes is good, and all his decisions are given promptly and with decision that admits of no debate; he put Lally out of the game yesterday in the second inning for disputing a called strike, after the batsman had popped up a little one to first base. Luther was sent to left field in Lally's place and after that there was little wrangling with the umpire. Hardesty, the new first baseman, arrived yesterday and was at the initial sack in yesterday's game. He had been up all night on his ride here from Kansas City and was not in the best form. Daniels will pitch today's game. Following is the book of yesterday's comedy.

FORT WAYNE.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nattress, ss.	4	3	3	2	2	5
Bevans, lf.	3	0	0	5	0	1
McCann, cf.	5	0	3	2	0	0
Babb, 3b.	4	1	2	0	2	1
Hardesty, 1b	4	1	1	8	1	1
F. Miller, 2b	4	2	3	2	2	1
G. Miller, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Fuller, c.	4	0	3	6	0	0
Ehret, p.	2	1	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	8	16	27	7	9

GRAND RAPIDS.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McFarland, cf	5	1	0	1	0	0
Lally, lf.	2	1	0	1	0	0
Luther, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Wilmot, rf.	5	0	0	1	1	0
Grimm, c.	5	1	2	5	3	0
Jacobs, 3b.	5	2	0	1	1	1
Evans, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Smith, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	0
Zalusky, 1b.	4	0	2	9	0	0
Byrnes, p.	4	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	41	5	5	*23	14	1

*Ehret out, hit by batted ball.

By innings—
Ft. Wayne 1 0 3 2 0 0 1 1 *— 8
Gd. Rapids 3 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0— 5

Earned runs—Fort Wayne, 5. Two-base hit—F. Miller. Sacrifice hits—Bevans, 2. Stolen base—Jacobs. First base on balls—Off Byrnes, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Byrnes, 2. Struck out—By Ehret, 5; by Byrnes, 5. Double play—Wilmot to Zalusky. Umpire—Smink. Time—1:40. Attendance—200.

OTHER ASSOCIATION GAMES

TOLEDO, 3; DAYTON, 2.

Toledo, Ohio, July 24.—Joss had the better of the pitching, but Coggswell's support was perfect yesterday. The home team bunched hits in the tenth with two men out. Score:

Toledo... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1—3
Dayton... 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Hits—Toledo, 12; Dayton, 7. Errors—Toledo, 2; Dayton, 0. Batteries—Joss and Graffius; Coggswell and Cross.

WHEELING, 3; COLUMBUS, 4.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 24.—Two hits and Streit's home run in the second yesterday gave Wheeling three runs, but after that they could not touch Wagner. In the eighth inning Streit let down and Columbus bunched three runs, winning the game. Score:

Wheeling... 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Columbus.. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0—4

Hits—Wheeling, 11; Columbus, 7. Errors—Wheeling, 5; Columbus, 1. Batteries—Streit and Fox; Wagner and Zinram.

MATTHEWS, 7; MARION, 6.

Marion, Ind., July 24.—Matthews won its first game yesterday afternoon since the transfer from Indianapolis. Pitchers Pfeister and Nonnemaker proved easy for the visitors. Score:

Marion.... 0 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 2—6
Matthews.. 1 0 2 1 3 0 0 0 *—7

Hits—Marion, 12; Matthews, 11. Errors—Marion, 2; Matthews, 3. Batteries—Pfeister, Nonnemaker and Kellner; Schlorf and Williams. Umpire—Hornung. Attendance—200.

GAMES TODAY.

Columbus at Wheeling.
Dayton at Toledo.
Grand Rapids at Fort Wayne.
Matthews at Marion.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	44	30	.595
St. Louis	44	33	.571
Philadelphia	41	33	.554
Brooklyn	41	35	.539
New York	33	35	.485
Boston	33	38	.465
Cincinnati	32	42	.432
Chicago	30	52	.365

GAMES YESTERDAY.

St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 6.
Philadelphia, 2; Boston, 1.
Pittsburg, 9; Cincinnati, 2.
New York, 3; Brooklyn, 8.

GAMES TODAY.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	49	28	.636
Boston	45	27	.625
Detroit	39	29	.573
Baltimore	41	35	.539
Washington	31	35	.470
Philadelphia	31	39	.443
Cleveland	30	45	.400
Milwaukee	24	53	.316

GAMES YESTERDAY.

Milwaukee, 7; Boston, 9.
Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 0.
Cleveland, 9; Washington, 0. (Forfeited).

GAMES TODAY.

Washington at Chicago.
Boston at Milwaukee.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Baltimore at Cleveland.

THE "CRIS'Z'UN" CLUB.

Jack Grim and "Germany" Smith, of the Grand Rapids ball club, were the guests of honor at a little entertainment given by the "Chris'z'un" club last evening. The host of the evening was Eddie O'Meara, who served an elegant fish dinner in the summer garden at the rear of his place, corner of Jefferson and Calhoun streets. Some twenty elegant black bass, fresh from the lake, were served with appropriate garnishments, and there was no lack of other refreshments and food, and all without price. Members of the Fort Wayne ball club and invited guests were present and the evening was passed pleasantly, the occasion being replete with toats, songs and stories. Fish stories of every description were barred, which was responsible for Pete Daniels' retirement early in the evening.

BASE BALL NEWS.

The Bloomingdale Clover Leafs challenge the Pilsners for a return game.

Matthewson was batted out of the box yesterday, for the first time this season.

Wiley Piatt, dropped by Baltimore, has wired for a job with Armour and will probably become an Old Soldier.

Harry Criss, the umpire, is minus his left arm, but his right flu is all right, and he is something of a bowler.

Cupid Childs, of Toledo, says the class of ball in the Western Association is as good as is played in the National. Cupid is foxy and does not want to go down the toboggan if he can help it.

The Commercials are looking for Saturday afternoon games with any team in the city. Address 178 East Lewis street.

Nattress had five errors to his credit but the little short stop made three hits out of four times up, and scored three runs.

The specials defeated the Gay Street Stars by a score of 38 to 14. Batteries, R. Stankey, A. Dinklage, M. Burns; H. Quinn and J. Gerten.

Matthews won its first game yesterday since being transferred from Indianapolis. The Wanderers jumped back into first position with the kindly aid of Fort Wayne.

Grand Rapids Press: "Monte McFarland and Bill Smink are the latest candidates for umpire in the Western association. McFarland may do, but heaven save us from Dirty Bill."

The game between the local traveling men's team and the Toledo drummers Saturday at League park promises to be a hot one. The first edition of tickets have been sold, and a second is in print. It is probable that ground rules will be necessary as the ball grounds will be too small to accomodate the crowd. A special ambulance service will be put on, and trips will be made every three minutes.

Bill Smink umpired his first game yesterday afternoon, and gave good satisfaction. Smink's action in putting Lally out of the game when the burly outfielder became abusive, was highly commended, and if Smink continues to give as good satisfaction as he did yesterday, he will do.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, July 24.—Corn opened wild again today, September selling 3⅝@3¾c to 1⅛@1¼c higher at 56c to 57⅛c. During the next hour the market reacted to 56⅜c. The demand came chiefly from professional longs and local shorts who were influenced by the weather map and damage claims. Missouri and Nebraska reported conditions worse than ever. Receipts were 174 cars.

September closed strong, 1⅛@1⅝c higher at 56⅞c.

Wheat opened strong and excited on higher cables, strength of northwestern markets, and in sympathy with corn. September sold from 72c to 73c, 1⅝c to 2⅝c over yesterday's close. The buying was led by local shorts. Liquidations caused a reaction to 71⅛c, where the market steadied and rallied to 71⅜c. Local receipts were 275 cars. 36 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 148 cars, against 176 last week and 251 a year ago.

After touching 71⅛c September advanced later on reports of hot weather in the northwest and closed strong, September 1⅞c higher at 72½c.

September oats opened active and strong in sympathy with corn. September sold ⅛@⅜c to 1⅝@1¾c higher at 36c to 37⅛c. There was a heavy demand from a recently formed short interest. Then liquidation set in and September reacted to 36⅜c. Receipts were 76 cars.

Provisions were quiet and steady in sympathy with corn. September pork opened 2½@5c higher at $14.42½@14.45 and sold to $14.52½; September lard a shade lower at $8.70, selling to $8.72½, and September ribs 5c lower to 2½c higher at $7.92½@8.00, advancing early to $8.05.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—July, 70½c; Sept., 72¼c; Oct., 73c.

Corn—July, 55½c; Sept., 56⅞c.

Oats—July, 36c; Sept., 36¼c.

Pork — July, $14.32½; Sept., $14.52½; Oct., $14.45; Jan., $14.90.

Lard—July, $8.65; Sept., $8.72½@8.75; Oct., $8.75@8.77½; Nov., $8.70; Dec., $8.65@8.67½; year, $8.57½; Jan., $8.65.

Ribs—July, $7.92½; Sept., $8.02½; Oct., $8.02½@8.05; Jan., $7.80.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.80; No. 1, $1.80; Sept., $1.68; Oct., $1.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 34,000, including 925 Texans; market 10@20c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.30@6.15; poor to medium, $4.20@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.10; cows, $2.80@4.60; heifers, $2.40@4.85; canners, $1.65@2.30; bulls, $2.50@4.50; calves, $3.75@5.75; Texas fed steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 37,000; tomorrow, 29,000; left over, 3,943. Market 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.05; good to choice heavy, $6.05@6.15; rough heavy, $5.65@5.85; light, $5.70@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.80@5.90.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, July 24.—Butter—Market strong; creameries, 14½@20c; dairies, 13@17c.

Cheese—Market firm; twins, 9½c; young Americas, 10@10¼c; cheddars, 9½c; daisies, 10@10¼c.

Eggs—Market steady, 12@12½c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

New York, July 24.—Speculative Wall street had some misgivings this morning over yesterday's optimistic views of the relief to the corn crop and the Grangers and Pacifics were sold freely. Thirty-five hundred shares of Atchison were sold at 72 to 71½, compared with 73⅝ last night, and 2,500 shares of Union Pacific at 96⅜ to 97½, compared with 100¼. St. Paul was depressed 2⅜ and Southern Pacific, Atchison preferred and Missouri Pacific from 1¾ to 1⅝. Tennessee Coal dropped 1¼. Rock Island was lifted half a point.

The opening decline made support, which rallied the leaders a point or more, but prices yielded again to below the opening. The loss in St. Paul reached 3½. Union Pacific 3¼ and Missouri Pacific 3⅝. Active stocks generally were 1 to 2 points under last night. There was a dull and feverish rally again before the hour expired. Missouri Pacific rallied 2½, St. Paul and Tennessee Coal 2 and United States Steel a point. The other Grangers were up over a point.

The market fell back into its dull and drooping state and recoveries were largely lost again. Union Pacific was marked up a good amount to 99½, but with slight effect on the general list outside of Southern Pacific. The stock fell back again over a point and fluctuated feverishly. Chicago Terminal Transfer dropped 2¼ and National Lead 2. The Pressed Steel Car stocks were firm on the dividend declaration.

The market maintained a firm undertone during the noon hour with a conspicuous demand for the Wabash stock, which rose a large fraction over last night.

There was a rise of 1¾ in Pennsylvania, 1½ in Norfolk and Western and 3⅜ in Baltimore and Ohio preferred. Otherwise the market was listless and offered no feature.

Bonds were dull and heavy.

There were sharp advances on a few stocks. Consolidated Gas rising 3 points and Louisville and Nashville 1½. The general market developed a feverish tone in the late dealings which resulted in some wide declines, the Grangers leading the movement as on former occasions. Atchison and St. Paul got back to the lowest of the day. The decline was on very light dealing and the market steadied again. There were slight rallies, but the closing was feverish and irregular.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 24.—Flour—Receipts, 15,959 bbls; sales, 5,400 bbls; state and western market ruled slow but steady without change; winter straights, $3.25@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 411,350 bush; sales, 2,310,000 bush; market was strong and higher on adverse spring wheat news and bullish crop advances from France and Russia. July, 78@78¼c; Sept., 77@77 11-16c; Oct., 77⅝@77¾c; Dec., 79¼@79⅝c.

Rye—Market firm; state, 54@55c, No. 2 western, 62c f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 132,900 bush; sales, 275,000 bush; market advanced sharply on buying inspired by hot and dry weather again in the west. Sept., 59½@60½c; Dec., 59 15-16@60½c.

Oats—Receipts, 71,100 bush; market was fairly active and firmer with corn. Track white, state, 42@48c; track white, western, 42@48.

Beef—Market steady.

Pork—Market quiet.

Lard—Market steady; prime western, steamed, $8.00.

Butter—Receipts, 8,672 pkgs; market strong; state dairy, 14c; creamery, 16@20c.

Cheese—Receipts, 6,287 pkgs; market steady; fancy large colored, 9½c; fancy large white, 9c; fancy small colored, 9⅝c; fancy small white, 9¼c.

Eggs—Receipts, 6,938 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@17c; western, candled, 14@15c; western, uncandled, 8@12c.

Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining, 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 3-16c; molasses sugar, 3 5-16c; refined, quiet; crushed, $5.95; powdered, $5.55; granulated, $5.45.

Coffee—Market easy; No. 7 Rio, 5 11-16c.

Spirits Turpentine—Market quiet, 36@36½c.

Molasses—Market quiet.

THE MONEY MARKET.

New York, July 24.—Money on call nominally at 2½@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.77¼@4.77½ for demand and at $4.84½@4.85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.85; silver certificates unquoted; bar silver, 58½c; Mexican dollars, 46¼c.

THE BOND MARKET.

New York, July 24.—Government bonds steady:

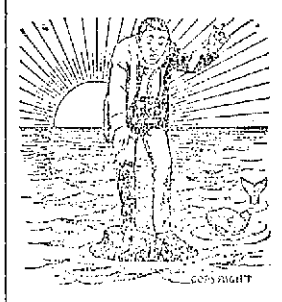
Refunding 2s registered	107½
Reunding 2s coupon	107½
U. S. 3s registered	108¼
U. S. 3s coupon	109
U. S. 4s registered (new)	137½
U. S. 4s coupon (new)	138¼
U. S. 4s registered (old)	113
U. S. 4s coupon (old)	113
U. S. 5s registered	107½
U. S. 5s coupon	105

A PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE BABY THE NURSE HAS LOST.

OPPOSED TO IT.

Manager—Can you bat well?
Applicant—I ain't much on low ones, but I'm great on high-balls.
Manager—Can't engage you. I'm opposed to drinking.



A MAN THAT WANTS GROUND for building lots will find that I have the choicest plats in the different sections of the city for homes that are convenient to schools, church, street car, etc., on which I will build houses to suit purchasers if desired, and SELL ON EASY TERMS. I have all kinds of real estate for sale or trade, and I can offer many bargains that mean future profit in all kinds of property.

Louis F. Curdes, FIXLEY-LONG BLOCK.

A Sanitary Precaution.

....Buy an Outfit of....

Screen Windows and Screen Doors

Of us and keep the flies out of your homes. All kinds of screen work built to order.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

Hardware, Rubber Hose and Lawn Mowers, 38 and 40 E. Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

YOU FEEL SECURE

A good, reliable insurance policy makes you feel secure, rests the nerves and makes slumber a possibility, even in the midst of danger.

Insurance is comparatively cheap—much cheaper than restless anxiety.

Want to tell you about the reliable fire, lightning, tornado, life, accident, sick and accident, and plate glass companies I represent.

G. W. BOERGER, 76 Calhoun. Phone 192 Main.

Our Shoe Rule.

What about Dry Goods store shoes?

The rule that governs our shoe department is the same general rule that directs all our store methods. The best that money can buy for as little cost as circumstances permit. That is the secret of our shoe prices.

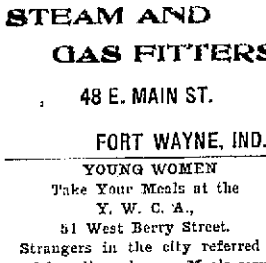
Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK

Shoes for Women.

Ease, Elegance, Durability, } Queen Quality

Shoes, - - $3.00
Oxfords - - $2.50

Queen Quality
OXFORDS
$2.50



Kibo Kid. Light Flexible Sole.

Leather Louis XV. heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Authorized Sole Agents for Fort Wayne.

Fancy Screen Doors.
Plain Screen Doors.
Large Screen Windows.
Small Screen Windows.

We have the agency for the celebrated Higgens' Metal Frame Screen Window. Guaranteed to last for eight years. Call at our store and we will explain its merits.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,
22 CALHOUN STREET.
Both Phones.

J. C. Peltier,
Undertaker
and Embalmer.
NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

A. Hattersley & Son,
PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,
48 E. MAIN ST.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

YOUNG WOMEN
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.
Strangers in the city referred to good boarding places. Meals served on the European plan at reasonable rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper 5:30 to 6:40.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH
All the latest Records,
Vocal and Instrumental.
PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE.
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,
PLUMBING,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
ELECTRIC WIRING.
GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.
No. 101 Calhoun Street.
'Phone 207.

SHOP AND RAIL

WORKINGMEN OBJECT TO USE OF CANAL WATER.

RESUMES FORMER POSITION

R. E. HILGEMANN GOES BACK TO THE WABASH.

SHOPMEN ARE INJURED

NEWS OF THE DAY GATHERED AT INDUSTRIAL CENTERS.

The present condition of the water supply of Fort Wayne and the action of the waterworks trustees in turning canal water into the city's mains were the sole topics of discussion apparently in the offices and shops today, and The Sentinel reporter was greeted with questions on all sides as he made his rounds. The majority of the shopmen believe the question of a pure water supply can be solved if a proper effort tending to that end is made, but they do not want canal water for household use, and many are inclined to think that someone has been derelict in not making proper effort to supply pure water before the present hot wave came to diminish the supply. Nearly all of the employes of the shops and factories are entirely dependent upon the city water for drinking purposes and the condition of the water being furnished at the present time is cause for anxiety among those who have to use it. It is hoped the committee appointed by Mayor Berghoff will solve the pure water question in a satisfactory manner and that hereafter during protracted dry spells the consumers of city water will have a supply of water that will not have to be boiled.

SHOPMEN INJURED.

Henry Becknese, a blacksmith in the Pittsburg shops, had his hand badly burned Saturday, but he remained at work. This morning the member was so badly swollen that Mr. Becknese was compelled to lay off.

G. Waldschmidt, janitor in the offices of the Pittsburg car shops, had several toes mashed yesterday by a weight falling upon them. He is off duty today in consequence.

Ed Mennewisch, a helper in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, had his hand badly cut yesterday while engaged in cutting wire. The tongs he was using slipped and cut a gash in the palm. Dr. W. E. Stemen dressed the injury.

Victor Blake, an employe of the Bass foundry, had his left hand crushed yesterday by a heavy bar of iron falling on the member.

GOES BACK TO THE WABASH.

Rudolph E. Hilgemann this morning resumed a position at the Wabash yards—that of car inspector—which he vacated two years ago last February. Since that time he has been employed as a helper in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop. Mr. Hilgemann is an honest and competent workman and Foreman Szink, of the 'smith shop, regrets his resignation there, while the Wabash officials no doubt are glad to get his services again.

WESTERN GAS BUSY.

It is a question of but a short time when the present works of the Western Gas Construction company will have to be enlarged to meet the pressing demands of that company for more room. At the present time and for some months past the works have been shipping several car loads of gas machinery per week and a day and night force is employed to get out the orders. The shops of the company are crowded with unfinished work and the indications are that the works will be compelled to work two forces for some time on account of the lack of adequate space to have all the work done in the day time.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

H. Theike, of the Pittsburg lumber yards, is on the sick list.

L. Hartstein, of the Pittsburg tank shop, is sick and off duty.

Elmira Scott, of the winding room of the electric works, is sick and off duty.

Engineer T. Stokes, of the Pensylvania, is laying off on account of an injured arm.

Gus Trentman has accepted a position in the laboratory department of the electric works.

The electric works this morning shipped a sixty-light generator to Marchantsville, N. J.

H. A. Poquinot has accepted a position in Foreman Fryer's department at the electric works.

W. C. Buehler, the Pittsburg blacksmith, is taking a lay off to attend to some private business.

Joseph Pritchard, foreman of the Wabash shops at Peru, was in the city today on business with the local officials.

Louis Fryer, of the Fort Wayne Electric works, left this morning for Rushville, Ill., on business for the company.

Engineers O. Herbert and C. C. Miller and Fireman F. H. Rogers, of the Pensylvania, are taking a short vacation.

William Donnell was overcome by the heat yesterday, but was able to resume his position in the electric works this morning.

G. Auer, a tinner in the Pittsburg shops, who has been off duty several days on account of sickness, returned to work this morning.

The convention of the B. Y. P. U. at Chicago this week is furnishing the Pittsburg and Nickel Plate roads considerable passenger business.

Tom Burns has resigned his position at the works of the Western Gas Construction company. It is said that he will accept a position at Bluffton.

Otto Schley, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania running out of Chicago, is the guest of friends in the city. He will return to Chicago this evening.

Engine 1382 was turned out of the Wabash shops this morning and is now being tested for valve action previous to going into service on the road.

Jacob Raiber, time clerk in the offices of the Fort Wayne Electric works, is taking a vacation, which he will spend in Chicago and other western cities.

Philip Lordier, of the Pittsburg machine shop, who has been visiting frinds at Decatur for several days, resumed his position in the shops this morning.

Cal Gerken, of the Pittsburg car machine shops, is sick and off duty. J. J. O'Neil, of the same shops, who was sick for several days, resumed work this morning.

C. F. Knothe, sr., foreman in the electric works, who has been on the sick list, resumed work this morning, but was compelled to go home after a few hours in the shops.

C. S. Cunningham has been appointed assistant superintendent of the first, second and third districts of the Grand Trunk railway, with headquarters at Island Pond, Vt.

The excursion from Elkhart to Winona yesterday was a success and several hundred persons were in attendance. The excursion train was taken into Winona over the Pennsylvania road.

The Pittsburg car shops have commenced work on an order for 150 HH. box cars. The order was received some time ago and in the meantime the men were getting out the material for the car builders.

An official of the Baltimore and Ohio confirms the report that the shops at Parkersburg, W. Va., are to be abandoned and newer and larger shops built at Belle Pere, directly across the river. The new shops will be of larger capacity and admit of doing heavier work there.

Indianapolis Journal: "Without question negotiations are pending by which the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western may become the property of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western for the purpose of using it as a trunk line link. The Findlay road is ninety miles in length, extending from Findlay to Fort Wayne, Ind."

The New York Central passenger department has been obliged to take up a number of the family tickets issued at special rates, conductors having found these tickets in the hands of persons who are not entitled to use them. Instances were discovered where a family ticket was doing service for a whole neighborhood.

Mention was made recently that President Ingalls had given General Manager Barnard authority to purchase 1,500 tons of new steel rails, weighing eighty-five pounds to the yard. Mr. Ingalls now authorizes the purchase of 1,500 additional tons of steel of the same weight. The first installment has been delivered. The other order will be filled in August.

William Smart, caller for the Nickel Plate, has gone to Continental to attend the funeral of his brother, M. L. Smart, which was expected to occur today or tomorrow. The deceased was a member of the Thirty-eighth Missouri regiment and died in the Philippines March 7, 1900. He enlisted from St. Louis. At the time of his death young Smart was eighteen years and five months old and a most estimable young man. The remains left San Francisco last Friday night and were expected at Continental last night.

The new management of the Erie railroad has commenced improving its property in a manner which means a better future for the Erie. Long passing sidings are being put in on the Chicago and Erie division, four on the Meadville division and three on the Cincinnati division. Large storeage sidings are being laid at Shaftsville and Sharon, in the steel district, and at Marion and Galion, where the big business of the road is done. The improvements are already extensive, but it is said they are only indicative of what will be done in another year, when the Erie comes into full inheritance of the property from Jersey City to Chicago and to Dayton. It is believed that the Erie will be made the eastern outlet of the Hill lines in the northwest, and as such it will need both good track and good equipment, and plenty of it.

Nickel Plate Firemen B. V. Mills and John Brennenkant are sick and off duty.

Fireman and Mrs. John Anderson have gone to Chicago to spend a week with friends.

Brakeman Barlow, of the Nickel Plate, has moved into the house at 450 West Main street.

Brakeman Mungen, of the Nickel Plate, who had been taking a vacation, reported for duty this morning.

W. B. Pierce and L. P. Stone, Nickel Plate brakemen, who had been taking a few days' rest, reported for duty this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George Quidor have gone to Ohio for a ten days' visit with relatives and friends at the former home of the lady. Mr. Quidor is a Nickel Plate engineer.

The vacancy in the trunk line commissionership caused by the death of the late Commissioner Goddard remains to be filled, and possibly will remain vacant until September.

Nickel Plate engine 47, just out of the Stony Island repair shops, has been turned over to Engineer Robert John and Fireman John Lalander for local service between this city and Knox.

Passenger engine 2 has gone to the Stony Island shops for general repairs and engine 170 has taken the vacated places on runs 4 and 5 on the Nickel Plate, between this city and Stony Island.

Harvey C. Niedhammer is acting as yardmaster at the Nickel Plate yards during the absence of Yardmaster W. F. Watterson. Charley Lyons, who was reported to be filling that position, is the night yardmaster.

The United States soldiers en route to the west from Fort Ethan Allen did not come to Fort Wayne. Instead, they were turned over to the Clover Leaf road at Continental, O., and taken to St. Louis by that road.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Pennsylvania lines north are having the heaviest run of travel to Michigan pleasure resorts they have ever handled, and find difficulty in furnishing sleeping-car accomodations.

As a matter of self-protection against inroads on business of the Lake Shore by the Wabash the former will build an extension of its Fayette branch west to Butler, where it will connect with the Air line divisions of the Lake Shore.

The law passed by the New York state legislature last winter forbidding traffic in railroad tickets by others than authorized agents of railroad companies, was declared unconstitutional by the appellate division of the state supreme court.

The Toledo Blade says that sealed, signed and approved in the safe of the Wabash Railroad company's office at St. Louis, is a contract for the transportation of 4,000,000 tons of iron and steel products annually as soon as their line into Pittsburg is opened.

In some quarters fears are expressed that the extension of the Wabash into Pittsburg may lead to a rate war with powerful Pennsylvania interests, and should the Pennsylvania pursue a hostile policy and the Wabash enter into combination with other lines in the establishment of a route to the Atlantic seaboard it might possibly result in a rate war affecting all the trunk lines.

It is authoritatively stated in New York that the voting trustees of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company have decided to dissolve the trust and restore the property to the stockholders early in September, also to give the option to holders of the $15,000,000 of 4 per cent debentures to convert them into common stock.

A Toledo paper says that the Pennsylvania will build a union passenger station at that city covering the block between Jefferson and Monroe streets, and that the station will be used by nearly every northern line entering the city and perhaps by the Toledo, St. Louis and Western. As planned, it will be one of the largest and finest passenger stations in Ohio, and special provision will be made to handle the lake passenger traffic.

The promoters of the Wabash Railroad company have purchased a site at the corner of Fourth avenue and Cherry street, at Pittsburg, and engineers are at work outlining plans for a terminal passenger and freight station. A passenger station to cost $1,000,000 is contemplated. The committee on corporations is expected to act favorably on the ordinance giving certain streets in the city, and as soon as this is passed the Wabash company will announce more definitely its plans for terminals.

THE MARTIN FUNERAL SERMON

Bluffton, Ind., July 24.—The sermon preached on Sunday, July 14, by Rev. Clarence G. Miller, at the funeral of ex-Representative A. N. Martin, has given rise to a controversy between the Session of the First Presbyterian church, of which he is pastor, and the Wells county bar. The Session, the official body of the church, adopted resolutions Sunday declaring that the sermon met with the hearty approval of the church membership and citizens generally, and entering a protest against the alleged false reports sent out to the press. Yesterday the members of the Wells county bar met and passed resolutions with sentiments contradictory to those expressed by the church Session, and in which they declare that it was a "cold-blooded, heartless and cruel dart at the bleeding hearts of his wife and daughter, and an insult to his friends." They declare it improper, unjust and unkind. They contradict the statement that the sermon was generally approved.

CONCESSIONS TO FIREMEN.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 24.—The firemen employed on the main line of the Philadelphia and Reading railway have been granted an increase in wages from $2.35 to $2.50, together with important concessions. At the Monaacy and Aramingo water stations men will be employed day and night, who will clean the front ends and ash pans of each engine. Whenever crews are turned at Bridgeport men will be on hand to clean the fire boxes of the engines. These concessions and the increase were secured through a committee appointed at a meeting of the firemen.

AMERICAN JOCKEY MOBBED.

London, July 24.—"Cash" Sloan, the American jockey who has been riding in Russia, had an exciting experience at the Moscow races, where he narrowly escaped death at the hands of a furious mob. Sloan had been riding with such continuous success that his mounts were always favorites. On the occasion in question he rode a horse which no chance of winning. The unsophisticated crowd, however, backed the American's mount as usual; and when he was beaten their indignation boiled over, and a raging mob of males and females savagely attacked the jockey, who was rescued with difficulty by a military contingent and a powerful detachment of police.

CASTORIA WINS.

Chas. H. Fletcher Granted an Injunction Against the C. W. Link Drug Co.

Vice Chancellor Reed, sitting in the court of chancery at Trenton, N. J., has just rendered a decision of vital import in the case of the Centaur Company against a party calling themselves the C. W. Link Drug Co. It seems for the past year or more Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher, president of the Centaur Company, the manufacturers of Castoria, has been fighting through the courts counterfeiters and imitators of their goods. All of the fake goods are not put up in a manner to lead the purchaser to think they are getting the same Castoria they have always bought and the chancellor dwells at length on this point, showing how easy it would be to inform the public of the difference between the packages if it were not their object to mislead the consumer.

He says in part: "Every one of the packages put in evidence by the defendant show a persistent adoption of the size of the bottle and the label of the complainant. All these manufacturers knew, just as the defendant knew, that if the remedy was put in round bottles or in bottles distinctively larger or smaller or if the bottles were so differently wrapped as to at once arrest the attention of the casual purchaser, the sale of the remedy in such packages would at once become substantially reduced."

Citing numerous cases in line with this opinion he gave Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher the injunction asked for and the C. W. Link Drug Company must seek new fields.

WATER SCARF.

and hose are cheap at Patterson's. 10 cents buys your boy a pair of long black hose that are well worth 25c.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

DETROIT AND PUT-IN-BAY every Sunday, $1.60 round trip, via Toledo and steamer. Special train leaves 6:10 a. m.

TOLEDO and return, every Sunday, $1.00. Train leaves 7:30 a. m.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION (Buffalo). Coach excursions every Tuesday $7.45 round trip; ten days limit, $10.85 round trip; fifteen days' limit, $13.15 round trip; tourist, good to return until October 31st, $16.00 round trip. On the three latter rates passengers have option of rail or steamer from Toledo.

MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN, $12.30 via D. & C. steamers. Four trips each week from Toledo, viz.: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Return limit October 31st. State rooms reserved in advance.

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS to points west and southwest. Tickets on sale each first and third Tuesday during months of July, August and September. Return limit twenty-one days. Very low rates.

R. G. THOMPSON,
6-25tf P. & T. A. Wabash R. R.

Dr. J. E. Miller was called to Marion on professional business today.

CATARRH

A Constitutional Affection.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes, however long and persistently used, do not cure Catarrh. They relieve temporarily the inflammation in the throat and nose, and enable you to breathe more easily and freely, but the continual rush of impure blood to these parts keeps up the irritation and ultimately produces ulceration of the glands, when the breath becomes exceedingly offensive and the soft bones of the nose are frequently destroyed. The catarrhal inflammation extends over the entire surface of the mucous membrane, or inner skin; the stomach, kidneys and lungs are often involved; the whole system soon becomes affected by the rapid absorption of poisonous matter into the blood, and the disease that you had hoped to cure with simple local remedies, assumes a dangerous form.

I had Catarrh about 15 years, and tried during the time everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. At last I came to the conclusion that Catarrh must be a blood disease, and decided to give S. S. S. a trial. I could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and continued it three or four months, or until I was cured. Have not taken anything for six years, and am just as well as I ever was.—M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

I had Catarrh so bad was entirely deaf in one ear, and all the inside of my nose and part of the bone sloughed off. The physicians gave me up as incurable. I determined to try S. S. S., and began to improve at once. It seemed to get at the seat of the disease, and after a few weeks' treatment I was entirely cured, and for more than seven years have had no sign of the disease.—MRS. JOSEPHINE POLHILL, Duo West, S. C.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease—a blood disease which is frequently inherited, and only a blood medicine, such as S. S. S., can remove the hereditary taint, destroy the poisons that have been accumulating in the system for years perhaps, and restore the blood to a healthy and pure condition. The inflamed membranes and diseased glands are healed by the rich, pure blood which is carried to them, and the offensive discharges from the nose, and the terrible headache and neuralgic pains cease. Chronic cases of the most desperate character and apparently hopeless, have been cured completely and permanently by the use of S. S. S.

Write our physicians fully about your case and they will cheerfully assist you by their advice. We charge nothing whatever for this service. Book free on application. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

HAPPER'S
PREPARED FOR THE TOILET
FACIAL POWDER
PRICE 25 CENTS
ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INFANTS and ADULTS.
The HAPPER FACIAL POWDER is manufactured from FRENCH purified talcum, rendered antiseptic and chemically pure and delicately perfumed. Endorsed by the highest medical authorities as the perfection of sanitary powder.
CHAPPELL & COMPANY, Findlay, Ohio, U.S.A. IMPORTERS
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS,
Rubber Hose,
Lowe Bros. Paint,
Washing Machines
and Wringers, and a
Complete Line of Hardware.
H. PFEIFFER & SON,
9 E. Columbia Street.
Phone 484. . . . . .

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MEL. JONES
NEW WAYNE ST.

DR. R. P. WHITE.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGEON.
OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK
Rooms 3 and 4.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12, 1:30 to 4. (Other hours by appointment.) Home phone, office 178, residence 574.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,
Has removed his office to the West rooms
OVER PELLENS & POLSTER'S DRUG STORE.
Office Phone—185 Main.
Residence 'Phone—459 Main or 284 Red.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

Here Are Bargains for You.

Fine Quadruple Plated Tea Sets, $4.50.
Quadruple Plated Cracker Jars, $1.40.
Butter Dishes, from $1.00 up.
Rogers & Bros.' Berry Spoons, $1.10.
Cake Baskets, $1.50 upwards.
Gents' Gold Filled Watches, with Elgin movements, warranted 20 years, $10.00.
Ladies' Gold Filled, with Elgin movements, $7.05.
Cuff Buttons and Scarf Pins, 50c.
A fine 8-Day Mantel Clock, $5.00; worth $10.00.
Sterling Silver Spoons and Forks, 65c per oz.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Filled Chains, from $1.00 up.
Get my prices before buying. I will save you money.
My entire stock to be closed out regardless of cost in order to retire from business.

P. Sherzinger,
78 Calhoun Street. Established 1865.
Look for Big Sign in Front of Store.

....RURODE'S....

STOCK REDUCING SALE.

Our before inventory stock reducing sale continues to attract crowds of delighted buyers. Still further price concessions have been made in all departments. Everything that lags a little has been given notice to move in the way of reduced prices. There will be great underprice selling here in all lines of merchandise.

You Always Get the Best Here.

There is a wide difference between cheap goods and good goods cheap. Your purchases here will look just as well to you at home as they do at the store.

Don't Take Chances

When by trading here you can be absolutely sure of getting what is right. We are offering merchandise now that is right in every particular at prices that will put money in your pocket. Our present prices tell a money saving story that ought to induce you to look far ahead.

BUY NOW.

Suits, Skirts, Shirt Waists, Wrappers, Wash Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Domestics, Calicoes, Blankets, Flannels, Linens, Parasols, Underwear, Laces, Ribbons, Hosiery, Carpets, Curtains, Etc., you'll get them at less prices than you ought to pay for them.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

Robison Park

High-Class Vaudeville

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING SUNDAY, JULY 21.

LIZZIE EVAUR & HARRY MILLS.
In Edward Kidder's Comedy,
"Two Girls and One Man."
GRACE MANTELL,
Singer of Ballads and Popular Songs.
NEWELL & NIBLO,
Refined Instrumentalists.
HARRY O. WESLEY,
Character Actor and Monologuist.
DeHOLLIS & VALORA,
Comedy Jugglers.

Two performances daily—2:30 and 8:15 p. m.

Tickets on sale at A. C. Alter's Cigar Store.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR

U. S. Stamps.

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

228 Calhoun Street.

Dr. Bulson,

Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street
FORT WAYNE.
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

PAYS 5 Per Cent. Interest on Stock
LOANS MONEY at Low Rates, is a friend to rich and poor.
Assets $600,000

DR. S. H. HAVICE,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours—8:30 to 12 m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..... 173
Editorial Rooms..... 650

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, July 24.—Forecast for Indiana—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; expect possible thunderstorms in north portion this afternoon and tonight; winds southerly.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The temperature today in Fort Wayne was as follows:

	Degrees.
6 a. m.	69
7 a. m.	70
8 a. m.	70
9 a. m.	74
10 a. m.	74
11 a. m.	77
12 m.	82
1 p. m.	80
2 p. m.	68

LOCAL NEWS.

E. C. Close has gone to Buffalo to visit the exposition.

Miss Helen Reitze returned today from visits in Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

Mrs. H. J. Baltz has returned home to Charlottesville, Va., after a visit with Dr. and Mrs. C. Martz.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen has returned from Indianapolis, where he attended a meeting of the state board of registration.

The Musicians' union will have a verey important business meeting on Sunday afternoon in the Elektron building.

Mrs. Alvin Raines, of Livingston, Ky., arrived in the city last evening for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Fairfield.

Mrs. E. J. Smith and daughter, Irene, and Miss Mamie Kilgore, who have been guests at the Orr cottage at Rome City, returned home today.

Mrs. G. P. Trier is issuing invitations for a reception to be given at Robison park pavilion Wednesday evening, July 31, from 7:30 to 11 o'clock.

The Rathbone Sisters and the K. of P. band will give their second free concert and ice cream social at Swinney park tomorrow evening, commencing at 8 o'clock.

John Trainor and wife, of Chicago, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed O'Meara. Mr. and Mrs. Trainor are on their wedding trip and will remain in the city for several days.

The senior class of the high school is arranging to give a social to raise funds to liquidate the debt incurred by the issuance of the 1901 annual. The social will probably be given this week.

Mrs. Catherine Buhr, who has been a patient at St. Rochus hospital for consumption, has been removed to the home of Mr. Bauer, on Douglas avenue. Her condition is not at all improved.

City Trucking company wagon No. 10 collided with a carriage occupied by Mrs. A. B. Trentman last evening. No damage was done, although the occupants of the carriage were badly frightened at the time.

Will Hall and Joe Singmaster, of the Singmaster-Hall Printing company, left this afternoon for Detroit, where they will attend the annual meeting of the Western Cigar Box Manufacturers' association. They will return home Sunday.

There is no improvement in the condition of the baby daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Bash, at Rome City, and the little one is very critically ill from cholera infantum. Mrs. A. C. Keel, mother of Mrs. Bash was called to Rome City this morning.

Dr. F. G. McEvoy, of Geneva, who is a patient at St. Joseph's hospital, is slowly improving. Dr. McEvoy is suffering from the effects of a runaway accident some days ago.

H. W. Zuncbro, of the Kiehn & Melching establishment, has been licensed as an embalmer by the state board.

Dr. D. M. Furman, of Phoenix, Ariz., arrived in the city last evening and is the guest of his brother, A. A. Furman. The doctor is extensively interested in mining matters in the west, and his trip to Fort Wayne is for the purpose of investigating the Hicks process of amalgamation.

ABOUT THE CITY HALL.

John Dennison has been granted a permit to erect a frame house on Grace avenue, to cost $700.

Mr. Doehrman, of the board of works, stated this morning that the complaint of the residents on Taylor street regarding the low smokestacks used on the engines of the sewer contractors would receive prompt attention. Mr. Peter said that he would immediately replace his short stacks with long ones and Mr. Derheimer said he would do the same. When the change will be made has, however, not yet been decided upon.

The Hanna street pavement is progressing with most gratifying dispatch. The concrete is laid as far as Madison street and the asphalters have already been surfacing for several days, commencing at Creighton avenue and running north.

Contractor Moellering completed his section of the Barr street pavement last evening. Contractor Derheimer has just barely commenced work on his section, which is the one from Lewis street north. It will be some weeks before the entire street is finished.

A lengthy remonstrance was filed in the clerk's office this morning against paving Wayne street, east of Hanover. The property owners do not object to the improvement provided it is put through to Glasgow avenue, but they do object to paving to Grant avenue only. The remonstrance is signed by nearly every property owner along the line of the proposed improvement.

The board of safety met in regular session last evening. There was little business of importance further than considering complaints against certain firemen who neglect to pay their debts. The delinquent laddies will be notified by letter to settle up by September or take a walk out into the cold and chilly world.

INDIANA COAL COMBINE.

Indianapolis, July 24.—John S. Bays, of Sullivan, the attorney that secured options on the coal mines of Indiana to form a combination, asserts that the options cover 99 per cent. of the coal mines of the state. The finance committee is meeting in Indianapolis and Bays is going over the options with it.

It is reported that some of the coal mine owners have asked fancy prices which the finance committee will not agree to pay. A. M. Ogle of the Island Coal company, in Indianapolis, was one of the callers to see Bays today. It was not learned who compose the finance committee.

Patterson has them all faded on underwear and shirts.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Kendrick are spending a few days at Rome City.

Byron Holmes and family have returned from an outing at Lake George.

Master Edward Olds has gone to Huntington to visit relatives for a few days.

B. R. Noll and daughter, Miss Mayme, will leave tomorrow for Chicago to visit relatives.

Dr. R. Parks White has returned from visits in Benton Harbor, Mich., Chicago, and Warsaw, Ind.

Edward Hogan, of Pittsburg, formerly of this city, is here for a few days on a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Grindle have gone to Rome City to spend a few days at the Wagner cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. George Quidor left this morning to be the guests of friends at Forest, O., for a week.

William Fielder has arrived from Tampa, Fla., and with his wife is visiting the family of J. H. Bilderback.

J. J. Quillinan entertained a party of friends at dinner last evening in honor of Miss Ella Fitzgerald, of Chicago.

A. J. Rousseau, of Chicago, is in the city on business with Manager Moellering, of the Home Telephone company.

The Ladies' Aid society of Calvary U. B. church will meet on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. James Smith, 114 Clinton street.

Pathfinders' lodge, No. 10, gave a very successful social last evening at 49 Indiana avenue. Plumadore's orchestra furnished music during the evening.

A social will be given at the home of Mrs. Dreibilbiss, 135 West DeWald street, Thursday afternoon and evening, by the ladies of the South Congregational church.

George W. Matheny, representing the A. Howard Manufacturing company of Galion, O., is in the city today. Mr. Matheny sells vehicles for a living but occasionally drops into Fort Wayne just to see that his old friends, of whom he can boast a number, are still behaving themselves.

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

Th county commissioners were in session today transacting office business.

Deputy Sheriffs Eicks and Hugnenard were called to the Welsheit residence about mile southeast of the city on the Wayne trace last night about 1 o'clock. Jeff Toler, who has been in numerous scrapes before, started something to the house and a general family mix-up resulted. When the sheriffs arrived Jeff had fled and peace had been restored; it is probable however, that affidavits will be filed.

Eliza Jackson has commenced suit against J. A. Miller for foreclosure; demand $450.

August C. Penningworth sues Henry Dreyer on a note for $200.

There were three divorce suits filed in the superior court within an hour this morning. They were as follows: Cora Alice Carpenter vs. Wesley Carpenter; Lizzie Groves vs. Elijah Groves; Clara Hamilton vs. Joseph Hamilton. All were plain divorce cases asking for neither custody nor alimony.

The Indiana and Ohio Traction company appeared before the county commissioners this morning and formally accepted the extension of franchise given last Saturday. The acceptance was signed by William Keough and John D. Olds.

HE SHIFTED THE BLAME.

"John, what on earth have you been doing?"

"Well, Marysh-hic—'f you can't she—hic—you mush been—hic—drinkin'."—Denver Times.

ALL OFF.

The Cut Rate Shoe Store a Thing of the Past.

Thing & Co. buy from the receiver at auction the entire shoe stock formerly located at 130 Calhoun street. This stock will be placed on sale Saturday, July 27th, at our big store, 32 Calhoun street. This sale will be a hummer. Shoes from one cent up. Keep an eye on the live shoe man.

S. B. THING & CO.,
32 Calhoun Street.
Large Red Boot.
H. B. TOBEY, Mgr.

WANTED.

One thousand people to attend the ice cream social to be given on the lawn of Simpson church, corner Dawson and Harrison streets.

The coolest spot in town—Swinney Park—Free concert there tomorrow night.

Buy your fancy hose of Patterson.

"Manhattan" and "Star" shirts at Patterson's.

LEMONS FOR THIS HOT WEATHER.

Large Wax Lemons, 25c dozen.
Lawton Blackberries, 12½c qut.
Red Currants, 6c qut.
New Apples, 20c and 25c pk.
Large Georgia Watermelons, 25c each.
Large Cucumbers, 3c each.
Acme Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Kalamazoo Celery, 15c and 25c bunch.
California Peaches, Plums and Pears.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Qualities that are dependable; prices that have no competition during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

NEWS OF THE POLICE.

A batch of Syrians dropped in on Judge Louttit this morning, just as he was about to open police court. They tried to explain that they had all been engaged in a fight and they wanted justice, each one from the other. As the fight occurred on Spy Run avenue, outside of the city limits, the judge managed to shift the crowd over to a justice of the peace and he felt correspondingly happy. He was so happy that when Leroy Frazer faced him he did not have the heart to deal harshly with him. Leroy is a big, boyish looking fellow, with keen eyes, a week's growth of reddish beard and a merry twitching about the mouth. He said that he is a sailor and was en route east to take passage on the steamer Campania. Leroy said that a life on the bounding billow is a great thing, but when a fellow wants to get somewhere in a hurry a freight train is not so bad and a passenger train has them all beat to a frazzle. Detective Wilkinson picked him off the front end of a Nickel Plate train this morning, but the judge told the prisoner that if he would try to get out of town quick, without annoying the railroad officials, he might go. Leroy thanked the judge, beamed on the reporters and, bowing graciously all around, backed out of the room.

Warrants were served on Charles Gruber, of Broadway, and —— Harrel, of South Calhoun street, for keeping their respective saloons open after 12 o'clock at night. The Liquor Dealers' association will defend the cases and at the request of their attorney a postponement until tomorrow morning, at 8 o'clock, was taken.

The patrol wagon was called to St. Mary's avenue last evening to settle a family row. Officer Tebra found everything quiet when he reached the place, and after lecturing the scrappy husband who had caused the trouble, he admonished him to be good and refrained from making any arrest.

Fred Finkel, of Douglas avenue, reports the loss of a valuable bull pup.

The Archer Printing company last evening called out the hose cart at No. 6 engine house to put out a grass fire along the old canal bed in Bloomingdale, which was getting uncomfortably hot.

A bicycle reported lost by Guy Bell was recovered by the police and restored to the owner this morning.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Herbert L. Palmer and Erma Seymour.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

"What is your name, please?"

"Gigadab Gagadib."

"—? ? ?"

"Yes, I presume it does sound rather queer. No, I am not any kind of a foreigner. Yes; I invented it myself. You see, my parents bestowed upon me the name of a public man at the time when he was going up like a rocket and it stuck to me after he had come down like a stick. By and by he was forgotten and my name ceased to be a reproach and a provoker of mirth, and then my fellows began to call me "Skinny." During my courtship my sweetheart called me one thing and another, including her 'sturdy oak' and 'demigod,' and all such as that; but soon after our marriage she began to address me as 'You there!' Now I am a widower and have, after much study, selected for myself a cognomen which I believe is not the name or title of any person or thing on the earth or in the waters under the earth, and which has no strings or slings to it."—Puck.

IN THE MOUNTAIN COUNTRY.

The stranger rode up to the gate in front of a farm house in the Kentucky mountains and addressed a man on the porch.

"Good morning," he said pleasantly, for there is no good in riling a mountaineer unless you happen to be a "revenoo" and are there for that purpose.

"How d'y?" responded the party on the porch.

"I want to see the man of the house," continued the stranger.

"Thar ain't any," was the gentle answer that turneth away wrath. "I reckon it's my wife you wanter see, but she's down to the meeting house and won't be home fer two hours."—Detroit Free Press.

THE DEGENERATE LAMP.

"I suppose you heard about the parlor lamp," remarked the umbrella stand. "You know how it used to smoke. Well, Miss Flo has turned it down for that since Mr. Huggard began calling."

"From bad to worse," replied the hatrack. "After awhile it will be going out nights."—Philadelphia Press.

Buy the kind of summer underwear you want. Patterson has got it for you.

Patterson is ready to send goods out to your home to compare with others. In that way we are sure to sell you.

The Boston Store.

Great Clearing Sale is Now On

And everything in our store is sold at sale prices.

SPECIAL! SPECIAL!

50 ct. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 25 cts.
75 ct. Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 39 cts.
$1.00 Ladies' Colored Shirt Waists reduced to 50 cts.
85 ct. Ladies' Wrappers reduced to 69 cts.
$1.00 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to 75 cts.
$1.35 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to $1.00.
$1.75 Ladies' Wrappers reduced to $1.25.

Don't fail to attend our great Clearing Sale, as everything in our store is sold at sale prices.

WM. HAHN & CO.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

ANOTHER CUT AT GOLDEN'S.

75c and $1.00 Soft Shirts, go at 50c.
$1.50 and $1.00 Straw Hats, go at 50c.
Cut prices on Underwear.

Golden the Hatter,

Cor. Calhoun and Berry.

P. S.—We have just received 35 dozen more White and Colored Men's Shirt Waists; all sizes.

CANAL WATER.

The canal was turned into the mains;
A water scare was on—
And we'd just received a case of hose
Stamped "The Purition."
The price was twelve and a half a foot;
Or twenty-five a pair.
But hose won't sell at a rapid rate
When there's a water scare.
But we want every boy to wear our hose
Wear them everywhere,
So we marked them just five cents a foot,
They're only ten a pair.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

HICKS STOCK.

Stock of the Hicks Gold and Silver Extraction company will be offered for sale at 50 cents per share until July 27th.

Persons wishing stock can procure the same of Mr. Dick Townsend, Randall hotel, or at the office of the company, No. 3 Bass Block. After July 27 the stock will be advanced to 75 cents a share.

THE HICKS GOLD AND SILVER EXTRACTION CO.
23-5t

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Security. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7. Bass Block. 2tf

NO SUMMER DRESS

Looks quite so stylish as those made by G. Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 East Berry street. Full line of samples. 27-tf

NOTICE.

Ben Hur Court, No. 15.

We will attend the meeting at Columbia City, Thursday, July 25. Train leaves the Pennsylvania depot at 12:10. Fare, if 50 goes, 55c.

E. D. EGGEMANN, Chief.

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.

CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:
Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Ass't. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:
Samuel M. Foster, Andrew E. Hoffman,
Charles S. Bash, John C. Peters,
George W. Fixley, William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman, Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul, John B. Renss,
Charles A. Wilding, David Studebaker.

—THE—
Citizens Trust Company,
Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits.

One Dollar
—AND UP.—
LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

DIDN'T RECOGNIZE IT.

"What wuz thet last seleckshun thet feller play'd on th' fiddle?" asker Uncle Rufus in a whisper of his city nephew, who had taken him to a classical musical feast.

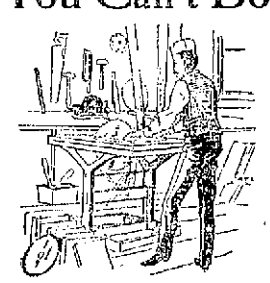
"Why, that was 'Home, Sweet Home,' with variations," replied the city nephew, beneath a smile.

"Dew tell!" observed Uncle Rufus. "Ort t' hear Nate Jenkins play thet wunct. Tell what it is when Nate plays it."—Columbus Journal.

Band Concert at Swinney Park tomorrow night.

If you don't find it at HAVILAND'S you don't have it.

You Can't Do Good Work



with poor tools. If they are worn out, and need replacing, let us do it for you. We carry a large stock of the best tools that you can buy. If you want your work to speak well for you, get your tools from us. We admit there are tools and tool, and our tools. But there's a difference—the difference between our tools and most tools in the quality—not in the price.

BOTH PHONES 149 HAVILAND'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 and 21 W. MAIN ST.

The Fort Wayne Weekly Sentinel

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901. VOLUME LXI .—NUMBER 1

NO RELIEF FOR THE SOUTHWEST

Rain Has Not Fallen and None is Promised---Heat Records Are Broken in Many Cities of Heat Region.

Washington, July 22.—The early morning reports from the middle Mississippi valley stations of the weather bureau did not indicate any relief for the people of that drouth and heat stricken region. At St. Louis the thermometer at 7 o'clock registered 86 degrees, 4 degrees higher than at the same hour yesterday; at Kansas City, 84 degrees were indicated, two degrees higher than yesterday; at Springfield, Ill., 84 degrees, six higher than yesterday; at Omaha, 84 degrees, two higher, and at Austin, Texas, 82 degrees, an increase of 8. The weather was clear throughout th region, and not even thunder storms were indicated there. There was a fall in the temperature at Chicago, and the prospect is for cooler weather on the great lakes and later throughout New England. The weather forecasters say there is no sign of relief for the people of the Mississippi valley.

HEAT SLAYS MANY.

Kansas City, Mo., July 22.—Fourteen deaths from heat, with fully forty prostrations, were reported up to 1 o'clock today in Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kan., for the past thirty-six hours. Nine of these occurred yesterday and five since midnight last night. At 1 o'clock this afternoon the weather bureau thermometer registered 102. Not a drop of rain is reported from any point in the southwest today and there is no immediate promise of moisture.

MERCURY UP TO 104.

Lawrence, Kan., July 22.—A hot wind blew constantly throughout the night and today promises to equal yesterday's maximum of 104.5.

NO SIGNS OF RAIN.

Topeka, Kan., July 22.—At noon the temperature here was 104. The minimum during the night was 89. Although the humidity was high, there were no signs of rain.

TWO DEATHS AT DES MOINES.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 22.—Two deaths from heat occurred here during the night. The heat continued unabated today.

AT TERRE HAUTE 108.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 22.—At 2 p. m. the government thermometer stood at 108, the hottest ever known here. Only two prostrations have been reported. The rolling mill of the Republic Iron and Steel company was closed this afternoon on account of the heat.

ANOTHER RECORD.

Springfield, Ills., July 22.—At 11:30 a. m. the temperature was 102, the highest for that hour since the weather bureau was established twenty-three years ago.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville, Ky., July 22.—The government thermometer registered 103 at noon. Three prostrations were reported.

HOTTEST OF THE YEAR.

Columbus, Ohio, July 22.—This is the hottest day of the year, the thermometer at the government weather bureau registered 102 at 12:30 p. m. Suffering is intense.

ST. LOUIS' HOTTEST DAY.

St. Louis, Mo., July 22.—This was the hottest day in the history of St. Louis. At 1 p. m. the government thermometer recorded 106, yesterday's maximum, and was still rising.

HOTTEST ON RECORD.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 22.—This was the hottest day on record here. At 11 a. m. the mercury reached 102 and 1 p. m. it touched 105.

107 AT EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., July 22.—This was the hottest day on record here. The mercury reached 107 before noon. Four prostrations have been reported.

MUNCIE FACTORIES CLOSE.

Muncie, Ind., July 22.—At the noon hour the mercury registered 102, the highest on record. Iron mills and factories have been closed.

CHICAGO COOLS OFF.

Chicago, July 22.—The terrible heat, which reached its record-breaking climax at 103 degrees yesterday, was broken at dawn today by a fresh lake breeze. The night was sultry, there being scarcely a breath of air, and hundreds of people in the crowded districts slept out of doors, or sat up until the wind made sleep possible. The weather forecast today promised no relief, however, for the corn belt of the west.

At 6 a. m. today the temperature in Chicago was 72 and at 9:30 it was 75. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon eight deaths from yesterday's heat were reported.

PRINT BAD MONEY FROM GOOD PLATES

Washington, D. C., July 22.—Chief Wilkie, of the secret service, has received a number of bank notes printed from the original plates used by the State bank of New Brunswick, N. J., over fifty years ago. The bank went out of existence some time in the fifties and it was supposed that the steel plates from which its notes were printed were destroyed. It seems, however, that these plates have fallen into the hands of parties who have printed from them large quantities of notes which have been put into circulation from New York to San Francisco. A very large percentage of the notes so far discovered are twos, although some ones and fives are being sent in. Inasmuch as the notes are not counterfeits of any United States note or obligation, the makers and passers cannot be prosecuted under the United States laws, but it is said they can be punished for fraud under the state laws. It appears that the notes readily pass along the Canadian frontier, as the takers think they are the notes of the Canadian province of New Brunswick, the words "New Jersey" being printed in small letters. The notes are printed on bond paper and are quite as good in every way as the originals. It is said that possibly $2,000,000 of these notes are in circulation.

MINES RESUME OPERATIONS

MINE WORKERS AND FIREMEN HAVE AGREEMENT.

Many Members of Mine Workers' Union Will Give Up Places to Members of Firemen's.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 22.—Mor mines, with the aid of United Mine Workers, resumed operations in the Wyoming valley today. Committees from the striking stationary firemen waited upon the superintendents of the various coal companies and asked to be reinstated. At some of the mines the committees were told that the places of the strikers were filled. At others the names of the old firemenn were taken and the committees were told that if their services were needed they would be sent for.

In accordance with the agreement entered into at the conference last night between the executive officers of the United Mine Workers and the chief officers of the stationary firemen, some firemen belonging to the United Mine Workers gave notice today that they will give up their positions. This will make room for the old firemen. There seems to be no question but that the strike will be officially declared off tonight and that at least 85 per cent. of the strikers will be back in their old places tomorrow, when it is expectcd there will be a general resumption of mining operations.

ACTION IN NEELY CASE.

Washington, July 20.—Action in the Neely case is promised by the war department as soon as Secretary Root returns to Washington. Colonel Edwards, the chief of the insular division, has received from Havana a mass of documents relating to the Neely case, among which is a number of questions affecting legal procedure. These questions Colonel Edwards will submit to Secretary Root as soon as he returns rather than submit them to the department of justice. He states that speedier action can be secured by turning these questions to Secretary Root, who is an excellent lawyer, than by the official and deliberate methods of the department of justice. Some persons rashly state that Neely will be brought to trial next month, but any suggestion of a date is premature.

ACROSS SEA IN TWO DAYS.

Washington, July 20.—The postmaster general today received a letter from a rabbi of the orthodox Jewish church in Wabash, Ind., offering to sell to the department a new discovery in mail transmission by which it is claimed the United States mails can be carried regularly across the Atlantic in the space of two days. The letter follows:

"Esteemed Sir—I take the liberty to inform you that I have a scheme to convey the mail to Europe within two days. I should like to submit the idea to the government and if it can be carried through should ask some compensation.

"Rabbi Sigmund Prey."

Rabbi Prey will be asked to throw further light on his discovery.

HORSESHOERS' STRIKE ENDS

NEARLY ALL JOURNEYMEN AT WORK AGAIN.

Concessions by Both Workmen and Employers—One Shop Is Yet to Sign Agreement.

The strike of the journeymen horseshoers, inaugurated Saturday morning, for a uniform wage scale, has been settled, and with one exception all the men are at work again.

Saturday evening President Geary, of the Master Horseshoers' Protective association, held a conference with the union journeymen, and advised them that the chief ground on which the employers were objecting to the scale was the demand of fifty cents an hour for overtime. This was modified to thirty cents per hour, leaving the remainder of the schedule as adopted by the union. Several of the shops signed the scale Saturday night, and a number of others did so Monday. The men are at work again, and the best of feeling prevails.

PHYSICIAN SUES FOR $100,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 20.—A suit was filed in the United States court yesterday asking $100,000 damages for personal injuries. The plaintiff is Edward Holman, a physician and corporation surgeon, of Chicago, and the defendants are L. W. Sinclair, E. B. Rhodes and James F. Persise, of the West Baden Springs Hotel company. In a voluminous complaint Holman says he went to the springs last December for a few days' rest. While walking from the hotel to the town he passed over a board bridge and stumbled against a board that extended one and one-half inches above the other boards. He avers that he lost his balance and pitched over the side of the bridge, there being no guard rail to prevent his falling to the ground, ten feet below. He struck against a barbed-wire fence and was seriously cut. He was permanently injured, he asserts, receiving concussion of the spine. He says he earned from $5,000 to $10,000 annually before the injury, and will not be able to follow his business.

DYING IN THE HOSPITAL.

Evansville, Ind., July 20.—Mrs. Louisa Eislein is dying at the southern Indiana insane hospital. She recently brought habeas corpus proceedings in the circuit court for release, and the court refused to sustain the motion. The woman rose in court when the decision was reached and, turning to the judge, said: "You have sentenced me to a living death." Last spring the Eislein family was poisoned, and the husband and son died. Mrs. Eislein was accused of having administered the poison.

THE INJUNCTION HABIT.

Cleveland, July 20.—The Variety Iron Works company today applied to the common pleas court for an injunction against the striking machinists. It is averred that the strikers have distributed circulars and posters warning all men to stay away from the plant and intimidated workmen who desired to work; that hav pickets have been placed about the plant and the business of the company has been seriously interfered with.

SETS A NEW MARK

HEAT RECORD IS HIGHEST OF THE YEAR.

IT REACHED 99 ON SUNDAY

YET VERY FEW PROSTRATIONS ARE REPORTED.

TODAY'S AVERAGE IS WARMER

TEMPERATURE MUCH HIGHER DURING MORNING HOURS.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Only a breeze from the northeast, which battled bravely against the scorching heat, made life in Fort Wayne today bearable, for the record shows that even yesterday's heat record was eclipsed. Together, today and yesterday will go on record as the really "hot" days of the season. It is evident now that previous efforts of the weather man were merely preliminary flourishes. He got down to business Sunday, when the temperature reached its highest point, 99 degrees, at 1:30 o'clock. This is the observation at the gas company's office, where the temperature is recorded hourly upon the even hours. Half an hour later the mercury had receded a point.

TODAY WAS WARMER.

Hot as it was on Sunday, today was still warmer, for while the maximum temperature was no higher, the heat prevailing during the morning hours today was steadily several degrees in advance of that at corresponding hours on Sunday. For purposes of comparison the figures are given below:

Hour.	Sunday.	Monday.
7 a. m.	72	80
8 a. m.	77	83
9 a. m.	82	83
10 a. m.	84	88
11 a. m.	87	90
12 m.	92	94
1 p. m.	96	98
2 p. m.	98	97

HEAT WAS FEARFUL.

Old Sol's scorching smiles, rebounding in waves of pitiless heat from the street pavements have transformed the city's population into a melting, perspiring, sweltering throng that turns to every expedient that promises even temporary relief from the heat. Sunday there was an opportunity for those who did not desire to seek the parks to remain quietly at home, while today people who were forced to resume business duties did so under difficulties.

The almost total absence of even a semblance of a breeze Sunday added to the discomfort, and even those who resorted to the street cars for a trip found the air laden with heat waves from the pavements. The parks drew largely, several thousand going to Robison park, and other thousands finding relief at Swinney park. Until a late hour last night there was a constant stream of visitors to the latter grounds.

Nearly every thermometer in the city went up to the 100 mark, and when the sun struck the instrument there were not enough figures on the machine to measure the heat. One citizen who placed a thermometer in the sun saw the mercury register 132 degrees and then slop over the top of the tube. From Sunday's high mark at 1:30 there was a very slow decline to 93 at 6 p. m., and to 80 at midnight. At no time last night was the temperature lower than 75, at which figure it stood from 2 to 5 o'clock this morning.

Today it got an early start, and until after 1 o'clock today ranged uniformly higher than the Sunday mark, though the highest recorded temperature today was 98 degrees at 1 o'clock. Then the mercury began receding, and the indications offer some hope in the prediction "not so warm tonight."

The record of the past two days is seldom equalled in this city, and yet despite the phenomenal temperature there have been few prostrations reported, and none of them of a serious character.

CAPTAIN BLONDELL HERE.

Captain Blondell, the famous long-distance ocean swimmer, well known here, has been in the city several days and this morning completed arrangements to give an exhibition at Robison park next Sunday afternoon. Captain Blondell has many friends here and was in this city several years ago when Finny, the much touted English champion, arrived in this country and immediately issued a challenge to Blondell. The latter gentleman responded to the challenge through the Fort Wayne press and immediately left for New York to arrange the details. Finny saw that Blondell meant business and could not be bluffed, so he backed out and would not swim. Blondell gives a really wonderful exhibition and closes it with a little blood and thunder display, giving a reproduction of the blowing up of the battleship Maine, using a small model sixteen feet in length.

STRUCK BY A BOARD.

William Baty, employed by the Paul Manufacturing company, was painfully injured while loading timber at the works on Monday. A heavy plank struck him on the abdomen, knocking him down and inflicting what may be serious internal injuries. He was taken to his home at 208 West Superior street, where Dr. Calvin attended him.

MAKE OFFER FOR A FACTORY

FORT WAYNE WILL FURNISH SITE AND BUILDINGS.

Stock Company Will be Formed if Electrical Concern Accepts the Terms.

At a special meeting Monday morning the Fort Wayne Commercial club voted to undertake the work of providing grounds and buildings if the new factory of the Duncan Electrical company is located in Fort Wayne.

There was quite a large attendance of representative business men and much interest is manifested in the proposal to locate another large electrical concern in Fort Wayne. The proposition of the company was placed before the gentlemen present and the matter was discussed at much length. The company had indicated its preference for a tract of land belonging to the Misses Swinney, located southwest of the city, adjoining the tracks of the Lake Erie and Western railroad and along the line of the Fort Wayne and South western electric line.

It is understood that this land can be procured on very favorable terms. The buildings required will be one-story structures, forty feet in width and with a total length of 400 feet, but built somewhat in the shape of a letter U. After the matter had been thoroughly gone over, P. A. Randall, F. V. Culbertson, W. F. Graeter and J. B. Monning were named as a committee to offer the site and suitable buildings to the company under the condition that they locate in Fort Wayne, operate the factory with a given number of men for a period of five years, the only payment to be required being taxes and insurance for that period. At the end of five years, if the conditions are complied with by the company, a deed for the property will be given them.

WILL FORM A COMPANY.

To secure the ground and erect the buildings a stock company will be formed, capitalized at $10,000, and stock will be issued to all who make contributions to the enterprise. At least $8,500 of this money will be required for the erection of the buildings. This company will own the property and will make a contract with the electrical company providing for the location and operation of the factory and stipulating that the property is to be turned over to the manufacturers at the end of the specified period if all conditions are complied with. As soon as a favorable response is received from the manufacturers the work of soliciting subscriptions will begin.

Among those present at the meeting today were H. C. Rockhill, N. D. Doughman, S. M. Foster, R. B. Hanna, G. W. Pixley, W. F. Graeter, P. A. Randall, F. S. Hunting, H. C. Berghoff, A. D. Cressler, D. N. Foster, A. E. Hoffman, S. B. Fleming and F. V. Culbertson.

CRIME NEAR INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 22.—Mary Schufhizer, wife of Michael Schufhizer, a farmer living west of this city, was shot in the head today by Herbert Sickinger, a farm hand, who then turned his revolver on Schufhizer, inflicting a slight wound. An old grudge is supposed to have caused the shooting. Although a large posse of farmers immediately took up the chase, Sickinger is still at large.

Twins—a son and daughter—were recently born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hoeppner, of Preble, Ind., but formerly of Fort Wayne. The combined weight of the little ones was eighteen pounds. The father at one time conducted a blacksmith shop in this city, removing to Preble four years ago.

WORK OF DEADLY KEROSENE CAN

A Pittsburg Family Cremated in a Blaze That Started from an Explosion in the Household Kitchen.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 22.—A whole family was burned in a Pennsylvania avenue tenement fire shortly before 8 o'clock this morning. The mother and three children are dead and the husband is badly burned and is now at the hospital. The explosion of an oil can was the cause of the fire.

The dead are:

Mrs. Sophia Ratza, aged 30 years, horribly burned about the entire body, mother of the children.

Viola Ratza, aged 8 years, oldest daughter, burned and smothered by flame and smoke.

Kashner Ratza, a boy, aged 5 years, smothered and burned.

Wabock, a boy, aged 2 years, smothered and burned.

Francis Ratza, husband and father of the family, was badly burned and removed to the West Penn hospital. It is said he will recover.

From what can be learned, Mrs. Ratza was preparing breakfast in her apartments on the third floor of the tenement house in the rear of 2716 Pennsylvania avenue at shortly before 8 o'clock this morning. The fire in the kitchen stove was not burning as quickly as she wanted it to, and she took an oil can and poured some of the oil on the fire. In a moment a blaze from the grate of the stove ignited the oil in the can and an explosion which was heard throughout the house followed.

The burning oil was scattered over the room, setting fire to the clothes of Mrs. Ratza and the children. The husband was in an adjoining room and his injuries were sustained while trying to save his wife and children.

The house in which the fire occurred was a two and one-half story frame. It was owned by Mrs. Barbara Zankle, who conducted a bake shop on the first floor. The loss is placed at $1,500 partly insured. The house was occupied by three families. Mrs. Zankle on the first floor, the Ratza family on the second floor front, and Andrew Schnader and family second story, rear, and John Schuber first floor, rear. The Schuber and Schnader families were all out at the time of the fire and the only persons injured were the Ratzas.

The bodies of the four victims were removed to the morgue.

LITTLE LAD BADLY SCALDED

CHARLIE TAYLOR OVERTURNED A TEAKETTLE.

Boiling Water Seared His Chest, Back and Arm—Young Sufferer Will Recover.

Charlie Taylor, the ten-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Taylor, residing at 106 West Creighton avenue, was badly scalded Sunday by the overturning of a teakettle.

The lad was removing the teakettle, which was filled with boiling water, from the stove, and in some manner the scalding liquid was overturned upon him, scalding his chest, back and right arm so severely that when the clothing was removed a large portion of the cuticle came with it.

Dr. W. D. Buhl, who was called to attend the case, says the little sufferer is bearing up bravely, and unless unforseen complications develop he will recover.

BRASS THIEVES CAUGHT.

Lieut. Seymour Harrod and Patrolman Lamme, of the Pennsylvania police force, effected a couple of important arrests near Van Wert, Ohio, Saturday. Mr. Moore, the car inspector at that point, reported to Captain Stoll that twenty-three journal boxes had been removed from cars which were upon a sidetrack at Van Wert and the captain sent Lieutenant Harrod and Patrolman Lamme down there to capture the thieves. Following up a slight clue, they were led to believe that two men named Grandstaff and Madden were implicated in the thefts and the lieutenant determined to arrest them. These men were engaged in the junk trade at times and were in the habit of selling their goods to a dealer named Thatcher, who resided out in the country several miles from Van Wert. En route to the Thatcher home the lieutenant met Grandstaff, who was coming to town in a buggy, and arrested him. From Grandstaff they learned that Madden was implicated and they drove out to Thatcher's residence, where they found Madden, and arrested him also. Both men confessed and said that the brasses would be found in a thicket opposite the Thatcher home. Lieutenant Harrod returned there, but found that the metal had been removed by someone a very short time before he reached the spot where it had been buried. Mr. Harrod recovered the jack which was employed in the removal of the brasses, but up to noon today had not discovered the whereabouts of the brasses. The jack belonged to the Cincinnati Northern road and had been stolen by the metal thieves. Grandstaff and Madden were held in bonds of $300 each. Over $1,000 worth of railway supplies have been stolen from Van Wert and other towns thereabouts within the past three or four months.

Max Wehnert has gone to Buffalo to attend the exposition.

OBJECTS TO NON-UNION LABOR

"Coony" Bayer Asks the Court to Enjoin a Contractor from Employing Such Men on His New Building.

A peculiar case was filed in the superior court on Monday by Conrad ("Cooney") Bayer, the well known cigar manufacturer, against William Ruchel, a building contractor. The suit involves the right of a contractor to employ non-union labor, contrary to the wishes of the person engaging said contractor.

The complaint, which is a prayer for an injunction, sets up that the plaintiff is a cigar manufacturer, conducting an extensive and profitable business; that the success and profit depends wholly upon the patronage of Fort Wayne people; that the plaintiff has for many years been identified with the labor or union interests of Fort Wayne, and that he has never under any circumstances employed other than union labor in the conduct of his business; that several months ago he undertook the erection of a large store and factory building at the corner of Wayne and Barr streets and opened negotiations with William Ruchel, the defendant, for the construction of said building; that he stipulated with said Ruchel that he would not give him the contract unless he made an agreement with the labor unions of the city to employ none but union labor on any part of the building and that he would not sub-let any portion of the work to any but union contractors; that the said Ruchel signed such a contract with the labor unions, and after the same had been signed the plaintiff, induced by said agreement, awarded the defendant the contract for erecting the building; that ever since the commencement of the building the defendant, against the wishes of the plaintiff and over his protests, has from time to time employed more or less non-union workmen and has finally sub-let the plastering contract to one Vollmer, a non-union plasterer; that this act on the part of the defendant has brought the plaintiff into disrepute with labor unions, who odiously refer to him as an employer of "scab labor," and that his business is suffering thereby and will continue to suffer to his irreparable damage; that it is a well known fact that Fort Wayne is thoroughly unionized and that the greater part of his patronage comes from members of labor unions, who will refuse to buy his goods as long as non-union labor is employed in the construction of his building. He therefore prays that a temporary injunction issue to prohibit Ruchel, the defendant, from continuing the employment of "scab" or non-union labor contrary to the original agreement and that at the final hearing the injunction be made perpetual. Ryan & Ryan are the attorneys for Bayer.

Judge Aiken postponed the hearing of the mater until Tuesday afternoon of next week at 1:30 o'clock.

A GREAT HOST WORSHIPS

EPWORTH LEAGUE HOLDS A NOTABLE MEETING.

Convention Ends in San Francisco—Resolutions Adopted by the League.

San Francisco, Cal., July 22.—The religious enthusiasm aroused by the international convention of the Epworth league here had its culmination at the grand meeting held yesterday afternoon at the Mechanics' pavilion. About 10,000 persons were in attendance and not a seat was vacated until the conclusion of the sermon preached by Bishop Joyce, president of the league. His theme was "Faith in Christ," and no address more eloquent or fervent has been heard since the assembling of the convention. At its conclusion the bishop was tendered an impromptu reception, not being allowed to leave the platform until nearly all the members of the great congregation had grasped his hand.

The influence of the league was not alone felt in the central meeting. All over the city, in churches of many denominations, services were held and every place the local pulpit was occupied by a visiting divine. At Grace Episcopal church, where Rev. J. M. Buckley, of New York, preached, it was impossible to gain admittance long before the time announced for opening of the doors and in none of the churches was a vacant pew. Old-fashioned love feasts were held in the early morning in more than a dozen places, including the Japanese and Chinese missions.

The closing meetings of the convention were held last night in the Mechanics' pavilion, the Alhambra theater, the Metropolitan temple and the First United Presbyterian church. In the latter place Rev. J. L. Beatty, of Halifax, N. S., spoke.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

At the evening services the report of the committee on resolutions was read and adopted viva voce. After expressing thanks to all who had aided to make the convention a success, these resolutions were adopted:

"1. We rejoice in the deepening interest among our members in the great cause of Christian missions and congratulate our organizations here represented upon the educational work which has already been accomplished. We are greatly delighted by the comprehensive and practical plans which have been devised by our leaders for a great campaign in behalf of missions and other benevolence during the coming year. We urge all our chapters to increased study of missionary literature and to fervent prayer for the coming of the kingdom.

"2. We approve without reservation the plans of the Epworth league extensions which provide for the systematic training of our young people in Christian work. The importance of the study of such great topics as the English Bible, Christian stewardship and personal evangelism cannot be overestimated.

"3. That we are as unalterably as ever opposed to the open saloon and the liquor traffic, and we mean to keep our war upon this business until our continent is freed from the dreadful curse. That we greatly rejoice at the abolition of the canteen in our army and deplore the fact that a persistent effort is being made to have it restored. Specially is this distressing to us when we note that Russia is protesting against the canteen and France has prohibited it in her army camps. We earnestly hope that wise counsels will prevail in free, Christian America, and to this end we will ever pray and fight.

"We have learned that representatives from various Christian young people's societies among the colored churches of the country plan to hold a gathering in the summer of 1902 looking to the better development of their young people in Christian work, and we desire to express our approval of the movement and heartily recommend it to the colored young people of the Epworth league."

Many leaguers will leave the city on side trips to the Yosemite and other resorts in various parts of the state. Of these a certain percentage will return to the city, but the greater part will journey eastward to their homes.

THE FATE OF GOLD HUNTERS

BODIES OF SIX MEN FOUND IN ALASKA.

It is Presumed All Froze to Death During a Blizzard While En Route to Cape Nome.

Nome, July 10.—Via Seattle, Wash., July 22.—A tragic story coms from St. Michaels. A party of men en route to Nome recently found the bodies of six men at a point near Camp Romanoff. It is presumed that they all froze to death during some of the terrible blizzards that prevailed last winter. The bodies were scattered at intervals—five of them about a quarter of a mile apart. They were outstretched upon the tundra and each was found wrapped in blankets. Each had some camp equipment near him, but no food. One of the dead men had been evidently either injured or sick, as he lay on a litter constructed of a pair of oars and a canvas sheet. It would seem that the storm must have overcome the men carrying him. Evidently becoming exhausted, they had abandoned him and wandered off, each for himself, to perish where found. General Randall was notified and has ordered out a party of soldiers to bring in the bodies and every effort will be made to identify them. General Randall thinks they were a party of prospectors, who, in an effort to reach St. Michael, had run out of provisions and perished from exhaustion and exposure.

GIVES AWAY HIS WEALTH.

Evansville, Ind., July 22.—J. L. Wilkinson, a wealthy farmer of Posey county, has announced he will follow in the footsteps of Andrew Carnegie and give away all his wealth before his death. A few days ago he deeded property worth $100,000 to a church at Cynthiana and to the trustees of Merom college at Sullivan, this state. A few years ago Wilkinson built a chuch at Cynthiana to be used by all denominations.

SOCIAL AT STUART HOME.

There will be an ice cream social at the residence of Jacob Stuart, nine miles west of the city, Thursday evening for the benefit of Friendship M. E. church. The Stuart place is located on the Liberty Mills gravel road.

A MOTLEY CREW IN COURT

SUNDAY RAID ON HOBOES IS MADE WITH RESULTS.

Some Sent Out of Town and Some Sent to Jail—General News of the Police.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Judge Loutit was confronted by as tough a looking collection of hoboes this morning as a man can ever see in one bunch. The gang was picked up by the patrol wagon and several of Sheriff Stout's deputies yesterday afternoon near the Centlivre brewery. They were not doing anything in particular, spending their time solely in being tough and looking dirty. Among the party were two boys, Frank Barker aged 16 and James Kelly, aged 20, the latter saying he is a core maker looking for work, and he disclaimed any previous association with his jail companions. Charles Farrow claimed to be a wood worker and as these three told plausible stories and had every appearance of hard working men they were discharged with an admonition to find wok immediately or else shake the dust of Fort Wayne from their feet within twenty-four hours. Frank Howe, George Wallace and James Barker, the other three of the party, were sent to jail for sixteen days each.

A Slav giving his name as George Perzk was brought in by Pennsylvania officers for train-climbing. He had a wooden leg and a dialect that nobody could understand. He managed to convey the information that he is a coal miner and that a wife and three children are waiting his homecoming somewhere. He created a laugh when he indicated that if allowed to go he would climb a Pennsylvania train and get out of town. Not being able to make himself understood the judge in sheer desperation told him to slide out.

The regular Sunday fight occurred at the Consumers' Ice company barn yesterday. Lieutenant Lapp said that the rowdyism at the barn in question is beginning to be unendurable and that the next time he heard of disturbance there he would load the whole shop up in the patrol wagon and let them explain to the judge.

Officer Knock yesterday picked up a man about 25 years of age on Calhoun street. The man appeared to be demented and added to that was an impediment in his speech which made it impossible for any one to understand him. The fellow proved to be an excursionist from Paulding, O., who had come to town with his father and had got lost. Later his father came to the police staion to report the matter and was delighted to find his boy, who is feeble-minded, in safe-keeping.

Stephen Casey, a gentleman with belligerent instincts, got into a row with a couple of darkies on Chicago street last night. Stephen was monarch of the surroundings until the officers hove in sight, when he ingloriously took to his heels. No arrests.

Hans Klausman reported to the police last evening that his bicycle had been taken at the ball grounds yesterday afternoon while he was watching Matthews getting its bumps. Last evening the missing wheel was found at 153 Taber street, it having been taken by mistake. Explanations and apologies followed and the incident was closed.

William Dall, a young lad, reported as having strayed from the Allen county orphans' home yesterday, was found last evening and returned to the institution.

A couple of rowdies, driving a horse, were racing up and down Home avenue last evening, acting disgustingly and offering insult to any one whom they chanced to meet or see. The patrol wagon was telephoned for, but before its arrival the fellows had driven away.

H. A. Geskuy reported to Superintendent Gorsline this morning that he had been robbed of a gold watch at his boarding house, the Centennial hotel, at 199 Broadway. He said the theft occurred some time between Friday night and yesterday morning and that the time piece was taken from his bed room. He furnished the number of the case and movement and the police department will investigate the matter.

Edward Helmke is building the furniture necessary to the application of the recently purchased Bertillon apparatus, and it is expected to be completed by Wednesday. When it is set up for use Superintendent Gorsline will invite the newspaper men to call and receive an explanation of the working of the system.

Under-Sheriff D. C. MacKay, of Waukeshau, Wis., was a visitor at police headquarters this morning. Mr. MacKay's visit is purely a social one, he having friends in the city whom he is visiting.

CHINESE BANDITTI ACTIVE.

London, July 22.—A dispatch from Pekin says: Disaffection caused by banditti is prevalent in thirty districts in the central part of the provinceof Chi Li. The local officials are either disinclined or unable with the force at their command to suppress the troubles. Li Hung Chang as viceroy is too busy to attend to provincial matters. The troops sent against the banditti showed sympathy for them, having formerly been soldiers. They are better armed than the troops. In a recent conflict a hundred soldiers and officers were killed. The troops of Yuan Shih Kai, governor of Shantung, are the only ones that can be trusted to act. The result of dispatching some of them to quell the disaffection is not yet known. Even if successful in one district an uprising is likely to occur as soon as they depart for another. Complete pacification will be extremely difficult. Official appeals are constantly reaching Li Hung Chang.

STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK.

Scranton, Pa., July 22.—The striking boilermakers, machinists and foundrymen at the shops of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company returned to work at the old rate of wages today, notices having been posted by the company, following a decision of the men to return, that all of the 573 men who went on strike eight weeks ago would be taken back. Two men were discharged for cause. The 900 men employed by the Allis-Chalmers company remain out pending a settlement at the shops of the company in other cities.

HEAD BADLY CUT.

Miss Agnes Freiz, a domestic employed in the home of Rev. A. S. Preston, stepped from a moving car at the corner of Wayne and Broadway Sunday and was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining a bad cut on the back of the head. Dr. William Stemen dressed the injury, which is not regarded as serious.

GERMAN BAPTISTS DEDICATE

FIRST SERVICE IS HELD IN NEW BUILDING.

Dedicatory Sermon Is Preached by Rev. J. B. Traut, of Lanark, Ill. —Many Germans Present.

The new German Baptist church at the corner of Smith and Green streets was dedicated Sunday, and the services were attended by a large number of German Baptists from this and surrounding counties. Rev. J. B. Traut, of Lanark, Ill., preached the dedicatory sermon, his text being from I. Kings, 8:6. A children's service was held in the afternoon, and Rev. Traut preached again in the evening.

The German Baptist church, the only one of that denomination in this city, is a handsome brick structure, costing about $6,000. The interior is arranged so that the Sunday school and auditorium may be made one room, giving an accommodation for about three hundred persons.

KILLS MAYOR; MAYBE LYNCHED

Santa Paula, Cal., July 22.—Mayor Hugh O'Hara, of this place, was shot and probably fatally wounded Sunday by Charles Waxsmith, an employe of the Union Oil Well Supply company. Since the shooting the town has been in a state of turmoil and for a time there was prospect of a lynching. There was a meeting of 300 angry citizens and the greatest excitement prevailed. The crime was vigorously denounced and measures were taken to rid the town of objectionable characters. The shooting was the result of the mayor's efforts to preserve order among persons who insisted on fighting in the streets. S. Foutz, machinist, Charles Waxsmith, George Grego, H. A. Wokely and John Bottoms are under arrest. The mayor ordered the four men arrested for fighting with a Mexican, but before they were aprehended Waxsmith secured a pistol and deliberately shot the mayor, who was sitting in front of his own house.

CLARK IN BIG COPPER DEAL.

St. Petersburg, July 22.—The Novosti reports that the capital of the copper company in which, according to the Novoe Vremya, United States Senator Clark has joined with Kieff capitalists, will be 20,000,000 roubles, of which Kieff will supply 3,000,000 roubles and Moscow 4,500,000. The Ascension mines, near Semipalatinsk, are among the richest. It is said that the government granted the original syndicate a subsidy of 2,500,000 roubles. Senator Clark will visit Kieff in the autumn, his son going to Siberia to inspect the mines.

DEFY MUNCIE'S POSTMASTER.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 22.—Ira Dearth, a clerk in the Muncie post office and a soldier in company B of the Indiana national guard, is at the military camp despite the protest of the Muncie postmaster. The services of Dearth are needed at the Muncie office and the postmaster declined to grant him permission to accompany the militia to Indianapolis, but the officers of the company said they would carry Dearth by force if necessary. The Muncie postmaster appealed by telephone to the government authorities here to decide whether the state had the right to force a government employe into camp. Assistant District Attorney LaFollette advised the postmaster to let Dearth stay in camp. Judge Baker is away from the city and by the time the question could be disposed of, LaFollette says, Dearth's week in camp would be over. The government officers say the Muncie postmaster has known Dearth would have to go to the encampment and should have made arrangements accordingly.

TWO COLLISIONS SATURDAY.

While Henry Haber, of 185 Tabor street, was driving on Clinton street, near Wayne, Saturday night, a rig in which a man, woman and child were riding collided with Mr. Haber's buggy. The latter's horse ran away and collided with a telegraph pole at the News office, badly damaging the rig. Mr. Haber was not injured.

Louis C. Bates, of 131 Oliver street, was run into at the Calhoun street crossing of the Pennsylvania railroad late in the evening by a horse and buggy driven south at a furious pace. The front wheel of Mr. Bate's carriage was torn off and a runaway was narrowly averted.

SWALLOWED NAPHTHA.

Harold Gebfert, 4 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Gebfert, swallowed some naphtha Saturday evening, and for a time the little one's life was dispaired of. The baby climbed on a table and secured a small bottle containing the fluid and swallowed a mouthful. The child's stomach was distended several times the normal size and he suffered great pain for several hours.

OFF TO MILWAUKEE.

About twenty delegates from the local Walther league societies have gone to Milwaukee to attend the national convention of the order, which is being held in that city this week. Among those who went were Prof. Fred Schroeder, Prof. Fred Klein, Carl Juergensen, Miss Catherine Roehrs and Miss Alma Proegler. They expect to return the latter part of this week.

HAS SKIPPED OUT.

The Huntington Herald says that Charles Emrick, of that city, has left for parts unknown, leaving his wife and child in destitute circumstances. The family moved to Huntington from Fort Wayne last fall and Emrick has been working as a section hand on the Erie railroad.

PLAGUE CASES SUSPECTED.

Plymouth, July 22.—The Orient line steamer Ormuz, from Sydney for London, landed here two persons supposed to be suffering from bubonic plague. One case developed after leaving Marseilles.

BABE DRANK GASOLINE

Laketon, Ind., July 20.—The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Clark, of this place, is dead as the result of drinking a quantity of gasoline Thursday evening. The little one was but a year old, and physicians were powerless to save it.

Invitations are being issued by Prof. E. Gerberding for the marriage of his daughter, Bertha, to Mr. Fred D. C. Wahrenberg. The ceremony will be performed Wednesday evening, August 17, at 7 o'clock, at the residence, 69 East Jefferson street.

WAINWRIGHT SHEDS LIGHT

MACLAY HISTORY NOT A TEXT BOOK AT ANNAPOLIS.

Third Volume Has Not Been Adopted for Naval Academy—A Word From Superintendent.

Washington, July 22.—Commander Wainwright, commandant of the United States naval academy, under date of July 20, has made the following reply to the navy department's inquiry concerning the use of Maclay's history:

"Having seen so much in the papers in regard to the third volume of Maclay's naval history, and having received also an official letter from you on the subject, I think right to put you in possession of a full knowledge of the case as existing at the naval academy.

"There has been no proposition to adopt this third volume as a text book or reference book, either from the head of department of English, the academy board or any person within my knowledge.

"There is no intention here of requiring the cadets to study the history of such recent events as in the Spanish-American war, and their time is too limited to require them to study a full volume on any one war.

"Maclay's naval history was adopted with the consent of the department in 1895, when the English course here was extended beyond its former limits.

"This intention not to adopt the third volume of Maclay's history is entirely apart from any consideration of its value as a history of the war, or of knowledge of the facts and criticisms contained thereon.

"I do not know of a copy of the third volue at the naval academy."

MAY END THE WAR.

New York, July 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The death of Mrs. Kruger may have some influence in shortening the war. Mr. Kruger himself has been reported to be exceedingly despondent over the military operations and the correspondence between Reitz and Steyn has justified his discouragement. His domestic bereavement may cause him to lose heart for continuing a hopeless struggle. His Dutch physicians have been warning him for months against the consequence of excitement, since his heart action is abnormally weak. The story is brought by influential South Africans that General Botha was strongly disposed to surrender, but did not consider himself at liberty to do so against the judgment of Mr. Kruger. General Botha has a family to provide for and is without resource. South Africans assert that he is dependent upon allowances which Mr. Kruger has agreed to make for him if he continues the struggle so long as possible.

There is no practical method of verifying these expressions, but this account comes from South Africans who ought to know what they are talking about.

The newspapers refer in tones of sympathy to the death of Mrs. Kruger. It is expected that the British army in South Africa will pay to her in death honors which her former position would have demanded.

There was a lively mad dog scare in Nebraska Friday. The animal had a fit, and ran amuck, inflicting a painful laceration on one of Fred Meyer's pedal extremities.

THE REASON WHY

Our Great Re-Organization Sale Has Been Such a Big Success is Simply Because

We Done as We Advertised.

And being still overstocked, we have concluded to let the good work go on for a few weeks longer. See reduced prices:

Clothing Department.

Knee Suits, $1.25 value.....48c
Men's Cheviot Suits, $5.00 value $1.98
Men's Pants, 75c value.....39c

Shoe Department.

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords, $1.00 to $1.50 value.....25c
Misses' Shoes, worth $1.25.....45c
Infant's Shoes and Oxfords, 50c..10c
Ladies' fine Patent Leather $3.00 Shoes $1.69
Men's fine Dress Shoes, $1.50 to $2.00 ..... 98c
Boys' fine Dress Shoes, $1.25 to $1.50 ..... 69c

Men's Furnishings.

Neckwear, 25c value.....9c
Neckwear, 50c value.....19c
Suspenders, 20c value.....9c
Suspenders, 50c value.....23c
Handkerchiefs, 20c value.....8c
Handkerchiefs, 10c value.....4c
Fancy Half Hose, 10c value.....3c
Fancy Half Hose, dotted, 25c value 9c

Skirts.

Mercerized Silk Skirts.....59c
Mercerized Silk Skirts, pleated..88c
Walking Skirts.....98c

Men's Underwear.

Balbriggan, 50c value.....19c

Ladies' Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies' and Misses' Vests, 10c value 4c
Ladies' seamless Hose, white feet 8c
Ladies' Seamless Fancy Hose, 20c value..... .....10c
Girls' Ribbed Hose, 10c.....4c

Hat & Cap Department.

1,500 Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps, the sample line of Sweet, Dempster & Co., Chicago; values up to $3.50 ....9c, 19c, 25c, 48c, 69c, 98c

Ladies' Handkerchiefs.

100 dozen Ladies' Plain and Colored Border, Hem Stitched Handkerchiefs; many worth 3c to 5c; only 1c
Ladies' fine Hand Embroidered All-Linen Handkerchiefs, values up to 35c; only 15c

Ribbons.

VALUES THAT FAR EXCEED ANY YET OFFERED.

Big assortments All-Silk, Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons, bright colors, silk novelties, etc.; will be sold as long as lot lasts; worth 25c; only 5c

Laces.

Big lot of Laces just on sale. Special price for this week only.
Torchon, large variety, 15c values 4c

Linens.

22 by 38 inch heavy Unbleached Towels, 8 and 10c sort.....5c
Big lot Bleached, Fringed Towels, half regular price.....3c
Full size all white Bed Spreads, soft finish, $1.25 kind.....59c
54 inch full Bleached Table Damask, worth 40c yard 19c
Red Table Cloths, worth 25c..12½c

Men's Shirts.

Extra well made Shirts, reinforced backs, 50c kind 23c
Negligee Shirts, Percale and Madras, worth $1.00, only 39c
Fine Laundried Shirts, great assortment, all styles, $1.00 kind 39c

Wash Fabrics.

Lower prices.
Best quality Calico, yard 3¾c
Dimities, yard 3½c
32 inch fine Lawn, 10c value, yard 4c

Fashionable Millinery.

Ladies' Rough Straw Sailors....15c
Rough Straw Sailors, $1.00 values 48c
Hand-made Chiffon covered Hats, wire frames, the $2.00 sort....98c
Short back Sailors; others get $1.00; this week 39c
All our ready-trimmed $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 Hats, this week $1.98

The exceptionally low prices we quote here will crowd our store all week. We advise that you come in the mornings. Extra salespeople.

THE FAIR, 4 and 6 HARRISON STREET.

READ THE PROOFS

SAMPSON SAW THE SHEETS OF MACLAY'S BOOK.

DID NOT FURNISH FACTS

WILL ENDORSE ALL TAKEN FROM HIS REPORTS.

BOB EVANS SHEDS LIGHT

HE GIVES PROOF OF PLOT AGAINST SCHLEY.

Boston, July 23.—Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, U. S. N., commandant of the Charleston navy yard, was asked if he had ever read and criticised any of the proofs of Maclay's naval history, and in reply he said he thought he had.

"Just what I did do with the proofs which were sent me by Mr. Maclay," Admiral Sampson said, "I don't remember, but if my memory is correct, I did read them. However, since this talk in the newspapers about certain objectionable chapters in the history, I called the attention of my aid, Lieutenant Bennett, to the matter, and he says that he read the proofs, but that I could not criticise them because the language was too immoderate.

"It was a long time ago that I read these proofs, and I don't remember what they said about the battle, about Schley or anyone else. I presume they contained the same statements as are now embodied in the history.

HAS NO GRIEVANCE.

"I have read the history of the navy written by Mr. Maclay and consider the account of my campaigns a very good one. About the rest of it I cannot judge accurately, perhaps, having no intimate knowledge of the events described."

In response to an inquiry as to whether or not he had ever given Mr. Maclay any facts about his campaigns, and especially about the battle of Santiago, Admiral Sampson replied most emphatically that he never had.

"I never told him anything about the Santiago fight or any others, and neither did my aid, Mr. Bennett. In one way possibly I was responsible for the statements he made in the history. I was commander in chief of the squadron and responsible so far as reading the proof goes.

"If the historian has taken facts from my official reports to the navy department, which is perhaps what he means when he says that he obtained them from me, that is all well and good. I stand by my first reports and official communications.

WANTS AN INVESTIGATION.

"I would welcome an investigation of this whole matter by congress or by the navy department. But I see no hope of its being taken up. I hardly believe that congress will do anything about it at the next session.

"Schley's first statements regarding the battle of Santiago, those given out just after the fight, I mean, were moderately correct. The published interviews given out some time afterward were not at all correct. They were entirely different from his first accounts and were written in a different spirit, I think.

"If you will look up an interview, purporting to have come from Schley and published, I believe, on January 6, you will see that it was entirely incorrect. If he was correctly quoted he must certainly have made a misstatement of the facts. Soon after this interview appeared in print he came aboard my ship and told me that he had never given out any such statement; that he had been incorrectly quoted.

"The reporter to whom the interview was granted was a friend of mine, and he afterward told me that he had published Schley's words precisely as they had been spoken."

COURT MARTIAL NOT NEEDED.

When asked for a statement as to why a court martial for Schley was not ordered, Admiral Sampson said:

"Well, it seems to me there's no use of people rehashing this thing again and again. It is an old story and it has been fully discussed."

A copy of a paper was shown to Admiral Sampson in which was a statement claiming that Fighting Bob Evans was guilty of a misstatement of fact in his book, "A Sailor's Log," in saying that the command of the north Atlantic squadron devolved upon him ipso facto, when, shortly after leaving Key West, at the breaking out of the Spanish-American war, Admiral Sampson gave chase to a possible prize, first flying from the flagship New York the signal, "Disregard movements commander in chief."

"The man who wrote that article did not know what he was talking about," said the commandant; "he was evidently mixed up. This has nothing to do with the matter at all. I don't see what the man means. Of course, I made this signal when I left the squadron and left Evans in charge of the fleet. After the fight at San Juan and several hours afterward I chased a ship and left Evans in charge of the squadron."

A CHAPTER BY BOB EVANS.

Washington, July 23.—Rear Admiral Robley Evans, known as "Fighting Bob," contributes this remarkable statement to the Sampson-Schley controversy:

"While the fleet was at Key West and before Schley was sent around the west end of Cuba looking for the Spanish, then known to be making for some South Cuban port, Captain B. M. McCalla, on the Marblehead, had made arrangements with the insurgents on shore near Cienfuegos to inform the American warships if the Spanish squadron sought shelter there. A code of signals was decided on. In the daytime three horses in a row meant 'We wish to communicate,' and at night three white lights in a line meant the same thing. The insurgents had a full view of the entrance to Cienfuegos, and no ships could enter without being seen by them.

"It was decided that when signals were made on shore communication was to be opened and the fleet in front of Cienfuegos should be advised promptly if the enemy was inside. McCalla informed Sampson of what had been done, and confidential instructions were issued to the commander of every ship, giving him the code. I and every captain had it but Cook, of the Brooklyn I supposed, of course, that Cook had it, and that Schley knew Sampson expected to rely on the insurgents to get information about the fleet should it proceed to Cienfuegos.

SCHLEY'S ACTION.

"When Cervera arived at the West Indies private messages indicated he was making for either Santiago or Cienfuegos, as these were the only ports where he could procure coal and be safe from sea attack. It was seen that Schley was hurried around the west end of the island to locate the vessels while Sampson was to look for any surprise from the Bahama channel end. Schley reached Cienfuegos and began to try to find out if the Spaniards were in the harbor.

"Late Sunday I arrived with the Iowa, believing that the admiral was cognizant of the code arrangement and had been trying to reach the insurgents on shore. Early that evening I saw signal lights on shore —those agreed upon with the insurgents—and turning to my executive I remarked, 'They are communicating with Schley.' Later, at midnight, I saw other signals on shore, and again remarked, 'They are still signaling to Schley.'

"The next day McCalla arrived and asked what we had learned from the shore. He was astonished when told by Schley that he knew of no code arrangement made by McCalla with the Cubans. Schley had been there then nearly two days. McCalla was off in the Marblehead at once. In a few hours he steamed back and reported he had found out from the insurgents on shore that no Spanish ships were in the harbor. Schley and Cook both said they knew nothing of any arangement with the insurgents.

"Had Schley had this information, which he might have procured in a few hours after arriving, he could have sailed thirty-six hours sooner for Santiago. He was afterward accused of delaying his departure."

"Fighting Bob" is not an admirer of Schley, but this chapter he adds to the discussion evidently removes from Schley's record what the navy department construed as an unwarranted delay in hunting out the Spanish squadron. The "reprehensible conduct" feature related to Schley's not proceeding direct to Santiago when he started, but the Cienfuegos incident was regarded in Washington as almost equally "reprehensible."

MUST OBEY SAMPSON.

Another important point brought out by Admiral Evans is that Schley was told by the navy department when assigned to the flying squadron that he would have to serve under Sampson as commander in chief, who had not been then selected, and he accepted the command with that understanding. Schley, at the time, was senior to Sampson.

Admiral Evans is strongly of the opinion that Schley should demand an investigation, in view of the attack made on him in Maclay's history, but does not believe Schley will do so.

LYNCHED IN A CITY PARK

NEGRO TAKEN FROM SHERIFF AND STRUNG TO A TREE.

Had Mortally Wounded the Chief of Police at Elkins, W. Va., in a Desperate Fight.

Elkins, W. Va., July 23.—Last night the dead body of William Brooks, colored, swung from the limb of a tree in the city park here and Chief of Police Robert Lilly lies dying in a Cumberland, Md., hospital from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by the colored man.

Yesterday afternoon word was brought to the police station that William Brooks, a well-known colored man, was creating trouble in the lower end of the town and asking for the aid of an officer to subdue him. Chief of Police Robert Lilly said he would go himself and bring the man in. When Brooks saw the officer coming he started to run for the house. By the time Lilly came up to the house, which had a good sized crowd surrounding it, and ordered the man to come out Brooks was at the window of a front room armed with a gun. Officer Lilly ordered him to surrender and come peacefully to the lockup. Brooks said he would not go peaceably or any other way. Lilly ran into the house for the black man. The crowd outside made no offer to help and the officer faced the desperate negro alone Sounds of a fierce struggle could be heard and the crowd that had gathered ran to the house to help. When the room was entered both men were found on the floor in mortal combat The negro was shouting that he would never be taken alive, while the officer held him tightly. Suddenly the negro worked his right hand from the grasp of the officer, and, catching up a revolver that had fallen to the floor in the struggle, fired point blank at the officer. Lilly fell to the floor shot through the bowels.

When the officer released his hold the negro broke from the room and ran, followed by a big crowd. For several squares he kept ahead of the crowd. Finally, after a chase of half a mile, Brooks was overtaken and captured. He fought desperately, but could not get away. Other officers came to the resuce, and with small ceremony Brooks was handed over to the sheriff to be taken to the county jail. Just as the sheriff reached the prison doors a mob of men, at least 400 strong, surrounded him and demanded the prisoner. The sheriff and guards refused and made desperate resistance, but to no avail. Brooks was seized and rushed through the streets, half walking and half falling along, toward the city park. When the park was reached Brooks was told to walk up under a big shade tree in the center of the park and prepare to die. The negro could not speak and seemed almost insensible to what was going on. The rope was drawn up and in a few minutes the body of William Brooks swung from the tree lifeless. The mob then dispersed.

RESTS AT LINDENWOOD.

Rev. George E. Luke, who was called to the city to conduct the funeral services of James E. Lonergan, for many years foreman of The Sentinel bindery, returned today to his home at Elkhart. The service was held at Bethany Presbyterian church and the pastor, Rev. J. C. Breckinridge, assisted in the services. The casket was literally hidden beneath a wealth of most beautiful floral tributes and the large audience present, as well as the hundreds who followed the remains to Lindenwood, attested the regard and esteem in which Mr. Lonergan had been held. Ritualistic services of the A. O. U. W. were conducted at Lindenwood and the casket was deposited in the receiving vault there. The interment will occur some weeks later.

Buy your boy's clothing during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, July 23.—A panicky selling movement in corn, induced by reports of scattered showers in the west, caused a wide range of prices at the opening. September changed hands from 59c to 54½c, ⅝@½c to 4⅞@5c under yesterday's close. The general feeling was, however, that the rains were inconsequential and after the burst of unloading by nervous longs the market steadied under buying for the country account and September reacted to 57⅝c. Receipts were 288 cars. Bullish confidence was further restored by the weather fore cast, which had nothing but dry weather to offer to the shriveled corn fields.

September wheat opened ⅜c to 1⅜c lower at 72c, then to 71c under the influence of disappointing cables, cooler weather in the spring wheat country and in sympathy with the corn break. Liquidations sent the market to 70⅝c within a few minutes. The corn rally, however, caused a quick change. September rallied to 72c and a general decline 71⅜c. Local receipts were 539 cars, 234 of contract grade. Northwest receipts were 225 cars against 290 last week and 226 a year ago.

Oats opened weak with corn, September selling ¼@⅝c higher to 31⅛@31¼c lower at 38½c to 35c during the first few seconds. Buying orders were plentiful, however, and a rally to 37⅛c followed. Later the market under continued liquidation eased to 36½c. Receipts were 145 cars.

Provisions were quiet and prices irregular. September pork opened 17½c lower at $14.40 and sold to $14.60; September lard opened a shade higher at $8.70@8.72½, and September ribs 5c lower at $7.95, selling to $8.02½.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows:

Wheat—July, 69½c; Sept., 70⅝c, Oct., 71½c.

Corn—July, 53⅞c; Sept., 55¼@55⅜c.

Oats—July, 35⅝c; Sept., 35¾@35⅞c.

Pork — July, $$14.27½; Sept., $14.47½; Oct., $14.42½; aJn.,$14.90.

Lard—July, $8.65; Sept., $8.70@8.72½; Oct, $8.72½; Nov., $8.70; Dec., $8.65; Jan., $7.60@7.62½.

Ribs—July, $7.82½; Sept., $7.97½; Oct., $8.00; Jan., $7.77½.

Flax—Cash N. W., $1.80; No. 1, $1.80; Sept., $1.70; Oct., $1.59.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 825 Texans; market steady. Good to prime steers, $5.45@6.00; poor to medium, $4.35@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.40; cows, $2.80@4.65; heifers, $2.50@4.90; canners, $1.65@2.35; bulls, $2.50@4.50; calves, $2.75@6.00; Texas steers, $3.00@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 5,415. Market steady to 5c higher. Mixed and butchers, 5.80@6.05; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.20; rough heavy, $5.65@5.95; light, $5.75@5.92½; bulk of sales, $5.90@5.95.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, July 23.—Butter—Market strong; creameries, 14½@20c; dairies, 13@17c.

Cheese—Market steady, 9½@10¼c.

Eggs—Market steady, 12½c.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 23.—Flour—Receipts, 36,017 bbls; sales, 4,700 pkgs; state and western market was quiet and unsettled, but no lower; winter straights, $3.25@3.50.

Wheat—Receipts, 212,650 bush; sales, 2,310,000 bush; market broke sharply under the collapse in corn, together with unloading and reported rains in the northwest. July, 77@77¼c; Sept., 75¾@77c; Oct., 76½c; Dec., 77¾@78 11-16c.

Rye—Market quiet; state, 54@55c; No. 2 western, 62c, f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Receipts, 54,000 bush; sales, 180,000 bush; market was demoralized and 3c lower through unloading based on report of good rains in Kansas and Nebraska. Sept., 59@60¾c; Oct., 59¾@60½c; Dec., 59¼@61¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 208,300 bush; market was weak and lower on the rains with corn; track white, 42@48c.

Pork—Market steady; mess, $15.50@16.50; family, $16.50@17.00; short clear, $16.00@17.50.

Lard—Market steady; prime western steamed, $9.05.

Butter—Receipts, 15,203 pkgs; market strong; state dairy,14@14½c; creamery, 15@19½c; factory, 14@15½c; imitation creamery, 14@17c.

Cheese—Receipts, 12,155 pkgs; market firmer; fancy large colored, 9½c; fancy large white, 9c; fancy small colored, 9⅜c; fancy small white, 9¼c.

Eggs—Receipts, 10,538 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16@17c; western, candled, 14@15c; western, uncandled, 8@8½c.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-16c; molasses sugar, 3 5-16c; refined, steady; crushed, $5.95; powdered, $5.55; granulated, $5.45.

Coffee—Market dull; No. 7 Rio, 5 11-16c.

Molasses—Market quiet.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., July 24.—Flour—Spring wheat, $3.75@4.00; winter, per bbl., $3.50@3.75; Graham, $1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, $2.60 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, $1.00 per cwt.

Chop Feed—$1.00 per cwt.
Wheat—Old, 68c.
Wheat—New, 65c.
Corn—48c.
Oats—35@38c.
Rye—New, 45c.
Rye—Old, 50c.
Timothy Seed—$1.80 bu.
Cloverseed—$5.50@6.00.
Barley—35@45c.
Oil Meal—$1.40 per cwt.
Flax Seed—$1.25.
Hides—Green, 6½c; salted, 8c.
Calf Hides—Green, 9c.
Calf Hides—Salted, 10c.
Beeswax—25@26c.
Wool—Unwashed, 17c.
Wool—Washed, 25c.
Bran—Ton, $16.00.
Shorts—$16.00.
Middlings—Ton, $16.00.
Pork—On foot, $5.40@5.50.
Pork—Dressed, $6.25.
Cattle—$3.75@4.50.
Sheep—3¾c lb.
Lambs—4¾c lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—Old, $8.00@ 9.00.
Clover—$5.00@6.00.
Mixed—$7.00@9.00.
Wheat Straw—$5.00@6.00.
Oat Straw—$5.00@6.00.

PRODUCE.

HONORS HIS NATIVE CITY.

Butter—Country, 15@16c.
Butter—Creamery, 21@22c.
Eggs—9@10c.
Lard—8c lb.
Chickens—Old, 7@8c.
Chickens—Dressed, 9@10c.
Spring Broilers—10@12c.
Potatoes—25c.
New Potatoes—50@60c.
Honey—14@15c.
Apples—40@50c bu.
Onions—35@40c bu.

HONORS HIS NATIVE CITY.

Montclair, N. J., July 23.—The celebration of the Caldwell fire department on August 3 will be an event memorable in the history of Caldwell. Former President Grover Cleveland has promised to participate. When it is remembered that Mr. Cleveland first saw the light in the quaint town of Caldwell on March 18, 1837, the importance of the visit can be better understood. This will be his first visit since his father, Rev. Richard Talley Cleveland, resigned the pastorate of the Presbyterian church in the fall of 1840. Since that time Grover Cleveland has steadfastly refrained from visiting the scenes of his childhood, declining all invitations to participate in any celebrations conducted in or near Caldwell. This will be the first time Cleveland ever did anything for his native city.

TO BE GOVERNOR OF PORTO RICO

Washington, July 23.—William H. Hunt, the present secretary of Porto Rico, has been selected to succeed Governor Charles H. Allen upon the retirement of the latter from the insular government. Governor Allen brought with him to Boston all of his household effects when he came from San Juan and he does not expect to return to Porto Rico. The formal announcement of the selection of Governor Hunt is withheld until the regular appointment is made, and this cannot be before the expiration of the leave of Governor Allen next September. William H. Hunt was born in New Orleans, La., November 5, 1857, and is the fourth son of the late William Henry Hunt, of Louisiana, who was secretary of the navy in the cabinets of Presidents Garfield and Arthur and minister to Russia.

Columbia City Post: "George Crawford has resigned his position with the Harper buggy works, and left Monday for Fort Wayne, where he has secured employment."

OIL VESSEL BLOWN UP; MANY DEAD

Cargo of Petroleum on American Steamer Explodes at Stockholm Killing Captain, Ten of Crew and Five Others.

Stockholm, Sweden, July 23.—An explosion today of petroleum on board the American schooner Louise Adelaide, Captain Orr, which left Philadelphia April 24 and Portland, Me., June 4, for Stockholm, in the harbor here, resulted in the death of Captain Orr, ten members of the schooner's crew, four Swedish customs officers and the Brazilian consul. Two of the Louise Adelaide's crew were saved. The explosion set the schooner afire and the blazing petroleum enveloped the vessel and those on board.

The barkentine Louise Adelaide, Captain Orr, left Philadelphia April 24 for Stockholm. May 13 she put into Dutch Island harbor, Rhode Island, having encountered a heavy gale on the edge of the gulf stream. From Dutch Island harbor she was towed to Portland, Me., for repairs, where she was refitted as a schooner and resumed her voyage for Stockholm June 4.

PROF. KOCH SHATTERS OLD NOTION

New York, July 23.—Professor Koch, of Berlin, will announce, says a Herald dispatch from London, his discovery that bovine tuberculosis is not transmissible to the human system. The famous bacteriologist, in an interview, authorized the statement that he has demonstrated that meat and milk tuberculosis infected cattle may be consumed with absolute impunity.

Dr. Allen T. Haight, of Chicago, the official representative of the American Medical association, said:

"If I had not heard Professor Koch quietly announce his discovery in private conversation it would have seemed to me absolutely incredible. I can only say that Dr. Koch is too profound a student and has too much reputation at stake to promulgate such a proposition unless convinced of its soundness beyond the shadow of a doubt. If he is able theoretically to demonstrate his claims, the sanitary systems of the world will be shaken to the very roots. The word revolution but faintly expresses what the discovery will precipitate."

English experts talked of the theory with mingled astonishment and contempt, and asserted that the German professor would encounter stubborn debate and learned disproof of his "mad idea."

Dr. Reynolds, health commissioner of Chicago, when informed of Professor Koch's theory, said:

"The discovery is certainly of the highest importance, and especially in regard to milk. As far as meat is concerned I never believed it contained elements of danger when cooked, and therefore the announcement has comparatively less significance for the civilized peoples of the world. As to milk taken in its natural state it is a different proposition. While probably nobody is desirous of drinking the milk of tuberculosis cows, yet a great boon would be assured if it can be consumed with impunity."

HOLDS WABASH RESPONSIBLE

FOR RECENT RAILROAD DISASTER AT CASS.

Coroner at Logansport Says That Culvert Was of Insufficient Size, and Charges Negligence.

Logansport, Ind., July. 23.—Coroner C. D. Smith yesterday afternoon returned a verdict in the Wabash wreck case at Cass. He made a thorough investigation and much interest has been manifested in his finding, which is as follows:

"I, Charles D. Smith, coroner of Cass county, on the 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th of June and on the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 13th day of July, in Miami and Eel townships, county of Cass and state of Indiana, held an inquest to inquire into and by what name and by whom Noe Pedretti, Lugi Branca, Crispino Vincenzo, Teressa Mantone, Fannie Murich, Domenico Lombardo, Domenico Salitino, Rudolph Fillipo, an infant of Frank Parks, Carmino Lombardo, Frances Macario, Rosina Macaro, whose bodies were found dead in said county and state on the night of June 25, 1901, came to their deaths. After having examined the bodies and heard the evidence I find that the deceased came to their deaths by reason of the wreck of a passenger train on the Wabash railroad, caused by the giving away of the track on the night of June 25. I further find that at the point where the wreck occurred there was and had been for many years prior to said wreck a stone box or culvert three feet by three feet five inches in capacity being used by said railroad company for the purpose of carrying the water which accumulated to the north of said railroad track, under the right-of-way. That during ordinary rainfall large quantities of water came down from the hills and surrounding country to the north, and that said stone box or culvert was insufficient in capacity to carry the water which naturally flowed in that direction during heavy rainfalls, and that the railway company might have known of the insufficiency of said culvert had it used due care in its inspection. I find that the giving way of the railroad embankment under the track was caused by reason of the water backing up to the north of the grade, occasioned by the insufficient capacity of the culvert above mentioned and that the negligense of the said railroad company in failing to provide a culvert of sufficient capacity was the direct cause of said wreck and of the death of the persons killed therein."

HARVEST HOME PICNIC.

A harvest home picnic will be held under the auspices of the Huntertown M. E. church at Andrew's grove, one mile north of Huntertown, on Saturday, July 27. Rev. A. S. Preston, of this city, will deliver his lecture, "How to Get There," and Rev. H. J. Norris will also deliver an address.

BY THE BOUNDING BILLOW.

Trustee Schirmeyer bid his associates about the court house an effectionate good bye last evening as he told them he was going to take a little trip to seashore to spend his vacation. Everybody wished him Godspeed and a good time. This morning it was learned on undisputable authority that Mr. Schirmeyer is rusticating on H. H. Schnelker's farm in Maumee township, which he reached by riding on a mudboat out of New Haven. The rolling of the surf which he will tell about when he gets back is nothing more than the rustling of the leaves in the cornfield and the fish that he expects to bring back have already been engaged at a well-known fish market.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Kammeyer, 13 Fairfield avenue—a daughter.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss:

Coralyn McL. MacGregor vs. Alexander L. MacGregor.

In the Superior Court.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of said Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the following named defendant, Alexander L. MacGregor, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, and that a cause of action exists against said Defendant in favor of said Plaintiff for divorce.

Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident Defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he appears before the Judge of said Court on the 18th day of September, 1901, and answer or demur thereto, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

FRANK J. BELOT,
Attest: Clerk. (Seal.)
HENRY COLERICK,
Attorney for Plaintiff. 24-31-7

SAVE MONEY. TRADE WITH US DURING OUR SALE.

All men's and boys' suits, with the exception of blue and black goods will be discounted 20 per cent. Bicycle clothing discounted 20 per cent. Trunks, traveling bags and suit cases discounted 10 per cent. Men's pants discounted 10 per cent. Straw hats discounted 20 per cent. WE SELL a knee pant at 50c that others sell at 90c. These you can buy at 50c, sale or no sale. WE SELL a boys' long hose at 10c that others sell at 25c. These you can buy of us any time at 10c, but you save 15c on each pair. See them in our window.

REUBEN. S. PATTERSON, 56 CALHOU STREET.

The Weekly Sentinel.

E. A. K. HACKETT...Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION { In Advance.....$1.00 / At End of Year...$1.50

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1901.

Mabus is gone, but several of his bad tribe remain. It's up to the police to do the rest.

The progress of the injunction during the past few years must bolster the expectation of those who like it that it will soon be equal to any emergency.

Earl Russell doubtless realizes that when a man begins to do business with the American divorce it behooves him to keep within the jurisdiction of Uncle Sam.

Mr. Maclay has neither quality of temperament nor the right kind of friends to make him valuable as historian of the American navy. However, he is meeting only the difficulties any blackguard would encounter in the job.

All the democrats in the country may not be ready to agree with Hon. Charles A. Towne that Hon. David B. Hill should be the next democratic nominee for the presidency, but most of them will raise a chorus of approval of his confession that the silver issue is dead, dead, dead.

Mr. Morgan very readily undertook to arbitrate the differences of rival interests in the recent Northern Pacific fight, a battle of millionaires, but he cannot discern anything to arbitrate in the present steel strike, which is a fight between the great trust Mr. Morgan organized and its employes.

Now they are beginning to speculate on what will happen if Lieutenant Peary has really discovered the north pole, as many believe he has done. It will be recalled that Canada used to claim all of the territory north of her present area. If she includes the pole in her claim it may have to be a game of freeze-out between her and Uncle Sam.

M. Santos-Dumont, the inventor of the dirigible airship, is now talking of the practicability of a balloon voyage around the world. Perhaps that will come later on, but the public will be more confident of it after M. Santos-Dumont has succeeded in going around the Eiffel tower and back to his starting point without meeting with an accident.

American guns are to remain on grim old Morro Castle, at Havana, even after Cuba has become an independent government. The reasons pointed out for this are that who holds Morro commands Havana, and who commands Havana holds the key to Cuba. All Cubans ought under present and prospective circumstances to soon become educated up to the annexation point. When Cuba does not know what it is she really wants, or at all events should have, light will be turned on from Washington.

Sturdy little Steuben county is making a righteous fight against the extortions of the Standard Oil company. The big monopoly has wiped some larger antagonists than that county out of existence, but we are willing to predict that Steuben will be on the map long after the Standard monopoly has ceased to be. The people of Steuben can now buy their kerosene and gasoline cheaper of the Standard agents than of the Standard's competitors, but it is principle and not price that is now at stake, as it was with the Bostonians who threw the tea into the bay. An Angola oil party may perhaps take its place in history along with the Boston tea party. Who knows?

Another testimonial as to the efficacy of kerosene oil in ridding a community of mosquitoes has been forthcoming. The expenditure of $10 for two barrels of kerosene and the employment of a man for about three weeks in the latter part of April to spray oil in a fine shower over the marshes and pools of the meadows near Hartford, Conn., have sufficed to free that city of a pest which had recently threatened depopulation. All cities and towns are afflicted with the same pest more or less and all have stagnant pools near by where the mosquitoes breed. The employment of the kerosene method is so easy and so economical that there seems to be no excuse for its not being generally adopted, both as a health measure and to secure greater comfort.

By ordering a yacht to be made in this country, Emperor William not only confers a mark of distinction on the American shipbuilder, but also distributes marks of another sort.

It is worth remembering that the great dispute between the engineering trades and their employers in England four years ago, similar to the strike now threatened in America, gave the manufacturing interests of England a setback from which they have never recovered.

A Chicago hypnotist wants permission to bury a hypnotized subject three days just to prove that animation can be suspended that long without danger. He can improve his proposition by offering to substitute himself for his subject and removing the time limit.

Notwithstanding "Dr." John Alexander "Elijah-St. John" Dowie has renounced allegiance to Great Britain and become a citizen of the United States the land of the free and the home of the brave can still claim a wide margin of advantage in the matter of swapping citizens. William Waldorf Astor has become a Briton.

It will surprise no one to learn that the people of a Missouri town wherein dwells the telegraph romancer who lately sent out a weird story of the death of several children by the explosion of a frog which they had stuffed with dynamite visited summary retribution on the breezy liar. They insisted that he "show 'em," and of course he couldn't.

We honor the people of Indianapolis enough to predict that they will strenuously kick against the importation of a weather forecaster from Louisiana to that city. Professional wind oracles of northern birth, sentiments and predilections have cooked us sufficiently the past month and there will be revolt against any talent imported from the tropics. If home-grown genius fails to fill the bill, try a hand from Labrador.

Some question as to whether Mr. Pierpont Morgan intended using England as a coaling station having arisen, we take time to remark that Mr. Morgan will if he can. Should there be any further doubt in the matter, the doubters need only look at the uses to which he is putting the United States in the same line of business, not forgetting incidentally to note the prices he is charging the while.

The old frigate Minnesota has been condemned by a board of survey and ordered sold at auction. As a matter of fact, this ship was condemned as long ago as March 9, 1862, when she only escaped destruction at the hands of the ironclad Merrimac through the interposition of another ironclad, the Monitor. All wooden ships were condemned on that famous day, and though the Minnesota may have served a useful purpose since then she has been carried on the naval list all these years more for sentimental than for practical reasons.

London society is doing its best to make the visit of Cardinal Gibbons to that city as pleasant as possible. His eminence says that he has more invitations to country houses than he could comply with in months. He is shortly to be the guest of the duke of Norfolk at Arundel Castle, and will then make a tour of Scotland and Ireland, returning to the United States at the end of August. In connection with the cardinal's recent journey to Rome, the report is revived that two more American cardinals are to be added to the Sacred College before long. Who the fortunate prelates who are to receive the honor may be is still a matter of conjecture only. Archbishops Ireland, Chapelle and Ryan are all men of sufficient learning and distinction to entitle them to consideration, and it seems a reasonably safe prediction that the red hat will go to one if not two of them.

The venerable James English, of 140 Jackson street, is slowly recovering from a severe attack of gall stones.

WIPE OUT THE WINEROOMS.

A few days or few weeks at most should suffice the police to wipe out of existence the last wineroom in Fort Wayne. The very character of such places outlaws them and their proprietors cannot engage in the saloon business without violating the statutes. It is not in them to carry on the liquor traffic as the law directs. These places are doing business now by sufferance of the police authorities. Vigilance in watching and vigor in dealing with them will put the last low joint out of business in a short time.

The ease with which the city has been rid of the infamous Mabus dive shows that the problem of wiping out the wineroom evil does not present any peculiar difficulties. These dives have female habitues and that is contrary to the law. Arrest them for that offense just as often as the proprietors offend the law. They sell liquor to minors without restriction and that is contrary to law. Arrest them for that offense just as often as they offend the law in that. Known prostitutes resort in such places in association with the keepers, and that is contrary to law. Arrest them for that offense just as often as the offense is repeated. Such a police campaign will soon root out the evil. Arrest and fine the resorters in these places as often as they are found there and they will give the winerooms wide berth. In all cases let the maximum fines be assessed against the offenders.

Such a course will operate with three-fold effect to close up the places. The proprietors cannot stand repeated punishment, which strips them of the profits of their business. Punishment of the habitues of these dives will curtail patronage to the bankruptcy point. And finally when any offense has been sufficiently repeated let the license in every such case be revoked.

If the authorities mean business and honestly purpose to drive the winerooms out of existence they can do it promptly, thoroughly and permanently. If this is not done the people will demand to know why it it not.

July is the month in which some of the greatest strikes in American history were begun. It was in July, 1877, the great railway strike in the east began, which extended over several states and culminated in the destruction of railway property at Pittsburg and a desperate conflict between rioters and troops. The bloody battle between the strikers and the Carnegie guards at Homestead was in July, 1892. In July, 1894, the strike which started at Pullman extended to Chicago and was suppressed only by the dispatch of United States troops to that city by order of the president. In the same month important strikes in different parts of the country took place.

A GOOD START.

The revocation of the saloon license of the notorious Conrad Mabus was a good thing to do. It will be generally commended. But it does not extirpate the "wineroom" evil. Mabus had but one saloon. There are others in Fort Wayne, none worse than the Mabus place, though some probably as bad. The revocation of this one license is only a good start. It should be the inauguration of a general cleaning-out campaign vigorously prosecuted until the last dive of the kind in this city has been closed.

The term "wine-room" is misleading. The Mabus place and others like it are merely saloons of the dive class, where women are not only allowed but induced to resort. Such saloons are little else than assignation places, where, even if there is no lodging house annex, lodging houses of immoral character exist near by. The law can easily and readily be made to reach all such saloons if the officers charged with enforcement of the law are required to do their duty.

The Mabus place is well taken care of and there is one of the worst of resorts for women out of the way. But it is only one less. Now let the authorities go after the others.

A bulletin issued a day or two ago by the census bureau shows that the urban population of the country, comprising persons living in towns of 4,000 or more, is 37.3 per cent of the whole, while in 1890 it was 32.9 per cent of the whole. This furnishes official confirmation of the statement so many times made that the cities are growing faster than the rural sections of the country. But the difference is hardly so pronounced as many persons imagined it would be. The country as a place of residence has certainly not lost all its popularity. And it must be remembered that cities include more of the joys of suburban life than formerly, and that the city man never before could get out into the country so quickly and so comfortably.

It will now, as it has been heretofore, be noted that the partisans of Admiral Sampson are ever ready to exclaim it is time the distressing controversy shuld be closed and forgotten.

Senator Hanna said at Washington the other day: "I am not a candidate for president." But then he quickly added: "I think it would be very bad taste for anybody to say he is just now."

It is now admitted in Washington that Mr. Neely, late of Muncie, is not likely to be prosecuted for doing a few good strokes of business on a cash basis while in the Cuban postal service. The admission is not startling and beyond the fact it has been delayed beyond general expectation is scarcely interesting.

Crop reports from Europe continue to disclose important shortages of wheat in many regions. The harvest in France will be far below the average, that in Germany will be short, and in the great Volga basin and some other cereal producing parts of Russia, as well as in Siberia, the wheat crop is ruined. The outlook seems promising for the American surplus, but it should not be forgotten that while foreign agricultural disasters create a demand for our grain, they also reduce ability to buy and pay for it. However, it seems probable that our wheat farmers this year will be able to market all the wheat they have to spare for export, and at fair prices.

THE MACLAY HISTORY.

The most rancorous attack ever made upon Admiral Schley is that of Edgar Stanton Maclay, who has hitherto borne a creditable reputation as the author of a history of the United States navy. None of Admiral Sampson's supporters in the disgraceful controversy over the engagement at Santiago has gone so far in personal abuse and dishonorable imputation as this professional student of history. His narration of the events of the war with Spain is so manifestly inaccurate and prejudiced that it raises suspicion as to the value of his previous work. Not only should the third volume of Maclay's history of the navy be barred from use at the naval academy at Annapolis, but the earlier volumes, which have been accepted as standard text books, should be subjected to the most searching examination. The government has officially honored Admiral Schley for his services. To permit the use of Maclay's history would be to put the stamp of approval upon his malevolent falsifications.

Not only has Maclay perverted the records for his own purpose, but throughout his tone of comment on Schley's conduct is unfair and virulent.

Such statements are not judicial or controversial. They are gross, inexcusable, and insulting lies. They are only the more offensive because they come from a man who professes to be an honest student and a truthful chronicler of the history of the United States navy.

Isn't it about time to compel one Conrad Mabus to come into court and show cause why he should not retire from the saloon business in this city?

Visit our children's department for big bargains in little suits.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

CONTESTING FREY WILL.

Frederick Frey and twenty others have commenced suit against Martin Brouwer, the principal beneficiary according to the will of Frederick Frey, deceased, to set aside a conveyance and the will of the said Frederick Frey. The parties all live in Madison township and Breen & Morris are attorneys for the plaintiffs.

Attend Patterson's sale.

THE COURT NEWS.

Howard Hanthorn has filed his bond as a notary public.

The will of Benedict Krack has been entered for probate. He leaves $200 to Rev. J. H. Oechtering to be spent in memorial services for the peace of his soul; $500 to his brother George; $250 to his brother Martin; $500 to his nephews and nieces and the remainder of the estate to his brothers Anslem and George.

James M. Tyron, of Monroeville, has filed a renewal of his bond as notary public.

Minnie V. Dailey has filed in the superior court a complaint for divorce from Frank Dailey.

John Henry Neff, executor of the estate of Rebecca Neff, deceased, has filed his annual report.

Henry Zollinger, administrator of the estate of Conrad Nahrwold, has filed his annual report.

In the superior court Perry Johnson, administrator of the estate of John F. Shoaff, deceased has entered suit for the enforcement of a landlord's lien. Demand, $500.

A. J. Richer, who was elected justice of the peace of Jackson township at the last election and failed to qualify within the specified time, has been appointed to the position by the county commissioners, upon petition of Robert Learheman and others.

In the office of the county auditor bids were received for the enlargement of the Boitet ditch, in Adams and Jefferson townships. The drain is seven miles long and 17,000 yards ofearth will have to be excavated. Charles Salway bid 9.48 cents a yard and William Kruse bid 9.75 cents. The contract was awarded to Salway.

Carolyn McL. MacGregor has entered suit in the superior court for a divorce from Alexander MacGregor.

The county commissioners will meet on Wednesday to transact office business, very little of which is undisposed of.

The school trustees have commenced suit against Margaret Hamilton for the appointment of appraisers to assess the value of a certain strip of ground on the Hamilton homestead property for condemnation for high school purposes. It is just possible that an amicable adjustment can be made.

Last evening Sheriff Stout received a telegram from Edgerton, signed by James Batters, asking that an officer be sent immediately to arrest three parties for rioting, saying that the affidavits would be ready on the arrival of the officers. Deputies Reichelderfer and Huguenard were dispatched at once and they returned to the city at a late hour without any game, but with a large load of disgust on board. Three boys named Watson, the oldest of whom is only sixteen, had got into a quarrel with Batters' mother and they probably were pretty rough in their language and actions, but had done no rioting and had committed no assault. The deputies made a thorough investigation, but found no ground for making an arrest.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

Cyrus Miller has filed in Justice Bullerman's court an affidavit against Zelaus Hopkins, charging assault and battery.

John Johnson, charged with provoke by Edward Novek, was acquitted by Justice Bullerman. The charge of assault was withdrawn.

Zelaus Hopkins has filed an affidavit in Justice Bullerman's court charging Cyrus Miller with provoke. There are several other cases pending against the two parties, and they will all be tried Wednesday

Christian Schroeder, who attempted to commit suicide a few days ago, was tried in Justice Huser's court on an insanity charge and released on his own recognizance pending a trial by a commission in lunacy.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Chris Fliginger and Adline A. Yaggy.

George W. Carmer and Gracie Hart.

William Lloyd and Ida Johnson.

Elza E. Overly and Alice Young.

Ernest A. Thierfelder and Alma F. Pfueller.

Frank Spencer and Lucy Todd.

Claude A. Wiebusch and Louise A. B. Streich.

Herman Boester and Teresa Grimm.

Fred J. Christman and Blanche E. Seitz.

1200 Boys Wanted.

At our store this week to buy the "Puritan" long black hose at 10c a pair. You know what they are. We don't believe 25c will buy a better hose in the city.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Dr. L. P. Drayer has returned from Hartford City. His father, Dr. Peter Drayer, is critically ill at his home in that city, and it is not thought that he can survive many days.

....RURODE'S....

STOCK REDUCING SALE.

Our before inventory stock reducing sale continues to attract crowds of delighted buyers. Still further price concessions have been made in all departments. Everything that lags a little has been given notice to move in the way of reduced prices. There will be great underprice selling here in all lines of merchandise.

You Always Get the Best Here.

There is a wide difference between cheap goods and good goods cheap. Your purchases here will look just as well to you at home as they do at the store.

Don't Take Chances

When by trading here you can be absolutely sure of getting what is right. We are offering merchandise now that is right in every particular at prices that will put money in your pocket. Our present prices tell a money saving story that ought to induce you to look far ahead.

BUY NOW.

Suits, Skirts, Shirt Waists, Wrappers, Wash Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Domestics, Calicoes, Blankets, Flannels, Linens, Parasols, Underwear, Laces, Ribbons, Hosiery, Carpets, Curtains, Etc., you'll get them at less prices than you ought to pay for them.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

"If it's a good thing SLAVLY'S have it."

GOT AN AX TO GRIND?

You can keep 'em sharp on the GRINDSTONES we sell. Easy to run and good to the center. Wear even and cost less than ever.

A first-class stone, mounted, for only

$3.25

Family Grindstones, mounted, for 65c, 85c and $1.00. Also a large stock of unmounted Grindstones at interesting prices.

A limited amount of 2c per pound Nails left. Take them quick.

BOTH PHONES 149 SLAVLY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 19 AND 21 W. MAIN ST.

MAYSVILLE AND VICINITY.

Mrs. Mary Alexander, a former resident of Springfield township, now of Denver, Col., is visiting friends and relatives here.

Rev. L. C. Zimmerman spent the Sabbath at Bobo, where he conducted a baptismal service for the pastor, Rev. E. H. Peters.

J. G. Mack, our postmaster, who has been visiting his daughter, Grace, at Shelby, Ohio, returned Monday evening. Ex-Postmaster Starr had charge of the office during his absence.

The Lutheran church, which has undergone extensive repairs, was rededicated Sunday. Rev. McLaughlin, a visiting pastor, officiated. The expense of repairing was a little in excess of $500. This amount was not quite realized by subscription, but the trustees assumed the deficit and the house was dedicated free of debt.

The season for picnics is here and the M. E. Sabbath school had five invitations to dispose of last Sunday morning, besides arranging for one of their own to occur August 10.

A. M. Keener received a car load of coal at Woodburn Saturday last. It was distributed to customers Monday.

E. C. Carrington, our local undertaker, received his license as a practical embalmer Monday evening. The examination occurred May 17 at Indianapolis.

The remains of Addie Mae Flickinger, who died in the city Wednesday last, were interred in Barnet cemetery near here on Friday afternoon. Many friends gathered at the church waiting for the arrival of the funeral procession, and a short supplementary service was conducted by the pastor of the church, of which deceased was a member.

Misses Elsie Zimmerman and Francis Carrington were visitors at Antwerp, Ohio, Saturday and Sunday.

A PLEASANT RECEPTION.

At the home coming of Rev. J. H. Miller, pastor of the Hoagland Lutheran charge, accompanied by his bride, his people dressed the new parsonage in its brightest hues and with smiling faces and words of greeting met him at his home Friday evening. Nothing more pleasing could be imagined. The great profusion of flowers were artistically arranged in bouquets and festooned over doorways and arches. Fully 200 people enjoyed the pleasures of the evening. Light refreshments were served. At a late hour all left for their homes, leaving with the pastor and wife words of congratulation and many tokens of their esteem.

Pay other stores 25c for your boy's hose if you want to. If you don't come to our store and buy the best one you ever saw for 10c.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Congressman J. M. Robinson is visiting friends in Edgerton.

Trunks, traveling bags and suit cases discounted 10 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

LOOK FOR A COUP BY THE TRUST

Amalgamated Officials Show Uneasiness Over the Situation---Danger Point Near at Hand---A Trust Statement.

Pittsburg, July 23.—The leaders of the Amalgamated Association are evidently expecting some coup by the combine, and while there exists confidence in the strength of their organization, there is an undercurrent of uneasiness. Heretofore the strike has been plain sailing, but there is an impression that the gage of battle thrown down at McKeesport is about to be taken up in no uncertain fashion. Assistant Secretary M. F. Tige said today:

"Reasoning purely along the lines of former strikes, it does not seem unlikely that the trust may try to start painters or even more mills with non-union men, as a preliminary test of strength, but I do not think it will be successful. If such a thing is tried, of course, the police will figure as guards. There the danger lies."

Manufacturers who are conversant with the situation declare that the workers will soon weaken, and that the United States Steel corporation is waiting until the men are ready to go to work. The following statement on the situation was issued:

"The Amalgamated association overshot the mark in making its demands. The United States Steel corporation made liberal concessions in offering to sign the scale for the Wood, Wellsville, Old Meadow and Saltzburg plants, but the Amalgamated conferees were unwilling to accept this. The strike has gone too far now. There is no hope for arbitration or mediation. There is nothing to arbitrate. It is not a question of wages or hours. Such questions could be settled by arbitration. The struggle now is over a principle. The manufacturers think it unjust. The labor officials are firm in their belief that the demand is fair. Both sides are unyielding. So what is there to do but fight it out along these lines?"

NO NEW PHASES.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—The strike situation presents practically no new phases this morning and it appears now as if the contending forces are settling down to a protracted struggle.

While the company at the Wellsville mill received the accession of a few men from the ranks of the strikers yesterday, the number is not yet large enough to justify the mill in starting up in full.

In the meantime the Amalgamated men are keeping a constant watch upon the mill and all the avenues that lead to it. Pickets have been thrown out along the streets and at the railroad stations, so that nothing will escape the vigilance of the strikers, if the company should bring any new men in.

STRIKERS ARE WARY.

At the Dewes-Woods mill, in McKeesport, everything is as before. From unofficial sources, believed to be conversant with the company's plan, it is said the management have no intention of resuming the operation of the plant at present. Nevertheless, the strikers are wary and evidently do not believe this, because they continue to patrol the streets for the purpose of keeping their eyes on any one going towards the mill. Pickets are lined along the streets as well as the river front, and strangers are kindly but firmly asked to show who they are and how it happens they are in McKeesport. A satisfactory feature in connection with this is the continued order and good behavior of the men. Of course, what might happen in case some strange workers were to appear on the scene cannot now be conjectured.

MILL MEN WILL FIGHT.

Little doubt remains that these mill workers intend to fight if the issue is forced, and while the workmen mean business and will fight, there is not much doubt that the present management of the Dewes-Woods plant have long since prepared for any emergency.

At Vandergrift and Duncansville the men appear to be entirely satisfied and work is going on there as usual. All the efforts of the Amalgamated association to get the men out have so far been futile.

Vice President Pierce, of the Amalgamated association, has organized a lodge among the men at the Glassport plant of the Pittsburg Steel Hoop company. This mill does not belong to the combine and this matter is only of interest in the present struggle, as it is possible that the combine might make an arrangement with the Pittsburg Steel Hoop company to do some work for them, in which case, of course, the newly organized men might refuse to undertake it.

MAY START A MILL.

Reports are rife that the United States Steel corporation will shortly make an effort to start up Painter's mill, of the American Steel Hoop company, in this city. Emissaries are said to have been among the idle operatives of that plant for the purpose of inducing them to come back and help in the resumption of the mill. The result of this report has caused the Amalgamated men to redouble their vigilance at this point and they will do everything in their power to frustrate the object of the company.

NEW MOVE BY THE TRUST.

One of the most significant developments of the strike is the order from the officials of the National Steel company to have the former rail mill of that company in Youngstown fitted for rail rolling again. The mill was originally a rail mill, but during the early part of the present year, after the consolidation had been effected between the various underlying companies and the United States Steel corporation, the Youngstown rail plant was abandoned and its product turned into sheet bars and billets.

The fact that the National Steel company is thus preparing to change its rail production and shut off its steel bar and billet production is taken as an indication that the officials of the United States Steel corporation are anticipating no early settlement of the present strike, but are, rather looking for some considerable delay in operating the mills. The Youngstown rail mill has been a non-union plant and the men employed there have always been outside of the organization. For this reason it is expected that no difficulty would be experienced in operating the rail mill again.

At the Amalgamated headquarters the officials had nothing new to report this morning. President Shaffer said the situation was unchanged and that he was well satisfied with the outlook.

ARRESTS MADE AT WELLSVILLE

Wellsville, Ohio, July 23.—A development that startled the strikers of the Wellsville plant came this morning when two of the local leaders were taken before Mayor A. P. Dennis on charges of violating an ordinance of the city, which relates to the stopping of men on the street who are on their way to work. The two strikers arrested were Patrick Connors and John Rumbaugh. They accosted some of the workmen and were arrested on a charge of assault. The men were taken before the mayor, who gave them a scathing lecture and discharged them. The mayor said that the strike must be conducted within the laws of the city and commonwealth and that he will permit no infraction whatever. Vice President John Chappelle now threatens to have Superintendent Brookman arrested on the same charge the next time he tries to influence a striker.

MARVELOUS GROWTH OF THE ELKS

Milwaukee, Wis., July 23.—Members of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks crowded Pabst theater today when the grand lodge convention was called to order.

Mayor Rose welcomed the guests, to whom he extended the freedom of the city. Judge Jerome K. Fisher, grand exalted ruler, responded.

A secret session was held this afternoon. Grand Exalted Ruler Fisher presented his report, which showed that during the past year 113 new dispensations had been granted and that there now are 725 lodges, having a membership of 96,000, an increase since the last convention of 33 1-3 per cent. The order had contributed $17,041 to the Galveston fund. The financial condition of the grand lodge showed a balance in the treasury of $30,000.

Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, spoke at length on fraternal organizations. Election of Grand Exalted Ruler Fisher's successor is due to come up late in the afternoon.

A parade of military and civic societies also was given this afternoon.

THE KING'S QUEER WORDS.

London, July 23.—Much gossip in American and English society has been caused by the presentation to King Edward yesterday by some American ladies of the hospital ship Maine committee of a medal commemorative of the Maine's work, which made the presentation is causing some comment, as he thanked "this American committee" for their "loyal, dutiful sentiments," as he did the Kansas legislature in answering their telegram of condolence on the queen's death and as he also thanked the committee for bringing their valuable services to a culmination by presenting the ship to the government, whereas this was done solely by Bernard M. Baker, of Baltimore.

FREE TRADE FOR PORTO RICO

NEW ORDER TO BE PROCLAIMED THURSDAY.

Attorney General Knox Is Engaged in Preparing Proclamations to Be Issued.

Washington, July 23.—Free trade between the United States and Porto Rico will be proclaimed Thursday Attorney General Knox is preparing the proclamations which will be issued. Two proclamations will be issued, the first declaring the establishment of civil government in Porto Rico and the second the establishment of free trade between the United States and the island.

Although civil government has existed for many months in Porto Rico, Governor Allen, up to the time he went to Canton on Sunday, purposely withheld the formal notification of that fact from the president in order that the moneys collected under the Foraker act might not be placed at the disposal of the Porto Rican legislature, but could continue to be used for the benefit of the island under the direction of the president. The effect of an earlier notification would have been a proclamation by the president recognizing the establishment of civil government and the turning over to the insular treasury, for the use of the legislature, of all moneys thereafter collected under the Foraker act.

SEES PUNISHMENT IN DROUGHT

Galesburg, Ill., July 23.—In the ruinous drought now spreading over the crop districts Rev. O. C. Bedford, pastor of the Knox Street Congregational church of this city, sees the hand of the Almighty. In his sermon he told his hearers it was the punishment of God for national wickedness and the turning away from prayer.

"If this drought will bring people to their knees in prayer and will cause the salvation of souls," he prayed, "then, O Lord, let us have the drought."

Rev. Mr. Bedford maintained that the people of the United States are more wicked in some respects than the people of any other period in the history of the country. Family worship, he said, is being dropped and there is no power in the church. God, he added, is therefore taking away the corn and is thus leading the people to prayer.

"Some people," he exclaimed, "will suffer from the drought, but this physical suffering will be less than if God gave the people plenty and all went down to hell together. If the drought will induce the people to pray, I hail the time when we shall have a still greater drought than this."

GOSHEN MYSTERY IS SOLVED.

Irena Canning, the handsome young girl who was found wandering aimlessly about the country near Goshen a week ago, and who has for the past week mystified the police of that city, has been identified. She it Kate Kanning, a book agent, whose home is at East Barre, Vt. The girl left East Barre last winter, and the story that she is an heiress to a Texas estate of $300,000 is a piece of fiction of her own invention. The girl's parents believe her insane. She was found wandering upon the highway six miles north of Goshen last Tuesday night by E. D. Gallagher, a Fort Wayne traveling man, who was driving from Middlebury to Goshen, and told so many improbable stories that for several days the officers were completely mystified.

IS HOME FROM EUROPE.

Theodore F. Thieme, manager of the Wayne Knitting mills, has just returned from Europe, where he has spent the past five weeks on business for the mills. Mr. Thieme's mission was in part to purchase new machinery for the plant in this city and to observe trade conditions in Europe in the knitting industry. He made the purchase of considerable machinery, which is to be added to the Fort Wayne mills.

BIRTH RECORD.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Busse, of Force street—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William F. Koontz, of Walton avenue—a daughter.

Prices are way down at Patterson's.

MAY BE TROUBLE THERE NOW

LIEUT. J. B. FONNER HEARS FROM PHILIPPINES.

Outlook is for Fighting in Territory Recently Occupied by His Regiment.

Lieut. J. B. Fonner is in receipt of information from the Philippines to the effect that trouble is brewing in the territory which was peacefully occupied for months by his regiment. The boys of the Thirty-first had no opportunity to get into active fighting, but their successors are likely to see some lively times.

The letter is written by Ivan H. Wise, in the office of the depot quartermaster at Zamboanga, who pays a high compliment to the ability, discipline and high military organization of Lieutenant Fonner's old regiment—the Thirty-first—as compared to the troops now occupying the post, and continuing, says:

"The Aeolus returned last night with Major Brown on board. He comes to take company B, of the Tenth, back to Port Princessa, as the troops that have taken that place are not going to be able to hold it, and the general sent him back for reinforcements. The post is in quite a foment, as the troops that were sent down there were well armed and equipped and seemed competent to take any one town of a small size on this island.

"There is a good deal of excitement and there promises to be some warm times down in that part of the world. Just to think that we were here for nearly two years, and just as we (that is, the regiment) leave the authorities look around and find some exciting work for an organization that has just touched the islands and whose enrollment has hardly dried yet on the records at Washington."

MURDERER ARRESTED.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 23.—Rafaello Farinacci, an Italian, for whom the police of this city have been seeking for nearly a year on the charge of murder, surrendered himself to the authorities today. Farinacci and Donati Batiste quarreled over a game of cards in a saloon August 7 last. Batiste's dead body was found in the street a few hours later, having been stabbed with a stiletto. Farinacci said when he gave himself up that he had been in New York.

MR. NELSON AT WABASH.

(Wabash Plaindealer.)

S. L. Nelson, general manager of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company, was in the city Saturday on his way to Fort Wayne after a trip over the proposed extension of the road southwest from Huntington to Wabash and Marion. The journey was taken with a view of arriving at the comparative density of population along this route and along another from Huntington to Marion via Warren. He found 296 farm houses on the route from Huntington to Marion and 107 between Wabash and Marion. He will next count the number of houses between Wabash and Huntington, including Andrews. There are no towns on the Warren route. Mr. Nelson states that cars will be run half-hourly between Huntington and Fort Wayne, beginning September 15. The extension west from Huntington will be commenced at an early day and be in operation the first of next year. The entire twenty-five miles of rail between Fort Wayne and Huntington will be down by next Saturday night. The first eight cars for the road will arrive August 1. They are forty-six feet long, seat forty-eight persons and are operated with a 200-horse power motor each. There are no grades, a few slight curves, and it is proposed to speed the cars up to forty-five miles an hour. The fare is to be one and a half cents per mile, and possibly one cent.

GROOT LEADS BOLTERS.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 23.—At a preliminary meeting here of the leaders of the bolt among the Bryan democrats George A. Groot, of this city, has been chosen as temporary chairman of the state convention to be held at Columbus July 31. Dr. Abner L. Davis, of Findlay, will be the temporary secretary.

ONCE LIVED AT ELKHART.

(Elkhart Review.)

Charles Dunn, the Wallen, Allen county, man held as the murderer of a ten-year-old girl, was once a resident of Elkhart, having run a dray here during the years 1869 and 1870. He and his wife, then not the imbecile she is now described, occupied rooms over Capt. William Barney's old office on North Main street. Captain Barney says he can never be convinced that Dunn is guilty, but he could be persuaded that Mrs. Dunn was the homicide. He says that she came of a family who showed a lack of full mental development. One of her brothers, who had become a prominent groceryman at Kendallville, committed suicide and another became insane. One brother was a member of Captain Barney's company, company E, 100th Indiana. The captain was guardian of Mrs. Dunn, nee Miller, from 1854 until she became of age.

PAYING A DIVIDEND.

Manager Trier and his clerical force at the offices of the National Telephone and Telegraph company were busy today computing amounts and mailing checks covering the recent dividend declared by the National company. Ninety-three stockholders participate in the dividend.

CONCERNING THE FINDLAY.

In an item concerning the probable future of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western road, in which the statement is made that the Vanderbilts are furnishing the money for the terminal extensions of the line at Toledo, the Findlay Republican says: "It is not thought here that the Clover Leaf is purchasing the Findlay road, but that some New York people with whom Mr. Norton is associated are about to purchase the property. In that event, Mr. Norton would step out of the management of the Clover Leaf into that of the Findlay road."

TYPHOID AT OSSIAN.

(Bluffton News.)

Ossian has seven cases of typhoid fever, all within a radius of a block. Andrew White, the hardware merchant, has four down at his home, of whom one is dangerous. Mrs. Frank McDowell and baby are both ill and the daughter of A. S. Elzey is not expected to live. The water on that particular block of Mill street has been examined by Prof. W. D. Mannes. The test shows that it is alive with fever germs, nearly an inch of filth standing in the bottom of the bottle after being precipitated. The scourge is dreaded next to smallpox and the water generally is being boiled for use.

NEWSBOY IS DEAD.

Peru, Ind., July 23.—John F. Williamson, of Bowling Green, Ohio, the newsboy on the ill-fated Wabash train that was wrecked at Cass, eleven miles west of here, last month, peacefully passed away at the railway hospital Saturday afternoon, at 4:52 o'clock. In that awful disaster at Cass the boy had his back broken and total paralysis was the result.

The death of the newsboy makes sixteen person dead as a result of the Wabash disaster.

HOOP MILL MEN HERE.

Two gentlemen representing the firm which proposes to locate a new hoop mill in Fort Wayne arrived in the city this morning to close up the details of securing a site. J. W White, from whom it is expected the land will be leased, is out of the city, and the negotiations will not be concluded until tomorrow.

WILL WIN FRIENDS.

(Portland Commercial.)

The Catholic church of this city is now in charge of a new priest, Rev. Thomas Conroy, who officiated for the first time last Sunday. Rev. Conroy, who is a very pleasant young gentleman, and was lately ordained in the priesthood, is sociable and affable, and is certainly destined to win many friends in his new location. On Saturday he was called to Winchester to be at the bedside of some of the members of his church who are critically ill.

CASEY AT THE BAT.

Stephen Casey was the only unfortunate to face the police judge this morning. Stephen had on his fighting clothes several nights ago and started in to clean up Chicago street. He met with rather indifferent success, and yesterday morning was found on Broadway with an enormous jag in tow. Stephen never gets drung only when he is sick, or is never sick only when he has been drunk only when he is sick, or is this morning about being on the brink of death, but it didn't make the judge even bat an eye. He fined him $1 and costs, which is equivalent to sixteen days in jail. As Mr. Casey disappeared down below he begged of the court to send him a doctor immediately so he wouldn't die before he had made his peace above.

W. L. Pettit, of DeWald street, reported to the police this morning that someone had stolen a pony from his barn last night. He did not believe it to have been a real for sure case of horse stealing, but held to the belief that mischievous boys in the neighborhood had taken the animal out for an airing. The department will look the matter up.

Mrs. Clinton Trumbull Prescott and children, of Lampasas, Tex., are here on a visit with Mrs. Prescott's mother, Mrs. Edgar, and sister, Mrs. W. L. Peterson, of 352 Hanna street.

NO RELIEF FOR HEAT STRICKEN

While Showers Have Fallen in Some Places in the Southwest, the Weather Bureau Holds Out No Promise.

Washington, July 23.—The weather bureau officials find nothing in the climatological conditions to justify in predicting a change of temperature in the heated section of the country. The principal bureau stations in the middle Mississippi valley generally reported somewhat lower temperature at 7 o'clock today, but the forecasters say that this change is in all probability only temporary and might have been caused by a slight variation of the wind. "There is absolutely no permanent change in prospect," they say. In St. Louis at 7 o'clock this morning the official thermometer showed a decline of six degrees since the same hour yesterday, registering 80 degrees. Kansas City also registered 80 degrees, a loss of four; Omaha 82, which is two degrees lower than yesterday; Springfield, Ill., 74, a drop of ten degrees. Louisville registered 8 degrees, an increase of four. Cincinnati with 78 degrees and Chicago with 74 made no change from the same hour yesterday. The indications are for continued hot weather in Washington and vicinity.

SHOWERS AT SOME POINTS.

Kansas City, Mo., July 23.—Light, scattered showers are reported as having fallen late yesterday and last night in northwestern Missouri, eastern Kansas, Arkansas and northern Texas, but at no point, it is believed, was the fall sufficient to cause permanent good.

In Kansas City the temperature was 82 at 11 a. m., slightly lower than yesterday, but with indications for fair and continued warmer weather in this part of the country. The rain reported in Kansas for the past twelve hours takes in seven counties in the eastern part of the state, from Atchison down to the Oklahoma line. At Parsons it was the first of any consequence in seven weeks. At Independence, on the Oklahoma line, there was a regular down-pour. Some hail fell, but not enough to do any damage. At Muscotah the precipitation is estimated at half an inch and the farmers are jubilant. At Lawrence rain was expected but failed to materialize and the mercury remained above 80 all night.

ONE COOL SPOT.

Louisville, Ky., July 23.—C. L. Stone, general passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, received a dispatch from the Mammoth cave today saying that the temperature there is only 55, compared with 100 or above generally throughout the south and west.

PLEASANT IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 23.—In Chicago and vicinity, owing to the lake breeze, the temperature continued moderate today.

MANY DIE IN OMAHA.

Omaha, Neb., July 23.—With a record of nine deaths and thirteen prostrations for Omaha and vicinity for the last thirty-six hours, today opened with a clouded sky and the mercury registered 82 at 7 a. m.

FIVE DEATHS IN PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—Five deaths and twelve prostrations are the result of the high temperature and excessive humidity of the past forty-eight hours. At Homestead 200 men were forced to quit work, and four, who were prostrated, are in a critical condition.

HOME FROM EUROPE.

Fred Shoaff, Miss Irma Seavey, Miss Mary Moffat and Miss Shoaff, who have been touring Europe several months, landed in New York last evening, arriving on the steamer Misaba from Liverpool. The party will reach Fort Wayne at 4:30 tomorrow afternoon over the Nickel Plate.

Dr. and Mrs. E. F. Wagner, Mr. and Mrs. Anselm Fuelber and son, Master Otto Fuelber; Mrs. Enoch Cox and Miss Ethel Cox have returned from Lake George, where they spent a week in a cottage. The cottage was a little short on sleeping apartments and Dr. Wagner and Mr. Fuelber jointly occupied a canvas cot in the kitchen, scarcely wide enough for one. The second night the tacks at the ends of the canvas pulled out and when Dr. Wagner awoke in the morning he was lying on the side rail, while his bedfellow, bent in the middle, was hanging over the cross piece of the cot after the style of a Monday morning wash on a clothes line. Then another bed, constructed out of soap boxes, was provided and the doctor and the editor rested better during the remainder of their stay at the lake. Mr. Fuelber resumed the duties of city editor of the Staats Zeitung this morning.

BOERS MUST FIGHT ALONE.

Cape Town, July 23.—It is reported that General Delarey has informed the Klerksdorp commando that there is no longer any chance of European intervention and that they must fight the war out to the bitter end entirely on their own account.

MANY DIE OF HEAT.

St. Louis, July 23.—During the past twenty-four hours twelve deaths from the heat and many prostrations have been reported. After insufferable heat throughout the night a cool breeze sprang up this morning and at 10 a. m. the mercury registered 92, as compared with 100 yesterday.

At 1:30 p. m. the temperature was 103, three degrees lower than yesterday.

Fine Furniture.
Medium Furniture.
Low Priced Furniture.

The Best Made Goods.
The Best Finished Goods.
The Best Designed Goods.

There is no house in Fort Wayne, no matter how richly furnished, in which you will not find numerous pieces of artistic furniture from our great establishment.

There is scarcely a house in Fort Wayne, no matter how plainly furnished, but you will find in it the well-made, lowpriced furniture the people of small means require.

While we have always done the fine trade of Fort Wayne and show ten pieces of fine furniture where any other store in town shows one, yet we have never neglected the requirements of people of moderate and small means.

Foster

Furniture & Carpet Co.

THE CROP OUTLOOK IS BAD

GOVERNMEINT REPORT GIVES UNPLEASANT STORY.

Mch of the Corn Crop in the Southwest Has Been Ruined and Damaged in Other Sections.

Washington, July 23.—Following is the weathe bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions:

"Intense heat has prevailed another week throughout the states of the central valleys and middle mountain region with only local showers over limited scattered areas. Maximum temperatures of 100 degrees or above were of daily occurrence over more or less of the territory named. Under these conditions the drought has been greatly intensified and its area largely increased. Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and portions of Nebraska have suffered most, but the conditions are now critical from the lake region, central Ohio valley and Tennessee westward to the middle Rocky mountain region, including the greater part of Texas. Portions of the middle and south Atlantic states continue to suffer from excessive moisture, but very favorable temperatures have been experienced in these districts and also on the Pacific coast, where the week was cooler than usual.

"The outlook for corn is less favorable than at the close of the previous week. In Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri early corn is practically ruined. With early and abundant rains in these states late corn would probably make half a crop or less. The condition of the crop in Iowa is more favorable than in the before-mentioned states, and copious rains with moderate temperatures within a week would greatly improve prospects for a large part of the crop. In Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, more particularly the western portions of the two last named states, corn is now seriously in need of rain. In Illinois the crop has not yet sustained great damage, but will be materially reduced unless the drought is relieved within a week. In the middle Atlantic states the conditions have been highly favorable for corn where its conditions is further improved.

"Moisture has caused considerable injury to winter wheat in shock in the middle Atlantic states. Harvesting continues where unfinished in the more northerly sections east of the Rocky mountains and is in general progress on the northern Pacific coast.

"Spring wheat harvest has begun over the southern portion of the spring wheat region, where, as a result of premature ripening, the yield and quality is must impaired. Over the northern portion, where the crop is now ripening, its condition continues promising.

"Harvested oats have suffered some injury in shock from moisture in the middle Atlantic states and the unharvested crop from permature ripening in the northwest, while rust has caused injury in New York and Pennsylvania. Good yields are reported from the upper Ohio valley.

"Haying is mostly finished and a fine crop has been secured in North Dakota, Minnesota, the lake region, Ohio valley, portions of the middle Atlantic states and New England.

"In portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida the condition of cotton has improved, but in the two last named states and in the Carolinas it has suffered from lack of cultivation. Rain is greatly needed in Tennessee and over the western portion of the cotton belt, where, however, the crop is generally withstanding the drought well. Fruiting at the top continues to be reported from the central and western districts and throughout the belt the plant is small.

"In the Ohio valley, Tennessee and Wisconsin tobacco is suffering much from drought, especially in western Kentucky, and has been injured by rains in Maryland; elsewhere the crop has made favorable progress.

"Throughout the central valleys the prospects for apples have been further reduced, and no improvement is reported from New England and the middle Atlantic states. On the whole the fruit outlook is not encouraging."

WABASH SHOPS DAMAGED.

A fire of unknown origin did a damage of about $1,500 to the Wabash shops and engine supplies Saturday evening. The fire started in the stairway or elevator shaft in the hall between the boiler rooms and the tool room. Above the latter is a garret in which is stored a lot of engine castings, and there the fire raged the fiercest. It burned a section of the roof, about forty by sixty feet, consumed a good portion of the stairway and the board partitions separating that passageway from the elevator, and was fast eating its way through the partitions between the hall and the tool room and boiler and engine rooms when the firemen got it under control. In addition to the damage to the building, there was considerable damage done to the belts and tools by water and to the engine castings by heat, which caused some of them to warp and become totally useless for the purpose for which they were designed. How many of these castings are warped is not known at present and the exact amount of damage from that source cannot be stated at present. Luckily the fire did not reach the engine power room and the works are in operation as usual today. The fire was discovered by the watchman at 6:16 o'clock and the alarm was given by sounding the shop and locomotive whistles. The loss is said to be fully covered by insurance.

W. J. Kyburz, who has been at St. Joseph hospital under the care of Dr. A. E. Bulson, returned home today. Mr. Kyburz recently had an eyeball punctured and he underwent an operation by which the eyesight was saved.

Men's pants discounted 10 per cent. during our sale.
REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Thing & Co.

Buy from the receiver at auction the entire stock of the Cut Rate shoe store. This new stock will be moved to our big store, No. 32 Calhoun street, and Saturday morning, July 27th, there will be a shoe sale started that will have the town shoe mad. Shoes will be sold from one cent up. Keep an eye on Thing.

S. B. THING & CO.,
32 Calhoun St.,
Large Red Boot.
H. B. TOBEY, Manager.

Pay other stores 25c for your boy's hose if you want to. If you don't come to our store and buy the best one you ever saw for 10c.
REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

ANNUAL MEETING IS HELD

OF GERMAN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

William Doehrman is the New President—Annual Reports Show Healthy Growth.

The twenty-fifth annual meeting of the German Fire Insurance association was held last evening in St Paul's school hall and the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing year:

President—William Doehrman.
Secretary—C. A. Kampe.
Directors—Messrs. Charles Brandt, Henry Wehrenberg, William Miller, H. Witte, August Becker, Fred Roesener, Louis Brunner, William Meinzen, Charles Krudop and W. Franke.

The reports of the officers showed a most gratifying state of affairs. The association has a surplus of $17,000 on hand and in the past year paid but one policy, $65. There are about 800 policy holders in the association, composed of the members of the various German Lutheran churches of the city. The company insures only the residences of members and any building on the residence lot not used for business purposes. It is the largest company of the kind in northern Indiana and has enjoyed a rapid growth within the past few years.

FELL ON A BOTTLE.

Adah, the 10-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kahl, of 111 East Creighton avenue, while playing this morning, fell on a portion of a broken beer bottle on the street and cut a gash several inches long in her right leg. Dr. A. J. Kessler put eight stitches in the wound.

FELL ON BARBED WIRE.

R. R. Liebman, a laborer employed by the Pennsylvania company and residing at 115 Barr street, was painfully injured this afternoon. He was at work in the east yards, and in going to a nearby well for drinking water stumbled and fell upon a barbed wire fence. His face, neck and left ear were badly lacerated.

F. W. Antrup, the wholesale feed merchant, who was quite seriously injured in a fall from the second story of his warehouse Friday, is recovering rapidly from the bad effects of the mishaps, and will be about again in a few days.

FELL FROM A SHED.

Walter Seibert, a lad residing in the south portion of the city, fell from a shed while playing with a number of companions, this morning, and broke his right arm. The lad fell a distance of about twelve feet and was badly bruised and shaken up besides.

Look in our window and see the boys' hose we sell at 10c.
REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

WANT TO SELL YOUR FARM?

We are always in the market for good farms at reasonable prices. Will trade farms or town property for other larger or smaller farms.

If we can't buy your farm for cash we will sell it for you on commission. We are the largest advertisers of real estate in Northern Indiana. Our advertising will sell your farm. Price must be reasonable.

Call at our office or write for blank on which to describe your farm.

O. GANDY & CO.,
CHURUBUSCO, IND.

Our Great Anniversary Sale

Destruction of Values

Continues in Active Progress for 10 Days.

$75,000 worth slaughtered. The greatest Clothing, Hats, Furnishing Bargains ever turned loose in America. This dazzling sale gives you a genuine opportunity to save money. No exaggeration of values, but a Bona Fide Cutting of Prices upon our handsome Spring and Summer stock. The goods are here to back up the assertion as to make this Great Sale a memorable money-saving event long to be remembered.

A Sale of Fine Clothing Which Stand Without a Parallel.

A Famous Suit Sale.

Over 800 Men's latest styles Suits, all brand new, bright and fresh from the pressing irons of New York City; best wholesale tailor made-up to sell for $15.00 and $16.00, will now be slaughtered at .....

$8.88

Men's $7.50 and $8.00 Suits cut during this sale to...
$4.88

Men's $6.00 and $7.00 Suits cut during this sale to...
$3.88

Everything that has vogue is included in this great offer. There is a lot of concentrated goodness in these suits. To start with they are all wool, nothing but wool, they are designed, cut and finished by high-class Tailors in the highest of fashions. The fabrics are Cassimeres, Worsted, Cheviots, Serges and Vicunas, and the actual values are $12.00 and $13.50. SELECT YOURS FOR...

$6.88

The Greatest Pants Sale on Record.

Walk right into our Men's Department and take your pick of the finest pair of pants in stock for .....

$3.88

Not a pair of these pants that sold for less than $6.00, $7.50 and $8.00. All colors and patterns, made of the finest domestic and important fabrics.

Another line of Pants that we'll let go for a mere bagatelle. Pants that are worth $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00. Pants that you will grab at this price. Are out for

$2.88

Another line, all-wool, in stylish hair lines, dressy striped Cheviots, nobby plaid worsted, etc. Well cut and nice fitting Pants that're worth $3.00 and $3.50. We let go during this sale for .....

$1.88

For Men's Pants that are worth every penny of $2.00 and $2.50. All good patterns, all reliable qualities. An offer never before made.

$1.18

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Pants.

100 doz. Boys' Wash Pants of Duck and Crash; regular price 25c; GO AT 14c

Boys' Wool Pants, fancy stripes; worth 25c to 35c; WHILE THEY LAST 16c

200 doz. all-wool Pants that never sold for less than 65c to 75c; SALE PRICE 38c

Suits.

Boys', 3 to 10 years, Wash Suits, in light or dark blue striped Madratine Cloth, nicely made, fast colors and a bargain at 75c; SALE PRICE 38c

Fine and stylish Wash Suits in the very latest fads, of the smart and graceful Galatea, heavy sateen stripes, Bedford Cords, Linen Duck, etc., all prettily trimmed with inlaid collars of Piqua and Crepe Linen, fine and beautiful; regular $1.75 to $2 qualities; SALE PRICE 98c

Another line of Boys' Wash Suits we'll let go during this sale for $1.48. These suits never sold for less than $2.50 to $3.

BOYS' SAILOR BLOUSES.

Russian Blouse Suits, made up from skilled tailors rich fabrics; handsomely trimmed and never sold for less than $6, $7 and $8; OUR SALE PRICE $4.88

25 Boys' Double Breasted Knee Pants Suits, durable materials and worth $2.00; OUR SALE PRICE 88c

Boys' fine all-wool Double Breasted Knee Pants two-piece Suits, ages 4 to 16; made up from rich and most stylish Tweeds; worth $3.00 to $3.50; OUR SALE PRICE $1.88

Boys' Double Breasted two and three-piece Suits, ages 4 to 16, also Sailors' Blouse Suits in pure Clay Worsted, English Blue Serges, Tweeds, Cheviots and fine Cassimeres; well worth $5.00; OUR SALE PRICE $2.88

Boys Double Breasted Suits, made up from nice fabrics; worth $6.00, $7.00 ..... $3.88

YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Young Men's Long Pants Suits, 14 to 20 years, in nobby Cheviots and neat mixtures, well made and trimmed, all splendid values at $7 and $8.50. OUR PRICE $4.88

Young Men's Long Pants Suits, age 14 to 20, made up from pure Clay Wool Worsteds, Blue Serges, fine Cassimeres, Scotch Tweeds and Cheviots. Vest single or double-breasted and worth $10 to $12. OUR PRICE $6.88

Hats and Caps.

All our Men's and Boys' Straw Hats that sold for 25 and 35c, our anniversary price only 15c

All our Men's Straw Hats, regular price 75c and $1.00, anniversary price only 48c

All our Men's and Boys' Straw Hats that sold at $1.50 and $2.00. 98c

Take your pick of our Men's elegant $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Straw Hats, in yacht and set brims, rough and smooth braids. Fine and beautiful assortment. Anniversary price only $1.48

30 dozen Men's Handsome Straw Caps, made of the finest stock and the proper thing for yachting, golf and bicycle riding. The newest fad and never sold for less than 75c. Anniversary price... 38c

Children's Straw Hats in all new styles, shapes and colors, that sold for 25c and 35c. Anniversary price only 15c

Children's Straw Hats in all styles and a bargain at 75c. Anniversary price only 38c

Children's Straw Hats that never sold for less than $1 to $1.25. Anniversary price only 58c

Children's Straws in all the latest novelties, and great value at $2.00 and $2.50. Our Anniversary price only 98c

Hats Specials.

Another line of Derbies, Fedoras and Soft Hats that never sold for less than $2.00 and $2.50. Our Anniversary price only.... $1.48

25 doz. Shop Caps that always sold for 10c. Anniversary price only.. 5c

100 dozen Men's and Boys, Caps, Fancy Worsted, Blue Serge and Scotch Tweeds that always sold for 25c & 35c. Anniversary price 15c

35 dozen Men's and Boys' Fancy Caps, in all the newest colorings, that always sold for 50c and 75c. Our Anniversary price only... 38c

Walk right into our Hat Department and take your pick of the finest line of Fedoras, Derbys and Soft Hats in all shapes and colors, that never sold for less than $3.00 and $4.00. Our Anniversary price only $1.88

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

400 dozen of all the newest styles collars in standing high turn overs, in fact all shapes that come under the head of collars. These collars are made of pure linen and 4 ply, and worth 15c each. Anniversary price only 5c

110 dozen Men's White and Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs, full size, pure linen and never sold for less than 20c and 25c each. Anniversary sale price only 11c

30 dozen Men's Fancy Garters, in all colors, regular price 25c. Anniversary sale price 9c

125 dozen Men's Fancy and Solid Colors 1-2 Hose that always sold for 15c and 20c. Anniversary price only 8c

75 dozen Men's Fancy 1-2 Hose, in all the newest shades, and never sold for less than 25c and 35c. Anniversary price only..... 18c

25 dozen Men's Suspenders, in all styles, always sold for 35c. Anniversary price 17c

80 dozen Natty Shirts, dazzeling showing of patterns, some loud, some quiet, but all new; worth $1.50. Anniversary price 88c

35 dozen Men's Fancy Shirts with cuffs, always sold for 50c to 75c. Anniversary price only 38c

40 dozen Men's Shirts in oxford cords, also silk fronts, in fancy and white. Regular price 75c and $1.00. Anniversary price 48c

50 dozen Men's Fancy, Plain and Solid Colors Shirts and Shirt Waists of handsomer patterns, and made to fit and turned out by the best shirt factory in the world. Always sold for $1.50 and $2.00. Anniversary price only $1.18

200 dozen Men's rich solid colors and fancy silk stripe and furnished balbriggan Underwear, 10 different styles to select from and worth 75c. Anniversary price only..... 38c

NECKWEAR.

In all the Newer Creations, comprising all the Colorings and Prevailing Shapes, and never sold for less than 50c, 75c and $1.00. Your pick during our Anniversary sale only 38c

WOLFF BROS., = UNIVERSAL OUTFITTERS, 58 CALHOUN ST.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE AMERICAN PULPIT, A DISCOURSE ON THE BRILLIANT FAULTS OF PREACHERS.

Washington, D. C., July 22.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows that there is a tendency to excuse brilliant faults because they are brilliant, when the same law of right and wrong ought to be applied to high places and low. Text, Daniel iv., 33: "The same hour was the thing fulfilled upon Nebuchadnezzar; and he was driven from men, and did eat grass as oxen."

Here is the mightiest of the Babylonish kings. Look at him. He did more for the grandeur of the capital than did all his predecessors or successors Hanging gardens, reservoirs, aqueducts, palaces, all of his own planning. The bricks that are brough up today from the ruins of Babylon have his name on them. "Nebuchadnezzar, son of Nabopolassor, King of Babylon." He was a great conqueror. He stretched forth his spear toward a nation, and it surrendered. But he plundered the temple of the true God. He lifted an idol, Bel Merodach, and compelled the people to bow down before it, and if they refused they must go through the red hot furnace, or be crunched by lion or lioness. So God pulled him down.

He was smitten with what physicians call lycanthropy, and fancied that he was a wild beast, and he went out and pastured amid the cattle. God did not excuse him because he had committed the sin in high places, or because the transgression was wide resounding. He measured Nebuchadnezzar in high place just as he would measure the humblest captive.

But in our time, you know as well as I, that there is a disposition to put a halo around iniquity if it is committed in conspicuous place, and if it is wide resounding and of large proportions. Ever and anon there has been an epidemic of crime in high places, and there is not a state or a city, and hardly a village which has not been called to look upon astounding forgery, or an absconding bank cashier or president, or the wasting of trust fund or swindling mortgages. I propose, in carrying out the suggestion of my text, as far as I can, to scatter the fascinations around iniquity and show you that sin is sin and wrong is wrong, whether in high place or low place, and that it will be dealt with by that God who dealt with impalaced Nebuchadnezzar.

All who preach feel that two kinds of sermons are necessary, the one on the faith of the gospel, the other on the morality of the gospel—and the one is just as important as the other, for you know that in this land today there are hundreds of men hiding behind the communion tables and in churches of Jesus Christ who have no business to be there as professors of religion. They expect to be all right with God, although they are all wrong with man. And while I want you to understand that by the deeds of the law no flesh living can be justified, and a mere honest life cannot enter us into heaven, I want you as plainly to understand that unless the life is right the heart is not right. Grace in the heart and grace in the life; so we must preach sometimes the faith of the gospel and sometimes the morality of the gospel.

It seems to me there has not been a time in the last 50 years when this latter truth needed more thoroughly to be presented in the American churches. It needs to be presented today.

A missionary in the islands of the Pacific preached one Sabbath on honesty and dishonesty, and on Monday he found his yard full of all styles of goods ,which the natives had brought. He could not understand it until a native told him: "Our gods permit us to purloin goods, but the God you told us about yesterday, the God of heaven and earth, it seems, is against these practices, and so we brought all the goods that do not belong to us, and they are in the yard, and we want you to help us to distribute them among their rightful owners." And if in all the pulpits of the United States today rousing sermons were blessed of God, and arrangement should be made by which all the goods which have been improperly taken from one man and appropriated by another man should be put in the city halls of the country, there is not a city hall in the United States that would not be crowded from cellar to cupola. Faith of the gospel, that we must preach and do preach. Morality of the gospel we must just as certainly proclaim.

Now look around and see the fascinations that are thrown around different styles of crime. The question that every man and woman has asked has been, Should crime be excused because it is on a large scale? Is iniquity guilty and to be pursued in law in proportion as it is on a small scale? Shall we have the penitentiary for the man who steals an overcoat from a hatrack, and all Canada for a man to range in if he have robbed the public of millions?

Look upon all the fascinations thrown around fraud in this country. You know for years men have been made heroes of, and pictorialized, and in various ways presented to the public, as though sometimes they were worty of admiration, if they have scattered the funds of banks, or swallowed great estates that did not belong to them. Our young men have been dazed with this quick accumulation. They have said: "That's the way to do it. What's the use of plodding on with small wages or insignificant salary, when we may go into business life, and with some stratagem achive such a fortune as that man has achieved?" A different measure has been applied to the crime of Wall street from that which has been applied to the spoils which the man carries up Rat alley.

So a peddler came down from New England many years ago, took hold of the money market of New York, flaunted his abominations in the sight of all the people, defied public morals every day of his life. Young men looked up and said: "He was a peddler in one decade, and in the next decade he is one of the monarchs of the stock market. That's the way to do it." To this day the evil influence of that profligate financier has been felt, and within the past few weeks he has had conspicuous imitators.

There has been an irresistible impresion going abroad among young men that the poorest way to get money is to earn it. The young man of flaunting cravat says to the young man of humble apparel, "What, you only get $1,800 a year? Why, that wouldn't keep me in pin money. I spend $5,000 a year." "Where do you get it?" asks the plain young man. "Oh, stocks, enterprises, all that sort of thing, you know." The plain young man has hardly enough money to pay his board, has to wear clothes after they are out of fashion and deny himself all luxuries. After awhile he gets tired of his plodding and he goes to the man who has achieved suddenly large estate, and he says, "Just show me how it is done." And he is shown. He soon learns how, and although he is almost all the time idle now, and has resigned his position in the bank or the factory or the store, he has more money than he ever had, trades off his old silver watch for a gold one with a flashing chain, sets his hat a little further over on the side of his head than he ever did, smokes better cigars, and more of them. He has his hand in. Now, if he can escape the penitentiary for three or four years he will get into political circles ,and he will get political jobs, and will have something to do with harbors, and pavements, and docks. Now he has got so far along he is safe for perdition.

It is quite a long road sometimes for a man to travel before he gets into the romance of crime. Those are caught who are only in the prosaic stage of it. If the sheriffs and constables would only leave them alone a little while they would steal as well as anybody. They might not be able to steal a whole railroad, but they could master a load of pig iron

Now I always thank God when I find an estate like that go to smash. It is plague-struck, and it blasts the nation. I thank God when it goes into such a wreck it can never be gathered up again. I want it to become so loathsome and such an insufferable stench that honest young men will take warning. If God should put into money or its representative the capacity to go to its lawful owner there would not be a bank or a safety deposit in the United States whose walls would not be blown out, and mortgages would rip, and parchments would rend, and gold would shoot, and beggars would get on horseback, and stock gamblers would go to the almshouse.

WAS PROUD OF HIM.

How many dishonesties in the making out of invoices, and in the plastering of false labels, and in the filching of customers of rival houses, and in the making and breaking of contracts. Young men are indoctrinated in the idea that the sooner they get money the better, and the getting of it on a larger scale only proves to them their greater ingenuity. There is a glitter thrown around about all these things. Young men have got to find out that God looks upon sin in a very different light. A young man stood behind a counter in New York selling silks to a lady, and he said before the sale was consummated: "I see there is a flaw in that silk." The lady recognized it, and the sale was not consummated. The head man of the firm saw the interview, and he wrote home to the father of the young man, living in the country, saying: "Dear sir, come and take your boy; he will never make a merchant."

The father came down from the country home in great consternation, as any father would, wondering what his boy had done. He came into the store and the merchant said to him: "Why, your son pointed out a flaw in some silk the other day and spoiled the sale, and we will never have that lady, probably, again for a customer, and your son never will make a merchant." "Is that all?" said the father. "I am proud of him. I wouldn't for the world have him another day under your influence. John, get your hat and coat; let us start." There are hundreds of young men under the pressure, under the fascinations thrown around about commercial iniquity. Thousands of young men have gone down under the pressure; other thousands have maintained their integrity. God help you! Let me say to you, my young friend, that you can be a great deal happier in poverty than you ever can be happy in a prosperity which comes from ill-gotten gains. "Oh," you say, "I might lose my place. It is easy for you to stand there and talk, but it is no easy thing to get a place when you have lost it. Besides that, I have a widowed mother depending upon my exertions, and you must not be too reckless in giving advice to me." Ah, my young friend, it is always safe to do right, but it is never safe to do wrong. You go home and tell your mother the pressure under which you are in that store, and I know what she will say to you if she is worthy of you. She will say: "My son, come out from there; God has taken care of us all these years, and He will take care of us now; come out of that."

And remember that the man who gets his gain by iniquity will soon lose it all. One moment after his departure from life he will not own an opera house, he will not own a certificate of stock, he will not own one dollar of government securities, and the poorest boy that stands on the street with a penny in his pocket, looking at the funeral procession of the dead cheat as it goes by, will have more money than that man who, one week previous, boasted that he controlled the money market.

Oh, there is such a fearful fascination in this day about the use of trust funds. It has got to be popular to take the funds of others and speculate with them. There are many who are practicing that iniquity. Almost every man in the course of his life has the property of others put in his care. He has administered, perhaps, for a dead friend; he is an attorney, and money passes from debtor to creditor through his hands; or he is in a commercial establishment, and gets a salary for the discharge of his responsibilities; or he is treasurer of a philanthropic institution, and money for the suffering goes through his hands; or he has some office in city, or state, or nation, and taxes, and subsidies, and supplies, and salaries are in his hands. Now, that is a trust. That is as sacred a trust as God can give a man. It is the concentration of confidence. Now when that man takes that money—the money of others—and goes to speculating with it for his own purposes, he is guilty of theft, falsehood and perjury, and in the most intense sense of the word is a miscreant.

There are families today—widows and orphans—with nothing between them and starvation but a sewing machine, or kept out of the vortex by the thread of a needle red with the blood of their hearts, who were by father or husband left a competency. You read the story in the newspaper of those who have lost by a bank defalcation, and it is only one line, the name of a woman you never heard of, and just one or two figures telling the amount of stock she had, the number of shares. It is a very short line in a newspaper, but it is a line of agony long as time; it is a story long as eternity.

Now, do not come under the fascination which induces men to employ trust funds for purposes of their own speculation. Cultivate old-fashioned honesty. Remember the example of Wellington, who, when he was leading the British army over the French frontier, and his army was very hungry, and there was plenty of plunder on the French frontier, and some of the men wanted to take it, he said: "Soldiers, do not touch that; God will take care of the English army. Plenty of plunder, I know, all around, but do not take it." He told the story afterward himself how the French people brought to him their valuables to keep—he supposed to be their enemy—brought him their valuables to keep. And then, he said, at a time when the creditors of the army were calling for their money and for pay all the time, and they had so much all around about he did not feel it right for him to take it, or for the army to take it. An author beautifully wrote in regard to it: "Nothing can be grander or more noble and original than this admission. This old soldier, after thirty years of service, this iron man and victorious general, established in an enemy's country, at the head of an immense army, is afraid of his creditors. This is a kind of fear that has seldom troubled conquerors and victors, and I doubt if the annals of war present anything comparable to this sublime simplicity."

FASCINATIONS OF FRAUD.

Oh, that God would scatter these fascinations about fraud, and let us all understand that if I steal from you $1 I am a thief, and if I steal from you $500,000 I am 500,000 times more of a thief!

So there has been a great deal of fascination thrown around libertinism. Society is very severe upon the impurity that lurks around the alleys and low haunts of the town. The law pursues it, smites it, incarcerates it, tries to destroy it. You know as well as I that society becomes lenient in proportion as impurity becomes affluent or is in elevated circles, and finally society is silent or disposed to palliate. Where is the judge, the jury, the police officer that dare arraign the wealthy libertine? He walks the streets, he rides the parks, he flaunts his iniquities in the eyes of the pure. The hag of uncleanness looks out of the tapestried window. Where is the law that dares take the brazen wretches and put their faces in an iron frame of a state prison window?

Sometimes it seems to me as if society were going back to the state of morals of Herculaneum, when it sculptured its vileness on pillars and temple wall and nothing but the lava of a burning mountain could hide the immensity of crime. At what time God will rise up and extirpate these evils upon society I know not, nor whether He will do it by fire, or hurricane, or earthquake, but a Holy God I do not think will stand it much longer. I believe the thunderbolts are hissing hot and that when God comes to chastise the community for these sins, against which He has uttered Himself more bitterly than against any other, the fate of Sodom and Gomorrah will be tolerable as compared with the fate of our modern society, which knew better but did worse.

We want about 10,000 pulpits in America to thunder: "All adulterers and whore-mongers shall have their place in the hell that burneth with fire and brimstone, which is the second death!" It is hell on earth and hell forever. We have got to understand that iniquity on Columbia heights, or Fifth avenue, or Beacon hill is as damnable in the sight of God as it is in the slums. Whether it has canopied couch of eiderdown or dwells amid the putridity of a low tenement house, God is after it in His vengeance. Yet the pulpit of the Christian church has been so cowed down on this subject that it hardly dares speak, and men are almost apologetic when they read the Ten Commandments.

Then look at the fascinations thrown around assassination. There are in all communities men who have taken the lives of others unlawfully, not as executioners of the law, and they go scot free. You say they have had their provocations. God gave life and He alone has the right to take it, and He may take it by visitation of Providence, or by an executioner of the law, who is His messenger. But when a man assumes that divine prerogative he touches the lowest depth of crime.

Society is alert for certain kinds of murder. If a citizen going along the road at night is waylaid and slain by a robber we all want the villain arrested and executed. For all garroting, for all beating out of life by a club, or an axe, or a slungshot, the law has quick spring and heavy stroke; but you know that when men get affluent and high position, and they avenge their wrongs by taking the lives of others, great sympathy is excited; lawyers plead, ladies weep, judge halts, jury is bribed, and the man goes free. If the verdict happens to be against him a new trial is called on through some technicality, and they adjourn for witnesses that never come, and adjourn and adjourn until the community has forgotten all about it, and then the prison door opens and the murderer goes free.

Now, if capital punishment be right, I say let the life of the polished murderer go with the life of the vulgar assassin. Let us have no partiality of gallows, no aristocracy of electrocution chair. Do not let us float back to barbarism, when every man was his own judge, jury and executioner, and that man had the supremacy who had the sharpest knife, and the strongest arm, and the quickest step, and the stealthiest revenge. He who wilfully and in hatred takes the life of another is a murderer. I care not what the provocation or the circumstances. He may be cleared by an enthusiastic courtroom, he may be sent by the government of the United States as minister to some foreign court, or modern literature may polish the crime until it looks like heroism; but in the sight of God murder is murder, and the judgment day will so reveal it.

POINTED QUESTIONS.

Now, do not be fascinated by the glamour thrown over crime of whatever sort. Because others have habits that seem brilliant, but yet at the same time are wicked, do not choose such faults. Stand independent of all such influences. Put your confidence in the Lord God. He will be your strength. "Vengeance is mine, I will repay, saith the Lord." Cultivate old-fashioned honesty. This book is full of it. Old-fashioned honesty such as was spoken of by Dr. Livingstone, the famous explorer. You may not know he was descended from the Highlanders Dr. Livingstone said that one day one of the old Highlanders called his children around him and said, "Now, my lads, I have looked all through our family line; I have gone back as far as I can, and I find that all our ancestors were honest people; there doesn't seem to be one rogue among them, and you have good blood. Now, my lads, be honest."

There are hundreds of young men who have good blood. Shall I ask three or four plain questions? Are your habits as good as when you left your father's house? Have you a pool ticket in your pocket? Have you a fraudulent document? Have you been experimenting to see how accurate an imitation you could make of your employer's signature? Oh, you have good blood. Remember your father's prayers. Remember your mother's example. Turn not in an evil way. Have you been going astray? Come back. Have you ventured out too far?

As I stand in pulpits looking over audiences, sometimes my heart fails me. There are so many tragedies present, so many who have sacrificed their integrity, so many far away from God. Why, my brother, there have been too many prayers offered for you to have you go overboard. And there are those venturing down into sin, and my heart aches to call them back.

At Brighton Beach or Long Branch you have seen men go down into the surf to bathe, and they waded out further and further, and you got anxious about them. You said: "I wonder if they can swim?" And you then stood and shouted: "Come back! come back! You will be drowned!" They waved their hand back, saying "No danger." They kept on wading deeper down and further out from shore, until after awhile a great wave with a strong undertow took them out, their corpses the next day washed on the beach. So I see men wading down into sin further and further, and I call to them, "Come back! come back! You will be lost! you will be lost!" They wave their hand back, saying: "No danger, no danger." Deeper down and deeper down, until after awhile a wave sweeps them out and sweeps them off forever. Oh, come back! The one furthest away may come.

"Oh," yo usay, "you don't know where I came from; you don't know what my history has been; you don't know what iniquity I have plotted; I have gone through the whole catalogue of sin." My brother, I do not know the story, but I tell you this: The door of mercy is wide open. "Though your sins be as scarlet they shall be as snow; though they be red like crimson they shall be as wool." Though you had been polluted with the worst of crimes, though you had been smitten with the worst of leprosies, though you have been fired with all evil passions, this moment on your brow, hot with iniquitous indulgences, may be set the flashing coronet of a Savior's forgiveness.

Pleased with the news, the saints below
In songs their tongues employ;
Beyond the sky the tidings go,
And heaven is filled with joy.

Nor angels can their joy contain,
But kindle with new fire;
The sinner lost is found, they sing,
And strike the sounding lyre.

TO RESTRAIN TOM JOHNSON

INJUNCTION IS ISSUED BY CLEVELAND JUDGE.

Little Consolidated Railway Does Not Want Its Tax Valuation Raised by Review Board.

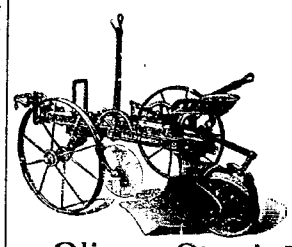
Cleveland, Ohio, July 23.—Judge Ford, of the common pleas court, today issued an injunction restraining the city annual board of equalization from increasing the tax value of the Cleveland Electric Railway company, otherwise known as the Big Consolidated company, above the figures returned by the officials of that corporation. The petition for the injunction was filed by the attorneys for the street railway company.

The board of equalization, it is said, was about to raise the tax valuation of the Big Consolidated company by several millions of dollars. The street railway alleged in its petition that Mayor Johnson induced five members of the board of equalization to resign several months ago so he could appoint men of his choice. These new members were influenced by the mayor, it was charged, to act in an unusual and unfair manner by equalizing the tax values of corporations.

Buy your black suit of Patterson during the sale and save the discount.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Long are visiting friends in Muncie.

PLOWING . . .



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Are the lightest draft and most durable. Buy a plow of us and you will be satisfied.

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38 AND 40 E. COLUMBIA ST. FORT WAYNE, IND.

SOLDIERS IN CAMP

EXTREME HEAT CAUSED MANY PROSTRATIONS.

FORT WAYNE BOYS VICTIMS

DRILLS DISPENSED WITH ON ACCOUNT OF HEAT.

CAPTAIN RANKE IN COMMAND

GOSSIP ABOUT THE CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Indianapolis, Ind., July 23.—The excessive heat yesterday proved a severe trial for the soldiers of the Indiana national guard at the camp of instruction in this city, and despite the care exercised at least thirty prostrations were reported. Among these were:

Major A. D. Schanz, commanding artillery battalion.

Albert Cramer, battery B, Fort Wayne.

Charles Smith, battery C, Attica.

James Lockridge, hospital corps.

Carl Angstadt, company G, Third regiment, Tipton.

J. Smith, company B, First regiment, Terre Haute.

F. L. Snyder, company D, First regiment.

Otis Major, company K, First regiment.

A. Everett, company D, First regiment.

C. F. Meyer, battery C, Attica.

Joseph Sherrick, battery B, Fort Wayne.

None of them proved serious, however, and the hospital corps did efficient work in reviving the prostrated men.

George Hannaway, company A, Third regiment (Monticello), was seriously injured last evening in a friendly scuffling bout with other soldiers in the company street. Hannaway is under the care of the regimental surgeon, Dr. W. W. Barnett, of Fort Wayne.

CAPTAIN RANKE COMMANDS.

Capt. W. F. Ranke, of battery B, Fort Wayne, assumed command of the artillery battalion when Major Schanz was stricken.

General McKee issued an order early yesterday morning requesting the surgeons and the commanding officers of the regiments to take every precaution to prevent any of the soldiers from becoming overheated, and accordingly the battalion drill in the morning, the regimental drill in the afternoon and the regimental parade in the evening were omitted.

The guards in all the regiments were also instructed to remain in the shade as much as possible, and the number of men on guard was decreased. In all of the regiments the men on duty hardly ventured away from the guard house.

At 8:15 o'clock yesterday morning Governor Durbin and Adjutant General Ward made an inspection of the guard mounting of the Third and First regiments. The governor had a short talk with the guards at the guard houses, instructing them in regard to their duties and impressing upon them the responsibilities attached to them.

At the conclusion of the dress parade last evening Lieutenant Colonel Bowman, of the Third regiment, took his entire regiment over to Fall creek for a pleasant swim. This the boys thoroughly appreciated.

Last evening at 6 o'clock Governor Durbin entertained Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks and the members of the governor's staff at dinner in his handsome mess quarters south of Quartermaster Foster's quarters.

Hospital Steward Longfield, of the Third regiment, was put in the guard house Sunday night for being out of camp without permission.

Everybody in the Third regiment is loud in his praise of Chaplain Medbury, who gets right down with the fellows and helps attend to their wants. He is the most popular man in the camp.

Albert Overly, battery B, Fort Wayne, received a dispatch last evening that his mother was dying. He left immediately for home by permission of Captain Ranke.

The second examination held by the examining board was held last night at headquarters of battery A. Captain Callon presided. Lieutenant Otto and Sergeant J. Smith, both of battery C, Attica, were candidates for promotion. Lieut. O. S. Jones, battery B, Fort Wayne; Sergt. E. E. Smith, battery C, Attica; Lieut. William F. Meyers, battery B, are yet to be examined subject to the order of Captain Callon, president of the examining board.

IT WAS A FIGHT, NOT A FIRE

PEDESTRIAN SIMPLY GOT HIS CRIES MIXED.

Pugilistic Disturbance on Eliza Street Results in Bringing Out the Fire Department.

Comedy succeeded melodrama on Eliza street this morning, for when the fire department made a quick response to an alarm from box 29 at 7:54 o'clock today the firemen found a fight instead of a fire, and they returned to the engine houses, beaming with a large assortment of smiles.

It appears that a hot time in an Eliza street home started early today, and in the course of the fracas there was a plentiful exchange of smashed furniture, together with other compliments between the combatants. The trouble soon attracted some attention in the neighborhood and some excited individual yelled "fight."

Another well-meaning individual, hearing the cry, interpretated it as "fire," and running to the corner of Ohio and Eliza streets, he pulled the fire alarm box at that point. In an incredibly short time engine companies 2, 3 and 4 came tearing up at a terrific pace and this brought out pretty nearly all the remaining population, who were not aware of a fire in the vicinity. During the excitement the persons engaged in the original quarrel which had caused the furor subsided and the incident closed quickly.

1,000 pairs of boys' knee pants, all wool, double seat and knee, to go at 50c.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

SAND POINT AND VICINITY.

Little River Grange will hold an important business meeting next Tuesday evening, July 30th. All members are requested to be present.

Several cases of measals are reported in this neighborhood.

Miss Ida Fairfield entertained a large number of friends at her home last Friday evening. The evening was spent in playing games until 11 o'clock when refreshments were served. Miss May Fairfield won the prize in the guessing contest.

Fourteen persons will be baptized in the St. Mary's river on the Winchester road next Sunday at 3:30 p. m., July 28. Nine of them being from Fort Wayne and five from this vicinity. Rev. Lake will officiate.

An ice cream festival will be given at Fairfield school house one week from next Saturday night.

A short price reaches a tall value during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

ARRANGE FOR CELEBRATION.

A meeting of Rome City cottagers has been called for next Sunday to make preliminary arrangements for the Venetian night entertainment to be given at the resort next month. The co-operation of the Grand Rapids road will be secured, and it is expected that crowds in attendance will eclipse any previous gathering at Rome City.

Cool bargains for warm people at Patterson's.

CLASHING UNIONS CALL TRUCE

Mine Workers and Stationary Firemen Will Try to Get Together on the Strike in Pennsylvania Mines.

Hazleton, Pa., July 20.—The leaders and executive officers of the United Mine Workers' organization who came here to participate in a conference with the officials of the Stationary Firemen's association have returned to their homes and a truce has been declared pending a joint convention of miners and firemen in Wilkesbarre tomorrow afternoon. There is a feeling among the officers of the Anthracite Miners' organization in three districts that the strike of the firemen should not be allowed to interfere with the work in the mines. They want to control all workers connected with the mines. All the firemen in the Lehigh district belong to the United Mine Workers. Ninety per cent of the firemen in the Wyoming district belong to the firemen's organization. In the Schuylkill district 50 per cent of the firemen belong to each organization.

The miners want the engineers to return to work and defer the enforcement of their grievances until next spring when the miners' one-year agreement with their employers terinates. This sentiment may end the firemen's strike for the present and send everybody back to work. The mine owners feel that they have the best of the situation at present.

OPERATIONS RESUMED.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 20.—Operations were resumed today at the Avondale mine of the Lackawanna Coal company, the striking firemen who were members of the United Mine Workers having returned to work. The strike situation in this district has impoved materially today, reports received at headquarters indicating a desire on the part of the miners to return to work.

It is thought here that at tomorrow's meeting in this city some plan will be agreed upon by the firemen's association and the United Mine Workers which will bring about unity of action and possibly a settlement of the strike on Monday. The following official statement was issued by the strikers today:

"It is not a question of an eight-hour day with the companies, but they are taking this opportunity to assume a hostile attitude when there is seemingly some dissatisfaction among the firemen and the United Mine Workers. The public should not be alarmed, as all differences and dissatisfaction will be settled in a few days.

"The statement regarding the strike situation given out by the district presidents at Hazleton is satisfactory and there is likely to be some very important developments Sunday. All things considered, our hopes of success are enhanced daily, as the reports from all places are very encouraging."

GET AN INJUNCTION.

The Lehigh Valley Coal company today obtained a temporary injunction restraining the striking firemen from molesting the men who want to work at the Maltby colleries. The company complains that the strikers have formed picket lines and have interfered with their men on the way to work. Argument will be heard on Monday. Deputy sheriffs served papers on twenty-four of the strikers.

LEAVING MINERS' UNION.

Mahonoy City, Pa., July 20.—As a result of missionary work among the stationary firemen in this region by representatives of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, the men are fast retiring from the United Mine Workers of America to become affiliated with the first named organization. This is done that the men may come out for the eight-hour day without violating the agreement entered into by President Mitchell and the coal corporations in April. So long as the firemen remain members of the Mine Workers' organization President Mitchell has declared that they shall not strike. Today the firemen employed by the Lehigh Valley Coal company at Lost Creek withdrew from the United Mine Workers and became identified with the international brotherhood. Similar withdrawals are expected in other portions of this district.

HORSESHOERS GO ON STRIKE TODAY

Union horseshoers in Fort Wayne went on a strike last Saturday as the result of the refusal of their employers to accede to a uniform wage scale somewhat above the wages that have been prevailing, and the entire membership, numbering close to twenty-five workmen, declined to resume work until the differences are adjusted.

The union workmen have asked that in the shops where horseshoeing is done exclusively the firemen be paid $2.75 per day. Wages have heretofore varied from $2 to $3. The wages of fitters and drivers is also fixed at $2.75, instead of from $2 to $2.50 as heretofore, and floormen ask for $2.50, instead of from $2 to $2.50. In repair shops the minimum wage is fied at $2.25, instead of from $1.50 to $2.25, and the workmen ask that for overtime from November 1 to May 1 they be paid at the rate of 50 cents per hour. Heretofore the overtime has been paid for at the regular day wage rate.

The decision to strike was reached last evening, when both the union horseshoers and the Master Horseshoers' association held special meetings to consider the question. The scale had been submitted to the master horseshoers a week ago, and last night committees were in conference until 11 o'clock before the masters gave out the decision that they could not grant the increase, and the journeymen at once notified them that the strike would be inaugurated this morning. The workmen had a committee out all morning presenting the scale to the shops for signatures, and it is stated that a number of the bosses have signed it, and that the men are now at work in those shops. One of the principal points upon which the bosses are holding out is believed to be the matter of compensation for overtime. There are something over twenty shops in the city, and sixteen of them are members of the Master Horseshoers' association.

THE RURAL MAIL SERVICE

IMPORTANT ORDERS ISSUED BY POSTMASTER GENERAL.

One is to Prevent Duplication of Service and the Other Limits Private Enterprises of Carriers.

Washington, July 20.—Postmaster General Smith has issued two orders of importance to the rural mail service throughtout the country. One is designed to avoid the duplication of service in some sections by both star and rural free delivery service and the other limits the private enterprises in which carriers may engage while performing their official duties.

The first order is as follows: "Box delivery by star route carriers will not hereafter be permitted over such portions of star routes as may have in operation the rural free delivery service; provided, however, that an additional and supplemental box delivery may be performed by star route carriers when shown to be necessary and practicable and not involving the departments in any additional expenditure. In those states in which the star route box delivery is now in operation the rural free delivery will not hereafter be established over any road which must continue to be traversed as a part of a star route, except in special and unavoidable cases, in which cases the star route box delivery will be abandoned."

The other order says: "Hereafter rural letter carriers shall not act as agents, salesmen or solicitors for express companies, letter box manufacturers, wholesale houses, corporations or firms, nor engage in any business or avocation which would interfere with the proper performance of their official duties. But they may act as news agents, sell newspapers or periodicals on their own account or accept and collect subscriptions for the same. This order is not intended to prohibit carriers from performing various private commissions for the accommodation of the patrons on their routes, so long as it does not interfere with the regular and prompt performance of their duties."

NOT THE FORT WAYNE GIRL.

The identity of the girl who appeared at Goshen so mysteriously a few days since, and gave her name as Irene Kanning, daughter of a former Fort Wayne shoe polish manufacturer, has not yet been established, although it is pretty certain now that she is not the step-daughter of Fred H. Kanning, of St. Louis, who formerly lived here. J. Ane, the real estate dealer who attends to Kanning's Fort Wayne property, last Saturday received a letter from Mrs. Kanning, in which nothing was said about the disappearance of her daughter, and only business matters were spoken of. A Goshen corresponden of a Chicago paper says that it is now thought that the girl is Miss Bertha A. Mellish, who disappeared from Mount Holyoke college, South Hadley, Mass., some time ago and has not been heard of since. Her description tallies with that of the mysterious girl of Goshen. The same correspondent further states that "the girl is now thought to be the daughter of John L. Mellish, a Fort Wayne shoe merchant, who sent his daughter to Mount Holyoke, from where she disappeared. Her father died soon afterward." No shoe merchant named John L. Mellish is known here and the dispatch is probably a fabrication.

HISTORY OF A WAR CLOUD

LIGHT THROWN ON THE LATE SCHAEBELE AFFAIR.

How a Conflict of Arms Between France and Germany Was Averted Fifteen Years Ago.

Paris, July 20.—The Figaro continues its interesting revelations concerning the private opinions of the late President Faure, of France. The Figaro now turns to the "Schaebele affair," in which it is shown how Prince Munster De Derneburg averted what threatened to be another war between France and Germany. Schaebele was arrested fifteen years ago by a German detective named Gautsch on the Franco-German frontier. The difficulties which followed this arrest produced a war scare in Europe. According to M. Faure, France's assertion that Schaebele had been arrested on French territory was bitterly contested by Prince Bismarck. At this point of the proceedings a letter from Gautsch to Schaebele summoning the latter to a conference was found. This letter was immediately sent to M. Herbette, French ambassador to Berlin, but the latter had found Prince Bismarck so unfavorably disposed that he hesitated to entrust such an important document to his tender mercies. At this juncture Prince Munster De Derneberg, who was visiting Berlin, called upon M. Herbette, saying he ardently desired the maintenance of peace and offering to aid the French minister. When he was shown the Gautsch letter the German diplomat said:

"Give it to me; confide it to me; I will bring it back at 3 o'clock."

M. Herbette hesitated to turn over the letter. Prince Munster demanded the original. M. Herbette finally consented and entrusted France's trump card to the German ambassador at Paris. Prince Munster went to Prince Bismarck and showed him the Gautsch letter.

Bismarck angrily asked the diplomat what business he had to attend to "that Herbette's commissions." Munster firmly replied that he had only come to warn Bismarck and that he was going to show the letter to the emperor of Germany. This he did. The emperor read the letter carefully and said:

"Then Schaebele was under a flag of truce. If we do not release that man no one wil lever dare to send a flag of truce into a Prussian camp. He must be released. I will at once give the order and you can tell Herbette what I have done."

A few hours later Bismarck set Schaebele at liberty, and the war cloud rolled away.

WANTS BANKRUPTCY RELIEF.

St. Paul, Minn., July 20.—R. M. Newport, one of the best known real estate and loan agents in the northwest, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving assets $60,000 and liabilities $236,000. Colonel Newport, who served through the civil war, has been a leader in business and social circles here for over twenty-five years. A few years ago ill health compelled him to leave much of the business to the management of his son Luther, who suddenly became violently insane last year in New York. Although in somewhat impaired health Colonel Newport tried to straighten out the business and has, it is stated, filed the petition to facilitate matters.

CONVICT BRAINS HIS FOREMAN.

Jeffersonville, Ind., July 20.—E. S. McHale, foreman in the shoe department of the state prison here, was fatally beaten yesterday afternoon by Lee Kelly, a convict. Kelly brained the foreman with a piece of shafting, while women visitors at the prison looked on. The women were thrown into a panic. McHale was taken to Louisville, where a dangerous operations was performed as a last effort to save his life.

William Boseker, janitor of Emmaus Lutheran church, has received news of the death of his brother, Louis Boseker, which occurred at Cowling, Ill., Thursday night. The deceased was taken ill with stomach trouble last winter, while visiting in this city, and never regained health. He was so weak when taken to his home that he made the journey lying upon a cot.

AFTER WEEKS OF SUFFERING

JOHN BUNGART SUCCUMBS TO HIS INJURIES.

Fell Beneath a Railroad Train at Kendallville—Other Deaths and Funeral Notices.

John Bungart, of Decatur, Mich., who fell beneath a Grand Rapids and Indiana train at Kendallville seven weeks ago, died Friday night at St. Joseph's hospital in this city, where he has been under the care of physicians and nurses ever since the accident. His head was frightfully cut and bruised, and the injuries left him mentally unbalanced the greater part of the time. Bungart was fifty-three years of age.

The remains were removed to the undertaking rooms of Schone & Veith and prepared for burial. The body was shipped to Decatur, Mich., for interment.

WITTE.

Miss Emilie Witte, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Witte, of 130 John street, died at 4:30 o'clock Friday afternoon after an illness of about one year from consumption.

Miss Witte's age was nineteen years, eleven months and nineteen days. The surviving relatives include the parents, three sisters and two brothers.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence and at 2:30 from Zion's Lutheran church. Rev. Juengel will officiate.

STOLL.

Roy Stoll, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Stoll, of 88 Packard avenue, died on Saturday morning from cholera infanum, at the age of eleven months.

ADNOLD.

Miss Sadie Arnold, eighteen years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Arnold, of 72 Walnut street, died at 8:30 o'clock Friday evening after a lingering illness. Death was due to a complication of diseases.

Miss Arnold was a devoted member of Christ's English Lutheran church and the surviving relatives include the parents, two sisters and three brothers—Miss Emma Arnold, Mrs. J. W. Leive, of Richmond; G. W. Arnold, of Garrett, and Preston and Paul Arnold, of this city.

FUELLING.

Mrs. Lisette Fuelling died at 10 o'clock last Saturday at her home, 231 West Washington street, after an illness of about four weeks. Death was due to nervous trouble with the attendant infirmities of age.

Mrs. Fuelling was seventy-three years of age, and was the widow of Frederick Filling, who died thirty-two years ago. She was born in Heimsen, near Minden, Germany, but came to Allen county with her parents when but ten years ago. Later she removed to Adams county, where she resided until about ten years ago, when she returned to Fort Wayne.

The surviving relatives include six children—Fred, William and Ernst Fuelling, and Mrs. Louisa Kueckelhahn, residing in Adams county; Mrs. Sophia Becker, living near New Haven, and Miss Lisette Fuelling, who resided with her mother. There are also two brothers and two sisters—Mrs. Scheumann, of Madison township; Fred Mailand, of Adams county, and Mrs. Sophia Scheumann and Ferdinand Mailand, who live in Nebraska.

ANDREWS.

The numerous friends of Mrs. M. E. Andrews will be pained to learn of her death, which occurred at Maples, this county, on Tuesday.

Funeral services were held from the residence Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment at New Haven.

FLICKENGER.

Miss Addie Flickenger died at 1 o'clock Wednesday from consumption, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Frank Hobbs, 56 Ferguson street, after an illness of nearly five years. Miss Flickenger was about twenty years old.

CAMPBELL.

John G. Campbell, 69 years of age, died on last Wednesday morning from a complication of diseases, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. E. G. Pierce, 245 East Lewis street.

BLUM.

Mrs. Louise Blum, wife of August Blum, one of the best known residents of St. Joe township, died at 5:45 o'clock Friday morning at her home, on the east Leo road, three and one-half miles northeast of this city. Death was due to bronchitis.

Mrs. Blum's age was 70 years, 11 months and 6 days. She was a native of Windheim, Prussia, but came to America in girlhood, and has lived in Allen county more than fifty years. Her marriage with Mr. Blum occurred September 7, 1852, and her death today breaks the bonds of a happy wedded life of nearly forty-nine years.

Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Blum, and four of them survive—August, jr., and Frederick, of St. Joe township; Henry, residing in Montana, and Officer Blum, of the Fort Wayne police force.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence and at 2:30 o'clock from St. Paul's Lutheran church, Rev. Miller officiating. The interment was at Concordia.

HOGAN.

Miss Julia Frances Hogan, daughter of Patrick Hogan, died at 9:30 Friday morning at the family residence, 176 Fairfield avenue. Miss Hogan has been in poor health for several months, and her death was not unexpected.

Deceased was 19 years of age, was widely known and very highly esteemed. Her mother died about one year ago and the surviving relatives are the father, four brothers and two sisters. These are Rev. Father William Hogan, of Dunkirk; John, Frank, Edward, Miss Elizabeth and Miss Mary Hogan.

Miss Hogan was a devoted member of St. Patrick's Catholic church, and the funeral services will be held from that church at a time to be announced later.

HALLIEN.

Friends in the city were notified of the death of Miss Nellie Hallien, daughter of John Hallien, of St. Joe township, which occurred Monday at Toledo, where the young lady has been making her home for some time. The death followed a surgical operation in a hospital in that city.

A brother of the deceased went to Toledo to accompany the remains home. They arrived Thursday and the interment occurred at the Parker cemetery.

SUKUP.

Andrew Sukup, an aged and well-known citizen, whose illness has been noted in these columns, died at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday night at his home, 27 Lasselle street.

Mr. Sukup was seventy-six years of age, and came to Fort Wayne thirty-five years ago. He was a moulder by occupation, but retired from active labor some years ago. The surviving relatives include the widow and four children—Peter, Joseph, Mrs. James Woodworth and Mrs. George Klinkenberger, of Bucyrus, Ohio.

CORCORAN.

The remains of John Corcoran, who died Tuesday afternoon at his home at Lafayette, arrived in the city today and were interred in the Catholic cemetery. Mr. Corcoran was eighty-five years of age and had never married. In earlier years he was a resident of Fort Wayne, but removed to Lafayette twenty-five years ago. Nephews and neices of the deceased residing in this city are Owen Corcoran, of South Harrison street; Thomas Corcoran, of East Lewis street; Mrs. W. H. Dreier, of West Berry street, and Mrs. T. D. Gerow, of Fairfield avenue.

EINSIEDEL.

Henry Einsiedel, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Einsiedel, of 18 Zollars avenue, died at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening from exhaustion, at the age of fourteen days.

MAHRT.

Conrad Mahrt, 66 years of age, died Saturday evening at his home, 42 Pritchard street, after an extended illness from cancer of the stomach.

Mr. Mahrt was a native of Germany, but had resided in Fort Wayne thirty-six years. Surviving are the widow and four daughters—Mrs. C. Hoemig, Mrs. J. Mosshamer, Mrs. J. Gruber and Mrs. C. Seitz.

Funeral services were held Tuesday morning at 8:30 from the residence and at 9 o'clock from the Cathedral.

PARNIN.

Frank Parnin, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. August Parnin, of 153 Montgomery street, died at 1 o'clock Monday from exhaustion at the age of four days.

CRAWFORD.

Mrs. Harriett Crawford, of Perry township, died suddenly Sunday afternoon while visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. J. Miller, in DeKalb county. Seated in the parlor engaged in conversation after dinner Mrs. Crawford suddenly sank back in her chair, gasped for breath and before help could be summoned death had ensued.

Mrs. Crawford was 47 years of age, and very highly esteemed. She was the widow of John Crawford, a well known farmer who died eight years ago. Surviving are a son and two daughters—Charles, Ella and Stella.

Funeral services will be held from Robinson chapel Wednesday morning at 10:30, Rev. W. E. McCarty, of Leo, officiating.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

LOCAL LINES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. David Gebhart, of 32 French avenue—a son.

Prof. Paul Juengel, who is a teacher in one of the Chicago Lutheran schools, is in the city on a visit to his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Juengel, of Thomas street.

Dr. Darby, of Waterloo, Ind., was the guest last Saturday of Thomas L. Miller, the Broadway barber. Dr. Darby served his district in the state senate last winter.

The Knights of Pythias and the Rathbone Sisters will give a social at Swinney park Thursday evening and a feature will be a concert by the K. of P. band.

Bluffton News: The traction railway from Muncie to Fort Wayne will not be built until next year on account of the scarcity of rails. The roadbed will be made, however.

Letter Carrier W. G. Stahl is again confined to his home, and it is feared he has a relapse of typhoid fever. Mr. Stahl returned to duty but four weeks ago after a siege of the fever.

William Byerline, while playing near the corner of Archer avenue and Wells street, fell and broke his arm Saturday. He was taken to St. Joseph hospital, where the bone was set.

County Commissioner C. E. Orff has returned from Mt. Clemens, where he has been for the benefit of his health. Frank Belchin and Mr. Larrimore returned from the resort today.

Messrs. Henry Engelking, Otto Meyer, Victor Hilgemann, Edwin Proegler and Arthur Ortlieb form a camping party who have located in a pretty spot several miles above Robison park for a few days.

Joe Richter, a lad residing at 29 East Third street, recently found a pocketbook containing $21. It was the property of F. Blue, who advertised his loss in The Sentinel, and the boy promptly returned the money to Mr. Blue.

Congressman Robinson delivered an address at Arcola Saturday evening, the occasion being a picnic given by the Catholic congregation. Mr. Robinson is always in demand as a speaker and has delivered thirty-five addresses since his return from Washington in March.

Herman W. Felts on Monday became an express messenger for the Adams Express company and has been assigned to duties on the Grand Rapids and Indiana road. For a number of years Mr. Felts was superintendent of the Allen county poor farm and his administration of affairs at that institution was most satisfactory to the county officials and to the public. Previous to taking that position he was employed as a fireman on the Pittsburg road.

Huntington Herald: Wednesday evening the push car in use on the Fort Wayne and Southwestern road, near the Peters farm, east of Roanoke, in carrying rails to the track men, broke down and it will take several days to make the repairs. The men have been put to work grading and this will soon be completed. A large gang of men will also be put to work this week putting in ballast. The gravel for ballast is being taken from a pit on the Rockhill farm, near Fort Wayne.

Straw hats discounted 20 per cent during our sale.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

MIDDLETOWN.

Messrs. Albert and Walter Rauner, of this place, and Archie and Hubert Rauner, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday at Rome City.

Frank Falls is home from Fort Wayne.

The social at Poe Saturday evening was attended by Miss Clyde Van Horn and Messrs. Albert and Walter Rauner and Harley Somers.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Barkley, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday as guests of Jacob Barkley and family.

Miss Mary Berningham, of Defiance, Ohio, has been the guest of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Roebuck.

Charles Ruhl and family, of Hoagland, visited John Ruhl and family Sunday.

Miss Clyde Van Horn is employed by Mrs. James Morten this summer.

Melville Neireiter has been employed by Samuel Nicholson the past week.

Miss Ida Whipkey, of Fort Wayne, visited Wilson Van Horn and family last week.

Don't forget that the 50c knee pant at Patterson's is worth 90c.

CHINESE TRAFFIC IN GIRLS.

New York, July 20.—Chow Tsz-Chi, Chinese consul in New York, has forwarded to the Christian Herald the reports of the native commissioners appointed by the governor of Shan-Si to assist in the work of relieving the famine. These reports detail the progress of the members of the relief commission through Shan-Si. Near Michi City they saw refugees eating tree leaves and apparently enjoying them. Later they saw hungry birds in the woods fighting for dead bodies. In a large number of instances young girls who were being sold were purchased by the relief commissioners and sent to the relief headquarters, their families being notified. On one day, May 18, sixty-seven girls were rescued. The local authorities about this date caught six dealers in girls and put them to death in an iron cage, but seemed powerless to stop the traffic. The detailed reports of the native relief commissioners show that the famine is wide-spread and the suffering extensive.

HOMESICK FOR INDIANA.

Wabash, Ind., July 20.—Hugh Wells, the son of Dr. W. Y. Wells, of Laketon, this county, who mysteriously disappeared two weeks ago from Richville, N. D., where he was publisher of the Richville Banner, has solved the riddle of his departure by showing up in sound health at his old home here. His father, who was notified of the strange disappearance and the suspension of the Banner, took a friend and hastened to the northwest to pursue the search for his son. Young Hugh, who had taken into his head to return to Indiana, passed him on the way, and the father was advised by wire from home to return.

ANNUAL YACHT CRUISE.

New York, July 22.—The annual cruise of the New York Yacht club began today, with a race from Glen Cove, L. I., where the yachts rendezvoused, the finish to be at Huntington bay, a distance of about twenty-one miles. Today's contests were for the commodore's cup for schooners and another cup for sloops. In the latter class the Constitution and Columbia were entered separately from the other sloops. The old schooner America, the original winner of the trophy which bears her name, sailed in today's race in cruising trim with the others of her class. The weather, which early gave indications of rain, cleared somewhat by noon, when a fairly good breeze from the southwest was prevailing.

M'DONALD ISLAND FOR SALE.

Winona Lake, Ind., July 20.—The reclaiming of the low lands next to Winona Lake has been carried out and cottage sites on McDonald island have been placed on sale. There are 165 lots on the island, which was created by a forty-foot canal being run from the biological station, across the low lands to the boat house. The soil from the canal was used in raising the site of the island until it is now a foot above high-water mark. The new canal has lowered the waters of the lake two feet.

All men's, boys' and children's suits discounted 20 per cent during our sale which lasts until Aug. 3rd. Blue and black goods being excepted. They are discounted 10 per cent.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

DIRECTORS IN SESSION.

The directors of the Allen County Farmers' Mutual insurance company held a special meeting at the company's offices here Saturday afternoon to consider a number of recent fire losses of the company, and to transact routine business.

Prices are way down at Patterson's.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN'S PASTOR.

Rev. Dr. Hindman, of Lincoln, Neb., who occupied the pulpit in Plymouth Congregational church Sunday morning in the absence of Rev. J. Webster Bailey, is pastor of the Presbyterian church in Lincoln, to which William Jennings Bryan belongs. Dr. Hindman is spending the summer at Winona.

When Patterson has a sale—its to sell goods. Prices will do it.

NEW, ATTRACTIVE GOODS OF ALL KINDS FOR

U. S. Stamps.

Which are given by the most reliable and leading merchants in the city.

Any premium in the store for one book of U. S. STAMPS.

228 Calhoun Street.

WANTED—An experienced farm hand on Develin place, north of city, or write to Herman A. Schumann, Fort Wayne, Ind. 20t3-w1

NICKNAMES OF STATES

SOME OF THE SOBRIQUETS OF AMERICAN COMMONWEALTHS AND WHY THEY ARE APPLIED.

(Washington Times.)

From the old stone bridge across Rock Creek, connecting K street in Washington with Water street in Georgetown, and which was replaced by the present iron structure, Pennsylvania derives its nickname, "The Keystone State." The names of the thirteen original states were carved upon the faces of the archstones of this bridge, which was the first to connect this city with Georgetown, and "Pennsylvania" was cut in the keystone of the arch. Some of the stones of the old bridge may still be seen in the vicinity of its site.

The origin of the nicknames applied to the various states of the Union and their inhabitants is interesting to trace. Virginia, the first British colony in the New World, is commonly known as "The Old Dominion," sometimes, too, as "The Ancient Dominion," "The Mother of States," and "The Mother of Presidents," the first in accordance with its official designation during the early days of its history as "The Colony and Dominion of Virginia." Its designation as "The Mother of Presidents" arises from the fact that four out the first five presidents of the United States were natives of Virginia, as were Harrison, Tyler and Taylor, subsequently.

The titles "Old Lime State" and "Cockade State" have been given to Maryland in memory of the famous old Maryland Line regiment, a fine, well-disciplined body of troops, principally composed of young men, who wore brilliant cockades in their hats. When Cornwallis' grenadiers charged through the broken American lines at Loughland, the Marylanders checked the onset of the British veterans, and thus saved the day.

Connecticut was formerly known as "The Blue Law State," from the contemptuous epithet "Blue" applied at the restoration of Charles II to every person and thing that savored of Puritanism. Hence, also, the derisive epithet applied by the southerners to the people of the eastern states, of "Bluenose Yankee." Another nickname given Connecticut is "The Nutmeg State." This arose from the absurd story that wooden nutmegs were manufactured there on a large scale for exportation. A more flattering designation of Connecticut is "The Land of Steady Habits," which phrase explains itself.

Massachusetts is called "The Bay State," because the original name of this colony in the New England Commonwealth was Massachusetts Bay. North Carolina is "The Old North State," owing to its position in the Carolinas, and "The Turpentine State," from the great quantity of turpentine taken in its pine forests. At the time of the civil war, and for some time afterward, the natives were nicknamed "Tar Heels," in allusion to the important tar industry of the lowland forests.

South Carolina is "The Palmetto State," from the palmetto tree distinguished in the seal of the Commonwealth. During the civil war, the South Carolina troops were known as "Palmetto Boys." The poor descendants of the laboring whites, who, on the introduction of slave labor, betook themselves to the pine woods that cover the sandhills of South Carolina and Georgia, have ever since borne the name of "Sand-hillers." Olmstead says in his work on the slave-holding states that these people were small, gaunt and cadaverous, while their skin is just the color of the sandhills they live on. Another nickname for this same class of people originally, but what more recently has come to be bestowed upon the natives of Georgia in general, is the "Crackers," as Olmstead supposes "from their peculiar dialect, almost incomprehensible and difficult to report or describe." Another writer suggests that the name is deived from "Corncracker," a species of long-legged bird allied to the crane, whence also the natives of Kentucky have derived their peculiar nickname of "Corncrackers."

Georgia is known as "The Empire State of the South," from the rapidity of its industrial development.

Kentucky is called "The Blue Grass State," from the beautiful orchard grass that flourishes in the partial shade of the woods. A common name for Kentucky in former times was "The Dark and Bloody Ground." This designation was applied, not merely in allusion to the sanguinary conflicts that constantly took place between the white settlers and the Indians, but because this was the great battle ground of the latter before white occupation.

Maine is "The Pine Tree State," from her luxuriant forests of that tree, a towering pine figuring in her arms. New Hampshire is "The Granite State," from the abundance of granite found there. New York is "The Empire State," from her commanding position and the vast wealth and enterprise of her people. The nickname of the New Yorkers is "Knickerbockers," in allusion to the wide breeches worn by the early Dutch settlers of New York City, or, rather New Amsterdam, as the colony was at first designated.

New Jersey bears the name of "The Garden State," owing to the quantity and variety of its agricultural and floral products. It is said that when Jerome Bonaparte, the brother of Napoleon I., who made him king of Naples in 1800, and two years later king of Spain, fled to America after the battle of Waterloo, and bought an estate at Bordentown, N. J., he entertained so many Spaniards during the time of his residence there that Philadelphians dubbed the whole state "The State of Spain," and its inhabitants "Spaniards" and "Foreigners."

Rhode Island is often popularly described as "Rhody," and "Little Rhody," on account of its diminutive size, in comparison with its neighbors.

Florida is, for obvious reasons, dubbed "The Peninsula State," also "The Everglade State," from one of its characteristic features. There was a period when the people of Florida was nicknamed "Fly-up-the-Creek," doubtless from their bashfulness at the approach of strangers. Alabama is called "The Cotton Plantation State."

Missouri is "The Bullion State," in memory of its senator, Thomas Hart Benton, who obtained the sobriquet of "Old Bullion" from his exertions in favor of gold and silver currency, instead of banks and paper currency. Louisiana is "The Pelican State," from the pelican, distinguished in her arms, also "The Creole State." There is some difference in the applications of the term "creole," it being used in southern portions of the country to describe quadroons and octaroons, and also a white native of French extraction.

Texas is called "The Lone Star State" on account of the single star in the center of her flag, indicative of her one-time political isolation from the rest of the commonwealths of the United States. Ohio is "The Buckeye State," and her people are called "Buckeyes" from the number of buckeye trees which abound in this region. Mississippi is commonly known as "The Bayou State." Mississippi also bears the name of "The Border Eagle State," from the American eagle, which appears on her arms, and the fact that it was a frontier state before the Louisiana purchase. Iowa is "The Hawkeye State," and the people are called "Hawkeyes," after the Indian chief, who, in the days of old, was a terror to newcomers in that section.

Kansas is "The Sunflower State," from the profusion of that flower; also "The Jayhawker State," and the people are sometimes known as "Jayhawkers." The latter title is traced to Colonel Jennison, of New York, who, being of a jovial nature, was always alluded to by his boon companions as the "Gay Yorker," which, being corrupted into "Jayhawker," was first applied to his soldiers, and afterward to Kansans generally.

Arkansas is known as "The Bear State," according to some on account of the bears which, in early days, were numerous within its borders. The general name for the inhabitants was formerly "Toothpicks," in graceful allusion to the bowie knives worn by the settlers, and which were facetiously termed "toothpicks."

Illinois is variously alluded to as "The Prairie State," "The Garden of the West," and "The Sucker State." Wisconsin is known as "The Badger State," because of the subterranean human abodes once popular there. The people are called "Badgers." Michigan is "The Wolverine State," because of the prairie wolves that made the region their home, and the people are designated "Wolverines."

Delaware is "The Diamond State," because of its great wealth in proportion to its small size. Indiana is called "The Hoosier State" and "Hoosierdom," and the people are everywhere known as "Hoosiers," according to the Kentuckian explanation, from their rough manner of exclaiming when anybody knocks at the door, "Who's yer?"

Minnesota is generally styled "The North Star State," from the motto on its arms, "L'Etoile du Nord," chosen by Governor Sibley, by reason of the northern situation of this state in the union. Vermont is "The Green Mountain State," in allusion to its principal natural feature, while Nebraska is "The Antelope State," so called from the antelopes that once roamed over its plains; also "The Blackwater State," from the streams darkened by the rich black soil in this region.

California is "The Golden State," and "Eldorado," the literal Spanish for "The Golden Region." Both Nevada and Colorado bear the name of "The Silver State," from their chief product. Colorado is known, also, as "The Centennial State," and its people are "Centennials," because it was admitted to the union in the hundredth year after the Declaration of Independence.

Oregon is "The Sunset State," from its westerly situation. Advocates of woman's rights will be pleased to learn that Wyoming is called "The Equality State," because, according to Mr. Sweetser, "ever since its organization men and women have been accorded equal rights to vote, and the people have ratified the same principle in the state constitution."

West Virginia boasts the names "Switzerland of America," and "Mountain State." Alaska has been termed "Uncle Sam's Ice Box," but it may perhaps be as appropriately named "Uncle Sam's Gold Mine."

WHALES HOLD CONGRESS

Residents of the island of Santa Cataline, off the coast of California, are favored with many strange sights. While promenading the beach they have occasionally been bombarded with flying fishes that jump out of the water when chased by tunas, and a few days ago a school of large squids dashed in, leaping upon the beach and filling the water with their ink. It is supposed the squids were trying to escape the orcas. The orcas is a whale about thirty feet in length, entirely black with the exception of a pure white collar and saddle. It has teeth and is so active that it chases seals and sea lions out of the water upon the beach and has actually been known to snatch a sea lion from the rocks. This season whales have been particularly common here, and recently a vast convention of them was observed at the entrance of the Bay of Avalon. The steamer had a collision with one of them.

"These whales have a way of collecting together," said the captain of a steamer, "and for what purpose I do not know. Several years ago when I was running a small yacht they gathered at a deep bank to the southeast of the island. I went out to them a number of times and they stayed so long that excursions were run out to see them. It was a wonderful sight. I can't say how many whales there were. There may have been nearly 100, or possibly fifty, but enough to keep the deep water over that bank boiling.

"The games they played were worth seeing. Sometimes they would leap into the air; sometimes they would shoot along the surface, but the finest sight was when, looking down upon them from the boat, they would be seen twenty or more feet below swimming in great circles. I saw there were great numbers of jellyfish about—the whale food—and I reckon that was what they were after."

WASHINGTON'S PAPOOSE.

When the retreat after Braddock's defeat began, writes Mrs. C. H. Dall in the Springfield Republican, Washington found occasion to use his theodolite and dropped an important screw. After the troops left the camping ground he turned back to find the missing piece. Searching among the dead leaves he heard a child's cry, and soon after found a child some months old, strapped, Indian fashion, to a board. In haste to overtake his men he hung it at his saddle bow and was soon able to give it to a sutler's wife, with orders to carry it to Mount Vernon, and when Mrs. Washington reached Mount Vernon in 1759 a very beautiful girl of 7 or 8 years awaited her. She was called "Cassandra," and her granddaughter told me that Washington himself named her in consequence of something that occurred when he found her. It is impossible to discover what this might have been, if it were not the fulfillment of his own Cassandra-like prophecies in regard to Braddock's defeat.

The child grew up as an attendant on Mrs. Washington, and was taught to read and write, to embroider and do dainty cooking, and generally sat in her room or stood behind her chair at meals. At the time of Washington's death she assisted in preparing him for the grave, and herself attended to his hair and cut off from beneath the ribbon the curling lock, a part of which I now have. There came to the funeral a certain Englishman named Thomas Smith, of King George county, in Virginia. He was a man of wealth, and had married for his first wife a niece of Martha Washington. She had died and left him without children, and he was captivated by the beauty of the Indian woman. Parson Addison, of the eastern shore, married them some time in the year 1800.

APPROPRIATE.

"I wonder why they put 'He Rests in Peace' over Jones' grave. I understand that he led a very bad life."

"True—but you don't know Mrs. Jones."—Life.

LESSON IN ARITHMETIC.

"Now, Tommy," said the teacher, "if your father had ten one-dollar bills and your mother asked him for half of them, how many would he have left?"

"He'd still have the ten," replied the wise child.—Philadelphia Record.

HIS MAJESTY'S HATS.

Styles that King Edward VII. Has Created and Those He Follows.

Is it true that the first gentleman in Europe leads the fashion in hats?

Yes and no. When the king "adopts" a hat its future is assured, but almost invariably it has had a successful, if obscure, past, says the London Express. In the course of his career his majesty has "created" two or three styles, of which one, the low-crowned silk hat, enjoyed some vogue, while another, a sort of Welsh sugar loaf, lasted less than a month. And there are some shapes worn by men in every rank of life from the blood royal downward which the king has never patronized at all.

The supremacy of the black silk hat was certainly due to his majesty's encouragement. Other men might wear white hats on hot summer days, but for years he clung to black. His majesty did not relinquish this palladium of British respectability even when being received by Said Pasha under the scorching suns of Egypt, nor when navigating the turbid rapids at the head of the St. Lawrence while exposed to the keen Canadian winds on a lumber raft. It was he who ordained that the proper and only wear for Goodwood was the tall black hat, and it is only in recent years that he has relaxed this own rule. Hence it was with a sense of relief that he was observed at the garden party in the grounds of Buckingham palace in the summer before the diamond jubilee to be wearing a white hat, a color which turned up again at Goodwood two years ago, and the descent from this to the white bowler which he wore at Sandown last year became inevitable.

But for the king, too, the narrow cloth band would never have replaced the silk galloon for ordinary wear. This cloth band was soon perceived to be not only dressy, but also very convenient, because most of us are in complimentary mourning for the greater part of our lives. His majesty, however, has always set his face against the cruder display of cartorial grief that marked the earlier Victorian regime.

To his majesty we owe the habit into which we fall unconsciously of clinging to our hats at public functions as if they were our talismans. Whether receiving an address of welcome at an exhibition, attending an afternoon lecture or unveiling a memorial in a public museum, the king's manner has been to hold the hat in the left hand, resting lightly upon the hip if he be standing, or upon the thigh—not the knee—if sitting down. When the proceedings are drawing to a close he fingers the nap lovingly and uses the palm as an auxiliary. He has abandoned a habit, which he once taught us to observe, of using the coat sleeve for this purpose.

The king uses the round bowler nowadays on every possible occasion. He had at one time a great affection for the brown bowler, and for many years patronized the comely gray. In nothing has the influence of the king been more paramount than in the introduction into England—obstinate, insular England—of the Homburg felt. For lounging about the estate, for diving along the Norfolk lanes, for taking a morning turn in the saddle, there is no doubt that this comfortable shape is exactly suited to his majesty's face.

The king knew and loved the soft felt years ago in its older form of the Offenbach or the Tyrolese, and both in the forests of mid-Europe and in the English coverts the tuft of feathers in the back of the hat was never omitted.

When on Deeside early boyish experience taught the king to appreciate the Glengarry bonnet, and he dons the national costume to this day. But there is no doubt of his preference for the cloth peaked cap.

The distaste of the king for the straw hat arises for two causes. The flat-topper, low-crowned hat would be discordant with the lines of his build, and apart from this he never has occasion to indulge in those pastimes for which the boating straw is the only perfect wear. His majesty's size is sevens; he wears everything well down over the temples, and the front line of the brim is always horizontal.

For many generations after the first bale of cotton raised in the United States was sent to market most of the cotton plantations of the country were east of the Mississippi. But now nearly one-half of the entire American crop of cotton comes from the territory west of the river.

ITALY'S DISCONTENT.

From the 15th of June to the 15th of July the wheat, rye and barley harvests are in progress in Italy and the socialists are taking this critical time in the agricultural industry to spread the gospel of discontent against the conditions of labor, wages and taxation. It is feared that large farmers will be ruined by strikes among farm laborers. On an average two strikes a day have occurred in Italy since February, the movement affecting all trades and classes of workingmen. At any moment it is feared that a spark might kindle a conflagration. The socialist leaders plead for peaceful means for bettering the conditions of labor, but the Italian people are inflammable and they are notoriously underpaid and underfed. They are so largely in the majority that they hold the remedy in their own hands, if they would but use their power intelligently and toward a definite end. But the mass of the people are miserably ignorant as well as poor, and feel doubly helpless and impotent. They have only brute strength and lives to throw away in fruitless revolution.

PRECEPTS FOR BATHERS

To save the lives of reckless summer bathers, the United States volunteer life saving corps, of New York, has issued a circular giving rules for the safety of people who go out on or in the water. Their usefulness is the greater when one sees that in cases of fatal accidents many of them have been more honored in the breach than in the observance. Here are some of the more pertinent maxims:

Impress upon parents the necessary duty of having their children taught to swim.

Go out in no pleasure boat of small or large dimensions without being assured that there are life saving buoys or cushions aboard sufficient to float all on board in case of upset or collision.

With a party be sure you are all properly and satisfactorily seated before you leave the shore—particularly so with girls on board. Let no one attempt to exchange seats midstream.

Where the waters become rough from a sudden squall or passing steamers, never rise in the boat, but settle down as close to the bottom as possible, and keep cool until the danger is past.

A woman's skirts, if held out by her extended arms, while she uses her feet as if climbing a stairs, will often hold her up in the water while a boat may pull out from the shore and save her.

In rescuing drowning persons, seize them by the collar, back of the neck; do not let them throw their arms around your neck or arms.

If the person is unconscious, don't wait a moment for a doctor or an ambulance, but begin at once; first, get the tongue out and hold it by a handkerchief or stocking to let the water out; get a buoy, box or barrel under the stomach, or hold the person over your knee, head down, and jolt the water out of him; then turn him over side to side four or five turns, then on his back, and with a pump movement keep his arms going from pit of stomach overhead to a straight out and back fourteen to sixteen times a minute, until signs of returning life are shown. A bellows movement on the stomach at the same time is a great aid.

Let some one at once remove shoes and stockings, and at the same time rub the lower limbs with an upward movement from foot to knee, occasionally slapping the soles of the feet with the open hand. Working on these lines our volunteer life savers have been successful after two hours of incessant manipulation, but generally succeed inside of thirty minutes.

Use no spirits internally until after breathing and circulation are restored, then a moderate use of stimulants or hot teas, and a warm blanket or bed is of the first importance.

KIPLING NOT SO POPULAR.

In comparison with the sales attained by our popular American novels of the past two or three years, the figures of Mr. Kipling's sales, recently given by his English publishers, pale into significance. Here is the list as printed in Literature, London:

"The Day's Work," 56,000; "The Jungle Book," 55,000; "A Fleet in Being," 55,000; "The Light That Failed," 44,000; "Life's Handicap," 39,000; "The Second Jungle Book," 38,000; "Many Inventions," 36,000; "Stalky & Co.," 33,000; "Captains Courageous," 27,000; "Soldiers Three and Other Stories," 20,000; "Wee Willie Winkie and Other Stories," 17,000; "From Sea to Sea," 14,000; "Soldier Tales," 10,000.

ALL ONE VAST FAMILY.

The sovereign families of Europe, despite all political differences, form one vast family, closely bound by ties of blood and innumerable intermarriages. This will be understood better when it is stated that every crowned head in Europe, outside Turkey, at the present moment is descended from Mary, Queen of Scots, with the exception of the king of Sweden, the king of Servia and the prince of Monaco and Montenegro.

The London Lancet declares that "the prices asked for wine at big hotels are so monstrously high and the wine offered is so often bad that this fact alone accounts for an increasing demand for whisky as a dinner beverage."

THE DOOM OF CHICAGO

CITY SOME TIME WILL BE SUBMERGED BY LAKE MICHIGAN SWEEPING OVER IT, SAY GEOLOGISTS.

From signs that are unmistakable, it has been determined by geologists that the eastern portion of the United States is rising above the sea level at about from 6 to 8 inches every hundred years. This uplifting process has, it is claimed, been going on for a long time. As a result, the Great Lakes have more than doubled their original area and the waters of Lake Michigan will, the scientists declare, ultimately submerge Chicago and empty themselves into the Illinois and Mississippi rivers, instead of into Niagara and the St. Lawrence, as at present.

G. W. Gilbert, one of the best known geologists of this country, says that the history of the Great Lakes practically begins with the melting of the great ice sheet that spread over a vast portion of the North American continent ages ago, the thickness of which in some places was as much as four or five miles. The ice came from the north and northeast, and spreading over the country, invading the drainage distrists of the Mississippi, Ohio, Susquehanna, and Hudson. During its wanderings there was there was a long period when the waters were ponded between the ice front and the uplands south of the Laurentian (St. Lawrence) basin, forming a series of glacial lakes, whose outlets were southward through various low passes. A great stream from the Erie Basin crossed the divide at Fort Wayne to the Wabash river. A river of the magnitude of the Niagara afterward flowed from the Michigan Basin across the divide at Chicago to the Illinois river, and still later the chief outlet was from the Ontario Basin across the divide at Rome to the Mohawk valley.

The positions of the glacial lakes are marked by shore lines, consisting of terraces, cliffs, and ridges, the strands and spits formed by their waves. Several of these shore lines have been traced for hundreds of miles, and wherever they are thoroughly studied it is found that they no longer lie level, but have gentle slopes toward the south and southwest. Formed at the edges of water surfaces, they must originally have been level, it is claimed, and their present lack of horizontality is due to the unequal uplift of the land. The region has been tilted to the south-southwest.

FORMATION OF LAKE ERIE.

The epoch of glacial lakes, or lakes partly bounded by ice, ended with the disappearance of the ice field, and there remained only lakes of the modern type, wholly surrounded by land. These were formed one at a time, and the first to appear was in the Erie Basin. That is Lake Erie. It was much smaller than the modern lake, because the Basin was comparatively low at the northeast. Instead of reaching from Buffalo to Toledo, it extended only to a point opposite the present city of Erie, and it was but one-sixth as large as the modern lake. Since that time the land has gradually risen at the north, canting the basin to the south, and the lake has gradually encroached upon the lowlands of the valley.

The next great lake to be released from the domination of the ice was probably Ontario. Before the Ontario Valley held a land-bound lake it was occupied by a gulf of the ocean. In the extreme northeast, in the vicinity of the Thousand Islands, the marine shores are nearly 200 feet above the present water level, but they descend southward and westward, passing beneath the lake level near Oswego, and toward the western end of the lake must be submerged several hundred feet. This condition was of short duration, and the rising land soon divided the waters, establishing Lake Ontario as an independent water body.

There is reason to think that the upper lakes, Huron, Michigan and Superior, were first open to the sea, so as to constitute a gulf, but the evidence is not as full as could be desired. When the conditions were such as to turn this gulf into a lake there was but a single lake instead of three separate bodies of water as at the present time, and the outlet, instead of being southward from Lake Huron, was northeastward from Georgia Bay, the outlet river following the valleys of the Mattana and Ottawa to the St. Lawrence.

The triple lake line, called the Nipissing shore line, is not wholly submerged, like the old shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario, but lies chiefly above the present water surfaces. It has been observed at many points about Lake Superior and the northern parts of Lakes Huron and Michigan, and measurements of its height show that its plane has a remarkably uniform dip, at 7 inches per mile, in a southwest direction.

The southward tilting of the land, involving the uplift of the point of outlet at Georgian Bay, increased the capacity of the basin and the volume of the lake, gradually carrying the coast line southward in Lake Huron and Lake Michigan, until, finally, it reached the low pass at Port Huron, and the water overflowed via the St. Clair and Detroit channels to Lake Erie. The outlet by the way of Ottawa was then abandoned, and a continuance of the uplift caused the water to slowly recede from its northern shores. This change, after a time, separated Lake Superior from the other lakes, bringing the St. Mary's river into existence, and eventually the present condition was reached.

RELATIONS TO NIAGARA RIVER.

These various changes are so intimately related to the history of the Niagara river that the Niagara time estimates, based on the erosion of the gorge by the cataract, can be applied to them. Lake Erie has existed approximately as long as the Niagara river, and its age should probably be reckoned in tens of thousands or hundreds of thousands of years. Lake Ontario is much younger. All that can be said of the beginning of Great Lake Nipissing is that it came long after the beginning of Lake Erie, but the date of its ending, through the transfer of outlet from the Mattana to the St. Clair, is more definitely known. That event is estimated to have occurred between five and ten thousand years ago.

The lake history, thus briefly sketched, is characterized by a progressive change in the attitude of the land, the northern and northeastern portions of the region becoming higher, so as to turn the waters more and more toward the southwest. The latest change, from Great Lake Nipissing to Great Lakes Superior and Huron, involving an uplift at the north of more than 100 feet, has taken place within so short a period that it strongly suggests the question whether or not the uplifting process is still going on.

PROCESS STILL PREVAILS.

This question has been tested by the United States geological survey, with the result that all indications point to the conclusion that the tilting process of the northern and northeastern portions of the region still prevails, and that the encroachment of the southern and southwestern coast lines of the Great Lakes is under constant, though slow, process of extension, that is, that the area of the Great Lakes is increasing all the time. Lake Ontario lies altogether southwest of the base of its outlet, and the water is encroaching on all its shores. The same tilting that enlarged it is still increasing its extent. The estimated vertical rise at Hamilton is six inches per century. The whole coast of Lake Erie also is being submerged, the estimated rate at Toledo and Sandusky being eight or nine inches per century.

All coasts of Lake Huron are rising as compared to the outlet, and the consequent apparent lowering of the mean water surface is estimated at six inches a century for Mackinac, and at ten inches for the mouth of the French river, on Georgian bay. At Escanaba, the estimated fall of the water is four inches per century. At Milwaukee the estimated rise is five or six inches, and at Chicago between nine and ten inches.

A MENACE TO CHICAGO.

The city of Chicago is built on a smooth plain, little above the high water level of Lake Michigan. Every decade the mean level of the water is an inch higher, and the margin of safety is so narrow that inches are valuable. Already the older part of the city has lifted itself several feet to secure better drainage.

"The time will surely come," says Mr. Gilbert, "when other measures of protection are imperatively demanded.

"Looking to the more distant future, we may estimate the date at which the geographic revolution will occur. Near Chicago is an old channel made by the outlet of a glacial lake. The bed of the channel at the summit of the pass is about eight feet above the mean level of Lake Michigan and five feet above the highest level. In 500 or 600 years (assuming the estimated rate of tilting) high stages of the lake will reach the pass, and the artificial discharge by canal will be supplemented by an intermittent natural discharge. In 1,000 years the discharge will occur at ordinary lake stages, and after 1,500 years it will be continuous. In about 2,000 years the discharge from Lakes Michigan, Huron and Erie, which will then have substantially the same level, will be equally divided between the western outlet at Chicago and the eastern at Buffalo. In 2,500 years the Niagara river will have become an intermittent stream, and in 3,000 years all its water will have been diverted to the Chicago outlet—the Illinois river, the Mississippi river, and the Gulf of Mexico."

Last year Uncle Sam turned out new coins worth $136,000,000, of which $99,000,000 were gold.

NAVAL HISTORY SLURS SCHLEY

Text Book at Academy Abuses the Hero of Santiago---Long Orders It Expunged ---General Agnus Aroused.

Washington, July 19.—The secretary of the navy has decided that the third volume of Maclay's history of the Spanish-American war shall not be used as a textbook at the naval academy unless the obnoxious language it contains in characterizing the action of Rear Admiral Schley is eliminated. The secretary says that it would be manifestly improper to have a history containing such intemperate language used as a textbook for the cadets. He will inform both Commander Wainwright, who is in command of the naval academy and Mr. Maclay, the author of the history, of his decision. In this connection the secretary says that the proofs of the entire volume were not submitted to him by the historian. He received only the proofs of the third chapter, that relating to the mobilization of the fleets, which contained a summary of the orders which he, as secretary of the navy, had issued in making the naval preparations for the war. That chapter was satisfactory and he returned it to Mr. Maclay with an indication of his approval. He says he never saw the account of the battle of Santiago and the criticisms of Rear Admiral Schley until after the book was published. Mr. Maclay was appointed to his present position in the New York navy yard August 23, 1900, having been transferred from the lighthouse service.

GENERAL AGNUS PROTESTS.

Baltimore, Md., July 19.—Gen. Felix Agnus, publisher of the Baltimore American, has written the following letter to President McKinley, which was mailed this morning:

"William McKinley, President, Canton, Ohio:—Macay's history of the navy is the standard in use at the naval academy. In the third volume, just issued, the historian charges Rear Admiral Schley with being a coward, a liar, a caitiff, an incompetent and insubordinate. In an interview in the American this morning, Maclay, the historian, who is a navy department clerk, classed as a laborer and attached to the Brooklyn navy yard, says that proofs of this third volume, which should have told the most glorious story in all our naval annals, were submitted to Secretary Long and Admiral Sampson and approved by them in advance of publication; also, that Long put him in his present position after he had read and approved this scurrilous attack upon Admiral Schley. These proofs were also submitted to Admiral Dewey, who refused to read them. If aught were needed to convince any fair-minded man that a clique in the navy department has conspired to traduce the hero of Santiago and that the conspiracy was carried into execution, while that brave and gallant officer was suffering expatriation on the fever-infested coasts of South America, this should furnish it. Will you, Mr. President, in view of all this, sit quietly by and permit these conspirators to continue their diabolical work? Every justice-loving American appeals to you to intervene in the name and for the sake of fair play. Next to being right all the time, which no man ever was, the best thing is to find out as soon as possible that you are wrong, and right yourself immediately.

"Felix Agnus,
"Publisher Baltimore American."

THE MYSTERIOUS GIRL AT GOSHEN

(From Friday's Daily.)

A sensation has been caused at Goshen by the mysterious appearance there of a young girl, well educated, and apparently of a good family, who gives her name as Irene Kanning, daughter of Frank Kanning, formerly a manufacturer of shoe polish in Fort Wayne. She appears to be demented and tells a most thrilling story of her abduction after being hypnotized by a Dr. Pease, an eastern dentist, and a young man named Edward Coleman, from whom she escaped. She was found wandering along a road by a traveling salesman, who took her to Goshen and placed her under the care of the sheriff.

The story she tells of her parentage is doubtless a fabrication. As far as could be learned today there never has been a Frank Kanning here. A man named George Kanning came here about four years ago and has been employed as a traveling salesman by the Globe flouring mills. At the same time he manufactured stove polish and sold it as a side line. Later he became interested in the Scherer bakery near the Concordia college campus and left two years ago for Oregon, where he lives now with his only daughter, who is but 7 years old.

Another family of Kannings, however, thinks the girl is the 22-year-old daughter of Mrs. Fred H. Kanning, whose name was Stephans and who was married here a few years ago. Fred H. Kanning is the proprietor of the Park hotel at St. Louis and spent his early life here. This girl visited her relatives here last summer, but has not been heard from for several months. She is well educated and is a school teacher. Her first name is Adelia.

The relatives of Fred H. Kanning, the girl's step-father, in this city, are: H. F. Kanning, a brother, and Charles Geerkin, a brother-in-law, living at 99 East Madison street, and his mother, living at the same place. J. Ame, the real estate dealer, who has charge of Kanning's property here, si investigating the case and will doubtless learn something soon.

TOOK LIFE OF BOSOM FRIEND.

Battleboro, Vt., July 19.—Awakening between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning to find himself in the grasp of a man, Morton Starr Cressy, a Harvard law school student, who is spending the summer here, struggled until free, and, snatching a revolver from the bureau, fired four shots at his assailant. On lighting his lamp he was horrified to find that he had shot his friend and classmate, Sidney Bristol, of Battle Creek, Mich., who came here yesterday as a canvasser and was invited by Cressy to stay over night at the house of his grandmother, Mrs. P. Starr, in this city.

Bristol lived only long enough to gasp, "You have shot your friend."

It is believed that Bristol, while in a nightmare, took hold of Cressy. Cressy said that he thought he was being attacked by a burglar and fired as soon as he was free. The young men were each about twenty-four years of age. They graduated from Yale in 1900 and entered the Harvard law school last fall.

FREDERICK S. WILLIAMS DEAD.

Lafayette, Ind., July 19.—Frederick S. Williams, city editor and founder of the Sunday Times, and a well known Indiana politician, died here today, aged 53. He served as chief clerk in the third auditor's office of the United States treasury during the administration of President Cleveland.

FRIARS TO REMAIN IN ISLANDS.

Manila, July 19—The Roman Catholic authorities in Manila say they have no intention of withdrawing the friars from the Philippine islands and reiterate their belief that the friars will be welcomed by the masses of the Filipino people as their spiritual advisers when the people are thoroughly assured the friars will no longer exercise temporal authority. The clerics bitterly charge the leaders of the federal party, themselves Catholics, with inciting the people against the clergy. They also say they would be willing to substitute American for Spanish friars, except for difficulties arising from the American's ignorance of Spanish and the native dialects. The warm and antagonistic receptions given the friars by the people in the provinces is retarding the experiment of reintating them.

F. W. ANTRUP IS INJURED.

F. W. Antrup, who conducts a feed barn along the Lake Erie and Western tracks just west of Wells street, was painfully injured last Friday. He was at work in the haymow and in some manner slipped and fell to the floor below, a distance of about twelve feet. Mr. Antrup was removed to his home, 57 West Main street. Though severely bruised, Mr. Antrup's injuries are not believed to be dangerous, though his advanced age adds to the seriousness of the case.

COMMENDS DR. PROEGLER.

Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the state board of health, has very highly commended the action of Dr. Carl Proegler, the county health officer, for his course in the case of the Garrett undertaker who removed the remains of Charles Campbell from this county without a permit. In a letter to Dr. Proegler today Dr. Hurty says: "The people up in your part of the state will learn who you are after awhile, and the sooner they learn the better off they will be."

FACES IRE OF LIQUOR MEN.

Richmond, Ind., July 18.—The war waged at Cambridge City, this county, against the alleged violators of the liquor law has culminated in a large number of prosecutions for which affidavits are being prepared. Rev. E. Lacey, pastor of the Methodist church, who has been the leading spirit in calling for an enforcement of the law, has been warned to cease his interference, and it is said that yesterday morning he found on his doorstep a bundle of switches, attached to which was a note telling him to mind his own business. The temperance people are much excited over the incident. Druggists as well as saloonists are alleged to be guilty of violating the liquor law.

CRESCEUS TROTS IN 2:05

KETCHAM'S HORSE WINS FREE-FOR-ALL.

Makes a Record—This Is the Fastest Heat Ever Made in a Race and Year's Best.

Detroit, Mich., July 19.—Cresceus, the chestnut stallion owned and driven by George H. Ketcham, of Toledo, won the free-for-all trot on the Detroit Driving club's track at Grosse Pointe yesterday afternoon and, incidentally, trotted the fastest heat and won the fastest race record ever made. Charlie Herr, the brown stallion owned by David Cahill, of Lexington, Ky., and driven by Kelly, was the only opponent in this race and he was a poor second.

Cresceus won the first heat by five lengths in 2:06¾, breaking the racing record for this yeaer on any track, and in the second heat he led by anywhere from five to ten lengths and finished easily in 2:05, breaking the world's racing record.

This announcement by Starting Judge Barnard was received with tumultuous huzzas. The sun was setting just as Cresceus skipped under the wire.

When Ketcham dismounted from his sulky he was congratulated on every hand by those in the judges' sand and about the track. As Cresceus was led back to his stable he was greeted with cheers from all parts of the crowded grand stand. Following is the time by quarters:

First heat—0:30½, 1:02¼, 1:35½, 2:06¾.

Second heat—0:30¾, 1:02½, 1:35, 2:05.

AN INJURED MAN DESERTED.

Samuel Warner, a resident of St. Joe, DeKalb county, was found lying helpless on the curbstone of Spy Run avenue shortly before midnight by Joseph Ueber, who was on his way home, while the demolished remnants of a buggy in which he was riding lay but a few feet away, and the horse he was driving had taken flight. The police were notified and the patrol wagon went after the man and brought him to the station, where he remained during the night. Warner came here to get his horse and buggy. He had started to drive home when his horse became frightened, he says, at a street car on Spy Run avenue and ran away. The buggy struck a telegraph pole and was demolished, while the driver was thrown so violently to the ground that he was stunned, and the horse continued running down the road. Warner lay for almost an hour before he was discovered, but was not seriously injured. Friends from St. Joe came after him Friday. Warner says the conductor on the street car at which the horse took fright took his name and then left him to the mercies of whoever might pass by.

PAINTER'S SERIOUS FALL.

W. Thatcher, a painter residing at 131 West DeWald street, was seriously injured by a fall from a ladder on last Saturday morning. Mr. Thatcher was at work about twelve feet from the ground when he missed his footing and fell backward, alighting on his side. Examination by a physician revealed a severe spinal sprain and evidences of internal injury.

CURES ECZEMA AND ITCHING HUMORS THROUGH THE BLOOD—COSTS NOTHING TO TRY.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is a certain and sure cure for eczema, itching skin, humors, scabs, scales, watery blisters, pimples, aching bones or joints, boils, carbuncles, prickling pain in the skin, old, eating sores, ulcers, etc. Botanic Blood Balm cures the worst and most deep-seated cases by enriching, purifying and vitalizing the blood, thereby giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. Other remedies may relieve, but B. B. B. actually cures, heals every sore, and gives the rich glow of health to the skin, making the blood red and nourishing. Especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Sold by Ranke & Nusbaum, 88 Calhoun St.

SOLICITORS WITH A GRAFT

PEOPLE SHOULD BEWARE OF PICTURE FRAME MEN.

Superintendent Gosline Thinks Old Offenders are Operating in the City Now.

Superintendent of Police Gorsline has received information that a party of men are canvassing the city soliciting orders for the enlargement of photographs who do not do business on correct principles, and says that people should be cautious in giving such orders. Two years ago some men went over the city and secured many such orders. A few weeks later, when another party of men came to deliver the pictures, the people were asked to pay $3 for a frame, although it had been stipulated when the order was given that they would not be compelled to pay for a frame. When a purchaser refused to pay for a frame the original photograph, which was sometimes of considerable value, was held by the canvassers and the police were called upon to bring the men to time. Superintendent Gorsline believes that the men here now are the same that operated two years ago, or that they do business in the same way.

It took about ten minutes to wind up affairs at police court Friday morning. One transgressor of the law faced Judge Louttit on the charge of public intoxication. He was one Thomas O'Brien, employed on the new Wabash road at New Haven. He was fined $1 and costs. The fine was suspended and he was told to go to work.

INDIANA TEACHERS TO SAIL.

Washington, July 19.—Among the teachers selected for services in the Philippines are the following from Indiana, who will receive salaries ranging from $900 to $3,000: Prof. E. B. Bryan, of the University at Indiana, at Bloomington; Frank L. Crane, of Kendallville; J. D. Dehuff, of Peru; Clyde M. Gaudy, of Angola; Emily Keith, of Terre Haute; Harry Glaughlin, of Bloomington; S. C. Newsom, of Indianapolis; Thaddius D. Engelmeyer, of Bloomington; Raymond Stratton, of Indianapolis; W. A. Austin, of Pierceville; Clyde Wagner, Herbert D. Brittain and Frank Adams, of Hanover; George W. Moore and William Spark, of Bloomington; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Russell, of Valparaiso; Anthony T. Bryan, John P. Hayes, H. P. Barry and James D. Barry, all of Notre Dame; W. J. Cochran, of Lyons; W. O. McGovey, of Bloomington. They sail from San Francisco Tuesday next. It is expected Professor Bryan will receive one of the responsible places, receiving the maximum salary of $3,000.

THREE MORE BARNS BURNED

SOUTH SIDE HAS AN INCENDIARY BLAZE.

Early Morning Fire Between Lincoln and Savilla Avenues Causes Damage of $350.

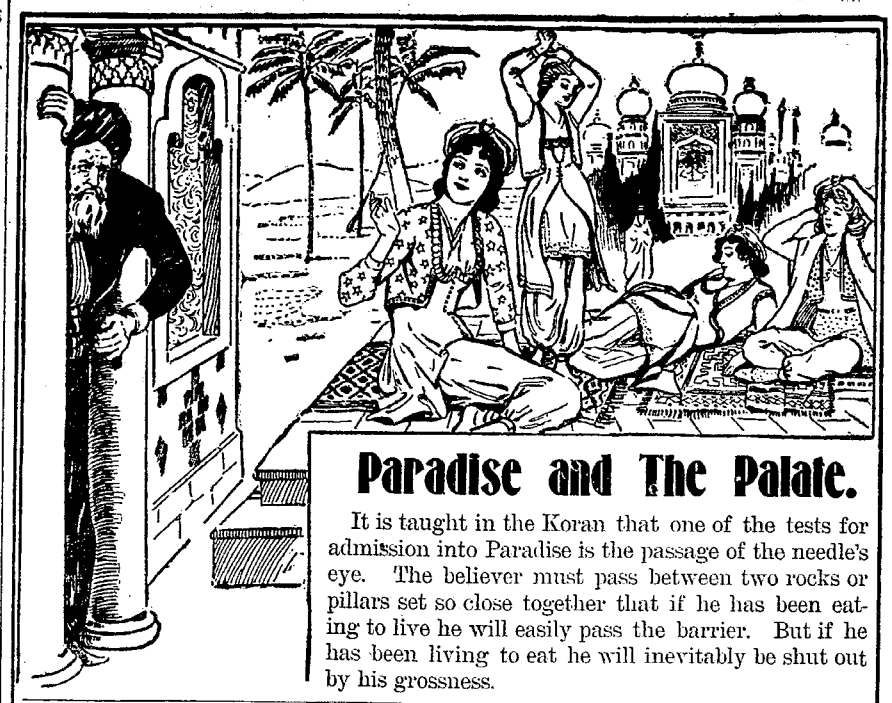
Incendiarism is held accountable for the destruction of three barns in the southern part of the city early Friday morning and the loss is placed at $350.

It was 2:30 o'clock that morning when the officer upon the beat discovered a blaze which had a good headway in the small barn upon the property of James Bitner, at 31 Lincoln avenue. It is said the fire apparently started upon the lower floor and near the center of the building, and so great was its headway that the structure was nearly consumed before the department reached the scene.

Adjoining it, on the premises of S. Miller, at 29 Lincoln avenue, a two-story frame barn was also destroyed, and in each of these cases the loss is $150. Across the alley the barn of Henry Horstmeyer, 30 Savilla avenue, was damaged to the extent of $50. Some personal property also burned in each case, but there were no horses destroyed. The incendiary fires are becoming quite frequent of late, and there has been several alarms of this character during the present month. Six barn fires have occurred since July 4, though not all of them were of incendiary origin.

MARRIED AT MAYSVILLE.

A very pretty wedding occurred Wednesday evening at the home of D. Yeagy, near Maysville, when his youngest daughter, Miss Adeline, was united in marriage to Rev. Chris Fliegninger, of Sterling, Kas. Rev. Egley performed the ceremony at 8:30, only relatives and intimate friends being present. Miss DeLora Werts played the bridal march from Lohengrin, and at the close of the ceremony a delicious supper was served. Sweet peas were used in the decorations, and the bride and groom received a number of handsome presents. Rev. and Mrs. Fliegninger will leave in a short time for the west, where the husband will engage in gospel mission work.



Paradise and The Palate.

It is taught in the Koran that one of the tests for admission into Paradise is the passage of the needle's eye. The believer must pass between two rocks or pillars set so close together that if he has been eating to live he will easily pass the barrier. But if he has been living to eat he will inevitably be shut out by his grossness.

SUCCESS AND THE STOMACH.

The Koran only carries a step beyond the present, the application of a rule of success which is emphasized every day in this life—*success is largely a matter of stomach.* From the positive side this would be rather a difficult proposition to prove, because the man whose stomach is sound hardly knows that he has a stomach. But the relation between success and the stomach is easily shown when the negative side of the proposition is considered. There are many men stopped on the highway to success. Some are total failures, some creep along and lead a half life—but still must fail of realizing their largest ambitions. Why do they fail? Because the stomach has given out. Food is no longer perfectly digested and assimilated. Inasmuch as the strength and vigor of the body are supported by the nourishment derived from digested and assimilated food, the body becomes weak (for the vital forces are depleted) as soon as the stomach and allied organs fail in supplying adequate nutrition. Then comes a total or partial breakdown of health.

If there is any one fact which more than another needs to be impressed on the rising generation, it is the relation of success to a sound stomach. It seems a splendid thing that a young man shall starve his way through college, that he shall sacrifice his bodily cravings to a desire for knowledge. But is it splendid when the boy breaks down within sight of his goal or achieves his diploma only to be obliged to give up his future and live the life of a valetudinarian?

THE MAN WHO FAILED.

In the West the traveler comes again and again on some rudely clad, rough-handed man. He finds to his astonishment that the man is learned. He can talk scientifically of the flora of his neighborhood, or of the geologic formation of the land he tills. He has framed diplomas hanging in his home. What's he doing out here with his education and ability? He tells you that he broke down after leaving college and went to farming to recover his health. It took him so long that he lost his grip on the other life and stayed on the farm. That's the story of hundreds on farm and ranch in the wild west.

Every physician knows that the common cause of ill-health is to be found in a deranged or diseased stomach. He knows it and he acts on his knowledge. Whether the disease present is of heart, liver, lungs, kidneys or any other organ, the first organ examined and treated is the stomach.

But the physician does not *tell* you this as a rule, though sometimes a physician of experience will frankly recommend "Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," saying that the cause of disease is in the stomach and the best medicine for the cure of diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition is "Golden Medical Discovery."

THE DOCTOR IS RIGHT.

"Golden Medical Discovery" *is* the best medicine for the cure of diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition.

"I suffered for six years with constipation and indigestion, during which time I employed several physicians, but they could not reach my case," writes Mr. G. Popplewell, of Eureka Springs, Carroll Co., Ark. "I felt that there was no help for me, could not retain food on my stomach; had vertigo and would fall helpless to the floor. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and little 'Pellets,' and improved from the start. After taking twelve bottles of the 'Discovery' I was able to do light work, and have been improving ever since. I am now in good health for one of my age—60 years. I owe it all to Dr. Pierce's medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures, through the stomach, diseases of other organs which have their origin in disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition. We speak of "weak" heart, "weak" lungs, "weak" kidneys, etc. Behind these diseases (and the cause of them), is generally a "weak" stomach.

A "weak" stomach is a stomach in which digestion is partial and imperfect. The nourishment is not extracted from the food eaten. Hence the body and its organs, which depend on nourishment for their strength, are only partially fed and must therefore grow "weak." When the stomach is made strong again by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" the food eaten is digested and assimilated, the body is adequately nourished, and the organs which had grown weak for lack of nourishment grow strong again because their nourishment is restored.

Mrs. A. Flackus, of Dairy, Klamath Co., Oregon, writes: "With pleasure I write to you to let you know the great benefit I have received from your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and self-treatment at home. For over a year I suffered with pains in stomach, headache, irregularity, constipation and indigestion. I had no appetite at all, and could not sleep. So it went on for months, till one day I got dizzy, my heart seemed to beat as fast as it could, and I felt like fainting all the time. My heart beat 120 or 125 times in one minute. We went to the doctor; he gave me medicine, but it did not make my trouble any better. I thought I had to die; every night when I went to bed I feared I would not be alive in the morning. So I wrote to Dr. Pierce and he gave me his advice. I bought six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and four vials of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' At first I thought the medicine did me no good, but I kept on taking the medicines as you advised, and when I had taken five bottles of the medicine I was so well that it seemed I did not need any more, but still I took the sixth bottle. I can say I was then perfectly well. The headaches, pains in stomach, heart trouble and all left me. I have had a good appetite ever since and can sleep well and do all my work."

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

Persons suffering from chronic diseases are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free.* All correspondence treated as strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sometimes a dealer, tempted by the little more profit paid by less meritorious medicines, will offer a substitute as "just as good" as the "Discovery." It is the claim of one man looking for profit against the testimony of thousands who have found a cure in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery." You want the cure, therefore accept no substitute.

"A TRIFLING EXPENSE"

for postage *only* will give you a copy of Doctor Pierce's Medical Adviser, *free.*

F. T. Houghton, of Hornitos, Mariposa Co., Cal., says: "I fully appreciate the value of your Medical Adviser in my library, and consider it a hundred times more valuable than any work ever published before, at so trifling an expense, and for my part wish you all success."

This great work, containing 1008 large pages, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only.* Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

COLDS MELT AWAY

If you use Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsule form they are easy to take and effect a speedy cure of the most obstinate cases. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, of Hoagland, were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. L. J. Motschman on their return from their honeymoon. Rev. Motschman attended a reception to the newly wedded couple at Hoagland last week by the members of Rev. Miller's church.

JANGLING NERVES.

Are you irritable? Do you sleep badly? Is it hard to concentrate your thoughts? Is your appetite poor? Do you feel tired, restless and despondent? Try Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound. It will do you more good than anything you have ever tried. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

A case of scarlet fever at 401 East Main street has been reported to the city health officer.

The application of electricity to municipal transit everywhere released from one form of service a myriad of horses, and it looked at one time as if the price of that useful quadruped were going down almost to zero. But the Boer war created a new demand for horses and mules, no less than 125,000 having been shipped from this country alone, the export still continuing.

WILLIAM WARCUP TIRED OF LIFE

Aged Citizen of Perry Township Dies by His Own Hand---Went to Home Recently Sold to Commit Deed.

William Warcup, a farmer about fifty-five years old and who spent most of his life on a farm a half mile north of Huntertown, committed suicide at that place at 10 o'clock Friday morning by shooting himself through the right temple with a pistol. No cause is known for the deed except that Warcup was mentally unbalanced. Postmaster James Noonan, of Huntertown, telephoned the news of the affair to Sheriff Stout, and he and Coroner Barnett left for the place at once.

Warcup was known to have had a stormy domestic career while he lived near Huntertown. He figured in several divorce cases, and a few months since he became violent and his wife appealed to Sheriff Stout for protection. The trouble at that time was adjusted, and last March Warcup sold his farm and he and his wife went to Arkansas to live. About two weeks ago he came back to Huntertown on a visit, as he said, stayed two or three days and disappeared. It is supposed that he was in Fort Wayne during that time. On Friday he returned to the village at 9:30, walked to his old home which he sold in March, and standing near the farm house and a few feet from the Grand Rapids railroad, fired the shot that ended his life.

Warcup was well known in the community and his tragic death caused a sensation.

A good looking horse and poor looking harness is the worst kind of a combination.
Eureka Harness Oil
not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—twice as long as it ordinarily would.
Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by
STANDARD OIL CO.
Give Your Horse a Chance!

MONEY TO LOAN.....
—AT—
FIVE PER CENT
ON FARM PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
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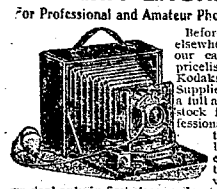
CAMERA EXCHANGE
For Professional and Amateur Photographers.



Before purchasing elsewhere send for our catalogue and pricelist of Cameras Kodaks and Photo Supplies. We carry a full and complete stock for the Professional and Amateur. Cameras bought, sold exchanged. A trial will convince you that we deal only in first-class goods at lowest cash prices. Our developing and finishing department conducted by experts is second to none. Mail orders promptly filled. We solicit your patronage. Graves & Co.,
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Suits made to order at $15, $18, $20.

Pants at $5, $6, $7, $8.

Fit and Trimmings First-Class.

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BUY YOUR PAINT
BY YEARS—SQUARE YARDS.
.....NOT GALLONS
B. P. S.
Stands For
BEST PAINT SOLD
—Also—
Beauty, Purity, Superiority.
Sold Only By
F. M. SMITH & CO.,
22 CALHOUN STREET.
Both 'Phones.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

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Charles A. Wilding,	David Studebaker.

LOCAL LINES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hartman, of East Wayne street—a daughter.

Freddie, the little son of Henry Wiebke, of 34 West Lewis street, is ill from scarlet fever.

Barney Kramer, clerk in the office of Township Trustee Schirmeyer, is taking his summer vacation.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sovine—a daughter. Mr. Sovine is employed in the Dunten feed yard.

Six cases of scarlet fever were reported to the city health officer last week. Four of them are at 33 Hugh street and the others at 271 DeWald street.

Attorney H. C. Hartman, who has been in very poor health for some months, is now considerably improved and is able to drive about somewhat.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse DeLagrange arrived home from Denver, Col., last week. Both received substantial physical benefits from the two months' sojourn in that city.

The residence of Barney Hessert, of Washington township, was struck by lightning during the storm Monday evening, about 6 o'clock. The damage amounted to about $25.

William Paul has purchased the store building on Clinton street occupied by Ortman's cigar factory for a consideration of $3,500. The deal was consummated through the Barva agency.

The commission of John A. Scott as deputy United States marshal for Allen county arrived today and Mr. Scott was sworn into office by Deputy Collector Hayden. Marshal Scott's office will be at room 57, in the government building.

The rumor that the Catholic high school will be closed for lack of patronage was denied at the Cathedral Sunday. The school will re-open in September and the only change to be made will be the transfer of a class of small boys to the care of the sisters.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sawyer, of Decatur, fell into a tub of scalding water last week and received injuries that resulted fatally. A few weeks ago the little girl visited relatives in this city and sustained a bad fall in which three of her ribs and her shoulder bone were broken.

The annual excursion of the Catholic Benevolent League of Indiana at Robison park Thursday was one of the biggest outings at the resort this year. About two thousand people, members of the order and their families, spent the day at the park and had a good time.

Huntington Democrat: "Chief Engineer Moran, of the Southwestern, tested the huge 1,500-horse power boilers at the traction company's power house. A pressure of 250 pounds was put on. Mr. Moran says the strike of the steel workers threatens to delay the completion of their line. The engines are about completed, but the iron poles for use in the city are not obtainable."

The engagement of Gottlieb Heine and Miss Etta Littleton has been quietly announced to their more intimate friends and the wedding will occur during the coming fall. Miss Littleton is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Littleton, of Douglas avenue, and is an accomplished and highly esteemed young lady. Mr. Heine is the well known bookkeeper at the Meyer Bros. drug store.

In the front ranks of the landseekers in Oklahoma, when the government next month opens to settlement a considerable tract, will be Fireman Frank Maloney, of the Nickel Plate, who has taken a lay off for that purpose. It is not Mr. Maloney's intention to abandon railroad work for a few years, but when he does quit it he intends to engage in farming and stock raising in the west.

Bluffton News: Arthur Farrell, of Zanesville, was arrested last night by Detective Crouse and appeared before Walbert this morning. The charge of provoke was dismissed, as the affidavit should have been filed in the township where the misdemeanor occurred. Farrell plead not guilty to profanity, and his case comes up Monday with W. H. Eichhorn defending. The incident arises from two young men in love with the same girl.

Last Tuesday night Floyd Seibold, 10 years old, attempted to get on an incoming freight train on the Lake Erie and Western road when he fell to the tracks and the wheels passed over his left foot, crushing the toes. The lad was taken to St. Joseph hospital, where Dr. W. H. Myers amputated a good portion of the foot. The unfortunate boy is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Seibold, of Barthold street, and was en route home when injured.

COACH EXCURSIONS TO THE EXPOSITION

At Buffalo via the Nickel Plate road at one cent a mile every Tuesday in July, good returning within three days. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Ft. Wayne, Ind.
25tu&th10-w5t

PLANS SELECTED TUESDAY

ARCHITECT GRINDLE'S SPECIFICATIONS ADOPTED.

New Building for Feeble Minded Women Will be Handsome and Commodious.

Late Tuesday afternoon the board of managers of the feeble minded institute decided to accept the plans and specifications for the home for feeble minded women submitted by Architect Grindle. Nearly all the local architects submitted drawings and it was only after considerable deliberation that a selection could be made.

The new building will be of brick and will be almost fire-proof. It will be erected about four hundred feet northeast of the main building and will have a desirable southern exposure. It will be a two-story brick, with a slate roof, covering on the two floors 10,200 square feet of space. It will have four divisions, divided into four dormitories and four day rooms, dining room and kitchen. Two of the divisions will accommodate twenty persons each and two will accommodate thirty each, thus giving the building a capacity of about 100.

The inmates will be cassified according to their mental capabilities and they will be in charge of a resident matron and attendants. The women will be made self-supporting as far as possible and a large sewing room has been arranged for where they can be employed. They will do all their own housework.

The new building will cost about $40,000, out of which $5,000 is set aside for the bricks made by the boys at the farm. It will be lighted by electricity from the institution plant and will be heated by the Yaryan system. A two-story porch twelve feet wide and fifty-two feet long will be erected along the front.

RURAL ROUTE NO. 8.

To the Editor of The Sentinel: In your yesterday's edition of The Sentinel you state that the people near and in the vicinity of Collingwood were dissatisfied with the rural mail route from Auburn Junction to Collingwood and that they wished to receive mail over the No. 8 route from Fort Wayne. This is not true. The people along the proposed Auburn Junction route know that the continuation of No. 8 so as to furnish them mail would be an impossibility on account of the distance the carrier would have to travel. The carrier appointed for No. 8 has stated that it could not be done. The people of Collingwood and vicinity are perfectly satisfied with the route as now ordered, with probably the exception of some half-dozen who previously bitterly opposed the discontinuance of Collingwood postoffice and who now ask for an impossibility in order to throw out of force both routes. The people of Collingwood have for years received their mail from Auburn Junction and are satisfied to continue doing so over the proposed rural route. They have purchased expensive mail boxes and placed them on iron posts all along the proposed Auburn Junction route and, of course, are impatient to have them in use.

You stated some time ago that a fierce fight existed and that both sides had hired attorneys to assist them. This is also a mistake. The farmers who wish the Auburn Junction route established are prosperous, enterprising and progressive farmers, who petitioned for a free delivery mail route and did it in a perfectly legitimate manner, and you are very much injuring them when you accuse them of so base an act. The other side are a very weak minority and also deny hiring the services of an attorney. Fair Play.

FOUND MUCH SMALLPOX.

(Indianapolis Journal.)

"Incredible as it seems, I actually saw a citizen of Ridgeville standinlg in front of a store in that town Monday, opening with a pin pustules of smallpox in the face of a companion," declared Dr. Hurty yesterday. "It is small wonder that this dreadful malady spreads so rapidly when people display such astonishing ignorance."

When asked what he did upon witnessing this remarkable spectacle, Dr. Hurty replied quickly, "Why, I walked up to the fellows and said to the man with the pustules in his face, 'Great Scott, friend, you have the smallpox!' 'O, go on,' he replied, giving me a disdainful look. 'I am the state's health officer and I order you into quarantine,' I retorted, 'and you will have to go, too,' I said, turning to the man that had just finished opening the pustules."

Dr. Hurty said he found smallpox very prevalent in Adams county. The disease has held full sway for about a month, owing to inability of people to recognize its deadly nature. Fortunately, most of the cases thus far have been mild. A few, however, have had the disease in its worst form. A remarkable instance of the protective value of vaccination was observed in the family of J. E. Wood, proprietor of a general store in the village of Pleasant Mills. Mr. Wood and his wife and eldest daughter had been vaccinated and proved immune to the disease, although the three younger children broke out with it quite severely.

In the dooryard of a certain farm house in Adams county the secretary of the state health board was shocked to see healthy children playing freely with juveniles that bore unmistakable signs of smallpox. He found that a neighbor's children had come over to spend the day at this house, in blissful unconsciousness that their playmates had one of the most dreaded diseases known to humanity.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS 25 CTS

CONFER WITH J. W. WHITE

FAVORABLE OUTLOOK FOR THE NEW HOOP FACTORY.

Commercial Club Officials Active and Owners Will Come to Close Up the Deal.

This morning President Culbertson, of the Commercial club, and Chairman Graeter, of the committee on commerce and manufactures, held a conference with John W. White regarding a site for the new hoop factory projected for Fort Wayne.

The preliminaries are said to be entirely satisfactory, and Mr. White indicated a desire to favor the new concern in every way possible. He will lease a tract of from six to eight acres in the eastern part of the city, along the Nickel Plate tracks and near the Summit City soap factory, and it is believed there will be little delay in closing up the arrangements for the removal of the factory to Fort Wayne. The owners were notified today to come to the city to conclude the contract, and they are expected without delay.

BABE DIED ON A TRAIN.

(Decatur Democrat.)

D. M. Hensley tells of a sad incident which occurred while aboard a Grand Rapids and Indiana train a few evenings ago on his way to Rome City. Shortly after leaving the station here the conductor approached Mr. Hensley and informed him that a little babe was dying in the coach ahead and that the mother had got on the train at Decatur. Dave thinking perhaps he might know the lady and could be of assistance, at once accompanied the conductor. It transpired that the lady was from Lima, O., and with her three children was on her way to northern Michigan to join her husband, from whom she had been separated several months. The babe was suffering from intense fever and was very ill. A trained nurse offered her assistance and everything possible was done to save the little one's life, but it was evident their efforts must be in vain. Then another serious question presented itself when the conductor informed them that he was forbidden by law to carry a corpse not properly prepared from one state into another. The poor mother was penniless and nearly distracted with grief and there were tears in the eyes of nearly every passenger. A collction was taken up by Mr. Hensley for the lady and a purse of nearly ten dollars given her in case she was compelled to get off. She was given apartments in the sleeping car and told that should the baby die she should not tell the conductor, and in that manner she might arirve at her destination. When the train arrived at Rome City the child was still alive, but Mr. Hensley was informed by one of the passengers that when only a few miles north of there the little baby breathed its last, and that the broken-hearted mother holding it closely embraced in her arms traveled safely through to her destination.

TAKEN TO WARSAW.

(Huntington Herald.)

M. G. Wright, the county clerk, has taken all the papers pertaining to the condemnation proceedings of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company vs. Aaron N. Dukes and the Fort Wayne and Wabash Railroad company to Warsaw, Kosciusko county, to which county the cases were venued. The $6,500 paid into court by the traction company, being the amount of appraisement of the right of way, was also transferred to the Kosciusko county court. Mr. Wright transferred the papers and money in person instead of shipping them by express.

H. Wirt Steele, at one time a reporter on the Journal in this city, was united in marriage recently to Miss Lou Mildred Toohy. Mr. and Mrs. Steele now reside in Chicago.

HIS LIFELESS BODY FOUND

AT ENTRANCE TO AN OUTBUILDING THIS MORNING.

George A. Ridley, a Young Colored Man, Succumbs Suddenly—Post Mortem Shows Pneumonia.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Lying across the step and doorsill of an outbuilding in the rear of his home at 274 East Wayne street at 3 o'clock this morning the lifeless body of George Anderson Ridley, colored, was discovered by George Jackson, who occupies another residence in the same lot.

Ridley was 27 years of age and unmarried. He was a barber by occupation and has recently been employed in a shop at Calhoun and Montgomery streets. Last evening he seemed in usual health, and in company with his brother, Oscar Ridley, and Will Hines, took a ride upon the street cars. The Ridley boys reached home about midnight and ate a lunch. The younger boy went to bed and was soon asleep, George stating that he would follow soon.

The latter did not go to bed, though his brother did not miss him until aroused about 3 o'clock this morning by Jackson, who announced the finding of his brother's body in the yard where he had fallen. Coroner Barnett viewed the remains, and at the Peltier undertaiking establishment this morning Dr. S. D. Sledd conducted a post morten examination under the coroner's direction.

When but a child of three years Ridley had fallen down stairs and injured his spine, producing a permanent deformity of the chest, and the examination by the physicians today developed that death was due to compression of the heart because of chronic pneumonia—the heart itself being in good condition, but with the existing deformity and the diseased condition of the lungs the heart simply did not have room to perform its functions. Dr. Barnett says the right lung was not in use, being completely adherent and solidified, while the left lung showed plainly the effect of the use of cigarettes.

The young man was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Tony Ridley, and was born at Nashville, Tenn. The family moved from that city to Fort Wayne in February last.

MISS COWDREY IS HONORED.

Miss Hazel Cowdrey has returned from Buffalo, where she has been in attendance at the national Anti-Cigarette league convention as the representative of the Fort Wayne organization. Miss Cowdrey was prominent in the proceedings of the convention and gave a recitation at the mass meeting Sunday afternoon, which was a union meeting of all moral reform forces. Miss Cowdrey was elected a state organizer for the league.

TRY TO PREVENT EXECUTION.

Lapore, Ind., July 18.—An effort is being made to have the supreme court grant a stay of execution in the case of John Rinkard, who is in the northern Indiana prison awaiting execution on August 26. Rinkard's case involves peculiar conditions. The supreme court has adjourned until October and will not reconvene until after the date set for Rinkard's execution. The attorneys for the condemned man are now presented with the problem of getting the judges together, and unless there is a full quota present it is doubtful if a stay can be granted, and the law will then take its course. Rinkard was found guilty of murdering his wife. His defense was insanity.

VERDICT ON THE WRECK.

(Peru Journal.)

Coroner Yarling has filed his verdict in the Wabash wreck inquest. He decides that the victims of the disaster at Cass came to their death by reason of a cloudburst having washd out the track, causing the wreck, and that the company had used ordinary care in regard to the culvert and track and is not to be held responsible.

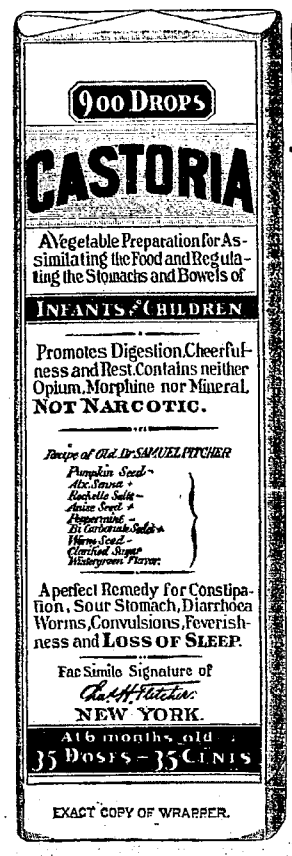
MR. AND MRS. SHOOK RESIGN.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Shook, who have been superintendent and matron, respectively, of Hope hospital, have resigned their postitions, the resignations to take effect August 1. Their successors have not been appointed.

FILED TWO AFFIDAVITS.

(Bluffton Banner.)

Curtis Patten, of Allen county, drove here today and filed two affidavits against Arthur Farrell, one for provoke and the other for profanity. Both are going with the same girl and the two met the other day. Farrell shook his fist in Patten's face and threatened to lick him. Constable Crouse started this afternoon to arrest him. He lives near Zanesville and the mileage one way is sixteen miles. Both parties to the suit are young farmer boys, who will lose about a month's wages going to law.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MR. BALES MAKES A CHANGE.

(Decatur Democrat.)

Charles Bales, who for five years past has been traveling over this district for S. Bash & Co., Fort Wayne, has resigned his position and was here Monday on his final trip. However, we are not to be entirely deprived of now and then stealing an occasional glance at Charley's smiling countenance, for he has accepted a position as salesman for the Fort Wayne Biscuit company and will travel over the same territory. This company is a new concern and Charley is one of the principal stockholders. The company organized recently with a capital stock of $30,000 and will be in good trim for sales by September 1. Mr. Bales is one of the best known and most popular traveling men who ever made Decatur and has many friends here, who wish him great loads of success. George Durffy, another genial and popular salesman, is interested in the new company.

FARMER IS BANKRUPT.

Hiram F. Perrin, a farmer of Troy township, Whitley county, has filed in the United States court a petition in voluntary bankruptcy. Mr. Perrin lists his liabilities at $8,944.64, with assets of $245.50. Marshall, McNagny and Clugston, of Columbia City, are attorneys for the petitioner.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Welding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ONE CENT A MILE TO BUFFALO,

Via the Nickel Plate road, good going on July 2, 9, 16, 23 and 30th, and returning within three days from date of sale. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind.
25tu&th10-w5t

Graves & Co., dealers in photograph supplies, No. 35 Randolph street, Chicago, are prepared to offer liberal discounts on all high grade cameras for the holiday trade. Send for special price list. See advertisement in this paper. 14-tf.

ATTENTION BEE KEEPERS AND FARMERS.

I will buy your honey and beeswax in any quantity. Call and get our prices before selling.
E. NEISWONGER,
7-10-wtf 18 Harrison St.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE OR PERSONAL SECURITY. C. F. PFEIFFER, ROOMS 6—7, BASS BLOCK. 17tf

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE
Beautiful Complexions
Come from pure, untainted blood. No complexion can be muddy, mottled or sallow if the blood is pure; no complexion can be clear of blemishes if the blood is not pure. More than this: disease cannot exist in a body supplied with pure blood. This is the secret of the success of Celery King. It makes pure blood.
Celery King cures Constipation, and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 3

Bee Keeper Supplies....
Foundation Combs, Sections, Smokers, etc.
S. Bash & Co.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the several township trustees of Allen county, Indiana, have made the returns of the enumeration of white male inhabitants over the age of twenty-one years of their respective township, and that the said enumerations are subject to the inspection of the public at the auditor's office in said county, and any and all persons are hereby invited to make an examination thereof, with a view to the correction of any errors, mistakes or omissions.

Number of white male inhabitants according to said enumeration and return in Allen county, Indiana:

—List of townships.—

Wayne township	11,849
Washington township	940
Springfield township	473
St. Joseph township	405
Perry township	328
Madison township	398
Monroe township	518
Marion township	314
Maumee township	303
Milan township	386
Lake township	352
Jefferson township	461
Eel River township	341
Cedar Creek township	416
Adams township	1,036
Aboit township	287
Pleasant township	381
Scipio township	148
Lafayette township	340
Jackson township	306

Total number of white male inhabitants in Allen county. 19,981

The township trustees of the following townships have returned the number of colored male inhabitants over the age of twenty-one years in their respective townships:

—List of townships.—

Wayne township	62
Adams township	2

Total number of colored male inhabitants in Allen county..... 64

WM. MEYER, JR.,
Auditor Allen County, Ind.
D-11-19—W-18-25

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

THE POWERS MAY SETTLE ISSUE

Status of New Chwang Relating to Russia to be Fixed---Russia Reluctantly in These Late Negotiations.

Washington, July 17.—It is understood to be the desire of some of the great powers that the disposition of Manchuria should go before the ministers at Pekin and be finally determined by joint agreement among the powers. Although no definite step has been taken in that direction, it is being discussed by foreign representatives stationed here, who fully expect that the plan will be adopted.

Russia, it is expected will be reluctant to agree to it. Attention has been directed to the latter by reports that Russia has resumed direct negotiations with China concerning Manchuria and also by yesterday's cablegram stating that a Russian proclamation was about to be issued establishing New Chwang as a Russian port.

As to the report that Russia will proclaim Nuchwang to be a Russian port, it is pointed out in diplomatic quarters that Nuchwang is a treaty port and as such is open to the commerce of the world under the existing tariff regulations with China and foreign merchants have the right to trade and to conduct establishments there. These rights of trade could not be divested, in the opinion of diplomatic officials, by a Russian proclamation unless the powers had previously given assent. Thus far, however, there has been no request from Russia or China for any change in the status of Nuchwang as one of the treaty ports.

Mr. Rockhill, our special commissioner at Pekin, has been instructed to give the assent of the United States to the discussion of the proposition to increase the Chinese customs dues in order to provide means for the payment of the international indemnity. Our government is still opposed to this project and the instruction is sent only in deference to the universal wish for a speedy conclusion of the negotiations at Pekin. It is learned that the hitch in these negotiations, the most baffling that has yet occurred, is due entirely to the issue raised as to the increase of customs.

JAPAN CUTS HER CLAIM.

Washington, July 17.—In a spirit whih has aroused the keenest admiration of the state department, the Japanese government has met the difficulty growing out of the preference of her request for an increase of her indemnity by withdrawing that request. The result is a substantial loss to Japan. She asked originally for $23.000,000. This figure was more moderate than any of the powers which played any prominent part in the Chieese campaign and represented the barest expense of the undertaking. It was fixed upon the idea that payment was to be made in Cash by China. Confronted with the bond payment, the Japanese government asked that her allotment be increased to $27,000,000 in bonds, to make good the loss she would suffer through the sale of the bonds.

As soon as some of the other nations found that the allotment, as originally fixed, was in danger of being disturbed, they came in with increased demands and thus it is that Japan, finding that insistence upon her demand would blockade the negotiations at this phase, has withdrawn her request for the present at least. It is safe to assume that the United States government will do what it can to secure compensation for Japan in some other way in the future.

TOWNE OUT FOR HILL FOR PRESIDENT

New York, July 17.—Hon. Charles A. Towne, formerly of Duluth, Minn., late populist nominee for the vice presidency, ex-member of congress and one of the republican leaders who walked from the St. Louis convention that nominated McKinley the first time because gold was put in the platform, is in this city. He said in an interview:

"In my opinion Senator Hill, of New York, will be the next candidate for president of the regular democratic party and the platform adopted will, I believe, be a very reactionary one. In fact, I believe the party will split in 1904 and Mr. Bryan will lead a third party faction in support of the issues to which he is still loyal. The feeling among democrats throughout the west is that they want to win, and they don't care a rap what sort of platform they win on. There is a strong feeling in that section for the nomination of Mr. Hill or some other eastern man and the adoption of a platform that will be a total repudiation of the issues of 1896 and 1900.

"The free silver question is absolutely dead in the west," continued Mr. Towne. "It will not only not be an issue in 1904, but I don't believe it will be mentioned in the democratic platform or campaign. Our position on free silver in 1896 and 1900 was misunderstood. We were not demanding that market and profit for the silver mines, but more money for the country to keep up prices. God in His wise providence has provided a vast increase in the supply of gold, and today there is more money in the country than there would have been if the gold supply had remained stationary and the mints had been opened to the free coinage of silver. Certainly that demand cannot again be made an issue in a national campaign until there is a big change in industrial or financial conditions."

WANTS FEDERAL JUDGESHIP

JUDGE F. E. BAKER, OF GOSHEN, AN AVOWED CANDIDATE.

He is a Son of Judge John H. Baker —Former Attorney General Ketcham Endorsed.

Goshen, Ind., July 17.—Judge Francis E. Baker, son of Judge John H. Baker, has formerly announced his candidacy for the position of judge of the United States supreme court of the seventh circuit to succeed the late William Woods, whose demise occurred recently. The Elkhart County Bar assocciation has appointed a committee of five to push his appointment. He is yet in his prime. His most formidable opponent will be Judge Walter Olds, of Fort Wayne.

KETCHAM INDORSED.

Lafayette, Ind., July 17.—At a meeting held by the members of the Tippecanoe County Bar association Judge E. P. Hammond positively refused to allow his name to be urged by the association as a candidate for the judgeship made vacant by the death of Judge Woods. In consequence of his refusal the association adopted a resolution indorsing former Attorney General Ketcham for the place.

TAKE FINAL VOWS.

Notre Dame, Ind., July 17.—Twenty-two young women took their final vows as sisters of the Holy Cross at the close of the annual retreat of the order at St. Mary's Academy yesterday. Rev. W. Connor was master of ceremonies, which were conducted by Right Rev. H. J. Alerding, of Fort Wayne, assisted by Rev. Father J. W. Cavanaugh and Thomas Crumley. The sermon was preached by Rev. Father Fidelius, C. P., of West Hoboken, N. J. Rev. Father D. J. Hagerty sang the high mass. and the ceremonies closed with the "Te Deum." Among the novitiates are five from Newfoundland, three from Ireland and three from Louisville, Ky.; also three from Indiana. Miss Stella Manuszak, South Bend; Miss Stella Rolinger, Plymouth, and Miss Anna Delhover, Madison, Ind., upon whom were conferred respectively the names of Sisters M. Honorata, M. Winifred and M. Giovencta.

FULFILLED THE INDIAN LAW.

Omaha, Neb., July 17.—Indian law and tribal tradition were sustained yesterday when the federal court released Bird Head, a Pona Indian, and his squaw, on a suspended sentence, after they had pleaded guilty to manslaughter. Bird Head is eighty-six years old and his squaw is eighty-one. A year ago their son was killed by Perry Laravie by accident. Following tribal tradition, Lavarie handed his rifle to Bird Head, and the latter shot him, after which the squaw cut up the body with an ax.

BOUGHT THE LINE.

As forecasted by The Sentinel more than a week ago, the National Telephone and Telegraph company has purchased the New Haven company's uncompleted line between New Haven and Woodburn, and will at once finish the work of construction. Another line to branch off from the Van Wert line will give telephone communication with Maples.

JOHN K. CANNAN DEAD.

Friends in Fort Wayne have been notified of the death of John K. Cannan, which occurred at Ogden, Utah, July 10.—Mr. Cannan was a native of Scotland, born March 27, 1828, and came to America in 1850. After a brief residence in Buffalo Mr. Cannan came to Fort Wayne and resided in this city for a period of twenty-seven years, removing to North Platte, Neb., about fifteen years ago. One daughter and three sons survive and the father was visting his daughter when death came. Mr. Cannan was a brother-in-law of William Crighton. A daughter, Miss Agnes Cannan, was at one time a teacher in the city schools.

THRICE ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

W. SCHROEDER HANGS HIMSELF IN HIS OWN HOME.

In Critical Condition and Under Care of a Physician—Despondent Over Liquor Habit.

W. Schroeder, residing at 133 Eliza street, thwarted twice in an attempt at self-destruction, tried again last week, and the skill of the physician is all that stands between him and success. He is now lying at his home in a critical condition with a faithful wife doing her utmost to restore him to health and sweet-faced little children hovering about his bedside, ignorant of their father's insane act.

Schroeder has been employed for some time at the Fischer sanitarium, and was addicted to the excessive use of intoxicants, it is said. Over a month ago he became despondent and made an ineffectual attempt to destroy his life. Two weeks ago he resigned his position, and after going to his home tried to cut his throat with a razor, but was caught in the act by a member of his family, who took the weapon away from him. Since that time Schroeder has been under almost constant surveillance at his home. Last Tuesday, however, just before 6 o'clock, he went up stairs, tied a noose suspended from the ceiling around his neck, and threw his whole weight upon it. The man was missed and his wife found him almost strangulated, and with the blood pouring from his nose and mouth. Sergeant Phipps, of the police department, was passing by the house on his way to the station at the time, and was called in. He cut the rope and released the unfortunate man and sent for a physician. Schroeder is in a critical condition, but may recover.

NEW GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL

POSTOFFICE INSPECTOR LOCATED IN FORT WAYNE.

E. H. Thorpe Arrives From Louisville to Take Charge of Newly Created District.

Under recent orders from the fourth assistant postmaster general a new government offical is to be located in Fort Wayne. This is a postoffice inspector, who will have permanent headquarters in this city, with offices on the third floor of the government building.

The inspector is E. H. Thorpe, who arrived in the city last week from Louisville and will remove his family to Fort Wayne. Mr. Thorpe has been in the service for several years, working in the Louisville office, so that he is by no means a novice in the business.

It has been the custom of the postoffice department to have every postoffice in the United States checked up at least once a year, but owing to the fact that the number of inspectors has not been increased in proportion to the demands upon them this has not always been possible. The districts were large, and as the duties included looking after mail depredations as well as the annual checking up of the offices, the inspectors have gradually gotten behind with their work.

New appointments are being made to increase the force of inspectors, and there has also been a reduction in the territory assigned to each by the creaton of new districts. The Fort Wayne district is one of the new districts and Mr. Thorpe will have jurisdiction over the territory in northeastern Indiana and northwestern Ohio. The Indiana offices have been taken from the district of Colonel Foster at Logansport, while the Ohio offices come from the district of Colonel Moore.

Mr. Thorpe made his first trip out of Fort Wayne eastward Tuesday afternoon.

THE CITY GROWS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Werman, of Broadway—a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson, of Smith street—a son.

PREFERRED FEMALE ATTIRE.

Van Buren, Ark., July 18.—Thomas Stokes, who has been masquerading at Huntsville as a woman and who was arrested there Tuesday, charged with the murder of a citizen of Baird, Tex., three years ago, was brought here yesterday. Stokes claims he is not the man wanted, and says he donned female attire from choice, as he succeeded in getting better employment as a female teacher. He is only 24 years old and beardless. He has been teaching school near Huntsville for three years and was quite popular there. He was taken to Texas.

KEROSENE SLAYS TWO TOTS.

York, Pa., July 18.—By the explosion of a can of coaloil near York Haven, Pa., two daughters of Calvin Snell Baker, aged 10 and 8 years, were burned to death. The mother of the children left the oil can on the front of the kitchen stove. The heat of the stove caused an explosion and the burning oil set fire to the children's clothes.

A MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY

BRIDEGROOM-ELECT ESCAPES CEREMONY.

Ran Away While Facing the Magistrate—A Friend Takes His Place in Event.

Anderson, Ind., July 18.—Edith Hawk and Samuel L. Miller were married at a late hour at night in the county clerk's office, Magistrate Vermillion officiating. The circumstances were sensational. Miss Hawk, with Mr. Miller and Edward Hazzledon, of Muncie, together with Deputy County Clerk Malone and the squire, went to the clerk's office to secure a license for Miss Hawk and Hazzledon, and thee wedding was to follow in the clerk's office. After arrival there, Hazzledon began discussing the proposition, which he claimed was made by the girl, and while her attention was diverted in another direction he dashed out of the door and disappeared. It is understood that he returned to Muncie.

Upon finding that Hazzledon was missing, Miss Hawk began crying, and then Miller took her by the hand, saying, "Edith, you have suffered enough, and if you are willing I will make you my wife." The young woman accepted him, another license was issued, and Miss Hawk and Miller were married. Then they separated, Miller returning to Muncie. He is said to have been engaged to Aletha Puckett, who was criminally assaulted by ruffians several days ago in that city. Miller is a bartender and Hazzledon a saloon keeper. The bride is still in this city.

AN IMPORTANT RULING.

Chicago, July 18.—Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States circuit court today, refused to issue an injunction restraining the railroads from enforcing rules against accepting what is known as mixed carload freight. The injunction was asked for by various shipping brokers against the Grand Trunk and the Lackawanna roads, but the decision will be widespread in its effect. It is the custom of shipping brokers to gather small lots of freight from several clients and, by shipping them together as car lots, obtain a lower rate. This was objected to by the railroads and the position of the latter has been sustained by the court.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may 8eod&w

(B. P. O. E.) ELKS.

Reduced rates via the Nickel Plate road to Milwaukee, Wis., on July 22 and 23. Tickets good returning until July 27, or by deposit until August 10, 1901. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

27,jy2,4,9,11,16,18,23w3t

MRS. GRANT TO MRS. M'KINLEY.

Rochester, N. Y., July 20.—A box marked "Mrs. McKinley, Canton, Ohio," was brought into Charlotte harbor last night on the North King from Coburg, Ont. It contained a knit woolen shoulder cape for Mrs. McKinley. The cape was knit by Mrs. U. S. Grant, widow of General U. S. Grant, now at Coburg.

CHAUTAUQUA LAKE EXCURSIONS.

July 5th and 26th via the Nickel Plate road at reduced rates. Tickets good returning until August 6th and 27th respectively. Write, wire, 'phone or call on nearest agent, or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

27,jy2,4,9,11,16,18,23,25w4t

Ben R. Barva has sold to Ferdinand Wichman, of Paulding, Ohio, a handsome residence on Liberty street. Mr. Wichman intends to move his family here and make Fort Wayne his permanent home.

A WAR OF UNIONS

UNITED MINE WORKERS CALLS ITS MEMBERS BACK.

A BLOW TO FIREMEN'S UNION

FIREMEN IN MINERS' COMPACT MUST RETURN TO WORK.

SOME LEAVE ORGANIZATION

STATUS OF STRIKE IN THE COAL REGION.

Scranton, Pa., July 18.—The executive board of District No. 1, United Mine Workers of America, in special session here this afternoon, adopted a resolution providing that all stationary firemen, members of the mine workers' organization, who have quit work because of the strike of the International Association of Stationary Firemen shall be ordered back to work at once by District President Nicholls. Many of these men had already deserted to join their trades' organization. The action thus clearly defines the position of the United Mine Workers and emphasizes the decision of Monday that there will be no sympathy strike ordered.

HALF THE MINES TIED UP.

Scranton, Pa., July 18.—The firemen who are members of the United Mine Workers will not be called out to support the men who have now tied up half the mines of the Lackawanna Valley and rendered idle at least 30,000 men in the territory from Pittston to Forest City. This was the outcome of an informal conference here today between District President Nicholls, of the Mine Workers, and State President Mullahy, of the Stationary Firemen's association. The firemen are provoked over this phase of the situation and are getting their fellow workmen to give up their membership in the miners' union and join their own trades' organization. It is asserted that 100 men will do so before the day ends.

The situation among the idle mines is practically unchanged today.

ORDERED TO GO ON STRIKE.

Shamokin, Pa., July 18.—The local colliery firemen's organization received orders from headquarters at Wilkesbarre today to go on strike tomorrow morning. There are fifteen collieries between here and Mt. Carmel, the men at all of them being organized. If the tieup is made complete about 12,000 men and boys will be rendered idle.

A BREAK IN THE RANKS.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 18—A break occurred today in the ranks of the strikers at Nanticoke. The Pennsylvania Coal company started up two of its collieries and was able to hoist coal. At 5 o'clock yesterday few men returned to work but gradually the number of applicants for work increased, and at 1 p. m. it was reported that all places were filled. At one colliery the United Mine Workers are reported to have returned to work almost in a body. The strikers say less than one-third of the regular force is at work.

SITUATION ABOUT THE SAME.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 18.—The third day of the stationary firemen's strike finds the situation about the same, although President Mullahy, of the strikers' association, reports large gains in the Lackawanna region. This is denied by the operators who claim the situation in the upper portion of the coal field is a little better than yesterday. More firemen are at work, they say. The operators also have information that it is going to be a difficult matter for the strike leaders to get the men in the Hazleton region out. At strike headquarters they say it will not be difficult at all.

While all the mines that were idle in the Wyoming region yesterday are idle today, the companies seem to have slightly the best of it.

RIOT AT A COLLIERY.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 18.—Some non-union firemen at the Maltby collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal company were stoned by strikers and breaker boys as they were changing shifts this morning and several were hurt, but none seriously. No shots were fired. The company has sent men to guard the mines and prevent rioting.

CLEVER PAPER SWINDLE.

New York, July 18.—A secret investigation is being conducted in this city by several prominent Canadians, who have become what is known as the Canadian Paper Commission. Among others from Montreal there are interested P. McDonald, H. E. Bond, A. A. Gilroy and E. G. Stanton. The commission is not holding public sessions, but through private sources it is seeking evidence to show that an illegal combination has been made, and one which was intended to interfere with important financial interests. Considerable evidence has been obtained by the men interested, and it is by no means unlikely that prosecutions will result. It has been found that a certain combine of people use secret methods of doing business through secret water lines in their paper. These lines extend from note paper used for special intercourse to paper used in publishing books. Some lines are of a decidedly obscene character, and it is on these that prosecutions may be made on the charge of sending illegal matter through the mails. Evidence has been obtained to show that certain small publishing houses can, with the use of the water-lined paper, make rates that legitimate publishing houses can not compete with. Their method of doing business is very similar to that employed by the promoters of fake mining and oil enterprises

HAS MADE A PROPOSITION

ELECTRIC COMPANY WILL COME TO FORT WAYNE.

If Land and Buildings Are Furnished —Commercial Club Will Consider the Offer.

The Duncan Electric company will establish a factory in Fort Wayne for the manufacture of meters and other electrical apparatus if the city will provide a site and factory buildings.

This is the substance of an offer which has just been submitted to P. A. Randall, and President Culbertson will be asked to call a meeting of the Commercial club to consider the proposition. The head of the new institution is Thomas Duncan, formerly with the Fort Wayne Electric corporation and well known in Fort Wayne. He is associated with Chicago gentlemen of large capital, and a factory will be established in some city within the next few months. Mr. Duncan and Mr. Brown, attorney for the company, were in Fort Wayne a week ago and looked at a number of desirable sites. Their proposition today follows, and it will be given consideration within the next few days.

REPORTER'S HOUSE WRECKED.

Albany, Mo., July 18.—Unknown persons wrecked the home of a newspaper correspondent, accused of having sent out a story about three children stuffing a pet frog with dynamite and subsequently suffering fatal results when the frog exploded. According to the story, they were the children of George McCurry, a contractor. It was alleged that one child was killed and Mrs. McCurry and the other two children seriously hurt when a chest of tools fell upon the loaded frog ,causing it to explode. McCurry is a single man. Hillman, the correspondent, denies having written the hoax. There is no clue to the persons who dynamited his home. No one was at home at the time. The roof and sides of the house were torn open and the residence will have to be rebuilt.

TRUST WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

New York, July 18.—The following official statement, according to the Journal has been given out by a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.:

"The United States Steel corporation will not consent to any arbitration of the present difficulty. There is nothing to arbitrate. The company stands willing to agree to the demands of the men as to wages and hours. If there is any other question at issue it is merely a sentimental one raised by the Amalgamated association."

Mrs. L. A. Morlan has returned from a visit at Ottawa Beach and Grand Rapids.

Builds up the system; puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Eclectric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

One of nature's remedies; cannot harm the weakest constitution; never fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

HE CALLS HYMNS DOGGEREL

PROFESSOR TRIGGS STARTLES HIS CLASS.

Chicago University Man Declares Christians Half Pagan—A Word About Orthodoxy.

Chicago, July 18.—"The dime novel is better than the Sunday school book or the church hymnal from a literary point of view. All so-called Christian nations, college students and professors as well, are half pagan."

Thus Oscar Loveil Triggs, professor of English literature, said to his class at the University of Chicago yesterday. The class was astonished. Professor Triggs went on to say that neither theology nor religious orthodoxy is congenial to true poetry or genuine literature, and that as a result psalms and hymns written by churchmen and circumscribed by dogmatic limitations are mere doggerel.

Professor Triggs' utterances were evoked by a question asked by one of the students as to whether it were possible to "acept Walt Whitman and remain orthodox."

POETRY HOSTILE TO ORTHODOXY

"The orthodox man must rule out nearly all the modern poets," said Professor Triggs. "He cannot read them consistently and remain orthodox. Orthodoxy is not condusive to the flow of poetic thought, and consequently nearly all poets are pagan. The spirit of poetry insists upon perfect freedom and unrestraint, and cannot be bound by the creeds and dogmas of orthodox Christianity.

"I take it for granted that not a single member of this class believes in orthodoxy. If he did he should not be here. You cannot study literature without reading things which are opposed to orthodoxy. Take, as examples, Browning, Whitman, Byron, Shelley, Arnold, Tennyson—all are heterodox or unitarian in their teachings."

Professor Triggs said he thought it a good thing that people were half-pagan, and when asked if he thought it best that not all were orthodox Christians he replied in the affirmative.

HYMNS ARE DOGGEREL.

Professor Triggs created the greatest stir when he made the statement that of all the hymns in the books only a single one could be called poetry. This exception was Cardinal Newman's "Lead, Kindly Light," which, Professor Triggs said, was written when Mr. Newman was considering the question of going into the Catholic church and contained a pure expression of feeling. The hymns of Watt he emphasized as being examples of poor poetry. He added:

"Church hymns are rationalistic, written usually by the theologians for the pulpit, to help the preacher. As literature they are mere doggerel.

"What would the church do without the present hymns? Well, I don't know. It would have to change its attitude and admit many lyrics it does not now admit, or must wait until lyrics are written which it can accept in its present state of orthodoxy."

When asked if the Bible could be considered as literature Professor Triggs replied:

"Of course people regard the Bible as literature, but the Bible has been revised and brought up to date. The work of our own Professor Moulton illustrates the way the Bible has been popularized and made more literary."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SMALL TORNADO IN OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio, July 18.—A severe rain and hail storm visited the western part of the state last night, Preble county being the greatest sufferer. Corn and oats in that locality were almost destroyed. At Apple Creek and Fredericksburg, in Wayne county, there was a small tornado. Crops over many acres were carried away. Orchards and stretches of timber were blown out of the ground.

THE BEST WAY TO CHICAGO

To the international convention of the B. Y. P. U., July 25th to 28th, is via the Nickel Plate road. One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 24th, 25th and 26th inclusive, good returning July 30th inclusive. For specific information inquire of C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

J12,16,18,23,25w17,24

HAIL IN CENTRAL INDIANA.

Indianapolis, July 18.—Heavy storms swept Indiana last night. Around Columbus, Kokomo and Union City, hail is reported as having damaged the growing corn.

HORTON COMPANY WILL BUILD

Manufacturing Establishment Will Be Greatly Enlarged---Fort Wayne Company Absorbs Cincinnati Concern.

Plans are now well under way for a very material enlargement of the already extensive plant of the Horton Manufacturing company, on Osage street. Within a few weeks work will begin upon a new four-story building of large dimensions, and upon its completion the force of workmen employed by the company will be largely increased.

This follows a business transaction consummated this week when the Horton company absorbed another institution of like character by the purchase of the business of the Globe Washing Machine company, of Cincinnati, and will begin the manufacture of this machine in Fort Wayne in addition to the former products of the local factory.

The negotiations have been conducted quietly by J. C. Peters, and while details are now first made public, the transactions and the additions to the Horton plant will be an important addition to the manufacturing interests of Fort Wayne. Mr. Peters stated to The Sentinel this morning that the Cincinnati purchase included the business and patents of the Globe company, which will retire from the manufacture of washing machines. The factory itself was not purchased., as the machinery in the Fort Wayne plant is fully adapted to the new work. Hereafter the Globe machine will be manufactured and marketed by the Horton company.

In order to provide for this, as well as to care for the growth of the Horton company's business, the new factory building is necessary. Mr. Peters states that all details have not been definitely decided, but at present a building 40x150 feet and four stories in height is in contemplation. It will be located near the present plant and active work will begin as soon as the repairs at the Wayne hotel, which require Mr. Peters' attention, are completed. It is impossible to say just how many additional men are to be employed, but the officers of the company state that there will be many more men on the pay rolls than now.

The manufacture of the well known machines upon which the Horton company has built up its splendid business will be continued upon a much larger scale, together with the Globe machine now purchased. Work upon the latter pattern of washer is to begin about August 15.

FINDLAY'S FUTURE

CLOVER LEAF SAID TO BE PURCHASER OF PROPERTY.

WILL EXTEND EAST AND WEST

SHORT LINE FROM CHICAGO TO IRON AND COAL FIELDS.

The Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City company is after the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western road, with pretty fair prospects of making the deal. A rumor to this effect was set afloat a few days ago and subsequent events go to strengthen the belief that negotiations have not only been pending for some time, but have arrived nearly, if not quite, at the point of consummation.

Yesterday Benjamin Norton, president of the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City, or Clover Leaf, as it is better known; C. D. Whitney, general traffic manager of that road, accompanied by their private secretaries, inspected the Findlay road, traveling in Mr. Norton's private car. They arrived here at 3:50 in the afternoon and left over the Lake Erie and Western at 4:15 o'clock for Kingsland, where they took the Clover Leaf for their respective homes. En route to this city the gentlemen closely noted the condition of the roadbed, bridges, etc., displaying an interest that persons having no thought of becoming closely associated with the property some day would not display.

Concerning the deal the Toledo Times this morning says: "A special dispatch from Findlay states that there are well founded rumors there to the effect that the Clover Leaf is about to purchase the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railroad, commonly known as the Tangent line.

"President Norton and Clover Leaf officials visited Findlay yesterday and inspected the Tangent line property there, which has recently been improved. They came in President Norton's private car via the Ohio Central. The car was transferred to the Tangent line, and after the inspection President Fenton, of the latter company, accompanied the Clover Leaf officials on a trip over the Tangent line to Fort Wayne.

"It is said to be the intention of the Clover Leaf to buy the Tangent line and extend it east to New Castle, Pa., and west to Chicago. The present road consists of a finely built line from Findlay to Fort Wayne."

FIND GOLD IN WISCONSIN.

La Crosse, Wis., July 20.—A valuable vein of gold has been discovered by Matt and Louis Monti, of Genoa, on the farm of J. P. Allen, in the town of Webster, about two miles from Avalanche, in Vernon county, this state. For some time copper has been looked for. Samples have been sent to Chicago and they are said to be the second best test ever received there. Chicago capitalists have made large offers for the mine, but its present owners will work it themselves, having refused all offers to sell.

NEW COMPANY FORMED TODAY

WILL HANDLE BUSINESS IN FOREIGN FIELDS.

Will Control Foreign Patents on the Kiss System of Amalgamation —the Directors.

The American Mining Machine company is the name of a new business corporation formed in Fort Wayne today, and its purpose is the handling of interests of the Kiss amalgamating process in foreign fields.

The Sentinel recently noted the invention of a new process of extracting precious metals from their ores by E. J. Kiss, of the Kerr Murray works in this city, and application has been made for patents in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, etc. The company organized today will have charge of the business in the foreign fields, and later a company for the United States business is to be filed.

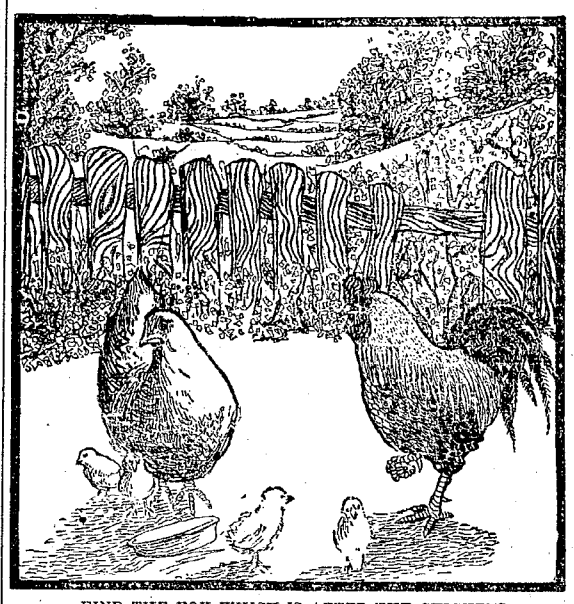
The directors of the American Mining company are Messrs. Ernest J. Kiss, Justus W. Williams, John A. Williams, Lewis C. Hunter and Harry E. Sprague.

STAGESTRUCK GIRL GONE.

Hartford City, Ind., July 20.—Grace Sexauer, the handsome 16-year-old daughter of C. F. Sexauer, of this city, is mysteriously missing. She disappeared Thursday and at the Pennsylvania railway station it was learned that she purchased a ticket for Converse, Ind. The girl's infatuation for the stage is said to be the reason for her determination to leave home. Her parents have asked the officers in the surrounding towns to arrest her and anyone found in her company. She is a pupil of the high school and moved in the best society.

Miss Nettie Lewis has taken a position in the offices of E. K. Bush.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.



FIND THE FOX WHICH IS AFTER THE CHICKENS.

FULL OF TROUBLE.

Smith—Jones has been borrowing trouble again.
Mrs. Smith—How do you know?
Smith—I just lent him our lawn mower.

$35 to $50 Buys ...a... MANSON Bicycle

IF DEFECTIVE PARTS ARE FOUND IN THE MANSON BICYCLE WE WILL REPLACE THEM AND PAY ALL EXPRESS CHARGES

Other Makes $15 to $25

ANY TIRE, SADDLE, GEAR AND BAR.

BICYCLE TIRES $1.50 AND UP. REDUCTION ON BICYCLES IF PAID FOR CASH.

HIGH GRADE SECOND-HAND BICYCLES $3 to $10.

BROSIUS & BROSIUS 31 CLINTON STREET FORT WAYNE, IND.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL, CONSULT .....

DR. WENGER, SPECIALIST,

35 years European and American hospital and private practice experience for all Desperate, Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases of Head, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Bladder, Blood, Skin, Eye, Ear and Sexual Diseases.

Kidney and Urinary weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brick dust or white, painful urnacious, Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder.

Private Diseases—Gleet, Gonorhoea, Inflammations, Discharges, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Syphilis, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly retsored.

Lost Manhood and all its attending ailments, both young, middle-aged and old men. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy and weakness of both body and brain.

Cancers, Tumors, Piles cured without knife or pain.

Do not let timidity or prejudice keep you from calling

OFFICE DAYS:—Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

Sunday hours, 2 to 4 only.

Dr N. R. Wenger, 126 Calhoun Street, FORT WAYNE, IND.

GET FRANCHISE IN COUNTY

GRANTS MADE TO OHIO AND INDIANA COMPANY.

The Contemplated Line From Hicksville Through Fort Wayne to Marion Has Revival.

The Indiana and Ohio Traction company, which proposes to build an electric road from Hicksville, O., to Marion, Ind., through Fort Wayne and Huntington, has been granted a franchise to construct its tracks across Allen county upon the public highways by the county commissioners. The route which the franchise prescribes is along the Fort Wayne Hicksville road through Scipio, Springfield, St. Joseph and West of here the route begins at the "Beavers' Mill bridge" and continues along the Bluffton road to the intersection with the South Huntington road; thence through Wayne, Pleasant and Lafayette townships to the county road; thence west along the county road to the west line of Adams townships to the eastern limits of the city of Fort Wayne. Allen county. Another route granted is from the Huntington state road to the town of Zanesville.

The conditions under which the franchise is granted are that the road shall be constructed under the direction of the county engineer. If any of the territory through which the road passes shall be annexed to the city, and the street should be paved, the company shall pay for that part of the pavement which lies between the tracks. A standard guage track is to be laid, and cars are not to travel over twenty-five miles an hour. Work upon the line must be commenced within ninety days, and the road must be completed in 18 months or the franchise will be revoked. The company must give a bond in the sum of $25,000 to save the county from damages resulting from the construction or operation of the road. The company must run four trains each way each day between the hours of 6 a. m. and midnight. The franchise is for thirty-five years. If any other company shall ask for the same franchise, and give a bond for the completion of the work, the Indiana and Ohio company shall give a bond also after a ten days' notice has been given, or forfeit the franchise.

SAILOR BOY AT HOME.

James T. Roderick, now an ordinary seaman on the United States steamship Pensacola, has arrived in the city on a sixty-day leave of absence, and is the guest of his grandfather, James Sargent, of 108 Wells street. Mr. Roderick left Fort Wayne one year and a half ago, enlisting in the navy at Chicago, and made the trip to Manila on the Oregon. The Pensacola is now at San Francisco, from which city Mr. Roderick came to enjoy his vacation.

DIED IN LIMA, OHIO

Dr. Rose, one of the physicians connected with the "mind culture institute," located here about a month ago, died a few days ago at Lima, O. A report has been current in the city that the doctors who conducted the "institute" had left town suddenly leaving behind them sundry debts which they did not choose to pay. It develops that the gentlemen went to Lima, and from there wired an agent here $150 to liquidate their indebtedness. The agent pocketed the cash and is said to have departed for regions unknown the same day.

SALMON TRUST FORMED.

Trenton, N. J., July 20—The Pacific Packing and Navigation company (the salmon combine), to deal in salmon and other fish, was incorporated here this afternoon. The authorized capital is $25,000,000, divided into $12,500,000 7 per cent. preferred stock and $12,500,000 common stock. The incorporators are Thomas B. McGovern, New York; Edwin C. Kemp, Tuxedo, N. Y.; Gov. S. B. Hanford, East Orange, N. J.

Fred Berghoff submitted to an operation for appendicitis Friday evening. He is under the care of Dr. Rosenthal.

ARE AMBUSHED BY MOONSHINERS

Seven Revenue Officers Rush Into a Trap and One is Killed and One Wounded---Posse Will Punish Moonshiners.

Nashville, Tenn., July 20.—Seven revenue officers were ambushed early today, supposedly by the moonshiners, about six miles from Monterey, in Putnam county. One man was killed and one badly wounded.

A posse of six, led by Deputy Collector Bell, was creeping along a steep hillside above an illicit still, when they received orders to throw up their hands. They had barely located the speaker forty feet below them when a deadly volley from eight guns was poured upon them.

Deputy Marshal Thomas Price was instantly killed and Posseman C. Mackey was badly wounded. The officers returned the fire, but the moonshiners made the place so hot that Collector Bell and the survivors retired and carried Mackey with them. One moonshiner was heard moaning and calling to his friends that he had been mortally wounded. Collector Bell has gathered another posse and started out to recover the body of Price.

OFFICIALLY REPORTED.

Washington, July 20.—Commissioner Yerkes, of the internal revenue bureau, has received the following telegram from Collector D. A. Nunn, at Nashville, Tenn.:

"Deputy Collectors Bell and Stone, accompanied by Deputy Marshal Price, Special Employe Floyd and two possemen, went on a raid near Monterey. They were ambushed at 4 o'clock this morning. Deputy Marshal Price killed; Possemen Corder and Mackey wounded; one moonshiner severely wounded. Body of Price was left on the ground. Posse organized to return and recover the body.

Commissioner Yerkes has telegraphed the collector directing that everything possible be done to recover the body of Marshal Price and to capture and punish the moonshiners.

SLEEP FOR BABY AND REST FOR MOTHERS

Sleep for Skin Tortured Babies and Rest for Tired Mothers, in a Warm Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single application of Cuticura Ointment, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours with loss of hair of infants and children, known.

MILLIONS OF PEOPLE USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of women use CUTICURA SOAP in baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, too free or offensive perspiration, in washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves.

Complete Treatment for Every Humour. CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-28 Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props.

—EVERY FARMER—

Appreciates a Good Carriage

We Manufacture Nothing But GOOD ONES.
The Best at the Most Reasonable Prices.

See our display of CARRIAGES, ROAD WAGONS, BUGGIES, in fact vehicles of every description.

If we have not on hand exactly what you want, we will make it for you.

Our UNQUALIFIED GUARANTEE goes with every vehicle sold. That means a great deal to you.

Clay Street Vehicle Works,

11-13 Clay Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

—Albanus Brothers.—

Now is the time to have your vehicle painted and repaired. - - - - - - - - - -

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

GOD'S CALL TO ABRAM—PERFORMING THE LORD'S WORK NOT ALWAYS MORE PLEASANT, BUT GREATER.

(John Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park Street Church, Boston, in the Chicago Record-Herald.)

Lesson for Sunday, July 28, 1901.

Topic—"God Calls Abram."

Text—Genesis xiii., 1-9.

AUTHENTICITY OF THE BIBLE.

Persons who cut the Bible to bits, as Jehoiakim did (Jeremiah xxxvi., 23), and throw the fragments in the fire because forsooth they do not relish the truths that scriptures contain, are wont to asperse much of the contents as mere empty myths. According to their criticism the Bible was got together just as any other old thing that ancient imposters or idiots palmed off on our ancestors.

But mythmakers are notoriously effusive and elaborate in composition. How, then, did it happen that the first 2,000 years of ascertained human history are comprised in eleven chapters? Authors of our own age do not practice self-restraint like this. How much less likely if the scriptures are entirely of man's divining and device would Egyptian mythmakers have condensed their matter we find it in Genesis?

We now come to Abram, as one of the colossal characters of the Bible, and to study particularly the call of his God to him to become the head of a family line. Enthusiastic advocates of the theory of evolution have no easy task in adjusting Abram as an orderly link in the line of progressive development.

HIS LIKE NOT TO BE FOUND.

The simple fact is that does not adjust. Neither his father, Terah, his grandfather, Nahor, nor any root or branch of his forbears had in them the stuff of which Abram's blood and bone were built. If his measure is fairly taken his like will not be found in either his ancestors or his offspring. The earth was inhabited by idolators only. If there were dim dreams of one God above all gods they were but dreams. It is not important here to take up the question whether belief in one only living and true God was originally universal in Adam and his early descendants. We believe it was, but need not wrangle with any who deny it.

On this, however, there is a large agreement among the learned, that in the age of Abraham polytheism prevailed everywhere. There were gods galore and lords without limit. How, then, did it occur that one man, Abram by name, discerned deity in unity, and so believed in the most high that until the latest soul born into the kingdom of Jehovah and Jesus there is no difference between Abram's God and our God?

The Bible sets this out in the title and text of our lesson: "God calls Abram." The method He used to call Abram we may imagine. It does not at all degrade the thought of God to suppose this elect soul received a sign which he could read as readily as the telegrapher of today reads ticks, which to anybody living a hundred years ago would have been as a meaningless rattle.

DOUBT AND BELIEF.

Let us not be of those who with one breath profess belief in Almighty God and with the next breath profess doubt whether He ever could do what we or others call miracles. Either I shall choose to be a consistent atheist or else a consistent theist. If the God of Abram and my God could not have done every one of the mighty acts recorded in scripture, then I can no longer look upon Him as more than one among the myriad gods of man's making, which "have eyes but they see not, hands but they handle not, feet but they walk not, neither speak they through their throats."

Let us away with all make-believe believing, and, now that we have before us "the father (Abram) of all them that believe," make this the occasion to confess our faith; that the call which came from God to this man of "Ur of the (Genesis xi., 31) Chaldees" was either vocal, or, if not audible, otherwise so uttered that Abram had no room or reason to doubt that he was addressed by "God over all and blessed forevermore."

Holding this tenaciously as a tenet of our faith, we also cherish it as an inspiring certainty that God has continued to call and is still calling men. This is an essential of any consistent theistic creed. To think for one moment that He and we are cut off from such intercommunication as can let us know what His will is toward us is to dethrone Him and degrade us to the brute level.

OBJECT OF MORAL POWER.

Why were these moral powers of our imparted to us, if it was not to connect us intelligently with the source of all moral being? There never has been discovered the least evidence that creatures of an order lower than man recognize moral obligation, as men do, when taught the ten commandments. Those ten laws speak imperiously to human consciences wherever they are taught as decrees of the one and only living and true God. In those statutes an enlightened soul sees the face and features of the infinite over all. In these commands every intelligent moral creature hears a voice more authoritative than any that comes down from the courts of earth.

In very fact, man once taught the truth as it is in holy scripture sees God, hears God and feels God. And so the fact and act of a call from God to man is most credible. In the word we have an ample list of instances illustrating it. Read the story of Samuel, and learn how eloquently the Lord may address a mere child. Samuel (I. Samuel iii., 10), did not understand the address at first, but when Eli, with a better understanding, explained, the lad was soon in full communion with the Almighty, and became one of the few first famous men of antiquity, in all things excellent.

Read the story of Nehemiah (chapter 1), quitting the most lofty and lucrative position in the realm of Artaxerxes and betaking himself to the hard cheerless task of restoring the defenses of his homeland. He took up that work not at promise of pay, but because he heard the voice of God in his heart. With the history of Saul in hand, we are satisfied that the Spirit of God does, in His own way, address the spirit of man, and make known the divine will as distinctly as one of us talks to another.

THE CALL FROM GOD.

And this is what came to Abram: A call from God, clear and convincing. And it comes to us if we are anxious to have the Lord speak to us: "Speak, Lord, for Thy servant heareth." Let this be our mood, and by one, or more, or many means, the will of our Father in heaven shall be made known to us.

It is next to be noted that the call of Abram was not from imperiled to protected conditions; not from failure to fine prospects; not from privation to plenty, but just the opposite in all these respects. Ur of the Chaldees, the home city of this celebrity, was the richest locality of Asia. It was a place which in Abram's age enjoyed an exceptionally high type of civilization. And when God called His servant it was to leave home, kindred, comfort and fortune to become a nemigrant into a strange country.

Just so is it in His call to us men still. We may be expecting no other impulse or invitation of Providence but such as will better our personal or family fortune. We may have no ear to hear any voice which we will recognize as God's unless it call us to greater ease than we now enjoy, richer emolument and higher eminence. But this is all an error. Great promises have been made us if we will go where and when He gives us the sign. But His pay day does not come at once when we enter His service.

The precious promise of Christ was, "He shall see of the travail of His Soul and shall be satisfied." But there have been nineteen centuries dragging along and the complete satisfaction of the Savior is not yet realized.

The promise which God gave Abram (lesson verses 2-3) has been partially kept; but not wholly. The nation of His offspring was to be "a great nation," and they have been. The Lord said (verse 2) "I will bless thee and make thy name great." To a notable degree this has come to pass. For just reflect, you nor any one else can name a single living soul in all the earth who was a contemporary with Abram, and now is known in the lists of men by anything which is left of kind or accomplishment. But of Abram we have a photograph in the face and features of every pure Israelite. Seen wherever you meet them they are unlike any other race in face and form. And measured by what the Israelites have been as scholars, statesmen, merchants, money magnates and masters in many things their like is not among all the nationalities of time. But all they have been and are has been obtained through trial, toil and tribulation. When Moses saw a bush burning and not being consumed, he went aside to study the strange phenomenon, and he was given to understand that it was a symbol of the indestructible life of the offspring of Abram.

The one requirement made of Abram was to quit the conditions surrounding him with all their comfort and move out "not knowing whither (Hebrews xi., 8) he went." And when he had kept step with Providence until he reached a land of promise, he dwelt there "as in a strange country." He went forth (lesson verse 5) to go into the land of Canaan and into the land of Canaan he came. But he fell into a famine smitten land on the way there, and a wretched country when he arrived.

ABRAM'S STATE OF MIND.

We have no detailed report of Abram's state of mind, but it would not be a hazardous supposition if we should say many a day he reproached himself for leaving the fat lands of Mesopotamia to find himself and his family, flocks and fortune all wasted. It is common human experience if we have done what we thought God would have us, and then have found ourselves the worse off for it.

A business man of middle age united with my church and began a very active Christian life, at the same time that he had a large business in his care. About a year after uniting with the church, in a meeting for conference and prayer, he spoke after this fashion: "I have been a Christian for upward of one year and a church member most of that time, and I will say that never in my business career have things gone so dead set against me. I have lost at about every step, although I have worked harder than ever. Just the same my heart is at peace with God, and never was I happier than now." Possibly Abram was like this brother, and good for him was it if that were the case.

THIRD TRUTH OF THE LESSON.

But we need now take the third great truth of the lesson. God's call to Abram was a separating call. The world was in degraded idolatry. The debasement would never have been reversed by more idolatry. Its progress has ever been and is downward, to perdition. "Although for enturiesbefo re new nations had been forming, none of them had belief in God as the formative principle." It was Abram's "belief in the true God, in a God who manifested His existence and His nature by responding to this belief, and it is this belief and the place He gave it as the regulating principle of all His movements and thoughts that has given Him His everlasting influence."—Marcus Dods.

To start a seed, a strain, a stream of humanity in which belief is one living and true God should be imperial, Providence separated Abram and kept himan d his separate from the rest of mankind. Israelites have ever been and are an isolated people. They are environed by an atmosphere into which the rest of mankind is slow to come. Let the Jew begin to move into a neighborhood, and the non-Jewish of every nationality will begin to move out. The whole reason for this is not revealed. But we see part of the explanation in the fact that at the very first the Almighty needed an elect people to whom to commit His law and communicate His life. Otherwise the world must have perished ere this, as we think.

MUST BE "SEPARATE."

This suggests for us the practical thought that somewhat of a separating process belongs to all the Israel of God by faith. In other words, it has been and is a seen necessity that to be a man of God, a servant of God, a son and daughter of the Lord Almighty, we must "come out from among them" (the world's devotees) and "be ye separate."

There is no inquiry of profounder import than to ask which stands first in my solicitude and love, the seen or unseen, the eartly or the celestial; money, society, celebrity or purity, piety and peace with my God. Am I in this advocating separation to a hermit's life, or withdrawing from the everyday work of the world? Not for once would I.

Jesus, who is our faultless model, and His holiest apostles, never withdrew from the turmoils and trials of everyday toil. They nurtured their own spiritual lives by dilligent service for mankind. We are told that Jesus "rose a great while before day and went into a solitary place to pray." But after day dawn His motto was: "I must walk and work today and tomorrow and the day following." I read that He "spent all night in prayer" once, but never that He spent all day in seclusion and religious exercises. The separation we need is nonconformity to the customs of the irreligious. It is to keep our consciences as clean and cleaner, than the old Pharisees kept their hands.

CONTRACT IS LET.

The contracts for the new Haley-Haberkorn factory were awarded this morning, the brick work contract going to Kruse & Co., and that for the carpentry to Charles Wermuth. The structure will be of brick, the main building being two stories in height, 40x80 feet in dimensions. A building one story high and 20x40 feet will be erected to form an L on the main building. The factory will be built on Alliger street, near the Wabash tracks, and work on the building will commence Monday morning. The contracts call for the completion of the work in forty days and the machinery, which will soon be ordered, will be in within two weeks of the expiration of the construction contract. The company will manufacture engines, suitable for any pupose, equipped with their patent slide valve attachment.

S. F. Bowser is spending a few days in Winona.

PLANTS THAT POISON.

Seemingly Harmless, Many of the Common Wild Plants Are Dangerous.

Many of those who have gone into the country to enjoy the shade of the trees and the cooling verdure of the fields have returned to their city homes in sorry plight and breathing anathemas upon everything bucolic. They have been poisoned by some of the seemingly harmless plants they have come in contact with, and wear disfiguring blotches upon face, neck or hands. And many others who will spend their vacation days far from the madding crowd's ignoble strife will find themselves in a like predicament unless they are careful to avoid the contaminating shrubs.

The most common of the poison plants in this section is known as the poison ivy. It is often confused with the Virginia creeper, to the destruction of that beautiful and harmless vine. The vines can readily be distinguished by the three divided leaves of the ivy and the five divided leaves of the creeper. The latter is also a much deeper green. In the late year the whitish fruit of the ivy very easily identifies it; the berries of the creeper are blackish. The poison ivy is especially harmful at night and in early morning before the sun dries the dew. It is poisonous when touched and persons very susceptible to its influence have been known to be poisoned by passing near where it was covered with dew.

Another very poisonous plant, a near relation to the ivy, but not so frequently found, is the poison sumach or dogwood—but this must not be confused with the beautiful and harmless cornus, which is also known as dogwood. The poison dogwood grows only in swampy places and flowers in June. In early summer it can be distinguished from the harmless staghorn sumach by the slender greenish or yellowish-white flower clusters which grow from the axils of the leaves, those of the innocent sumach being borne in pyramidal terminal clusters. In the late year the fruits of the respective shrubs are similarly situated, but they differ in color, that of the poisoned being whitish or dun color, while that of the harmless staghorn sumach is a deep, beautiful crimson. The leaves of the poisonous variety turn to magnificent colors in the autumn. No plant or tree, not excepting the maple, has such brilliant and vivid coloring. Its glowing red, yellow and rich bronze shades attract the eye and the temptation is great to gather the alluring branches, but beware! The result is often worse than to touch the dewy ivy.

The most dangerous vegetable poison native to our country is the water hemlock, or spotted cowbane. It is deadly poison in roots and leaves. This plant is often mistaken for the wild carrot—or Queen Anne's lace—Sweet Cicely and other white-flowered members of the parsley family, but it can readily be identified by its purple streaked stem. The umbels of the water hemlock are also more loosely clustered than those of the carrot and their stalks more unequal. It is commonly found in marshy ground, blossoming in midsummer. It is also called musquash root and beaver poison. The May apple or mandrake, another of our poisonous plants and a member of the barbey family, has two large leaves and one flower, bearing in July a large fleshy, egg-shaped berry, sweet and edible, though often leaving unpleasant after effects. The leaves and roots are poisonous if eaten and it has been used as a pot herb with fatal results. They grow thickly along the woods and meadows. The fruit is sometimes called wild lemon on account of its shape.

The poke weed, or pigeon berry, is a well known frequenter of country waysides. The large roots are poisonous, but the young shoots are rendered quite harmless by boiling and are eaten like asparagus. It bears white flowers in July, but in September the leaves look like as if stained with wine and long clusters of rich dark berries hang from its branches; from their dark juice the name of red ink plant is sometimes used.

The herbage and roots of the aconite is poisonous. It is also called wolfsbane and monkshead, as the purple flowers that blossom in July resemble the hood of a monk. Belonging to the crowfoot family, it resembles the larkspur, which is its relative.

The poppy is poisonous only in its juice, which is milk white, reddish and yellow. The lobelia also has poisonous juice. The members of the amarylis family, narcissus, snowdrop, stargrass, etc., are poisonous in herbage and bulbs if eaten. The juice of the deadly nightshade, whose black fruit attracts attention in swampy places, is fatally poisonous.

The highest telegraph poles in the United States have just been put up in Beaumont, Tex. So far as known they are the highest of any in the world, the top being 150 feet above the ground. They were erected on the opposite banks of the Neches river by the Western Union Telegraph company in order to string its cable across the stream. The span is 144 feet in length. This height is necessary to admit the passage of ships through the drawbridge, their masts being 100 feet tall and more.

AGUINALDO IS IRRITATED

DISLIKES CLOSE SURVEILLANCE KEPT OF HIM.

Compelled to Add "Prisoner of War" to His Signature—Will Not Write to Malvar.

Manila, July 20.—Aguinaldo is considerably irritated at his continued surveillance by the American authorities. Whenever he signs his name he must add the word "prisoner." He has refused the request of his friends to write the insurgent general, Malvar, still at large in Southern Luzon, advising him to surrender. He consented to sign a copy of his oath of allegiance, with the understanding that it be forwarded to Malvar, with the purpose of influencing his surrender, but under his signature to this oath he wrote "Prisoner in Malacanan prison."

General Davis has been ordered to the command of the American troops on the island of Mindanao and in the Jolo archipelago. General Kobbe, formerly commander of this district, will return to the United States.

General Chaffee has issued a circular in which he explicitly defines the status and duties of arm officers with respect to their relations with the provincial and other civil governments. It is expected this circular will settle minor misunderstandings between the two departments and prevent possible conflicts of authority.

As fast as the insular constabulary is organized the American troops will be centered in fewer garrisons and their number will be decreased.

The transport Sheridan, with the Fourteenth infantry and Adjutant General Barry on board, sailed from here today. General MacArthur, who left here on the Meade, July 4, will embark on the Sheridan at Nagasaki for San Francisco.

Mrs. Harry Davis and daughter Jessie, of Washington, D. C., are the guests of relatives in the city.

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If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take
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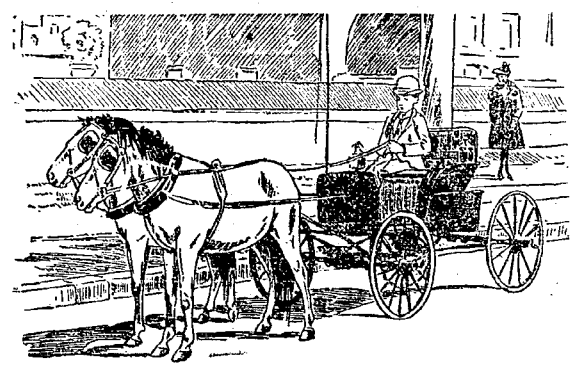
For the Children.

Howard Starrett and His Pair of Ponies



Howard S. Starrett, Jr., of Brooklyn sends the accompanying picture and a little letter to the Brooklyn Eagle. In his letter he says: "This is a photograph of my ponies, Easter and Aguinaldo. They have won four blue ribbons, and they are not 3 years of age yet. I broke them to drive and taught them their little tricks, although I am only 10 years of age. My ponies were the smallest ever driven at the New York horse show. They are 36 inches high."

CAMBRIC TEA.

It Was "Upsetty," and Gertrude Thought One Cup Was Enough.

They were sitting at the luncheon table, mamma, Gertrude and brother. Brother was banging on the table with a spoon, for, as Gertrude said, "His manners haven't come yet." The little girl sat looking at the big piece of bread and sugar on her plate. She was very fond of bread and sugar.

"What's the matter with my little girl?" asked mamma. "Can't you eat your lunch, dear?"

Gertrude looked up from her brown study. "I've been thinkin," she explained. "Yesterday was my 5-year-old birfday, mamma, an once you said when I got, oh, so very old, I might have a cup of tea, an now don't you think I are old enough?" And a tiny wrinkle came into her forehead. Mamma smiled. "Yes, dear, I do think so. I will give you a cup of really cambric tea."

Gertrude clapped her hands and watched eagerly as mamma poured out the tea and fixed it for her. She held out her hands for the cup and set it down carefully by her plate. "Really, truly Cambridge tea, brother," she said as she saw brother watching her. She took a sip and smiled at mamma. It was just like grown up folks.

"Your tea is very quite well cooked, Mrs. Mamma," she said graciously as she stirred it. Then she turned to her bread and sugar again.

Now was brother's chance. His little hands grasped the pretty china cup and raised it high in the air, trying to put it to his mouth. He wanted to taste the lovely cambric tea.

Gertrude turned around quickly. "Oh, my tea!" she cried. Mamma shook her head hard and put her finger to her lips. Then, reaching over to the baby, she touched his arm, saying gently, "Brother, give mamma the cup." Brother at once turned it upside down.

A splash of hot tea, a piercing scream, and the cup fell to the floor. Brother was more frightened than hurt, but his dress was soaked, and mamma carried him up stairs to nursie, where his woe was soon comforted.

Gertrude picked up the cup, which had not even a crack on its pink surface. She brought a cloth and was trying to mop up the floor when mamma returned. Things were soon straightened, and mamma asked whether Gertrude would have some more tea.

"No, I thank you, Mrs. Mamma," said the little girl. "Your cambridge tea is upsetty, so I'll have some muslin milk now, if you please, 'um."—Lyx Lovett in Brooklyn Eagle.

He Saved Two Lives.

Donald Douglass, 16 years old, who is living at Albion, Neb., has the distinction of having saved the lives of two boys. Last summer, while at Camp Douglass, five miles above Des Moines, on the Des Moines river, while bathing, he noticed a little fellow 8 or 9 years old sinking in deep water. Taking in the situation at once, the boy ran some 40 rods, leaped into the river, reached the spot, dived and, catching the little fellow, carried him to a boat near by. To Donald's presence of mind and his quickness of action was due the saving of the boy.

Some time later, while camping at the same place, a little 3-year-old boy jumped into the water from a boat moored some distance away. Donald heard the splash and, turning, saw the boy just as he disappeared beneath the surface. Swimming to the spot, he dived and brought out the boy and gave him to his excited mother.

Where Water Caused a Fire.

It seems queer to think of water being the cause of fire. Still it has been, and on a very large scale, on the coast of Ireland. For centuries the great waves had been breaking down the rocks which lined the seashore, and at last the water reached some masses of stone that held large deposits of iron pyrites and alum. The water washing over the deposits caused a natural process which is known as oxidation and which caused such a fearful heat that the whole cliff became a volume of fire. The rocks resembled a volcano for weeks, and when the fire at last burned out nothing was left of this once towering cliff but a mass of crumbling brick.

A BOY'S DREAM.

Through Which He Learned of What True Greatness Consists.

A boy lay in the shade of an old oak and saw the clouds float by.

"How I should like to be a man," he thought, "and do great things! I want to hear folks talk of me with awe. I want to see my name in print, and it must be in big black type. I want to know that all men say of me, 'What a fine man Roy Lang is!'"

Roy's great blue eyes shone as he thought all this and much more like it. He built day dreams by the score, and in each he saw his own name high on the rolls of fame.

Then Roy slept, and this is the dream he had—not a day dream this time, but one straight from the land of Nod:

"I was out on the sea in a great storm," he said when he told the dream to me, "and the wind blew hard, and all the men were wild with fear. The black rocks tried to tear holes in the sides of the ship. I was the one to cry out, 'Get the boats, boys!' The men did as I said, and soon the boats were full of men. I saw them start for shore, but I was left on the wreck. My heart sank. A wild fear came to me. Must I die there—I who was so young? Would no one help me? Then I heard a voice say, 'Roy, my lad, now is your time to be great!'

"The men who were in the boat came back and said, 'Come, we will make room for you!' But I thought I would heed the voice.

"'No,' I said. 'I will not go. One more would sink the boat, and we should all be lost.'

"The waves swept the boat from my sight. The wreck soon sank and was lost in the deep sea. A soft voice sang in my ears: 'Well done, Roy! Now you are great.' I went down, down, down. I could feel the cold waves in my face; then I heard your voice and knew it was all a dream, and I was glad to be at home with you. Still, I think I could lay down my life for a friend if there was need."

"And that would make you great, dear Roy," I said, "though you might not get your name in print. It is the act that makes you great, and your best joy comes when you think, 'God knows, if men do not. When I am great in his sight, I need not care if the world does not know.'"—Pearl Burker in Housekeeper.

Their Birthday.

I've a secret to tell you, Dolly—
Let me whisper it in your ear—
Tomorrow will be our birthday,
Your birthday and mine, my dear!
As soon as the sun peeps over
The hill where the blackberries grow
I'll be eight years old, my Dolly,
And you'll be one, you know.

Don't you remember, Dolly—
I'm perfectly sure you do—
When I woke last birthday morning,
The first thing I saw was you?
You sat on the edge of a workbox,
Waiting, you lovely child,
And when you saw I was looking
You stretched out your arms and smiled.

And you're just as lovely as ever,
Though your curls are very thin,
And your poor legs wabble sadly,
And your left eye's falling in.
So, if tomorrow morning
Another doll comes here,
We'll treat her well, but she'll never
Take your place, my dear!

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HUNG BY THE NECK.

Some one in the smoking car recognized in the old gray-haired man pulling away at a pipe a former city marshal of a frontier town in Dakota, and we at once crowded in on him and asked him to tell the story of his being lynched by a mob.

"Thar' wasn't nothin' much to it," he replied with a smile. "The boys thought I was too fresh as city marshal, and so they rushed me."

"But we want the particulars," was insisted. "What happened before they hung you?"

"Wall, several things happened. As city marshal I had a crowd of about 200 blacklegs to keep in order. They didn't keer fur the law, but was afraid of my guns. We had had half a dozen skirmishes when the crowd got together and decided that I must go. They sent a feller named Jenkins to tell me to take a walk or look out fur trouble, and of course I didn't go. I jest walked around as usual, and next day at noon the fuss begun. It seemed like everybody in town was shootin' at

"IT SEEMS LIKE EVERYBODY IN TOWN WAS SHOOTIN' AT ME."

me, and I made fur the railroad depot. It was in the papers that I stood 'em off fur four hours. Then I got a bullet in the hip and they had me out."

"But you must have hurt some of them in return?"

"Yes, of course. They said I killed three and wounded four or five. I allus thought it was a poor record, though. When they got me out the idea was to hang me. It was wonderful how many ropes were brought out, and how many men knowed all about makin' a hangman's knot. The crowd carried me down to a tree by the creek and it wasn't a minit before I was up on a bar'l and the noose was over my neck. Some of 'em was fur givin' me time to git my breath, but that man Jenkins kicked the bar'l away and left me hangin' in the air."

"And what were your sensations?" was asked.

"I had so many that they was all mixed up," replied the old man. "About all I remember was tryin' to touch the airth with my toes, and feelin' a good deal of goneness in my lungs. Can't say thar' was any great pain about it. I kept turnin' 'round and 'round, and the voices of the crowd kept growin' fainter and fainter, and by and by I fell asleep. It was jest about dusk when they hung me, and the last of the crowd had been gone 15 minits when I come to. The rope had broke and let me down, and mebbe it was an hour before I could crawl away."

"And you made your way out of town?"

"Did I? Wall, the papers didn't say so. By midnight I was as good as ever, except a stiff neck and a sore throat. I went to Joe Peter's saloon and got three or four drinks and two guns, and then I started fur the head of the street and worked down."

"How did you work down?"

"Why, I worked every place whar' I thought I could find one o' that crowd, and I found lots of 'em. It was a big surprise party, but the record was nuthin' to brag of. I was so shook up I couldn't shoot very straight. They buried six men next day, and two dozen others had the limps more or less fur the next three months. That wasn't the p'int, however. The p'int was that the blacklegs got out of town and law and order went to the top, and we become so powerful quiet and good that the railroad run another line and sidetracked us and every business house moved over to Jack Hill. It would her bin a heap better fur that town if my rope hadn't broke."

"And did you never feel any ill-effects from the hanging?" was the last question.

"Jest one. Since that time I can't holler wuth shucks, and it makes it sorter bad fur me when I'm camped on the prairie and want to skeer the howlin' kyotes away."

A FRIEND TO THE LANDLORD.

"I suppose I have written a hundred different 'skits' to the detriment of the summer hotel keeper," said the newspaper man, who had just returned from his vacation, "but I shall write no more. I have been investigating his case on this trip, and from this time on he has my sympathy."

"Have you discovered that he is an abused individual?" was asked.

"In a hundred different things. I was at the seashore. After waiting three days for a storm and not getting one a woman walks up to the desk and demands her bill in an indignant, injured way, and when the landlord sought for an explanation he was told that she came to the shore for no other reason than to see a storm, and consequently felt that she had been swindled. When mine host explained that he was not able to control the Atlantic ocean, she held him responsible, because there has been no moonlight-nights."

"There was an old chap who had something the matter with his legs," resumed the sympathizer, "and he had to be wheeled around in a chair. I thought he was taking lots of comfort, but after three or four days he was wheeled into the office to make a kick. What do you suppose it was about?"

"Too much ocean, maybe."

"That was exactly it. He thought there was ten times as much water as there was any need of, and if there was no way to reduce it he was going to quit. While the landlord was promising to see what could be done, I'll be hanged if the old chap didn't demand a mountain to vary the scenery! There was none in market just then, and he called for his bill and got out on the first train for the Catskills. It's dollars to cents that he no sooner got there than he demanded oceans. And would you think anyone would kick about the tides?"

"Hardly."

"But I heard them do it every day. They were all women, though. They had an idea that it ought to be high tide and low tide to suit their personal convenience, and they held the landlord personally responsible. One of 'em said it was the signal service which controlled the tides, and if the landlord hadn't proper influence with that organization she guessed she'd go elsewhere. Half an hour later a woman wanted the whole office force to go out and capture her a clam to be made a pet of, and another was kicking because she had been there for a week and hadn't seen a whale. That wasn't the climax, though."

"Well, what was?"

"A man who was stone blind came down with an attendant, and after he had been there about two hours he expressed a desire to hear a waterfall. There wasn't any to hear, and the way he did go on about swindling landlords was something to make your hair stand up. There wasn't an hour in the day that my landlord wasn't being abused by some guest, for something not his fault, and from this day on the summer resort man has my full sympathies. When I paid my bill without a kick there were tears of gratitude in his eyes, but he hadn't had time to express himself in words when an old hunk walked up and said he had been out bear-hunting for two successive days and hadn't seen even a bear track, and he demanded to know what sort of summer coop he had got into!"

A WESTERN CAMPAIGN.

When Col. Banister left Chicago for the mountains for the benefit of his lungs he had a dim idea that he would settle down somewhere and put in a term in the state legislature. He reached Pine Top City to find the climate all he hoped for, and after a few days he broached the subject of office-getting to the landlord of the hotel.

"I'm a new man here," was the reply, "but I know a feller who can tell you all about it, and I'll send him in."

The "feller" proved to be an ex-member of the legislature, and when the subject was stated, he replied:

"Yes, I can tell you jest how to work it, and if you want me to I'll run your campaign and agree to land you in the senate."

The colonel expressed a desire for an outline of how the campaign was to be run, and the "ex" laid a gun on the table before him and said:

"I don't reckon you brought one with you, but that's a good one, and I can get along without it for a week or so. The first thing you want to do is to go out and pick a fuss and shoot your man."

"Pick a fuss about what?" queried the colonel.

"Don't make no difference. Jest go out on the street and cuss the town, the climate or the people. Get up a row over religion or politics or the hereafter. When you've got to a certain pint you must call the other feller a liar. He'll reach back for his gun; but you must get the drop on him and bore him. Don't get rattled over it. If you miss him you'll feel something red-hot go through you, and the campaign will be off."

"But Lord save you, I can't go out and shoot a man down!" exclaimed the colonel.

"Got to do it, sir—got to do it, or you can't do no runnin' for office. Havin' killed your man, you want to announce your political ambitions. Put about $30 in my hands to set up the drinks for the boys, and I'll see that the verdict of the coroner's jury is all right, and that Pine Top whoops 'er for you. You'd better pay the funeral expenses of the victim as well; the boys are quick to notice little pints like that."

"And that will be all?" asked the colonel.

"Oh, no, that will be only the start—the openin' of the campaign. I had to shoot four men myself, and only got into the house at that. You play poker, of course?"

"No."

"Then you must learn. You'll have to put in your nights in the poker-rooms or the boys will say you feel yourself too good. How much whisky can you drink?"

"A tablespoonful."

"Got to learn to drink half a gallon in a day. A candidate who don't drink at every bar stands no show. How's your voice?"

"Very weak."

"That's bad. The boys will expect about three speeches a day, with one extra on Sunday. Can you shoot two-handed and ride a bucking broncho?"

"I—I don't think I want to go to the legislature!" replied the colonel, after a moment's thought.

"Well, that's for you to say. I'm showin' you how to do it, and to have lots of fun at the same time, but mebbe it's jest as well you don't try it. Come to size you up, I'm afraid you don't know over half a dozen cuss-words, and that you'd try to shoot your first man with the butt-end of the gun!"

CIRCUMSTANCES BEAT HIM.

The train was just ready to pull out of the Union depot at St. Louis when a very natty looking man whom it was easy to recognize as a drummer entered the parlor car with a grip in either hand. He walked straight to section eight, changed his silk hat for a cap, removed his $50 spring overcoat, and then wrote on a card and pinned to the back of one of the seats:

"I represent Blank & Co., of New York, the largest grocery house in the world. I am going from St. Louis to Chicago. I have paid for this whole section, and shall occupy both seats during the entire trip. I am no railroad hog, but I want what I pay for. Orders taken in St. Louis in the last week aggregate $51,000, and it was a bad week at that."

When this placard had been put up the man marched stiffly down the aisle in search of the smoking car, and he had been gone about ten minutes, and the train was under way, when a second natty-looking man appeared. He had only one grip, but his self-importance was not to be disputed. His seat was for upper No. 10, but he stopped at No. 8 and read the placard. When he had finished it a smile of joy came to

THE NEW COMER HAD JUST GOT COMFORTABLY SEATED.

his face. He removed the grip, hat and overcoat to No. 10, and then wrote as follows and pinned the missive in place of the other:

"I represent Fish & Hook, of Boston, who do a moderate but safe business. I am also going from St. Louis to Chicago, but I have paid for only one seat. Orders taken in St. Louis in the last week aggregate only $18,000, but the buyers are good for all they owe. For further particulars see telegram just received and annexed to this."

Below the card was a telegram reading:

"Blank & Co., New York, failed today. Liabilities almost a million dollars."

The newcomer had just got comfortably seated when the other returned. He was astonished to find his two seats occupied, and he had just opened his mouth to make indignant protest, when the Boston man pointed to the placard and the telegram and quietly said:

"Sorry for you, old chap, but every business has its reverses. It was all right this morning when you engaged this section, but this evening you belong on a back seat."

The other reread the missives, seemed perfectly satisfied that the telegram was straight, and without a word turned and sat down in No. 10. He had come down from a whole section to an upper berth, but he was a philosopher as well as a drummer and there was no kicking about it.

BUT THERE ARE OTHERS.

"I might have been gliding around on one of those things and taking lots of comfort but for the kodak man," said the fat man as he dodged a bicycle at the corner.

"What had the kodak man to do with it?"

"He took a snap shot at me in my bicycle suit and sent me a proof. That settled it with me."

"You thought—thought—?"

"I didn't think, sir. I simply knew that the public wouldn't stand any novelty of the sort, and so I got out of my togs!"

IF YOU HAVE HEADACHES

Don't experiment with alleged cures. Buy Krause's Headache Capsules which will cure any headache in half an hour, no matter what causes it. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

The ships of the world, excluding navies, are worth $294,000,000, of which Europe's share is $227,000,000.

ALCOHOL AND THE HEART.

One Physician's Experiments and Experience Prove it is Not a Stimulant But a Depressant.

In studying the action of alcohol upon the heart, let us first consider the question: Is alcohol a stimulant? Nearly the entire medical profession regard this drug as one of the most efficient cardiac stimulants. Personally, the writer does not look upon it as such, for it meets none of the requirements of a stimulant, even when the term is considered in its original meaning. The word "stimulant" comes from the Latin word stimulans, the present participle or stimulare, meaning to "prick," to "goad on," to incite or animate to action or more vigorous action, to exasperate.

To goad an elephant with an iron probe, or to use the whip on a horse when about to stop on a hill with a heavy load, is to apply a stimulant. It does not put any more energy or any more strength into the animal; it simply enables it to utilize in a short period of time all of its available reserve force. In other words, a stimulant gets increased action out of an animal or out of a man, but puts no energy into either. A man returning from a hard day's labor, so tired that he can hardly drag one foot after the other, is suddenly set upon by thieves. He forgets his weariness at once and runs. He runs faster than he ever did before. The robbers act as a stimulant in this case. The entire central nervous system is aroused, every motor nerve center is intensely excited, and compels the muscles to work in spite of their fatigue. This is the effect of a stimulant. When the excitement is over, the man sinks from exhaustion, for he has used up his store of surplus vital energy. This is the reaction from a stimulant, or the secondary effect. Strychnia, cocain and caffein are all stimulants in this sense, but alcohol does not meet even these requirements.

The results obtained from the action of any stimulant depend upon the degree of the excitation of nerve centers. Caffein and cocain excite the nerve centers of the central nervous system, and actually enable one to do more work for the time being, but after the nerve center has expended all its energy, fatigue and exhaustion follow. The action of stimulants—an action seen in all conditions of life—demonstrates a great law in drugs, viz., that a drug which stimulates when given in moderation, will depress and paralyze if given in excess. An ordinary meal of wholesome food energizes body and mind, giving one a feeling of satisfaction and exhilaration; but if an enormous meal is eaten, stupor and drowsiness take the place of stimulation, and one feels like a boa constrictor after a full meal—he must go and sleep it off. A natural or physiological stimulant differs from an artificial one in that in the former case, while a nerve cell or a nerve center is expending energy, vital processes are at work replenishing the loss of energy. Oatmeal is a physiological excitant for this reason. "A horse feels his oats," we say. He feels like doing more work and he is able to do more work. Eating oats will make even a hog frisky and playful. Cold water is a physiological excitant, for while it arouses the nerve centers by its action upon the skin, it at the same time stirs every glandular structure into vigorous action to supply the working nerve cell with more energy. The working capacity of a muscle depends upon its contraction with a nerve center and upon the condition of that particular nerve center. In order for a muscle to work or to do more work, its nerve center must be in a condition receptive to stimulation, and nothing must prevent the effect of the stimulation from reaching the muscle. Alcohol interferes with both of these processes.

As soon as alcohol enters the stomach and the sensation of warmth diffuses over the body, the heart begins to beat more rapidly in consequence of the depression of the nerve that slows the heart, and of the depression of the nerves that control the caliber of the small arteries, with a distention of both. The flushing of the face that soon follows imbibing is not confined to the face, but occurs in every organ of the body, and is due to a vasomotor paralysis. This enlarging of the blood channels removes the resistance to the heart's action, and hence it beats faster, just as an engine would spurt ahead if it should break away from its train. In this condition the blood moves faster for a time through the arteries. In this respect alcohol acts very much like amyl nitrite, one of the most powerful and rapid-acting heart depressants known. Amyl nitrite is made from alcohol, affects the heart in a fraction of a minute when simply inhaled, by relaxing the blood vessels, lowering the blood pressure, and allowing the heart to beat more rapidly. No physician would claim that amyl nitrite is a heart stimulant, and yet it acts on the heart the same as alcohol, only much more powerfully. Alcohol exhausts the heart by allowing it to beat faster and hence to lift a greater weight of blood. Six ounces of spirits of alcohol increases the number of heart beats one-sixth, or 12 beats, every minute, thus making 17,280 extra beats in 24 hours. This multiplied by six, the number of ounces of blood expelled from the heart at each contraction, equals, when reduced, 6,480 foot pounds of blood, or the equivalent of raising more than three tons one foot high.

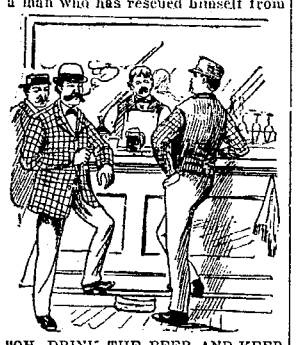
Alcohol is very likely to produce heart failure because of its depressing influence upon the nerve centers in the brain that regulate the heart's action. Large doses of alcohol frequently cause sudden heart failure. The constant use of alcoholic drinks produces a permanent relaxation of the blood vessels in the skin and the organs of the body. The "rum blossom" and the bloated face of the heavy drinker indicate that in a marked and conspicuous manner.

With the blood vessels in a relaxed condition, and the nerve centers narcotized, so that they but poorly respond to energizing influences, and in turn slowly and feebly transmit these to the organs and muscles, we can see that such a person is in poor condition to resist disease, for the "blood is the life," and the health of any part of the body depends upon the perfection of circulation in that organ.—Frederick M. Rossiter, M.D., in Good Health.

HOW HE WON OUT.

True Story of a Birthday Promise and Its Faithful Keeping Amidst Great Temptation.

The Indianapolis News of recent date tells the following singularly effective story, the truth of which, the News says, is vouched for by Oliver D. Loucks, a well-known millwright of North Indianapolis, as a genuine page out of his autobiography. He is a man who has rescued himself from



"OH, DRINK THE BEER AND KEEP THE GOLD."

the drink, and the climax of the fight with his appetite is here described:

It was two years ago the 7th day of June coming, my little girl Esther's birthday. I was getting ready to go to my work when she came into the room where I was.

"I am ten years old to-day, papa," she said.

"Yes, I know it, little girl, and I've got just 15 cents in my pocket. What will I get you?"

"I don't want you to get me anything, papa."

"Oh," I answered.

"But I want you to promise me something, papa," she said.

"Well, go ahead; let's hear it."

"I want you to promise me you won't drink any more. That will be my birthday present," she said.

"Oh, run along, little girl," I answered; "your mother has been talking to you."

I heard her go outside and I slipped into the kitchen where my wife was and asked her why she had been talking to Esther about my drinking. She said she had not, and burst out crying. Then I got a little rattled. I had never suspected that my children knew I drank. It is true that I reeled home many a night and that I scarcely ever drew a sober breath, but they were in bed and by morning I was always over the worst effects of the liquor. I do not know how she learned it; possibly by instinct. But it was a shock to me and unnerved me. I went back into the sitting-room and began to choke up. I tried to clear my throat by swallowing, but couldn't do it. My eyes were filling with tears, although I couldn't cry. I threw myself full-length on the lounge and blubbered out a sort of prayer: "Lord, if you'll help me, I'll never touch liquor again." In a little while Esther came running in, saw me and said:

"Papa, you've made up your mind to promise, haven't you? I know it."

"Yes, I have, little girl. I am going to try never to drink again, and, more than that, I am going to put a penny in your bank for every time I refuse a glass."

Do you know that in seven weeks I had 277 pennies in that bank? But election time came on, and one morning I found that some one during the night had rolled a keg of beer to my door. "That settles the penny proposition, Esther," I said when I saw it. "I guess there are more glasses in that keg than I have pennies. Children, roll it over there on the commons." They did so, and it remained there a couple of days, but was gone the third morning. My old boon friends have given up trying to get me to break my promise. When I saw that man there in a saloon, last April, one of the men at the bar, to test me, put a ten-dollar gold piece in the bottom of a glass and told the bartender to fill the glass with beer.

"Do you mean it?" he said.

"Of course, I do. Go ahead."

He did, and then my friend turned to me and said: "Oh, drink the beer and keep the gold."

"Not if you filled my pockets with gold," I answered.

Not long ago my five children were attacked with diphtheria. I lost a sweet little six-year-old girl. Before she died she threw her arms around my neck as I sat at the bed, and said: "Papa, you kept your promise, didn't you?"

Will any sane man tell me I'll ever drink again?

Don't Give Too Much of It.

The gift of gab isn't always an acceptable present.—Chicago Daily News.

There are forty counties in Texas which have to seek legal advice outside their limits, as they have not a single attorney of their own.

White Fruit House

PRICES FOR 1901.

Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrups, Spices, Tobaccos, Fresh Fruits, California Dried Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Canned Fish and Salt Fish, Wool Carpets, Rag Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Tapestries, Moquettes and Axminster Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Chinese Matting and Window Shades.

SUGARS, ALL GRADES, REDUCED ½c POUND.

Standard Granulated Sugar, 6c lb.	Coffee A Sugar, 5½c lb.
Powdered Sugar, 6c lb.	Yellow Extra C Sugar, 5c lb.
Cut Loaf Sugar, 6c lb.	New Orleans Sugar, 4½c lb.

TEAS—GREEN, OOLONG AND JAPAN.

Fine grade of Teas command full price; beside the war in China and a heavy duty has put the price of teas up. But buying in large quantities and direct from the importer, thereby saving you a profit of 10c to 20c pound.

Extra Good Young Hyson, 35c lb.	English Breakfast, 60c lb.
Very Best Young Hyson, 50c lb.	Good Oolong, 35c; Best, 60c lb.
Gunpowder, Good, 40c lb, Best 60c lb.	Good Japan, 40c lb; Best, 50c lb.
Best Ceylon Tea, 60c lb.	

COFFEE. COFFEE.

REDUCED 2 CENTS A POUND.

We now make a specialty of roasting our best Rio Coffee here at home, and in this way our customers get a much fresher roast than in packages, besides you can see what you are buying, as it is loose and not in packages. It is quite a saving to our customers and a much better article.

Very Best Green Rio, 10c lb.	Our Best Roasted Rio, 12½c lb.
Old Government Java, Green, 25c lb.	Roasted Java, 31c lb.
Rich Mocha, Green, 25c lb.	Roasted Mocha, 31c lb.

LAKE FISH AND BOSTON FISH.

Family White Fish, ½bbl., $1.75.	Best Mackerel, kit, $2.25.
Family White Fish, kit, 55c.	Scotch Herring, keg, 85c.
No. 1 White Fish, kit, 1.25.	Holland Herring, keg, 85c.
Mackerel, kit, $1.35.	Best Georgia Bank Cod Fish, whole, 7c.
Labrador Herring, 2c each.	Summer Cured Cod Fish, 8c.

CANNED GOODS.

California Green Gages, 15c lb.	Tidal Wave Tomatoes, 8c can.
California Egg Plums, 15c lb.	Sugar Corn, 7c can.
California Apricots, 15c lb.	Egyptian Corn, 10c.
California Peaches, 18c.	Early June Peas, 9c can.
California White Cherries, 20c.	String Beans, 7c.

CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

California Raisins, 8c lb.	Domestic Apples, 6c lb.
Best California Raisins, 10c lb.	Pitted Plums, 12c lb.
California Apricots, 14c lb.	New Currants, 17c lb.
California Prunes, 5c and 9c lb.	No. 1 Blackberries, 10c lb.
Evaporated Apples, 8c lb.	California Peaches, 10c lb.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

Golden Drips, 30c gallon.	Good New Orleans, 20c gallon.
Best New Orleans, 40c gallon.	Rich Yellow Sorghum, 40c gallon.
Maple Syrup, 75c gallon.	Lyndon Maple Syrup, 35c bottle.

OILS—HARNESS, NEATSFOOT, LINSEED AND MACHINE.

Harness Oil, 50c gallon.	Neatsfoot, 60c gallon.
Boiled Linseed Oil, 80c gallon.	Fish Oil, 60c gallon.
Raw Linseed Oil, 80c gallon.	Lard Oil, 50c gallon.
Caster Oil, 70c gallon.	Machine Oil, dark, 25c gallon.
Machine Oil, Bright, 30c gallon.	

WINES AND LIQUORS FOR MEDICAL USE ONLY.

Kelley Island Catawba, 70c gallon.	California Angelica, 80c gallon.
Kelley Island, Port, 80c gallon.	California Muscatel, 80c gallon.
California Sherry, 80c gallon.	Wines in bottles, 25c and 30c bottle.
German Kuemmel, $1.50 gallon.	Whiskies, New, $1.10 and $1.25 gallon.
German Kuemmel, bottles, 60c.	Whiskies, Old, $1.40, $1.75, $2.50 gallon.

FINE CUT AND PLUG TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Winner Fine Cut 30c lb	Horse Shoe Plug, 43c lb
Sweet Cuba Fine Cut, 32c lb	Battle Ax, 34c plug; J. T., 17c plug
Hiawatha Fine Cut, 35c lb	Standard Navy, plug 34c
Flor De Anna Cigars, 55c per box.	Corn Cake Smoking, 25c lb.
Artistic Cigars, 65c per box.	American Star Fine Cut, 28c
Tan Cigars, $1.25 per box.	Mail Pouch, 43c lb.

CARPETS, MATTING, LINOLEUMS, WINDOW SHADES AND FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

We have a large line and nice assortment of Oil Cloths, Carpets and Window Shades. We keep all grades and prices. Our whole corner is devoted to these goods, so you can always find a good display at low prices.

Window Shades, good, 10c each.	Linoleum, best, 80c square yd.
Window Shades, extra, 25c each.	Linoleum, good, 50c square yd.
Window Shades, best, 35c each.	Floor Oil Cloth, best, 35c yard.
Rag Carpet, good, per yard, 23c.	Floor Oil Cloth, good, 27c yard.
Rag Carpet, home made, per yard, 40c.	Ingrain Carpets, good, 30c yard.
Brussels Carpets, good, yard, 75c.	Ingrain Carpets, 50c yard.
Brussels Carpets, best, yard, 85c.	Extra Supers, per yard, 60c.

Be sure and give us a call and we will save you 20 per cent. on above goods.

White Fruit House,

FORT WAYNE IND.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

+RED CROSS+ PILLS

SAFE, SURE, IMMEDIATE — FOR WOMAN'S RELIEF

LADIES — MAILED TO ANY — LADIES

ARE UNEXCELLED FOR THE REMOVAL OF OBSTRUCTIONS OF — + ADDRESS + IN PLAIN PACKAGES — RED CROSS PILLS ARE PURELY VEGETABLE AND NEVER FAIL

LONG STANDING AND THE REGULATION OF ALL FEMALE IRREGULARITIES — LADIES — $1.00 PER BOX — LADIES — AFTER EFFECTS THEY LEAVE NO BAD UNQUALIFIED ENDORSEMENT OF EVERY PHYSICIAN FAMILIAR WITH THE FORMULA

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET MAILED FREE

VIN DE CINCHONA CO. DES MOINES, IOWA.

FOR SALE BY DREIER & BRO., Cor. Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

Dr. Bulson,

Office and Residence, 55 West Wayne Street, FORT WAYNE.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

Robert Spice,

PLUMBER, STEAM and GAS FITTER...

48 WEST MAIN STREET.

Office 'phone 261—Residence 1047.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

†Daily. (Daily, except Sunday.

From Ft. Wayne to	Leave	Arrive
Valparaiso and Chicago..*	8 30 am	* 5 20 am
Plymouth and Chicago..*	8 30 am	* 7 35 pm
Chicago .....*	4 58 am	* 9 22 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Youngst'n and Pittsb'g.*	5 30 am	* 3 25 am
Mansfield and Lima.....*	11 31 pm	†11 55 am
Canton and Pittsburg..*	11 31 pm	* 4 00 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago..†	7 30 am	†10 30 pm
Valparais o and Chicago.†	12 15 pm	†12 30 pm
Crestline and Pittsburg.†	12 40 pm	* 3 25 am
Plymouth and Chicago..*	4 10 pm	* 7 35 pm
Lima and Crestline.....†	7 05 am	† 7 15 pm
New York and Wash'tn.*	7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....*	7 45 pm	* 4 00 pm
Pittsburg & Phila.....*	9 30 pm	* 4 50 am
Pittsburg & Phila.....*	4 20 pm	*10 10 am
New York and Wash'tn.*	4 20 pm	*10 10 am
Valparaiso and Chicago.*10	15 am	* 4 15 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago		*11 25 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RY. In effect June 30, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.	
For Grand Rapids and north.....	11 55 p m
" " " "	8 50 a.m
" " " "	4 15 p.m
From Richmond arrives.....	5 40 a.m
SOUTH BOUND.	
For Richmond and Cincinnati.....	1 45 a.m
" " " "	8 55 a.m
" " " "	12 20 p.m
From Grand Rapids arrives.....	6 50 p.m

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16TH, 1901.

Going West.		Going East.
5:50 a. m.	Daily.	5:53 a. m.
9:37 a. m.	Daily.	6:20 a. m.
5:40 p. m.	Daily.	11:45 a. m.
9:20 p. m.	Daily.	6:30 p. m.
11:00 p. m.	Sunday only.	7:30 a. m.

From Peru daily, arrive, 9:20 a. m.

From Toledo, ex. Sunday, arr. 8:00 p. m.

Telephones—Home-Bell, No. 6.

Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railway

DEPART. . .

No. 2 Mail and Express.....	7 20 a.m.
No. 4 passenger.....	7 00 p.m.
No. 6 Mixed	2:15 p.m.
No. 32 Local freight.....	8 00 a.m.

ARRIVE

No. 31 Local freight.....	5 30 p.m.
No. 5 Mixed.....	11 00 a.m.
No. 3 Mail and Express.....	3 50 p.m.
No. 1 Passenger.....	10 55 a.m.

Trains 1 and 4 Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Nos. 31 and 32 carry passengers.

NICKEL PLATE

9—6-30-1901

All trains arrive at and depart from Van Buren Street Union Passenger Station, Chicago.

Uniformed Colored Porters attend passengers holding first or second class tickets in day coaches on thru trains, insuring scrupulously clean cars enroute.

All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

EASTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 5.....	1 35
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2.....	3 10
Eastern Express, No. 4.....	7 55
Local Freight.....	12 25
WESTBOUND FROM FT. WAYNE.	DEPART
Standard Express, No. 6.....	2 20
Western Express, No. 1.....	12 10
Nickel Plate Express, No. 3.....	4 35
Local Freight.....	12 00

†Daily except Sunday. Light type A. M. Dark type P. M.

Thru Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Nos. 2, 4 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

Meals are served at "up-to-date" Dining Stations and in Nickel Plate Dining Cars at opportune meal hours.

For rates and information, address C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

L. E. & W. TIME CARD. In effect June, 1901.

Southbound.	Arrive.
456 Express and Mail.....	11 25 a.m.
462 Local Freight.....	2 50 p.m.
410 Express and Mail.....	3 50 p.m.
Northbound.	**Depart.**
463 Local Freight.....	6 40 a.m.
457 Express and Mail.....	11 55 a.m.
459 Express and Mail.....	5 00 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

L. E. & W. RY.—TIME TABLE.

In Effect Sunday, April 28.

South Bound.	Depart.
No. 175 Local Freight, except Sunday..	5 30 a.m
No. 41 Express and Mail, except Sun...	7 10 a.m
No. 43 Express and Mail, except Sun...	4 15 p.m
No. 45 Express and Mail, Sunday only..	6 30 p.m
North Bound.	**Arrive.**
No. 40 Express and Mail, except Sun...	11 40 a.m
No. 174 Local Freight, except Sunday..	4 40 p.m
42 Express and Mail, except Sun..	10 25 p.m
44 Express and Mail, Sunday only..	10 15 a.m

CONRAD MABUS LICENSE REVOKED

Notorious "Log Cabin" Joint is Closed by Judge Louttit's Action---Mabus is Given Time to Leave Town.

Carrying out an oft-rpeated threat, Police Judge Louttit on Thursday revoked the retail liquor license granted to Conrad Mabus, proprietor of the Log Cabin saloon. Last week, it will be remembered, Mabus was assessed a fine and costs of $95 for allowing women in his place. He went to jail, but after cracking stone for a few days, concluded to pay the fine, which he did Wednesday, and was released. Next morning he was brought into police court and fined $10 and costs for selling liquor to minors. The offense was committed on the day he was arrested for associating with scarlet women and the fine was the third that has been given him since his license was granted, thus giving the police magistrate authority under the terms of the Nicholson law to revoke the license. The fine was suspended and Mabus was given twenty-four hours to get out of the city. He signified his intention of going back to his wife in Ohio.

It is not probable that the migration of Mabus from Fort Wayne will be viewed by the public with regret. His "joint" has been an eyesore to the city and fruitful of much trouble for the police and business for the police court. Mabus has left his trail over a good part of northern Indiana and his announcement that he will go into another state is probably the only recent act of his likely to elicit public approval.

The Mabus dive was closed as soon as Judge Louttit's action was given legal effect.

MACCABEES RERATE OLD MEMBERS

Port Huron, Mich., July 18.—The supreme tent Knights of the Maccabees today decided that all old members must be re-rated on the same plan as new members at the age at which they joined the order. This was done to have old members bear an equitable proportion of the expense of carrying them. It was also decided to allow the board of trustees to make investments in state and municipal bonds instead of confining them to government bonds. The Ladies of the Maccabees are also discussing the re-rating question and have appointed a committee to confer with the supreme tent regarding the matter.

BRITISH PEER GUILTY OF BIGAMY

Earl Russell Admits His Offense Before the House of Lords and is Sentenced to Prison Three Months.

London, July 18.—Earl Russell, arraigned at the bar of the house of lords today for trial on the charge of bigamy, pleaded guilty after lengthy arguments against the jurisdiction of the court. The trial was carried on with all the quaint middle-age ceremonies. The arguments lasted one hour. Both the Earl and Countess Russell (Mrs. Somerville), through their counsel, pleaded they did not know they were doing wrong, but had acted on the best legal advice obtainable in Nevada.

The peers reached their decision after consideration of the case lasting twenty minutes.

Earl Russell was sentenced to three months' imprisonment as a first-class misdmeanant.

In anticipation of the arrival of Lord Russell, the officials of Holloway prison have prepared for his reception one of the rooms formerly occupied by William T. Stead, the editor, and members of the Jameson raiders. It is a commodious apartment, in which his lordship can be supplied with his own food and wines.

'ALITY FOLLOWS STORM

MARY LONGACHRE IS KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Rain, Lightning and Hail Swept the Country About Fort Wayne Wednesday Afternoon.

Extensive damage was done late Wednesday afternoon by a furious storm of rain, hail and lightning, which swept the territory surrounding Fort Wayne, but circled in such manner that its effects were hardly felt in this city. Two miles west of Maysville, in the Amish settlement, the storm was especially severe, and here one fatality occurred.

Miss Mary Langachre, twenty-seven years old, a daughter of Samuel Langachre, an Amish farmer, was working in the wheat field with her brothers when the electrical storm came up. Almost the first bolt of lightning discernible struck her, and death was instantaneous. The hair was burned off her head, and there were severe burns upon the young lady's back, where the current passed downward along her body.

Miss Langachre was pitching wheat on one side of a wagon while her brother Peter was upon the other, and the latter was knocked to the ground by the same bolt which killed his sister. The brother is confined to his bed, but is not fatally injured, and the physicians say he will recover. A younger brother had been prostrated by the heat preceding the storm, and is confined to his bed. Miss Langachre was buried this afternoon from the Amich church at Maysville.

DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

Near the Langachre home lightning struck a horse owned by the Withington Handle company, but did not kill it. Half a mile distant, on the farm of John Schmucker, a cow was killed, and the barn of Peter Stiere, at Maysville, was struck by lightning and badly damaged. A hail storm of great severity followed the rain late in the afternoon, and considerable damage to corn was wrought.

The storm came from the north and west, and manoeuvered in such a manner that Fort Wayne escaped its consequences. The wind arose to a high velocity, rain fell in torrents, and there was a terrific display of electrical phenomena. Along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, at Plymouth and Columbia City, there was a very heavy rainfall, followed by hail. At Winona the rain was so heavy that the Hayes memorial building and several of the cottages were badly damaged. Circling to the north and east the storm raged through eastern Whitley and southern Noble counties with unusual intensity. At Rome City there was no rain, but Lagrange and points further north suffered heavily.

WAS A CLOUDBURST.

In the northern part of Allen county the rainfall was very copious, and following the line of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad the path of the storm seemed to sweep backward and forward across the line, with occasional sections where there was little or no storm. A few miles north of this city, where the railroad crosses the Goshen road, the storm was a veritable cloudburst, and rushing beneath the overhead bridge at that point it transformed the highway into a veritable gulley.

East of Fort Wayne, towns along the Nickel Plate and the Pennsylvania lines suffered. Between Monroeville and Van Wert extensive damage has been done to the corn. The loss from this cause in the northern parts of Allen county will also be no inconsiderable item. Despite the severity of the storm, comparatively little damage was done to telephone and telegraph lines.

A WATERLOO OPINON.

(Waterloo Press.)

Conrad Mabus, a name once familiar in Waterloo, is having hard luck in Fort Wayne. Last Friday he was arrested for harboring some bad girls in his "Log Cabin" saloon and fined $25 and costs, and on another charge of selling liquor to these bad girls, who were minors, and fined $50 and costs, aggregating $95. He claimed to have only $70 and was sent to jail for ninety-five days, or until he settles the bill. The "Log Cabin" saloon and Mr. Mabus are no good to any community and his previous record here and elsewhere should condemn him on general principles

PUT BAN ON IMMORAL YOUTHS

Rockford, Ill., July 18.—Young men who smoke cigarettes, visit the races and indulge in beer or other intoxicants will not get a fair face from the girls of this town any more. An organization has been formed here for the purpose of socially boycotting all young men who do not behave themselves. The boys who are "good," on the other hand, will be everywhere welcomed by the women and their daughters.

This powerful organization is designed on national propositions. Its purpose is to keep the members informed as to the moral character of young men who are bidders for association with young women. The resources of the society will be invincible. No man can hope to escape its sleepless and myraid eyes. Those who have bad habits will not be recognized by the members.

It is claimed that all a girl needs to bar out a young man is a knowledge that he is really bad. This the new organization proposes to give. The movement has the warm support of the clergy of all denominations, and it is bound to spread.

JAMES E. LONERGAN IS DEAD

SUCCUMBS AFTER BRIEF BUT PAINFUL ILLNESS.

Was the Oldest Employe in Point of Service of The Sentinel Establishment.

James E. Lonergan, foreman of The Sentinel bindery and in years of service the oldest attache of The Sentinel establishment, died shortly before 3 o'clock p. m. Thursday at his home, 15 Erie street. To his fellow-employes in The Sentinel office this announcement came as a deep sorrow, as indeed it will to all of Mr. Lonergan's acquaintances, for he was widely known, a man of exemplary character and warm companionability.

Mr. Lonergan had been in poor health for several weeks, and two weeks ago he was compelled to abandon work. He was suffering from muscular rheumatism, and later marked typhoid symptoms developed. Despite the efforts of skilled physicians, the progress of disease could not be stayed, and in the weakness which followed the original attack there came a distinct attack of congestion of the lungs.

While his condition has been realized as serious for some days, it was not until Wednesday evening that the really critical nature of his malady developed, and from that time his decline was pronounced though gradual until life's feeble flame went out this afternoon.

Mr. Lonergan was born at Buffalo, N. Y., but came to Fort Wayne in boyhood, and has resided here continuously since that time. Twenty-three years ago he began learning the trade of a bookbinder in The Sentinel office and has been connected with this establishment uninterruptedly since that time.

Mr. Lonergan was about 43 years of age. He was united in marriage in the winter of 1880-81 to Miss Mary Bishop, then residing at Zanesville, Ind. To them were born five children, the eldest of whom died in infancy. Surviving are Mrs. Lonergan and four daughters—Venetia, Grace, Cora and Gertrude.

Other relatives include his aged mother and a brother, Charles J. Lonergan, a conductor on the Lake Erie and Western railway, and both residing in this city.

The deceased was universally popular, a man of lofty integrity and cheery kindliness, and held in the highest esteem both in business and in social circles.

He was a member of Summit City lodge No. 36, A. O. U. W., of Degree of Honor No. 29, and of Ben Hur cour No. 15, of this city, holding insurance policies in these orders aggregating about $4,000.

A FALSE FACE.

When dyspepsia fastens on a man it changes his feelings and it changes his looks. He frowns now instead of smiling. His expression is harsh instead of kindly. He is wearing a false face—a face which does injustice to the real nobility of his nature.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures dyspepsia and other diseases of the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition, and the record of the cure is written both in the face and the feelings of the person cured.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is not a stimulant or temporary tonic. It cures the diseases that are the cause of ill-health and builds up the body with sound flesh.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." The sole motive for substitution is to enable the dealer to make the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines.

"Last spring, early, I wrote you my feelings and condition," says Mr. A. J. Vanderwater, of 873 West Division Street, Chicago, Ill., "and you advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and then write how I felt. I am happy to say I am getting to feel fine. In all I have taken six bottles of the 'Discovery' and four or five vials of the little 'Pellets.' They have done me worlds of good. All my friends say: 'Vanderwater, how well you are looking.' The medicines have made the great change in me: from the slow mope of a man that could hardly crawl, tired and sick all the time, could do no work, to a man who can work, sleep, eat, and feel fine, and that tired feeling all gone away. I am very thankful that I wrote to Dr. Pierce. His 'Golden Medical Discovery' and his little liver 'Pellets' have almost made a new man of me. I feel young as I did at thirty years."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged bowels.

CONEY PACES GREAT MILE

WENT THE CIRCUIT IN 2:02 AT DETROIT.

Anaconda Wins in One of the Most Sensational Races Ever Made in Harness.

Detroit, Mich., July 18.—The world's record for a gelding in a race was equaled yesterday at the Grosse Pointe track when Coney, the favorite in the free-for-all pace, went the first heat in 2:02 flat. It also set a new record for this track, and reduced the black son of McKinney's own record three-quarters of a second, and this was only one of a day punctuated all through with sensational performances.

It was the third day's racing of the grand circuit meeting, and despite the intense heat over 5,000 people were fortunate enough to witness the magnificent contests.

The free-for-all pace was the third event on the card, and Indiana had the pole in the first heat. The four horses were sent off to a perfect start. As they rounded the first turn Coney took the pole and led, with Anaconda next. When they flashed by the quarter pole every one realized that it was a fast quarter, and enthusiastic cheers greeted the figures that were hung out by the timers, :29¾ seconds. With Coney still in the lead, they passed the half-mile post in 1:00 flat, the three-quarter pole in 1.31¼, and Coney whizzed under the wire in 2:02 flat, winner by three lengths.

In the second heat, with Coney as favorite in the auctions at $50 to $25 for the field, they got the word to a fair start, with Coney and Anaconda in front, and racing together to the quarter, which was done in twenty-nine seconds flat. Just as the figures were hung out, Coney broke and Anaconda shot ahead alone. With the others five lengths behind, he paced the half in :59½, one of the best performances ever seen, and duplicated Coney's time to the three-quarter pole, 1:31¼. The mile, however, was three-quarters of a second slower, 2:03¾. Coney made up a great deal of the ground lost by his break, but was several lengths behind at the finish. His record performance used Coney up, and in the last heat Anaconda won all the way, with Connor second at the wire.

Metallas, the black stallion purchased Tuesday by Nick Hubinger, for $5,000, who was a heavy favorite in the 2:17 trot, was taken sick in the second heat and was drawn, after having won the first heat in impressive style. This afforded the California contingent their first opportunity to land, Charley Mc. winning easily with the favorite drawn.

Dan Patch was an almost prohibitive favorite in the 2:14 pace, and won in straight heats, as he pleased, driven by McHenry.

The 2:10 trot was a duel between Dolly Dillon and Satin Slippers, which Dillon won by a scant margin, giving McHenry his second victory for the day. Summaries:

2:17 class, trotting; Russell house purse, $2,500.

Charley Mc., bl. g., by Acmon, by McKinney, by Doncaster (Durfee)	2	1	1	1
Sybil H., ch. m., by Acmon (Colby)	3	2	2	3
Al K., br. h., by Alcantarus (Turner)	4	3	5	3
Belle Curry, ch. m., by Simmons (Marsh)	5	5	3	5
Marique, ch. h., by Expedition (Kinney)	7	6	6	4
Clara Kimble, b. m., by Harry Noble (Jamison)	6	4	4	6
Metallas, bl. h., by Mambrino King (Shillinglaw)	1	7	dr	

Time—2:12½, 2:14¼, 2:14½, 2:15½.

2:14 class pacing; Wayne hotel purse, $2,500.

Dan Patch, br. h., by Joe Patchen-Zelica, by Wilkesberry (McHenry)	1	1	1
Captain Sphinx, b. g., by Sphinx (Velie)	2	2	3
Amorel, gr. m., by Don Pizarro (McDonald)	4	3	2
Fred the Kid, b. h., by Kassell (Tremaine)	3	4	4
Lady All Bright, ch. m., by Senator Rose (Roths)	5	5	5

Time—2:08¼, 2:08, 2:09¾.

Free-for-all pace; purse, $2,500.

Anaconda, b. g., by Knightby Algona (Trout)	2	1	1
Coney, bl. g., by McKinney (McDowell)	1	2	3
Connor, bl. g., by C. F. Clay (McDonald)	3	3	2
Indiana, b. g., by King of Bellaire (McCarthy)	4	4	4

Time—2:02, 2:02¾, 2:03½.

2:10 class trotting; purse, $1,500.

Dolly Dillon, b. m., by Sidney Dillon-Dolly, by Electioneer (McHenry)	1	1	
Satin Slippers, bl. m., by Delancy (Colby)	2	2	
King Chimes, b. g., by Chimes (Davis)	4	3	
Stamboulet, b. h., by Stamboul (Van Bokkelen)	3	ds	
Phoebe Childers, b. m., by Sir Roderick (Lapham)	dis		
Annie Burns, gr. m., by Bobby Burns (D. Wilson)	dis		

Time—2:11¼, 2:12¾.

CARMER—HART.

Miss Grace Hart and George W. Carmer were married last Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. J. C. Breckinridge, pastor of Bethany Presbyterian church, at his home, 425 West Main street. Mr. and Mrs. Long, relatives of the bride, were witnesses. Mr. Carmer is employed at the Standard Oil works, and he and his bride will reside on Boone street.

LORILLARD WILL PROBATED

RICH BEQUEST MADE TO MRS. ALLIEN, WIFE'S RIVAL.

Rancocas, the Famous Stock Farm, and Much Else Given Her—An Annuity for the Widow.

Trenton, N. J., July 18.—The will of the late Pierre Lorillard was admitted to probate today by Chancellor Magie without opposition. The will was submitted by William Brinkerhoff, counsel for the executors, who presented to the chancellor the certificate of the surrogate of Burlington county, where Mr. Lorillard resided, that no caveat had been filed against the will. Mr. Brinkerhoff also stated that the heirs of Mr. Lorillard had been notified of the intention to offer the will for probate today. In view of these statements the chancellor probated the will at once.

Under the will, Rancocas, Mr. Lorillard's stock farm, in Burlington county, N. J., together with the live stock there and the horses training in England or elsewhere, goes to "Lillian A. Barnes, also known as Lillian Allien," who also receives the carriages, furnitufe, bric-a-brac, etc., of the establishment. The rest of the estate is left in trust and is not to be divided until after the death of the three children of the testator, Pierre Lorillard, jr., Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer and Mrs. William Kent. An annuity of $50,000 is left to Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, the widow. Provision is next made for the two sons of Pierre Lorillard, jr., Pierre Lorillard III., and Griswold Lorillard, to whom is given one-fifth of the entire estate.

Upon the deaths of the three chief heirs, the children of the testator, the estate will be divided, one-third going to the family of each, irrespective of the number of children they may have.

No statement was made as to the value of the estate, but it is generally understood to be in excess of $4,000,0000.

TOLEDO MAYOR ANGERS COURT.

Toledo, O., July 18.—Samuel M. Jones, the "golden rule mayor" of this city, was yesterday fined $5 and costs in the police court for contempt of court. He promptly paid the fine. The mayor regularly attends the police court and has frequently made uncomplimentary remarks regarding the way justice is dealt out. Yesterday morning the mayor asked a prisoner if he had a bank account, and receiving a negative reply asked to see the man's hands. Judge Wagenheimer wanted to know the purpose of the mayor, who replied: "It is obvious," and left the room. A bailiff was sent after him and the judge assessed the fine, the court claiming the mayor was in contempt.

Ministers Unite.

Tell of Magic Results Brought About in Burning, Itching, Bleeding Skin Troubles by Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

Dr. Chase's Ointment draws more praise from ministers, physicians and lawyers than any other medicine in the world. It is endorsed by every profession.

Extracts from their Letters.

Rev. W. N. Edwards, Baptist minister, 109 Trinity Place, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "For over fifteen years the itching piles have been a source of constant annoyance to me and frequently, too, the suffering has become intense. At times there was bleeding and the itching and burning was beyond endurance. The results I have derived from Dr. Chase's Ointment have been magical and the benefits lasting. I feel it a duty to fellow sufferers to recommend it."

Rev. J. N. Van Natter, Methodist minister, Albion, Wis., writes: "My wife was terribly afflicted with protruding piles and contemplated a surgical operation when her notice was drawn to Dr. Chase's Ointment, and less than one box effected a cure."

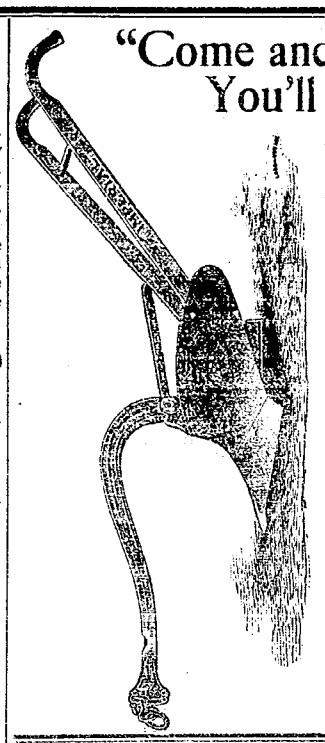
"I then used it for an unsightly and troublesome skin affection, which baffled medical skill for twenty-five years. Dr. Chase's Ointment thoroughly cured it. For piles and skin disease it is worth its weight in gold."

Rev. Chas. Fish, Methodist minister, 192 Dunn avenue, Toronto, Ont., writes: "Ten years ago eczema began on my ears and spread over my head and hands. During that time I was a great sufferer. I tried many remedies and some of the best physicians—specialists on skin diseases—treated me. The first box of Dr. Chase's Ointment gave much relief and five boxes completely cured me. I think my cure a marvel, and gladly recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment."

Just as good for every form of skin trouble, no matter how long standing. 50 cents a box all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Fort Wayne by Meyer Bros. & Co.

"Come and Look, and You'll Stay to Buy."



With a Large Line of Imperial and Gibbs Plows

we are prepared to meet any demands in the way of a plow.

Call and see our plows. Also all kinds of Plow Points, Repairs and Plow Supplies.

Frost, McMullen and Henley Fence Wire. Call and see us before you buy hardware for a barn or house.

H. Pfeiffer & Son.,

9 EAST COLUMBIA ST.

Near the corner of Calhoun.

REV. Z. A. HARRIS TO LEAVE

WEST CREIGHTON AVENUE PASTOR HAS RESIGNED.

He Has Four Calls Under Consideration—Church Has Prospered Under His Ministry.

Rev. Z. A. Harris, pastor of the West Creighton avenue Church of Christ, at Creighton avenue and Miner street, has tendered his resignation and will leave Fort Wayne.

The resignation was tendered at an official meeting of the church board a few evening ago and was reluctantly acceped. The date of the farewell sermon has not yet been fixed, though Rev. Harris' concluding service in this pastorate will probably be held August 4.

The pastor is not yet able to state definitely where he will locate, but it is known that he has four calls from other churches under consideration. One of these is from Iowa and another from Kansas. The decision will be reached within the next two or three weeks.

Rev. Harris' pastorate at the West Creighton avenue church has been singularly successful and the congregation will part with him only with regret. He has filled the pulpit for about three years, during which time the church indebtedness has been reduced from $7,200 down to about $3,000 and there has been a material gain in church membership. It is said the church matters are in excellent condition and Rev. Harris leaves only because he believes the new fields open afford a greater opportunity for his ministerial work.

INTERNATIONAL SECRETARY.

Miss Hazel Cowdrey was elected international secretary of the American Anti-Cigarette league, which has just concluded its convention in Buffalo, and not state organizer, as has been stated. J. Robert Morris, of this city, was elected treasurer of the Young Citizens' National league, and Dr. W. T. Ferguson was made a member of the advisory committee of the American Anti-Cigarette league.

LAKE ERIE SCARED.

Under this caption the Bluffton News says:

"The Muncie, Hartford City and Fort Wayne interurban is a proposition in which the Lake Erie and Western is more or less interested—perhaps a great deal more interested than the official of that road who says the interurban will never be built is willing to admit.

"The Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville division of the Lake Erie and Western, which runs through the towns that will be touched by the interurban, has done a tremendous passenger business, in spite of a miserable roadbed and poor equipment. This passenger traffic is mostly local — traffic which the interurban is especially designed to handle. As the roads will parallel, it is reasonable to suppose that the interurban will get the lion's share of the local travel.

"An officer of the Lake Erie and Western is reported to have said: 'It is not the intention of the Lake Erie and Western to run commutation trains or to lower its rates in order to compete with the electric line. The Lake Erie and Western does not fear any competition from the company that proposes to build the new electric line and I believe the new road is merely talk and will never be built. It it is built, it could not possibly be completed within less than a year or two. The Lake Erie and Western has contemplated putting another train on the Fort Wayne division for the past month and this will be done soon. A train will be run to Muncie from Fort Wayne in the afternoon. The traffic on this division has become so heavy that it is necessary to have another train, but the rates will not be lowered and the train will not be put on because of fear of the proposed electric line.'

"While the Lake Erie and Western has made no preparations to fight the electric line, it is known that the attention of the officials has been called to the new company, incorporated last week."

OFFICER KILLS A BURGLAR

SHOT HIM THROUGH HEART IN A RUNNING FIGHT.

Policeman at Ravenna, Ohio, Finds Two Men Committing Robbery and Gives Battle.

Ravenna, Ohio, July 18.—Night Policeman Richard B. Fairchild discovered two burglars at work in a millinery store here early today. The officer entered the store and called upon the burglars to surrender. The latter, however, ran into the street, firing their revolvers rapidly at the officer as they retreated. Fairchild pursued, using his revolver freely. One of the burglars eventually dropped dead, shot through the heart. The other man escaped. The dead burglar is unidentified.

DIED IN KENTUCKY.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

A telegram early this morning to Miss Adelaide Kearns announced the critical illness of her brother-in-law, Charles J. Dilks, at his home in Valley View, Ky., and at 11 o'clock today another announced his death. Mr. Dilks was the representative of a Cincinnati lumber company and for a time resided in Fort Wayne, occupying a home in Lakeside. He removed to Kentucky about two years ago. Mr. Dilks was about thirty-five years of age and leaves a wife and two children. The remains will be brought to Richmond, Ind., his old home, for interment. Miss Adelaide Kearns left at noon for that place, and her sister, Miss Alice Kearns, will follow tomorrow.

HEALER SCHLATTER ARRESTED.

Washington, July 18.—Francis Schlatter, known throughout the country as a "divine healer," was arrested today on complaint of the Central Union Mission authorities for creating a disturbance in the rooms of the mission. He was charged with vagrancy. It is said that steps will be taken to examine into his mental condition.

GOOD RAINS IN CORN BELT.

Kansas City, July 18.—Good rains were reported during the night in southeastern Kansas and western Missouri, and in central Kansas and southern Missouri this morning. In Kansas City at 11 a. m. the temperature was 90, with indications for Missouri and Kansas of cooler weather and thunderstorms.

KRAUSE'S HEADACHE CAPSULES

Were the first headache capsules put on the market. Their immediate success resulted in a host of imitations, containing antipyrine, chloral, morphine and other injurious drugs, purporting to be "just as good." Avoid these imitations and insist on your having Krause's, which speedily cure the most severe cases and leaves no bad after effects. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.